"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair to-day and probably to-morrow; moderate west winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 12.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,499. • • • NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MARCH 10, 1914.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

STATE WILL CARRY WORKLESS TO FARMS

Gov. Glynn Adopts Far-Reaching Plan to Take the Unemployed from This City.

I.W.W. MEN TRY CHURCH RAID

Attempt Unsuccessfully to Invade All Saints'—Police Reserves Called at Last to Preserve Order.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 9.—A plan to relieve the necessities of many of the unemployed in New York City who honestly are in search of work was devised by Gov. Glynn at a conference this afternoon with Calvin J. Huson, State Commissioner of Agriculture. The plan contemplates taking as many of the idle in New York as possible at the State's expense to country districts where they can obtain work as farm laborers.

The State Department of Agriculture for a year or more has maintained a labor agency in New York City which has obtained employment for 4,000 men and women. This bureau, at 17 Pearl Street, and other labor agencies will be utilized in carrying out Gov. Glynn's plan. The Department of Agriculture for the present will not require farmers to advance the car fare for laborers thus obtained.

The Department of Agriculture has many applications from farmers. Mayor Mitchel and City Chamberlain Bruere, it is said, approve the Governor's plan.

Gov. Glynn expects that the first car filled with unemployed men will leave New York early next week for some convenient place in the Mohawk Valley. If the plan should prove a success at least two cars filled with men destined for the farms will be sent weekly from the city. There will be opportunities, according to Gov. Glynn, for married men to take their wives, as women may obtain employment at housework.

KEEP RAIDERS OUT OF CHURCH.

Rutgers Square Crowd Descends on All Saints', but Is Turned Away.

The unemployed who listen nightly to the speeches of the leaders of the I. W. W. in Rutgers Square twice attempted last night to invade All Saints' Protestant Episcopal Church at Henry and Scammel Streets. Each time they were turned away. On the second occasion the reserves from the Madison Street Station were called upon to preserve order.

There was a crowd of about 500 persons in Rutgers Square last night when Frank Strong Hamilton, who has taken Tannenbaum's place as leader, opened the meeting with an apology because breakfast was not served yesterday morning to the men for whom lodgings were provided on Sunday night with money contributed by the Rev. Percy Stickney Grant and the Rev. Edward H. Schluter of the Church of the Ascension and St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal Church, respectively. Hamilton said that a mistake had been made, but that hereafter the men would receive breakfast, as well as supper and lodging. This announcement was received with applause.

Joseph O'Carroll then said that a committee was at work arranging lodgings for the men in All Saints' Church or Mariners' Temple at 12 Oliver Street. While O'Carroll was speaking Albert Turner and Walter Simons, two of the committee, arrived at the square with the news that 100 men would be fed and sheltered at the church. A ticket was given to each of the first hundred men who held up their hands to show they were hungry and workless. These men were lined up two by two on the sidewalk.

With a uniformed policeman leading the way the men marched to the church. There they were met by two other members of the committee, Ralph Eckers and Martin Rudome. Detectives Gegan and Gildea ordered the "army" to wait in front of the church until they ascertained if the information regarding the invitation was genuine.

Rector Was Misinformed.

The detectives and the committee entered the church and conferred with the rector, the Rev. Robert C. Masterton. After a few moments Eckers emerged and informed the crowd that the "word welcome had been rubbed off the mat." The crowd murmured its disapproval, but there was no outbreak because of the presence of the detectives and policemen.

"This is the temple of God," continued Eckers sneeringly, "and you are His poor children, but you are not welcome within. Let us turn around and go back to Rutgers Square. Don't worry, we will find you some other place to sleep."

While the crowd was on its way to the square Dr. Masterton told the reporters that he had received a request from St. Mark's Church yesterday afternoon by telephone to provide food for 100 men last night and permit them to sleep in the church. He said he was informed that not more than 70 men would accept his hospitality.

"I am perfectly willing to care for the physical needs of individuals," said Dr. Masterson last night, "but I had no idea that the Industrial Workers of the World were going to descend on me in a body. I am not in sympathy with the I. W. W., nor am I in sympathy with riotous conduct, so I declined to place this property, which does not belong to me, at the mercy of so many men."

Woman Leads the Throng.

When the crowd returned to the square a collection was taken up. Then Bessie Friedman, the young woman who gave hot dinners to the I. W. W. prisoners on Blackwell's Island on Sunday, cried out, "Come with me." She did not tell where she was going, and before the police realized conditions a crowd of more than 200 left their companions and followed the girl.

She led them east on East Broadway, and after walking two or three blocks she stopped, saying that she was to meet two other young women who had made arrangements for shelter for the night. These two young women were not in sight, and suddenly the Friedman girl began to run. She ran in the direction of All Saints' Church, and the crowd followed pell mell after her, bowling over pedestrians on the way. The girl halted within a half block of the church, but the crowd kept right on.

The police and special detectives, in the meantime, had caught up with the crowd, and when it ran toward the church stationed themselves before the doors and hurled the raiders back. There was such a lively scuffle for a

Continued on Page 3.

FLIES WITH 16 ABOARD.

Giant Aeroplane Up 1 1-2 Hours—Spacious Cabins Electric Lighted

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Tuesday, March 10.—The Times's St. Petersburg correspondent says that Sikorsky's giant biplane, Ilya Mouromets, makes flights daily over the metropolis and environs. It has flown for one and a half hours, carrying sixteen persons, and for two hours with the ordinary crew of eight. Seen from below it seems to ride the air without any of the roll or pitch that is noticeable in smaller machines.

The Ilya Mouromets is propelled by four Argus motors of 100 horse power each, placed on each side of the fuselage, two in front and two behind. It is asserted by the inventor that two of these motors could be put out of action without causing an accident.

While the aeroplane was flying over St. Petersburg to-day one of the motors became frozen and stopped. The speed of the aeroplane was diminished, but it continued on its course, and presently one of the crew was able to thaw out the motor and start it again.

Sikorsky intends to fit on a fifth 100 horse power motor and thus increase the speed.

The Ilya Mouromets has a wing area five times that of the ordinary Farnam biplane. The metal fuselage is 65 feet long and the forward part of the fuselage contains a number of cabins extending over a length of 28 feet. The cabins have large windows on both sides and also windows in the floor for observation and photographic purposes. At night the cabins are lighted by electricity. On the roof of the cabins there is a platform.

The total weight of the aeroplane is three and one-half tons. With a total development of 400 horse power the Ilya Mouromets can raise a total useful weight of a little over one ton, besides nearly eight hundredweight of fuel oil.

The mechanics can move about freely to attend to the motors and other parts of the machine without disturbing the equilibrium of the aeroplane while in flight.

ENDS SMOKING IN SENATE.

Tillman Gets Practice Stopped in Executive Sessions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Senator Tillman of South Carolina induced the Senate to-day to abandon one of its most cherished practices when he effected the adoption of a rule against smoking in executive session. Mr. Tillman appealed to his friends not to drive him from the chamber by suffocating fumes, to which he had been susceptible since his stroke of paralysis four years ago.

Mr. Tillman held the Senate and the galleries in a constant titter while he assured his colleagues that "a vicious habit had so mastered them that they were nervous and miserable when they could not get the nicotine poison to soothe their nerves."

Mr. Tillman has never been a smoker, but only since his attack has he objected to smoking around him. Recently, he said, the custom of smoking in executive sessions and in party caucuses has prevented his attendance.

"So I am beset," he said, "with the danger of being driven out of the party and of the Senate itself, and I do not know where to turn.

"The pity of it is that I had to ruin my health before I learned how to live rationally. Had I lived ten years ago as I am doing now, my health would never have broken down at all. I believe I would lengthen the life of every man in this chamber from ten to fifteen years if I could only get them to follow my advice. But all men are prone to consider 'old age, sickness and hell' as for other people and not for themselves.

"Since I was paralyzed four years ago, twenty-one Senators, including Vice President Sherman, most of them younger than I, have died. There is no doubt in my mind that this great mortality among us is due to the way we live in Washington. A fitting epitaph for most of the Senators who died would be: 'He lived not wisely, but too well, and killed himself eating.'"

NOT JULIA MARLOWE.

The Mrs. Sothern in Hospital in Baltimore Is an Engineer's Wife.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, March 8.—The report telegraphed to THE TIMES and to other New York newspapers late last night that Mrs. E. H. Sothern (Miss Julia Marlowe, the actress,) was in the Woman's Hospital here in a serious condition after an operation for appendicitis, proved to-day to be an error based upon mistaken identity.

There is a Mrs. Sothern in the hospital and she has been operated upon for appendicitis, but she is not Miss Marlowe. She is the wife of an engineer. A person connected with the hospital assumed that she was the actress and so informed the newspapers.

Miss Marlowe, who is at her home here, was astonished to read in yesterday's newspapers that she was ill in a Baltimore hospital. She was threatened with appendicitis recently when out on the Pacific Coast and had to cut short her tour, but with careful treatment an operation has been avoided and her health has greatly improved. She went out walking on Sunday.

MRS. WILSON STILL ILL.

President's Daughter Takes Her Place at White House Dinner.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The President entertained at dinner this evening, when, owing to the continued indisposition of Mrs. Wilson, their eldest daughter, Miss Margaret Wilson, did the honors of the occasion. Mrs. Wilson is suffering from a fall received more than ten days ago.

The guests were Representative and Mrs. Oscar W. Underwood, Representative and Mrs. Carter Glass, Representative and Mrs. Swager Sherley, Representative and Mrs. A. Mitchell Palmer, Assistant Secretary of War and Mrs. Breckinridge, Gen. Leonard Wood, Chief of Staff of the army; Frank P. Walsh, Chairman of the Industrial Commission; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Davies, Brig. Gen. and Mrs. William L. Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Gregory, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Wilson, Miss Ruth Hall, Miss Eleanor Wilson, Miss Helen W. Bones, Miss Isabella L. Hagner, Dr. Cary T. Grayson, and Lieut. Beverly C. Dunn.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Wilson of Franklin, Penn., the former a cousin of the President, are guests at the White House.

Dewey's Pure Claret Wines.
Aids digestion taken at meals.
H. T. Dewey & Sons Co. 138 Fulton St. N. Y.—Adv.

OVER 30 DIE IN FIRE IN ST. LOUIS CLUB

Seven Bodies Found and 25 or More Victims Lie in the Ruins.

TRAPPED ON UPPER FLOOR

One Man a Suicide as Escape Is Cut Off—New Yorkers in the List—Survivors Tell of Horrors.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 9.—Between thirty and thirty-five guests lost their lives early this morning when fire destroyed the Missouri Athletic Club. Officials of the club, after spending all day checking up the lists, announced that there was no hope for those reported missing. Seven bodies are in the Morgue and twenty-five of those known to have been at the clubhouse are missing. It is possible the death list may go up to fifty, as several guests arrived late at the club from out of town. These are not known to club officials and the register was lost.

The fire was out at 6 o'clock to-night, after burning sixteen hours, and a systematic search for bodies was begun. Searchlights were used.

The building, a seven-story structure, was destroyed, only the shell remaining. The guests on the upper floors were trapped, and their only chance of escape in most cases was to climb down red-hot fire escapes or jump to the roofs of adjoining buildings ten feet away. Two died trying the leap.

One man trapped in the burning building shot himself rather than burn to death. Examination of an unidentified body at the Morgue disclosed a bullet hole behind his right ear.

THE DEAD.

ERD, WILLIAM E., real estate, Waterloo, Ill.
HANCOCK, ALLEN R., salesman Underwood Typewriter Company, 4,141 Cook Avenue.
KESSLER, EDWIN C., cashier Ludlow-Saylor Wire Company.
REILLY, JAMES D., contractor, Ware & Reilly.
RICKEY, JOHN MARTIN, of Chicago, treasurer Ford Manufacturing Company.
UNIDENTIFIED MAN, mutilated, body recovered on third floor; gold band ring on finger containing initials "B. T." and date "2-23-1904."
UNIDENTIFIED BODY.

THE MISSING.

ALBRIGHT, FRANK W., salesman Rice-Stix Dry Goods Company.
BECKER, WILLIAM E., President Becker-Moore Paint Company.
BIER, MARSHALL, fur dealer.
CHASNOFF, J. E., Advertising Department The Republic.
CROUCH, BURT, assistant sales manager Western Electric Company.
DOW, ALLEN, buyer B. Nugent & Bro. Dry Goods Company.
FITZGERALD, D. E., Springfield, Mo., sales manager Pierce Oil Corporation.
GOENER, GEORGE, President Holstein Commission Company.
GREEN, ROBY, Herrin, Ill.
HAEHNLEN, J. L., engineer Laclede Gas Light Company.
HAMMER, MARX, President Neusteter Cloak Company.
HANCOCK, NORMAN, sales manager Curlee Clothing Company.
HUNICKE, W. A., assistant operating engineer Missouri Pacific Railway.
KINSER, WILLIAM J., treasurer Kinser Construction Company.
McGINNIS, W. J., buyer B. Nugent & Bro. Dry Goods Company.
McKENNA, E. J., Meriden, Conn.
ODEGAARD, A. J., sales agent Spencer-Otis Company.
RANUS, R. T., Chicago, Ill.
RATZ, JOHN J., President Ryffel & Ratz Plumbing Company.
RUFF, L. A., department manager Simmons Hardware Company.
SHYNE, THOMAS B., salesman Underwood Typewriter Company.
THOMA, MICHAEL, guest of M. Solomon.
WILLIAMS, E. P., salesman, New York.
WRIGHT, THOMAS J., auditor William J. Lemp Brewing Company.
WOLFSON, J., Caruthersville, Mo.

THE INJURED.

BLUM, DAVID, purchasing agent Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Company; right foot fractured by fall.
DWYER, JOHN, Engine Co. 6; right leg fractured by falling wall.
HARNED, R. D., Chicago, Superintendent of an electrical supply company; right arm and ankle fractured by jump from sixth floor.
HOLMES, B. C., McCombs, Miss.; taken to City Hospital.
KAUB, EDWARD T., Chicago, salesman; abrasions and contusions on right hand and left knee.
KOERNER, WILLIAM, employe Missouri Athletic Club; both feet fractured by jump from sixth story to roof of adjoining four-story building.
LEONARD, L. L., lawyer; ribs fractured, feet crushed, hurt internally by jumping.
LEVY, THEODORE, salesman; cut hands; rescued clinging to window sill on sixth floor.
LITTLE, P. C., Chicago; knee wrenched.
MAGILL, ROBERT, house manager Missouri Athletic Club; burned about legs.
MAGILL, Mrs. ROBERT; feet burned and cut.
SCHINNELL, CHARLES, Chicago; both legs broken, internally injured.
STOTT, U. M., St. Louis; left hip fractured; internal injuries.
WALSH, LEE; bruised.
WILLIAMS, BEN F., 2,210 South Broadway, Louisville, Ky., salesman Brown Shoe Company; left leg fractured; internal injuries; condition serious.
WILLIAMS, F. W., New York, Globe Canning Company, Eastport, Me.; hands burned and head bruised.
WOLF, LEE, merchant, Carruthersville, Mo.; contusions and possible fracture of spine.

Crowd Besieges the Morgue.

Between 300 and 400 persons crowded about the city Morgue to-night, trying to force an entrance. A few were friends and relatives of the missing men, but the majority were morbid curiosity seekers.

The property loss will exceed $500,000. The Missouri Athletic Club's quarters were valued at $250,000, and the damage to the Boatmen's Bank, which occupied the ground floor, is estimated by its officials at $250,000. Near-by buildings were occupied by business firms which estimated their losses at $50,000.

More than $1,000,000 in coin and specie were in the fireproof vaults in the Boatmen's Bank. The walls of the bank were re-enforced when the building was taken over by the bank, and these were intact. The bank property only suffered through loss by water.

The cause of the fire still was a mystery to-night. Reports that the blaze was accompanied by a terrific explosion indicating that the fire was due to efforts of bank robbers trying to dynamite into the bank were unconfirmed. Reports of explosions were denied by the night watchman of the bank.

Woman Discovers the Blaze.

The fire which was discovered by a woman who was waiting in the club

Continued on Page 3.

Shattering the Shakespeare Superstition

Georges Pellissier, noted French critic, declares that the Bard of Avon was a very bad dramatist, who filled his plays with faults of every description, and that the blind worship of him was forced on the world by English and Germans. Read his tirade

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S NEW YORK TIMES.

Also every woman who wishes to be well dressed should read the articles and see the photographs and sketches made in Paris of the newest French fashions.

RIOT OVER ARREST OF MRS. PANKHURST

Glasgow Police Struggle with Barbed Wire Concealed by Flowers on the Platform.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 9.—Mrs. Pankhurst was arrested to-night while addressing a suffragist meeting in St. Andrew's Hall, Glasgow. The police stormed the platform, and there were scenes of great disorder. Blank revolver shots were fired, and miniature bombs were exploded. Many people was injured in the struggle.

A Scotland Yard officer stated it was the wildest scene he had ever witnessed in connection with the suffragettes' campaign, and it was the first occasion that revolvers were used.

"I have kept my promise, and in spite of his Majesty's Government I am here to-night," said Mrs. Pankhurst at the opening of her speech. "The wit and ingenuity of women have overcome the power of money and the British Government. The triumph of men's militancy has been witnessed in the House of Commons this day."

At this point the police dashed into the hall. On the platform several women closed around Mrs. Pankhurst, prepared to defend her with clubs, flower pots, and chairs. The police drew their batons and charged the platform. Barbed wire was drawn across the platform, concealed by paper and flowers. Several policemen had their hands injured. Others were kicked to the floor. Amid a wild struggle policemen pounced on Mrs. Pankhurst as she lay on the platform surrounded by women. The policemen were unmercifully belabored. Even pails of water were hurled at them.

At one of the entrances a woman with a magazine revolver fired half a dozen blank cartridges. This had the effect of creating a scene of panic.

Mrs. Pankhurst was dragged outside to a taxicab and driven to a police station. A number of women fainted. Many complained of injuries, one woman being removed to a hospital. About a dozen policemen were injured. Inspector Walker, who arrested Mrs. Pankhurst, received several wounds on the forehead. There was great damage done to the hall in the fifteen minutes' fight.

A big body of women made a desperate and ferocious attempt to rescue Mrs. Pankhurst when the police got her in the street and while she was being dragged across the pavement to the waiting motor; but the police, headed by London officers, succeeded in getting her to the station. She will be taken to London to-morrow.

LONDON, March 9.—Ten of the militant suffragettes arrested in the demonstration yesterday in Trafalgar Square, when Miss Sylvia Pankhurst was captured by the police, were arraigned at Bow Street Court to-day. Small fines were inflicted by the Magistrate, who gave the prisoners the option of serving a short term of imprisonment.

Miss Zelie Emerson of Jackson, Mich., was not among the prisoners, the report of her arrest having been erroneous.

ELLEN G. STARR ARRESTED.

Hull House Official a Strike Picket—Mayor Harrison Stirred.

CHICAGO, March 9.—Miss Ellen Gay Starr, one of the founders of Hull House, was arrested to-day charged with disorderly conduct in connection with the picketing of a restaurant. After her arrest she told why she had joined the girls who were walking up and down in front of the place.

"I had two purposes," she said. "To accompany the girls and protest against any unfair treatment they might receive and my interest in helping the working people of the city."

Mayor Harrison, to whom a committee of 100 merchants appealed in their effort to have the boycott stopped, said the trouble was not a labor question, but a development of the woman question.

"When the women do anything in violation of the law," he said, "the police arrest them. And then instead of going along quietly as men prisoners would the women sit down on the sidewalk. What else can the policeman do but lift them up.

"Then 'the police are guilty of great brutality.' Hull House screams with it. The newspapers teem with it, and the women keep violating the law and keep sitting down when they are arrested. And the policemen, being human, keep on lifting them up."

WOMAN LEAPS TO DEATH.

Mrs. Erikson Ends Life by Jumping from West Rock, New Haven.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 9.—Mrs. August Erikson, wife of an instructor in the New Haven High School, committed suicide to-day by leaping off the cliff known as West Rock, which is about 150 feet high. She disappeared last Saturday after accompanying a friend to the railroad station, and searching parties had tried for two days to locate her. This evening they discovered her badly crushed body at the foot of the rock.

Mrs. Erikson had suffered from melancholia for several months. She was about 30 years old, and leaves two children.

Several Yale undergraduates have committed suicide by leaping from the cliff.

GERMAN STATESMAN FALLS FROM GRACE

Scandal Wrecks Career of Man the Kaiser Was Grooming for Imperial Chancellorship.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, March 9.—Under circumstances said to be similar to those which wrecked the careers of Sir Charles Dilke and Charles Stewart Parnell, THE TIMES correspondent learns, a great German statesman, universally considered as the next Imperial Chancellor, has just fallen from grace. There are suggestions that his undoing is the result of a deep-laid political plot. The statesman in question, who is an important member of the Prussian Cabinet, probably will be permitted to retain his portfolio until it is possible for him to retire under less conspicuous circumstances.

He is a Rhenish nobleman of great wealth, and ever since he became a Prussian Minister had been looked upon as the man whom the Kaiser was grooming for the Imperial Chancellorship. He also was prominently mentioned as the coming successor to Count Wedel in the Viceroyalty of Alsace-Lorraine.

The first inkling that the general public received that the politician's prospects had been shattered was a categorical statement to that effect in a local party organ last week. No reasons were given, but it was manifest that the statement had some foundation because a non-committal "official denial" supported rather than allayed the popular suspicions. What purport to be facts are now the subject of animated gossip in Court, diplomatic, and political circles.

It was known that a certain powerful Reichstag party had long sought his downfall, because—though the Minister belongs to the church which the party represents—he had stubbornly held aloof from the party itself. Through accident or intrigue it became known to members of the party that the Minister was entangled in an affair with a pretty dancer. Also through chance or design—it has not yet been ascertained which—the story reached the Minister's wife, a leading political hostess, who immediately threatened divorce proceedings, and a public exposure. The storm which ensued was reported to the Kaiser, who summoned his future Imperial Chancellor to a private audience and told him he was impelled reluctantly to notify him that he could no longer cherish the hope of a career for which both his talents and his imperial master had predestined him.

Efforts are now understood to be in progress to keep the case from assuming any dimensions more distressing than a family crisis, but well-informed persons who are discussing the details in the political salons of the metropolis say the Minister's official fate is definitely sealed.

J. L. ELLIOTT ON TRIAL.

Case Against American Heard Secretly at Lewes Assizes.

LEWES, Eng., March 9.—John Love Elliott of New York was brought up for trial at the Assizes here to-day on charges of flagrant breaches of the law. The public press were excluded from the court.

The charges were brought by the public prosecutor on information given by Elliott's neighbors at East Grinstead, Sussex, where he took up his residence in March, last year, with his two daughters. Statements by the girls themselves to the neighbors led to the arrest and prosecution of their father.

The depositions in the case given at the preliminary hearing filled 325 sheets of foolscap and 74 exhibits were produced besides.

Twenty witnesses were subpoenaed by the prosecution and sixteen by the defense, and the trial is expected to last some days.

A big array of the leading English barristers was in court.

LOWELL ON REFERENDUM.

Harvard President Advises Against It in Massachusetts.

BOSTON, March 9.—President Lowell of Harvard opposed any immediate action on the initiative and referendum when the matter came before the Legislative Committee on Constitutional amendments to-day.

"It is wise for us to wait a little," he said, "and see what the results of the experiments with these measures will be in other States, before we adopt them in Massachusetts. We are not in a parlous condition where we need to resort to any means which we are not sure will be a benefit."

WINCHELL SMITH HURT.

Playwright's Automobile Hit a Trolley Car in Hartford.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., March 9.—Winchell Smith, the playwright, was injured to-night when his automobile crashed into a trolley car on Pearl Street. At the instant his automobile struck the car, which was derailed, another machine struck it in the rear.

Mr. Smith was cut about the head and shoulders, but was able, after being taken to his home in Farmington.

12-INCH GUN BURSTS, IMPERILING MANY

Flying Fragment Cuts Gash in Leg of Lieut. W. A. Pendleton, Who Was Firing It.

BIG MASSES HURLED A MILE

Coast Defender Was Being Tested for First Time at Sandy Hook—Explosive Used Was New Also.

One officer was seriously injured and a dozen other officers and about forty enlisted men of the Ordnance Department of the army imperiled when a 12-inch coast defense gun exploded on the proving grounds at Sandy Hook shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The gun was blown to pieces and a piece of the flying débris struck First Lieut. William A. Pendleton, Jr., in the leg, inflicting a severe wound. He is now in the Fort Hancock Hospital under the care of the post surgeons.

The gun, parts of which were hurled for more than a mile, was a new piece of ordnance and was undergoing its first test, the firing squad of eight men being under command of Lieut. Pendleton. A new kind of powder was also used, it is said, and the accident may have been in part due to this explosive. This, however, will have to be determined by the official inquiry, now under way, which was immediately ordered by Col. Edwin B. Babbitt, the commanding officer of the proving grounds.

It was a few minutes after 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon when Col. Babbitt and the junior officers on duty assembled to witness the test of the great gun. They were all except Lieut. Pendleton, in the specially constructed concrete bomb-proof observatories. Lieut. Pendleton had the post of danger on the 30-foot high bridge in the rear of the gun, and it was his duty to give the command to fire the gun and to observe the shell as it was hurled out to sea.

At 2:15 P. M. Pendleton signaled to the officers in the bomb proofs that he was ready and they gathered at the ports in the observatories to watch the result. The soldier who handled the electric apparatus that discharged the gun swung the lever into position. A terrific detonation followed, but it was not that which follows the discharge of a structurally sound gun.

It was a rumbling, crashing, thunder-like noise that was heard from one end of the Hook to the other. Every officer and every enlisted man knew instantly that the gun had been rent to pieces. The projectile sped out to sea for a distance of about one mile and was seen to ricochet over the water.

The breech of the gun was hurled to the rear for more than a quarter of a mile, and landed on the lawn of the officers' club. A piece of steel, weighing more than a hundred pounds, was thrown with mighty force against the concrete bomb-proof wall, behind which was Col. Babbitt and several other officers. It plowed half way through the concrete before it was halted.

Another great fragment of steel from the wrecked gun was hurled over the top of the wireless tower, a mile away, and smaller pieces fell in a shower on the cottages of the life savers, more than a mile distant. The whole reservation was shaken by the terrific detonation, the pictures falling from walls and the dishes rattling as in an earthquake.

Col. Babbitt and several officers immediately after the explosion hurried to the observation bridge, where Pendleton was stationed. They found him weak from shock and bleeding from a frightful wound in the leg made by a flying bolt from the wreckage of the gun. He was hurriedly removed to the Post Hospital, where the wound was dressed by the surgeons.

Lieut. Pendleton is a native of Virginia and a West Pointer of the class of 1909. He is 28 years old.

A complete report of the accident will be made to Brig. Gen. William Crozier, Chief of Ordnance in Washington, by Col. Babbitt. Pending the submission of that report Col. Babbitt said he was unable to give any opinion as to the cause of the accident.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—A dispatch to the War Department to-night from Major Jay E. Hoffer, commanding the proving ground at Sandy Hook, reported the bursting at 2 P. M. to-day of a twelve-inch Coast Artillery rifle. Lieut. William A. Pendleton, Coast Artillery, was slightly injured, according to the official report. The gun was probably ruined, although this fact had not been determined at the time the dispatch was sent.

This is the first time that a heavy Coast Artillery rifle has burst under the testing employed at the testing grounds. It has not been determined whether the accident was due to a flaw in the forgings of the rifle or to other causes. The conditions of such tests are very carefully arranged, and ordnance officers to-night were astonished to learn that the accident could have occurred.

PASS OCEAN GROVE BILL.

New Jersey Senate at Last Votes to Incorporate Resort.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, March 9.—By a strict Democratic majority vote of 11 to 10 the Senate to-night passed the Assembly bill for the incorporation of Ocean Grove as a borough. The measure has been before the Legislature for years, but has always been defeated in the upper house. It is now ready for the Governor, and he is expected to sign it, as it has been made a party measure.

The Summer residents of Ocean Grove and other citizens allied against the Methodist Camp Meeting Association, which has practically controlled that place, have maintained that just representation in the public affairs was denied to them. The camp-meeting people have asserted that the effects of the borough law would be to break down religious restrictions. The control of the place virtually passes from the Methodist Camp Meeting Association, if the bill is signed by the Governor, to the side opposing the Methodists.

LOTTERY FRAUDS IN HAVANA

$1,000,000 Scandal Bared—Menocal Would End or Restrict Evil.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, March 9.—After frauds had been discovered in the management of the national lottery amounting to more than $1,000,000, President Menocal's Cabinet decided to-day to send a message to Congress asking either for the suppression of the lottery or legislation lessening the chance of fraud and evil effects from it.

Recent investigation shows that former Secretaries and Treasurers have received as high as $8,000 monthly in graft from the lottery. Notwithstanding the immense Government revenue from the lottery, President Menocal prefers the entire abolishment of the evil, owing to its countrywide impoverishing effects; but owing to its popularity, Congress is not likely to abolish it.

FUREY LEFT ONLY $314,741.

Instead of Millions, J. M. Gray Will Receive About $218,000.

There was surprise among Brooklyn politicians yesterday when it was learned from the report of Transfer Tax Appraiser John J. Bridges that the estate left by Robert Furey, instead of running up into the millions amounted to $314,741 only. Mr. Furey was a contractor and at one time a power in Democratic politics in Brooklyn. When he died, a year ago, his fortune was estimated to be $5,000,000.

Mr. Furey left his entire estate to John Morrissey Gray, Democratic leader of the Eighth Assembly District, cutting off his relatives. Gray was a close friend and political protégé of Furey. Gen. John V. Furey, brother of Robert Furey, contested the will and Gray compromised with him out of court for $65,000.

With the amount of this settlement and the expenses of the administration of the estate deducted, Gray will receive $218,763.

MAINE ELECTIONS EVEN.

Mayoralty Contest Results in No Changes in Party Control.

PORTLAND, Me., May 9.—No changes in party control resulted from the elections to-day in five Maine cities. Three of the five Mayors who were candidates for re-election were successful. They were James F. C. Smith of Biddeford and Elmer E. Newbert of Augusta, both Democrats, and Frank H. Nickerson of Brewer, a Republican. In Belfast, Mayor Edgar F. Hanson, who had been elected for nine terms by the Democrats, headed a citizens' party ticket as a result of a disagreement over the question of organization. He was defeated by Robert F. Dunton, the regular Democratic nominee.

John G. Utterback, Independent, indorsed by the Progressives, was elected Mayor of Bangor in a contest with regular Democratic and Republican nominees.

FORTUNE HUNTERS TOO LATE

Girl, Who Must Marry to Get $25,000, Is Engaged Already.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., March 9.—Prospective suitors for the hand of Miss Alma A. Johnson of this city, who has inherited $25,000 from the estate of her uncle, Gustav Waling of Stockholm, Sweden, on the condition that she shall wed within a year, may as well save postage.

The young woman is engaged to Hans Anderson, an electrician employed by the local telephone company, to whom she was betrothed for several months before the announcement of her kinsman's eccentric will. Miss Johnson is employed in the home of ex-State Senator Everett Colby, and since the story of her uncle's bequest was published a few days ago, she has received hundreds of proposals through the mails.

MRS. ATHERTON ROBBED.

Thief in Chicago Snatches a Bag from the Novelist's Hand.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 9.—Mrs. Gertrude Atherton has never seen a policeman on the north side of Chicago. The novelist has been here a month now. She had thought it queer that the majesty of the law was not represented in that fashionable district. Now she feels strongly about it, for Saturday evening she was robbed.

She was on her way to a tea room. As she describes it, "A young man, crouching low like a stage Fagin, walked swiftly up behind us. Suddenly something happened and I turned around. The man was running away. He was gone in a flash, even before I had time to realize that I had been robbed. Then my hand, from which he had snatched my bag, began to pain me and I appreciated what had happened. There was four or five dollars in the bag and a small gold nugget."

STRICKEN WHILE SPEAKING.

A. D. Kneeland Overcome at the Academy of Medicine.

Andrew Delos Kneeland, a lawyer, 51 years old, of 220 West Ninety-eighth Street, with offices at 115 Broadway, was taken ill last night while reading a paper to the members of the New York Society of Medical Jurisprudence, of which he is a Trustee, in the Academy of Medicine, at 17 West Forty-third Street, on proposed changes in the insanity law. Several times while he was reading Mr. Kneeland paused and said that he was ill, but he endeavored to finish his address. Finally he turned to Dr. Reynold W. Wilcox, President of the society, and said:

"I cannot go on. I am feeling too ill. I felt all right when I left my home."

Then he staggered, and but for Dr. Wilcox and Oscar W. Ehrhorn, the Secretary of the society, who caught him, he would have fallen. Physicians who were in the audience attended Mr. Kneeland and he was removed to his home in an automobile. It was said by members of the society, which is composed of physicians and lawyers, that Mr. Kneeland had suffered a stroke of apoplexy.

CARS CRASH AND GLASS FLIES

Faulty Brakes Cause Collision in Which Passengers Are Injured.

Passengers in a stalled car of the Third and Amsterdam Avenue line were thrown from their seats yesterday afternoon when another car ran into it at Amsterdam Avenue and Manhattan Street. Nearly every window in both cars was shattered.

Several of the persons in the stalled car received minor injuries. The bruises of four were dressed by Ambulance Surgeon Jahoss of the Knickerbocker Hospital. Those passengers were Mrs. Charles Aiken of 494 West 158th Street, Mrs. Joseph Brown of 298 West Main Street, Yonkers; Mrs. Dolly Kuchen of 50 Jackson Street, and David Waterous of 1,073 Fox Street, the Bronx. The collision was attributed to faulty brakes.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER.
50c. per case of 6 glass-stoppered bottles.—Adv.

COLQUITT DENIES AGGRESSIVE ACT

Rangers Guiltless of Taking Vergara's Body, Despite Wrongs Done by Mexico.

WILSON POLICY A "CRIME"

Body of Slain Man Brought Across River by Party of Unknown Men.

FALL URGES INTERVENTION

Reads to Senate Long List of Outrages Upon Foreigners in Mexico—Shively Replies.

"I Did Not Cross the River," Asserts Capt. Sanders.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AUSTIN, Texas, March 9.—I have received the following further report from Capt. J. J. Sanders, in command of Company B, Texas Rangers, at Laredo, regarding the recovery of Vergara's body:

"I left Laredo Saturday morning, March 7, 1914, and went to Palafox with Consul Garrett. Sergt. Hines and Private Felph of my command were already there, also Constable Petty of Minera, Jim Hall, a relative of Vergara, and some others I do not know. I worked up all the evidence I possibly could during the day. I left Consul Garrett at the Coleman ranch about 7 o'clock Saturday evening and went down the river on the Texas side, four, five or six miles. I did not go across the river at all.

"Vergara's body was brought across the river on a stretcher about 3:30 in the morning, Sunday, March 8, 1914, and deposited on the bank on this side about four miles down the river from Palafox. This was about the first time I saw the body. I do not know who exhumed it.

"I turned the body over to Vergara's relatives, who were on the river bank, and took it to Laredo and put it in an undertaking establishment. I do not know that any one held an inquest or that any medical examination of the remains had been made.

"There were two bullet holes in the head, and one hand was burned to a crisp, and his head looked like it had been mashed in. It is intended to bury the remains this afternoon, Monday, March 9, 1914.

"Hidalgo, where the remains were originally interred, is just south and in sight of Palafox on the bank of the river."

I have directed that the body of Vergara be held pending the arrival of Gen. Hutchings from Austin.

After consulting with Attorney General Looney, I directed Gen. Hutchings to proceed to Laredo and have proper measurements made of Vergara's body and photograph taken, showing the wounds and the burned hand.

O. B. COLQUITT,
Governor of Texas.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas., March 9.—"Texas has not committed an act of aggression against Mexico, and as Governor of this State I do not desire to see an act of aggression or wrong committed against her, but Mexico, by reason of the conditions existing in that country, is constantly committing acts of aggression against the citizens of Texas."

In these words Gov. Colquitt contradicted to-night the reports that Texas Rangers went across the border and exhumed the body of Clemente Vergara, and at the same time he pointed to the killing of the American ranchman as a vivid illustration of the brutality which is being practiced across the border.

"The wounds and torture which caused the death of Vergara," the Governor's statement went on, "is but an incident, showing the inhumanity of the warfare now going on in our neighboring republic. This case will bring vividly to the attention of the people of the United States an incident, many of which have come to my notice at frequent intervals for the last three years.

"I have earnestly supported the policy of neutrality between the contending factions in Mexico, but have at all times insisted upon protection of citizens of Texas from murder and pillage, whether in Texas or in Mexico, and by steadfastly insisting upon their protection have saved the lives of many men and women whose relatives have appealed to me for assistance.

"Believing that I am somewhat familiar with the conditions which have existed in Mexico for the last three years, I do not hesitate to say that the present policy of the American Government, in my opinion, is a crime against civilization."

Preliminary to an official investigation of the slaying of Vergara and the return of the body early yesterday morning to the United States, the Chief Executive of Texas late to-day directed Adjt. Gen. Henry Hutchings to go to Laredo immediately to view the body, make sure of the identification of the body, and gather all available evidence.

Capt. J. J. Sanders, commander of Texas Rangers in the Laredo district, telegraphed late to-day a report of the incident to Gov. Colquitt, who made it public. This report failed to establish the identity of those who recovered the body or to explain Capt. Sanders's own telegram that he "proceeded to Hidalgo, Mexico."

In this report, Capt. Sanders makes the flat-footed statement:

"I did not go across the river at all."

Then he goes on to say:

"Vergara's body was brought across

the river on a stretcher about 3:30 in the morning, Sunday, March 8, 1914, and deposited on the bank on this side about four miles down the river from Palafox. This was about the first time I saw the body. I do not know who exhumed it."

Gov. Colquitt stated to-day that all information on the exhuming of the body from the Hidalgo (Mexico) Cemetery by persons who crossed from the American side, and the return of the body to Texas would be at the disposal of President Wilson if requested.

This followed a statement by the Governor, given out after a telephone conversation with Capt. Sanders, in which it was flatly denied that the Rangers took part in the recovery of the body or crossed the international line.

State officials had accepted the original telegram from Sanders saying, "I proceeded to Hidalgo," as meaning that he actually entered Mexico. Gov. Colquitt, however, explained it thus:

> Capt. Sanders, commanding Company B of the Texas Rangers at Laredo advised me by telegraph that he had recovered the body of Vergara. I wired him for full particulars. He advises me that he did not go into Mexico at all, but was informed that the body of Vergara would be delivered on the Texas side of the river at a particular place, named at 3:30 o'clock Sunday morning, where he found it. As to who brought it across the river he does not know. He had no assistance in this transaction except from the family and relatives of Vergara, who fully identified the body.

To get the body Sanders and Consul Garrett at Nuevo Laredo had to make a 45-mile trip from Laredo. Hidalgo being one of the few places in that section large enough to have a name designating its location, Sanders's telegram has been interpreted here as using the words "to Hidalgo" simply to indicate a section of the border.

WASHINGTON IS RELIEVED.

Officials Mystified by Garrett's Part in Vergara Affair.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—With the receipt this afternoon of official and press reports that Texas Rangers were not concerned in the disinterment of the body of Clemente Vergara at Hidalgo, Mexico, and the bringing of it across in United States territory, the border incident, which this morning seemed potent with trouble, assumed very much less importance in the eyes of Administration officials.

While awaiting a full official report of the affair, the authorities are satisfied that Vergara's body was disinterred by some of his friends and brought over the border, where it was found by Rangers and others at a designated spot.

A brief message came to the State Department to-day from Consul Garrett at Nuevo Laredo, who confirmed the statements in press despatches that the body was deposited by persons unknown on the American side of the Rio Grande and Capt. Sanders of the Ranger Company at Laredo, was notified that it would be found there. Mr. Garrett said he was sending further particulars by mail, but Secretary Bryan telegraphed him to report by wire.

Major Gen. Tasker H. Bliss reported from San Antonio that he had no more information about the Vergara affair than was in the newspapers. He was ordered by Secretary Garrison to make a full investigation, and Major Frank M. Campbell of the Fourteenth Cavalry has been ordered to Palafox, Texas, near where Vergara's ranch is located.

President Much Concerned.

President Wilson showed much concern early to-day about the supposed raid of the Texas Rangers. He told visitors that he knew nothing more about the affair than was contained in the morning newspapers, and he was not clear in his mind as to what it meant or what would be done by this Government except that there would be the fullest investigation. Later the President was relieved to learn of the version that the Rangers had not invaded Mexican territory but had found the body on the American side of the Rio Grande.

Officials here are mystified over the reports that Consul Garrett accompanied Capt. Sanders from Laredo to the place where the body was found. There was nothing in Garrett's message to Bryan to indicate that he participated in the recovery of the body, but it also failed to say that he did not participate.

State Department officers were inclined to scout the view that Consul Garrett had made any arrangement to be present at Palafox when the body was brought across the line. To get to Palafox people at Laredo use a small railroad line, running 18 miles to Minera, and from there drive overland 27 miles.

It is believed here that the relatives of Vergara have the body of the murdered man and that they are responsible for its being brought back to Texas. The whole incident is believed to be the result of Mrs. Vergara's determination to give her husband decent burial at his old home.

In the Senate to-day Senator Sheppard of Texas, who at that time believed that Texas Rangers had invaded Mexico, made a statement that Texans were not in sympathy with Col. Colquitt's attitude in the Vergara case, and that the majority of the people of the State were satisfied with President's Wilson's Mexican policy.

Coming from the senior member of the Texas delegation in Texas, all of whom are Democrats, as is Gov. Colquitt, the public rebuke administered to the Governor was all the more significant.

Bryan Asks Moore's Advice.

One of the most interesting events of the day was Secretary Bryan's seeking the advice of John Bassett Moore, whose resignation from the office of Counselor of the State Department took effect Wednesday. Mr. Moore received a telephone message this afternoon, asking him to call on Mr. Bryan.

It is supposed that Mr. Moore's aid was sought in connection with action concerning the killing of Vergara. Accounts agree that his body showed that he had been bruatlly treated before he was hanged by Mexican Federals, and this evidence makes it incumbent upon the State Department to demand redress. Last Thursday, the day after he quit the Government service, Mr. Moore was asked by Secretary Bryan to prepare a reply to the communications received from Gov. Colquitt in regard to the right of a State to protect itself from offenses committed on its citizens by troops or persons of an adjoining country, and to make reprisals against this foreign country.

The questions submitted by Gov. Colquitt had to do with the alleged abduction of Vergara from Texas and his subsequent death. The manner in which the body was recovered has not modified the serious aspect of the case, and Mr. Moore has again been drafted to dispose of the problems involved in the whole affair.

Being now reasonably assured that neither United States nor Texas officials participated in any action that might be regarded as in violation of Mexican sovereignty, the State Department is also confronted with the necessity of making fresh representations to Gen. Huerta in the effort to obtain the punishment of the persons guilty of Vergara's killing.

TAKEN BY VERGARA'S FRIENDS

So Thinks Laredo—Consul Garrett Secretive About Affair.

LAREDO, Texas, March 8.—The identity of the persons who entered Mexico and recovered the body of Clemente Vergara Sunday morning was still unknown here to-day, but some facts about the affair seem clear. Those who crossed the border were Texans, or most of them were, according to all reports available, and the Texas Rangers were not involved.

The report that the Rangers crossed the border was based solely on the telegram of Capt. J. J. Sanders to Gov. Colquitt that he had "proceeded to Hidalgo, Mexico." Capt. Sanders afterward denied that this was intended to mean that he had crossed the border. He maintains that neither he nor any of his men entered Mexico.

In response to urging, both Consul Garrett and Capt. Sanders said that when the body was brought across the river they were notified and went to see it. Then it was turned over to them as representatives, respectively, of the United States and of Texas. Both declined to say anything further, and all the evidence available goes to show that neither crossed the border.

It was stated on good authority today that the exhuming expedition comprised eight Americans and two Mexicans, including some of Vergara's former employes. Rumors named several men here among those who exhumed the body, but all refused to discuss the reports.

It is said that the party gathered on the river bank late Saturday night near the point where Vergara was alleged to have been seized Feb. 13 by Capt. Apolonio Rodriguez and three Federal soldiers. A Mexican, who said he saw both the execution and burial of Vergara, led them across country toward Hidalgo, and, skirting the sleeping town, showed them a new grave in a far corner of the cemetery, which had caused comment when Vergara's disappearance became known.

The grave was shallow and little care had been taken to protect the body from the covering earth. A rude pine box was lifted out, and the workers, after making certain that they had the body they sought, began the homeward journey, with the party still unchallenged. Once back on American soil they rested their burden for final identification. This was made by the family.

Then, according to reports, the body was left to be found by Garrett and Sanders. It was said that the two went to the scene ostensibly to obtain further information on the Vergara case, but they admitted later that they had been told that the body had been returned. Who were their informants was one of the numerous questions the officials refused to answer. They did say, however, that neither Federals nor State officials had any part in the trip into Mexico.

Surmises that Mexican authorities might have taken this method of returning Vergara's body to the United States were forestalled by a remark of Consul Garrett, who expressed the belief last night that they did not yet know of the body's removal.

The party had no permission from Mexican authorities to make the trip and get the body, and Consul Garrett denies the reports that he requested permission from the Federals to have this done.

Vergara's body, brought here late last night, was placed in a metallic casket after his son, widow, nephew, and others had identified it. The affidavits of these persons were taken to-day for use of State and Federal authorities in official reports.

Further examination of the body today disclosed two gunshot wounds in the head and one in the neck. A blow as if from a rifle butt, had crushed the skull, while a mutilated left hand, twisted and charred by fire, suggested that torture had been inflicted before Vergara was executed.

SAYS BRITISH WERE WARNED.

Foreign Office Replies Promptly to Protest from Mexico City.

MEXICO CITY, March 9.—The British Foreign Office, replying to the recent protest of British subjects here against the killing in Juarez of William S. Benton, reminds them that they had been warned to leave the zone in which there was danger. The British Legation here, in transmitting the reply, said:

"Sir Edward Grey (the British Foreign Secretary) in the course of a statement which he made to Parliament on the 3d inst., pointed out that the district in which the death of Benton occurred and also the individuals responsible for his death are beyond the control of the constituted Mexican Government, so that his Majesty's Government is unable under the present circumstances to procure reparation through it.

"Present conditions, therefore, do not admit of any effective measures, but his Majesty's Government does not intend to let the matter rest and will take whatever steps are practicable as soon as by any change in circumstances it is within its power to carry the matter further.

"British subjects in Mexico have already been notified of the danger of remaining in such districts as are in a state of disturbance and in which their protection would be a matter of difficulty, but his Majesty's Government will continue, as hitherto, to take such steps as are open to secure the protection of British lives and property in Mexico, as well as redress for injuries, which the Government deeply deplores."

PAINTS RANGER IN THE HOUSE.

"Alfalfa Bill" Gives Indian's View of Border Peace Officer.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—A brief and graphic word picture of his idea of a Texas Ranger was given to the members of the House of Representatives today by Representative William H. Murray of Oklahoma, better known as "Alfalfa Bill," in a brief speech.

"In the early 70s or 80s," Mr. Murray told the House, "when the Comanche Indians swooped down on Texas, and robbed, scalped and murdered people, the Texas Rangers promptly ran them out.

"After peace was restored an Indian went to the Indian Agent at Anadarka and said: 'I want a rifle.' The agent said to him: 'You can't have it. You might shoot a soldier with it.' The Indian replied: 'No. I do not want it for shoot a soldier; we kill soldier with a stick. I want rifle to shoot a Texas Ranger with.'"

ARRESTED AS FILIBUSTERS.

Four Mexicans Accused at El Paso of Helping Recruits Over Border.

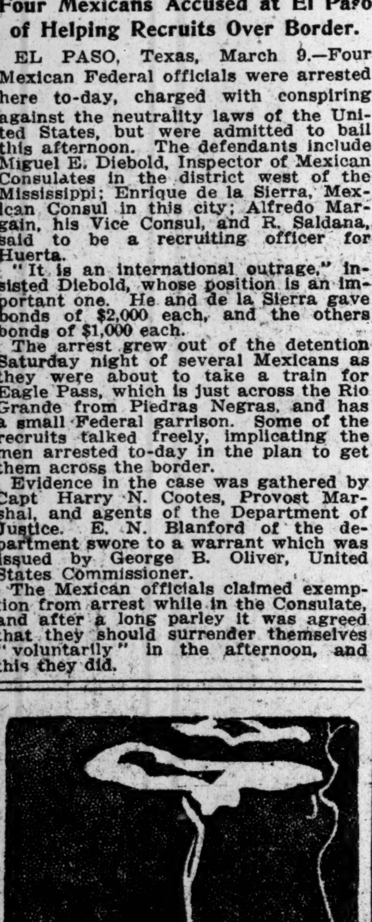
EL PASO, Texas, March 9.—Four Mexican Federal officials were arrested here to-day, charged with conspiring against the neutrality laws of the United States, but were admitted to bail this afternoon. The defendants include Miguel E. Diebold, Inspector of Mexican Consulates in the district west of the Mississippi; Enrique de la Sierra, Mexican Consul in this city; Alfredo Margain, his Vice Consul, and R. Saldana, said to be a recruiting officer for Huerta.

"It is an international outrage," insisted Diebold, whose position is an important one. He and de la Sierra gave bonds of $2,000 each, and the others bonds of $1,000 each.

The arrest grew out of the detention Saturday night of several Mexicans as they were about to take a train for Eagle Pass, which is just across the Rio Grande from Piedras Negras, and has a small Federal garrison. Some of the recruits talked freely, implicating the men arrested to-day in the plan to get them across the border.

Evidence in the case was gathered by Capt Harry N. Cootes, Provost Marshal, and agents of the Department of Justice. E. N. Blanford of the department swore to a warrant which was issued by George B. Oliver, United States Commissioner.

The Mexican officials claimed exemption from arrest while in the Consulate, and after a long parley it was agreed that they should surrender themselves "voluntarily" in the afternoon, and this they did.



There's *something* about them you'll like—

College and Club men have discovered that *something* in

Herbert

Tareyton

London Cigarettes

Twenty for a Quarter

FALL SPEAKS OPENLY FOR INTERVENTION

Wants Congress to Send Army and Navy Into Mexico to Protect Foreigners.

FEARS ROUSING OF GERMANY

New Mexico Senator Presents Long List of Outrages — Shively and Sheppard Defend Administration.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—For three hours to-day Senator Fall, Republican, of New Mexico, in an open session of the Senate, with practically a full attendance of the upper house of Congress and with the galleries crowded, arraigned the Administration for what he termed its mistaken policy in dealing with the Mexican situation, and proposed as a remedy the use in Mexico of the armed forces of the American Army and Navy, not for making war, but for the protection of Americans and other nationals in the revolution-ridden republic and for the prevention of war.

Mr. Fall, whose speech lifting the lid of secrecy from discussion of the Mexican situation in the Senate had been anxiously awaited, gave a list of murders and other outrages committed upon American citizens and British subjects in Mexico in the last three years. These outrages he grouped in sixty-three instances, involving seventy-nine persons.

Senator Shively, acting Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, replied in behalf of the Administration. He expressed regret that the subject had been discussed in open session and averred that no adequate suggestion had been offered to compose the difficulty.

Senator Sheppard of Texas joined with Senator Shively in defending the Administration. He expressly repudiated the policy followed by Gov. Colquitt of Texas.

Fears Trouble with Germany.

Senator Fall, declaring that President Wilson knew nothing about the real conditions and had been mistaken in every act of his administration toward Mexico, emphasized the danger of war with a great foreign power, unless something should speedily be done. Referring to comments in the German press over the killing of the British subject, Benton, by Gen. Villa, Senator Fall declared:

> When the German official press says that should a German citizen be murdered in Mexico, Germany would not acquiesce, like Great Britain, then I say to you, Senators, there is imminent danger of a conflict with a country with which we should always be at peace.
>
> I believe the American people can be left to handle any critical condition, provided they are informed on the subject. I am not one who believes, when the press is full of reports of outrages and details of Mexican horrors, that it can be "incompatible with the public interest" to send to this Senate details of outrages upon American citizens. I am not one who believes the Constitution should be pushed aside and let one man assume the executive and legislative powers of the Government.

In presenting his list of outrages in Mexico Mr. Fall frequently appealed to the Administration for evidence of any activity in behalf of the victims. He pleaded the absence of partisan motives, and Senator Shively admitted that his speech was an "indiscriminate assault on the Administrations of President Taft and President Wilson."

Though Mr Fall's speech was formally announced last week and Mr. Shively had consulted Secretary of State Bryan on the subject, he seemed to have received no information to offset Mr. Fall's allegations except details of one murder, for which he said the State Department had finally obtained the execution of four Mexicans.

Only in his conclusion was Mr. Fall argumentative. Then he urged the Government to take a firm hand, send the army and the navy to the relief of Americans and other foreigners in Mexico, and to hold the country in a quiescent state until a Government capable of ruling could be established.

The speaker was impartial in his criticism of Federal and rebel leaders. But Huerta, he said, was "a murderer on a grand scale," while Villa was "a common, ordinary, ignorant murderer for hire."

The supposition at the Capitol is that Mr. Fall's list of fatalities in Mexico is only about a third of the fatalities listed at the State Department. Mr. Shively rather confirmed this view by saying that he could not reply specifically regarding the cases cited by Mr. Fall because he had not been able to know in advance which cases would be selected for discussion.

Appeal for Intervention.

Senator Fall's appeal for intervention in Mexico was made in these words:

"With the solemn declaration that we do not war upon the Mexican nation or people; that it is not our purpose to acquire territory, upset their laws or overturn their constitution; and with an invitation to the masses of the Mexican people to cooperate with us, we should immediately direct the use of the land and naval forces of this Government for the protection of our citizens and other foreigners in Mexico and lend their assistance to the restoration of order and maintenance of peace in that unhappy country.

"I might cite authority after authority and pile precedent upon precedent as justification under international law for such action, but I will only read from the message of the martyred McKinley, with the suggestion that we insert the name Mexico in lieu of that of Cuba or Spain."

Mr. Fall read a portion of President McKinley's famous war message, and then referred to President Wilson's refusal last Autumn to transmit information relative to Mexico to the Senate on the ground that it was incompatible with the public interest.

Mr. Fall called up a resolution introduced last Summer, but unacted upon, reaffirming a plank in the Democratic platform of 1912, as follows:

> The Constitutional rights of American citizens should protect them on our borders and go with them throughout the world, and every American citizen residing or having property in any foreign country is entitled to and must be given the full protection of the United States Government both for himself and his property.

He quoted opinions of international law to justify intervention, not for war but for protection, and also cited numerous instances of such intervention on the part of this Government in other countries.

"Mr. President," he demanded, "is not our Monroe Doctrine, our American doctrine, and our safety as a nation in jeopardy now?"

Criticises Secretary Bryan.

Senator Fall said that men who had called upon the Secretary of State, in regard to attacks upon Americans in Mexico, had been told that they represented interests which went into Mexico to get dollars and return to this country. He had himself received such a reply from Secretary Bryan, he said, on a recent visit in regard to a specific case. On his return to his office he wrote to the Secretary, saying he had a list of several hundred American adults who had resided in Mexico for from ten to twenty-seven years, and of 1,260 American children, 1,100 of whom were born in Mexico. These had been driven out of Mexico by Salazar's forces, the letter stated. Senator Fall read Secretary Bryan's letter in reply, which merely acknowledged the receipt of the communication.

The glamour of romance that had been thrown around Villa, said Mr. Fall, was purely fictitious. While it was reported that Villa became a bandit to avoid arrest for killing a Mexican officer in Chihuahua for insulting his sister, Mr. Fall said he really fled to avoid arrest for the murder of a peon in the butcher shop where he sold the meat of stolen cattle.

Mr. Fall's explanation of the capture of Juarez by Villa came as a surprise. Villa had been credited with great strategy in slipping into the town at dawn and capturing the garrison in bed. As a matter of fact, said Mr. Fall, the Federal commander of Juarez, Gen. Castro, had gone to El Paso the day before the attack, and received $50,000 from an agent of Gen. Villa for his treachery. Mr. Fall was in El Paso at the time and knew of the negotiations.

The Benton murder, said Mr. Fall, arose directly from Villa's propensity for stealing cattle and anything else he could lay his hands on. The cattle he stole Villa sold in Texas, until the Cattlemen's Association began to recover their property, identifying hundreds of cattle by their brands. At that time Carranza, the First Chief of the Constitutionalists, had imposed an export tax of $5 gold on cattle, but Villa, disregarding his authority, as he did whenever it suited his convenience, issued a decree prohibiting the exportation of cattle, set up an abattoir in Juarez and sold the meat and hides in the United States or in Canada, so as to avoid identification of the stolen property.

The list of atrocities Mr. Fall read to the Senate included a wide range of crimes. Americans had been shot with their children in their arms. Men of family had been disabled or bound while their wives and sisters were attacked before their eyes, and murder was often preceded by torture. This is the list:

List of Outrages in Mexico.

Mrs. Anderson, daughter, and neighbor boy, killed, June 22, 1911, Chihuahua; murderers arrested, served six months in jail, and released; Madero soldiers.

Mabel Richardson, little girl, outraged, Colonia, Juarez; no attempt to punish perpetrators.

James D. Harvey, killed, State of Chihuahua, May, 1912, and mutilated with a spade; nothing done.

William Adams, killed, July 2, 1912, with his daughter's arms around him, by Mexican officer; nothing done.

Thomas Fountain, killed after court-martial by Salazar at Parral, after warning from Washington; Salazar later arrested this side of border, charged with smuggling, and later released; now held at Fort Bliss.

Joshua Stevens, killed near Colonia, Pacheco, Mexico, Aug. 26, 1912, in defending his daughters from attack.

Johnny Brooks, Texan, killed at Colonia Chuichupa, Chihuahua, in 1913; he killed his assailant, Portillo.

Matthew Gourd and two daughters, assaulted near Tampico, July 26, 1913.

Rogers Palmer, Englishman, killed because of failure to open safe at Durango, about June 18, 1913.

Carlos Von Brandis and L. W. Elder, Americans, wounded about same time by explosion of bomb.

H. W. Stepp, American, shot on failure to pay 500 pesos ransom.

A. W. Laurilaut, English subject, stripped, beaten, shot, and left for dead about same time.

Edmund Hayes, American, employe of Madera Company; also Robert Thomas, American citizen, negro, killed at Madera by Mexican Federal officer, Santa Caravo; arrested and later discharged.

B. Stowe, shot in Chihuahua by rebels, 1913; nothing done.

Benjamin Griffin, rancher, murdered on July 5, 1913, near Chuichupa, by bandits.

John H. Williams, mining engineer, killed by stray bullet, March 8, 1913, when rebels attacked Nacosari.

Booris Darow, consulting engineer, killed in attack on Nuevo Buena Vista, Feb. 21, 1913.

U. G. Wolf, mining engineer, murdered July 16, 1913, by outlaws in Northern Sonora.

Mrs. E. W. Holmes, killed by shell during bombardment Mexico City, February, 1913.

Frank Ward, shot in back by bandits in home near Yago, Tepic Territory, April 9, 1913.

John S. H. Howard, United States Customs Inspector, assassinated near Eagle Pass, Texas, Feb. 10, 1913.

Pablo Soto, merchant of Naco, Ariz., killed by stray bullet during conflict between Federals and rebels, March 24, 1913.

L. Bushnell, mounted policeman, killed in Naco, Ariz., March 24, 1913, by stray bullet fired by rebels.

Frank Howard, killed by bandits in Coalcoman, State of Michoacan, in March, 1913.

Herbert L. Russell, manager American Vice Consul McCaughan's ranch near City of Durango, murdered by rebels, Sept. 29, 1912.

Robert Williams, policeman, Phoenix, Ariz., killed by Mexican bandits who crossed line to attend a celebration of Mexican Independence Day, Sept. 16, 1912.

Scott Price, bystander, killed when bandits were firing on Williams.

N. Matheson, Mormon, killed while fleeing from Colonia Morelos, Sonora, Sept. 16, 1912, when bandits were looting the town.

—— McKinsea, American, executed near Agua Prieta in September, 1912, because rebels suspected he had given information to Federal troops.

W. H. Waite, manager Esmeraldos Plantation at Ochetal, Vera Cruz, beheaded April, 1912, when he refused to pay money demanded by bandits.

H. L. Strauss, formerly correspondent for New York Herald, killed, with thirty-four other non-combatants, when Zapatistas held up train, Aug. 11, 1912, near Cuautla, Morelos.

Thomas C. Kane, railroad conductor, shot through head when bandits wrecked train and killed many passengers, April 10, 1912.

H. Seffer, formerly a professor in the University of California, and three servants, killed by rebels April 29, 1911, near Cuernavaca.

R. H. Ferguson, San Francisco, member of Troop F, Third United States Cavalry, killed by bullet fired over border.

Two unidentified men, killed May 9, 1911, in El Paso, by stray bullets fired by Federals and rebels.

Dr. R. G. Clarke, Taylorsville, Ill., shot dead in Mexico City, May 27, 1911, by a partisan of Gen. Diaz.

John R. Lockhart, Scotts City, Mo., mining engineer, killed by bandits in Durango, November, 1911.

R. N. Meredith, Troy, Ohio, struck by bullet during bombardment in Mexico City in February, 1913.

Mrs. Percy Griffith, legs shot off during the same bombardment.

A. E. Thomas, murdered by bandits while protecting wife and seven children near Nogales, Sonora, March 10, 1912.

Robert Huntington, railroad switchman, shot without cause near Augua Prieta, April 13, 1911.

J. C. Edwards, native of Virginia, shot to death while accidentally within rebel lines near Agua Prieta, April 13, 1911.

Stepson of J. M. Foster of Newark, N. J., killed at Alamo, Cal., June, 1911, because he had professionally treated a wounded insurgent.

John Hertling of Douglas, Ariz., hanged near Nogales by rebels under Orozco, July, 1912.

Guido Schubert, Douglas, Ariz., hanged at same time.

John Camp, killed at El Paso, May 9, 1911, when rebels attacked Juarez.

Antonio Garcia, killed at El Paso, May 9, 1911, by stray rebel bullet.

Clarence H. Cooper, throat cut and robbed at Pearson, Aug. 4, 1913.

Graham-Taylor, at Auguas Calientes, English, died after being robbed and stripped, August, 1913; unknown American killed.

Fifteen victims of the wrecked train at Cubre tunnel, Feb. 9, 1914, were Americans.

Alfred Olcott, now of Los Angeles, shot at Sonora, with his partner, defending wife and daughter from outrage.

Clemente Vergara, Gustav Bauch, William Benton, the latter English.

Mr. Fall read from a bitter summary of the situation as written to him by Emeterio de la Garza, an unofficial emissary to this country from Mexico. Señor de la Garza said of his countrymen:

"Their only aim is to fight, they only take pride in winning in killing, in shooting, in severing heads from bodies, in eating the raw flesh or burning alive their enemies; ferocity is their natural condition, temerity is their supreme virtue."

Mr. Fall said that the sending of John Lind to interefere with the political institutions of Mexico was much more serious than the intervention for the protection of foreigners that he suggested. He argued that military intervention for such a purpose in a disorganized country would not be war or the excuse for war, and cited John Bassett Moore, the retired counselor of the State Department, as authority.

Would Mean Actual War.

Senator Shively, replying, declared that Senator Fall's policy would mean actual armed intervention, and that intervention meant war. He deplored that the situation had been thus discussed in the open Senate, declaring that it would have a harmful influence upon the attitude and temper of the people of Mexico.

"No one doubts what intervention means," said Senator Shively, "and the Senator from New Mexico has not suggested any power in Mexico with which could be surrounded efforts to restore peace. If composition of the difficulty is available by watching and waiting, the people of the United States could have a just grievance against their Government if it should start now the muster, the march, the camp, and the battlefield. The Government is exerting its energies to work out a solution without precipitating war and all that war means.

"After all we have listened to, I put it to you if a practical solution has been suggested. Those who are responsible for our foreign policy are doing all that can be done. They are not swift to rush to arms; they are men who think and weigh the facts and measure consequences of acts before they commit us to them. I repel the notion expressed to-day that the Department of State and the President are neglecting any duty that involves the peace and welfare of the country."

"The object of Senator Fall's address has become manifest to the Senate. The same information he has given could have been given in executive session. But it is manifest it was designed to publish to the world facts which have been presented here to-day.

"It is apparent that the Senator from New Mexico sees no character in Mexico capable of composing the situation.

"The impression he would leave that our Government has been inactive and has not sought to push cases and stand up for the rights of American citizens is utterly a mistake. A review of the work done by the State Department will show constant energy, industry, and attention to the extremely difficult, embarrassing and threatening situation."

Defending the unwillingness of the State Department to place before the Senate information regarding its activities in Mexico, Senator Shively declared newspapers had repeatedly published matters discussed in executive sessions of the Senate, the views of certain Senators being reported in a way the remarks they made in those sessions would not justify. The discussion held at the conference of Senators with President Wilson on Mexican affairs and held under an injunction of secrecy also found its way into the papers, he said, increasing the difficulty of the department.

Aligns Texans with Wilson.

Senator Sheppard of Texas declared the majority of the people of his State were in hearty accord with President Wilson in his Mexican policy and "deplored the attitude of their Governor."

"Every day that passed without intervention was a tribute to the work the President and Secretary of State were doing," he said.

"The logic of administration critics is peculiar," he added. "They would stop bloodshed with war. Bad as present conditions in Mexico are, they would be a hundred times worse if we should go to war there."

Texans from the border had assured him, Senator Sheppard asserted, that there was no excitement, "except in the imagination of the Governor," and that they were dealing with both sides across the border in commercial ventures without difficulty so long as they kept to their own affairs. The portion of the population along the border which was American only in name and was responsible for all of the tales of outrages, he said, actually took "no interest in any politics, American or Mexican, and are herded to the polls every two years by unscrupulous politicians."

"I believe and the majority of Americans believe," concluded the Texas Senator, "that if this matter is left to President Wilson he will find a way out without war. We will pray that the foolhardiness of adventurous men and scheming politicians will not drive us into war."

Secretary Bryan, when he heard of Senator Fall's charges, said he would make no statement until he had read all the Senator's speech, and would, for the present, leave the Administration's defense to Senators.

DE LA GARZA'S PEACE PLAN.

Mexican National Union to End War with Invading Army, He Says.

At the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday afternoon Emeterio de la Garza, Jr., who for years was prominent in Mexican politics, told of a proposed National Union by which he believes peace will be established in Mexico. An address "to the American people" is to be published within a fortnight.

"The document, to be out in two weeks, is to make the way clear for our general conference," he said. "That will be held on the United States side, probably as far north as St. Louis, probably on April 15.

"Pledged to us are many who are now in the field in Mexico with various factions, and many leaders of power and wealth, aside from scores of Mexicans who have come to this country to wait. There will be at least 150 men, each with a large following, at the conference. I will be the Chairman. We will adopt a platform which will solve the many questions that perplex Mexico—the political and the social questions. All Mexico will welcome the great reform and the lasting peace to be produced. We will select a new slate of government officials composed of 'neutrals.' Then we will go on into Mexico, and the revolution will be ended."

"Will you go to lead the movement?" he was asked.

"Certain! With my men fighting in Mexico should I return to New York?" he exclaimed. "I will be at their head."

"Arms and ammunition?"

"The removal of the embargo from this country solves that. I am not a soldier, but I know something of war, and Juarez, perhaps our greatest President, was a great President not because of soldierly qualities, but because of his statesmanship. I have many great military men with me, though."

"Is a new Constitution to be drawn up?" he was asked.

"No," he replied. "The old one is good enough, and can't be improved. The only thing is to enforce it."

He was unwilling at the present time, he said, to name any of the men who might be selected for important offices under the National Union, but promised that the announcement would be made as soon as the conference decided upon its leaders.

"Whether I am an official or not, though," he said, "I am prepared to make every sacrifice for the country."

Señor de la Garza showed a manuscript copy of the address. His name appears at the end of its twenty pages of foolscap. He first treats of the present condition of the southern neighbor and says:

"There is not one Mexican who, heretofore, has raised his voice in defense of Mexico as a nation, upholding the rights of the country, so that it now seems that there is an opportunity afforded me by friend and foe alike to end a life of moral and political serfdom.

"So, without neglecting my duties to my country, I take this occasion to sever my connection with friend and foe, to break the chain of personal attachment.

"At last the hour of justice has struck on the clock of time.

"According to Napeoleon, it cost Hannibal one-half of his army to cross the Alps and gain the privilege of selecting the battlefield which should be propitious to the fulfillment of his great destiny. I have lost the half of my life bowing to the prejudices dominant in Mexico, which are harder to break through than the adamantine rocks of the Alps and loftier than their summits, in order to reach this battlefield.

"Destiny has here and now provided the moment for offering my life upon the altar of my country."

Having announced his purpose and his willingness to sacrifice himself, the señor tells of the futility of any Government which might be established by present leaders in Mexico and says:

"To govern successfully it is necessary to carry in the forehead the intellectual light which illuminates the mind, in the soul the apostolic spirit which moves up to seek the general welfare. Reflections burn the wings of illusions. We have the enemy at home daring us onward to heroic deeds."

MEXICO CITY HEARS BODY WAS GIVEN UP

Queer Version of the Vergara Incident Is Current in Huerta's Capital.

HUERTA ORDERS ADVANCE

And Hopes to Put 20,000 Fresh Troops in Field—Financial Situation Critical.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, March 9.—The Vergara case has excited little comment here to-day. Joaquin Maass, the Governor of Coahuila, is a nephew of Huerta, and Mexicans think he is fully able to handle the affair without involving Mexico in an international tangle or lowering the national dignity.

Reports that reached here that Gen. Maass allowed the Texas authorities to examine the body on Texas soil evoked favorable comment, and Huerta's friends contrasted this with the Benton incident where the body was removed beyond possibility of recovery. They held that this indicated that Huerta was willing to do all possible justice in the case of the dead ranchman.

It is thought here that the men responsible for the killing of Vergara will be executed. In fact, it is reported that they have already been arerstd by order of Gen. Maass. Some talk of the possibility of handing the guilty persons over to the Texas authorities, but it is pointed out that this would probably prevent their punishment, since the crime was committed on Mexican soil and the American court would have no jurisdiction in the affair.

The reports that Vergara was tortured before he was slain are not credited by officials, who say that this would contrast in a marked manner with the general conduct of the Federal troops. One prominent Mexican commented:

"The report that Vergara was tortured, is probably as true as the original story that he was hanged, which now proves to be without foundation."

Meanwhile the investigation by Mexican Consuls and military authorities continues, but no reports are available yet.

President Huerta to-day ordered a general campaign to be started at once. Practically all the important men now occupying executive positions in the army were ordered to the front, receiving twenty-four hours' notice to depart and assume new commands. His plan apparently contemplates putting a competent man in charge of each individual campaign rather than leaving a wide area under the orders of one, as at present.

Many fresh troops also are being ordered to the front. It is said that 20,000 men will be whipped into shape to take the field within the next ten days without drawing heavily upon the garrison here or removing troops from the southern districts.

Trade and Finance Demoralized.

The financial situation continued to occupy public attention to a preponderating extent to-day, although exchange rates closed slightly better this afternoon. This was probably due to the fact that during the late hours there was much profit-taking by brokers speculating on foreign drafts. There was little heavy buying to-day. The flurry has slightly subsided because the banks have decided that the Government, being determined to establish a bank, will not be intimidated by slight financial difficulties. Accordingly, the banks here desisted from bulling the market, and most of the trading was confined to the small amount of gold available in the local market. The Canadian banks, which are practically the only ones having large amounts of gold, are refusing to sell at any price.

Brokers expect exchange to go to 400 this week, as it was learned today that one of the railway lines was in the market for £40,000, which is regarded as practically unobtainable.

It was learned from well informed sources to-day that the Government intended to take over the present organization and employes of the Banco Centro, which has been on the verge of bankruptcy for some time, being heavily indebted to the Federal Government. It is understood that the bank will be liquidated by the Government assuming none of the liabilities of the institution, merely taking over the employes in order to facilitate the speedy issuance of paper. This is further thought advisable since the bank is not a bank of issue, and consequently the Government would not have to retire private paper or leave it valueless in the hands of the public when liquidating the institution. Government officials still refuse to make any definite statement regarding the bank, and it is said that a few details are lacking before opening.

Merchants are greatly disturbed over the exchange situation. Many are considering the question of closing their doors until the rate becomes more stationary, which would allow them to fix prices [illegible]. Some say that goods in the Customs House they are unable to take out because they are uncertain whether they will be able to sell or not. Some are expressing the intention of returning the goods even if they lose the freight charges.

MEXICO CITY, March 9.—The Federal Army was ordered to-day to begin an offensive [illegible] command of [illegible]. Provisional President Huerta sent to all the Governors of States and all the army commanders by telegraph the following order:

To-day the Federal Government begins a campaign against the rebels of the North. To that end you will see the necessity that your command take the offensive in order to establish a stable peace in the Republic.

Gen. Huerta then again cautioned his followers to give protection to foreigners and their property, and [illegible] order that they [illegible] responsible [illegible] particular.

5th Avenue Restaurant

FIFTH AV. BUILDING.
Entrance on 24th St.
SITE OF FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL.

6 to 9 P. M. THE Large Orchestra

"DOLLAR DINNER"

BANQUETS A SPECIALTY.

OVER 30 DIE IN FIRE IN ST. LOUIS CLUB

Continued from Page 1.

lobby for her escort, and who saw the reflection of the flames in the plate glass windows across the street, swept rapidly through the buildin.

When the firemen arrived the flames were shooting out of the roof and all the windows above the second floor. Men were jumping from windows, others were climbing down ropes made of bed clothes.

More than a dozen jumped several stories to roofs of adjoining buildings and suffered broken legs or less serious injuries. Those who escaped unhurt ran about the streets in bathrobes or nightclothes, apparently frenzied, until they were forcibly carried into neighboring hotels.

The fire fighters time and again dodged one falling wall only to find themselves under another tottering mass of granite and brick.

Theodore Levy of Louisville, Ky., clung to a window sill until both his hands were scorched almost black. Just as he was about to let go a fireman grasped him about the waist and carried him down a ladder. At the City hospital Levy later said two of the men who had been killed jumped from the window to which he had clung.

Robert C. Magill, manager of the club, and his wife were roused by the smoke. They discovered the fire in the dining room on the third floor, and before seeking their own safety rushed up and down the halls, knocking on doors and waking guests. Both were badly burned about the face, hands, and feet.

The flare of the fire brought thousands of spectators to the scene, only to hamper the work of the firemen until driven back by the police. Before long hundreds of automobiles belonging to members who had been apprised of the fire lined the downtown streets. Men and women, relatives and friends of victims who were known to have lived at the club, rushed to the hotel, then to hospitals, then to the Morgue seeking some news of men whom they sought.

Tell of Their Escape.

Judge C. Orrick Bishop, Assistant Circuit Attorney, roomed on the sixth floor.

"The sound of flames crackling like giant firecrackers awoke me," said Judge Bishop. "Thank God there was a fire escape in front of my window. I ran down the six flights. I saw several men jump and bounce off the sidewalk like rubber balls. I was only slightly bruised coming down the escape."

Thirteen men escaped from the fifth floor of the building by sliding down a rope made out of two sheets. The story of the escape was told by Lewis Gaylord, an advertising man of New York. Gaylord was in a room on the west side of the fifth floor. When he took the room he examined the fire escapes and noticed that the roof of the building occupied by a seed company was only fifteen feet below his window.

Gaylord was awakened by screams. Throwing on a bathrobe he ran into the corridor, which then was filled with smoke, and rushed to the stairway. The carpet on the stairs was ablaze and the elevator shaft was a furnace from top to bottom. He then started for a window opening on the roof of the seed store.

In the corridor he heard some one cry: "I am blind. Don't leave me here to die." Gaylord made out in the smoke a man groping his way along the wall. Gaylord led him to a room occupied by Henry Baker.

In Baker's room Gaylord and the unidentified blind man were joined by nine others. A young man took command of the situation, and, tying two sheets together, fastened one end of the improvised rope to a radiator. The twelve men went down the rope hand over hand and all were rescued from the roof of the seed store.

While these men were escaping another man staggered to the room and fell unconscious. He recovered quickly and escaped down the rope of sheets.

Meanwhile the smoke began pouring into the room, forcing the men still waiting to close the door and cease calling others to join them. J. R. Stephens was the last man to go down the improvised rope.

As the men stood on the roof of the seed store they saw about twenty men at the windows of the sixth and seventh floors of the athletic club. One jumped to the seed store roof and broke his leg.

Gaylord and others went to the edge of the roof and shouted for help. Firemen raised a ladder through a trap door, but when the men on the roof drew up the ladder and sought to rescue those at the windows above the ladder proved too short. Another ladder was sent up and the Gaylord party descended without waiting to see whether the men on the upper floors were saved. They think, however, that all who crowded the windows were rescued.

Stories of the fire were told at the City Hospital by persons who were injured. L. L. Leonard said he was asleep on the sixth floor when he was awakened by smoke. He ran into the corridor, but found the way to the fire escape cut off by flames. He rushed back to his room and opened a window. Crawling out on the sill, he hung by his fingers until the intense heat forced him to drop to the roof of a store building two stories below. There he was picked up unconscious.

William Koerner, head houseman of the club, was awakened by the shouting of the firemen. He ran into the corridor of the sixth floor, and [illegible] escape. When he reached the fire escape [illegible]. He ran to the window from which Leonard [illegible], and, too, was compelled to drop.

POVERTY VOWS QUESTIONED

Against Public Policy, Benedictine Priest's Heirs Contend.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Whether the vows of the Order of St. Benedict and of other religious orders, containing vows of poverty, are void as against public policy, was argued in briefs filed to-day in the Supreme Court.

In behalf of the heirs of the late Father Werth, priest of a church at Springfield, Minn., attorneys contended the vows he took to the order were void as against public policy, and his property, consisting of [illegible], should go to the heirs. They contended that the civil courts should not enforce an agreement in the form of a contract.

Attorneys on behalf of the order pointed to its achievements as [illegible]. "Through its followers and disciples," it was argued, "Christianity was firmly planted in the various parts of England, the greater part of Central Germany was evangelized; the German Church was founded and the Teutonic races were converted. Education has been and is now among the recognized objects of the Benedictines in America and other countries."

CHARITIES.

APPEAL No. 5.

To the Jews of New York:

Not all the sick are in hospitals.

There are many bedridden at home.

The Jewish sick poor in the tenements must be provided for by the United Hebrew Charities.

We cannot do so adequately unless we receive more funds.

Help us in this life-saving work.

United Hebrew Charities,
356 Second Avenue, City.

I. W. W. RAIDERS KEPT OUT OF CHURCH

Continued from Page 1.

few moments that serious consequences were feared, and a call was sent in for the reserves of the Madison Street Station.

The police reinforcements soon succeeded in making the raiders understand that they would not be permitted to enter the church in the face of the rector's refusal to receive them. Again the crowd turned around and was led north on Henry Street to Grand Street. The leaders refused to tell where they were going or let the police know about their plans.

At 388 Grand Street the Friedman girl, who again was in the lead, entered the restaurant of S. Gruber, and fifty men were permitted to follow her after she said she had made arrangements for them to be fed. The proprietor was absent and the clerk became alarmed when he saw the invasion.

"Where is the money for these dinners?" he asked Miss Friedman.

"I haven't any," she replied.

"Then I won't serve them unless I get the pay first," he said.

Miss Friedman then offered her gold watch as security, but the clerk refused it, saying, "I want cash or there's nothing doing."

The clerk then called a waiter to his side and whispered to him. The waiter ran out of the restaurant, and in a short time returned with several policemen and detectives from the Delancey Street Station. The police ordered the men to leave the restaurant. With much grumbling, the men obeyed. Most of them returned to Rutgers Square, but twelve of them were fed at a restaurant at Norfolk and Grand Streets.

Ministers Again Give Aid.

By this time Hamilton had received money from two ministers and the International Workingmen's Defense League. He received $25 from the Rev. Dr. John H. Holmes, pastor of the Unitarian Church of the Messiah, Thirty-fourth Street and Park Avenue, and the same amount from the Rev. Dr. Edward Judson, pastor of the Baptist Memorial Church in Washington Square South. This money was expended in buying meals for the men in restaurants about Rutgers Square. Lodgings were engaged for them along the Bowery.

District Attorney Whitman yesterday received the minutes of the preliminary examination of Frank Tannenbaum held by Magistrate Freschi in the Jefferson Market Court on a charge of inciting to riot. It was announced that the case would be ready for presentation to the Grand Jury to-day.

Magistrate Campbell continued the hearings yesterday in the cases of the men arrested with Tannenbaum. In accordance with the agreement made by Assistant District Attorney Dickinson with some of the prisoners whom he visited on Sunday, all those who pleaded guilty to the charge of disorderly conduct were released under a suspended sentence. In all 114 cases were disposed of during the day. Of these 101 pleaded guilty and were permitted to go under suspended sentence; twelve pleaded not guilty and were convicted and remanded for sentence to-day, while one pleaded not guilty and was discharged.

Commissioner of Correction Katharine B. Davis was on hand yesterday to see that the prisoners were fed properly. Sandwiches and coffee were brought from the Tombs.

If the plans of the I. W. W. leaders are carried out there will be a mass meeting held at 1 o'clock this afternoon in Union Square, at which Big Bill Haywood will speak. Mayor Mitchel will be asked to speak at a meeting next Saturday in City Hall Park.

STRIKE RIOTS IN ROME.

City in Partial Darkness at Night—Tourists Hissed and Threatened.

ROME, March 9.—Disorders incident to the general strike which was proclaimed yesterday prevailed throughout the day in many sections of the city. The city was in partial darkness as a result of a majority of the electrical workers having struck, and there were clashes between the strikers and the police. No fatalities were reported.

The workers threatened to continue the strike to-morrow, declaring themselves dissatisfied with [illegible].

A meeting of 100,000 workmen was held on the Piazza del Popolo this morning. Several [illegible] and the meeting passed a resolution demanding that the public hospitals be reorganized for the benefit of the working classes.

The proximate reason of the general strike was [illegible] in the hospitals. The leaders, however, believe the movement is [illegible] of the leaders of the workmen to [illegible].

Much inconvenience was caused to numerous tourists. Several parties [illegible] to proceed to the Vatican for audiences with the Pope, and they were hissed and threatened.

Find All Quiet at Tampico.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, March 9.—The American, German, and British warships which went to Tampico [illegible] all quiet, the rebels not having [illegible] their threatened attack. The United States transport Prairie arrived to-day, bringing a large number of marines.

CONTINUED SALE OF

Derby Desks

Never has high-grade office furniture been sold at such low prices. Fine assortment of Roll Top, Flat Top and Typewriter Desks, Office Chairs, Tables and Card Cabinets at prices which will compel purchase. Compare values we offer with prices you have been paying. Terms of sale cash. No goods can be held for future delivery.

The Globe-Wernicke Co.

Goods Shown Only at Our Down Town Branch

30 Church St., Hudson Terminal Building.

ST. LUKE'S, BROOKLYN DESTROYED BY FIRE

Blaze, Starting in Parish House, Spreads Quickly to Interior of Fashionable Church.

BREAK IN RICH WINDOWS

Firemen Work in Vain to Save Organ—Slate Roof Falls In, Ending Their Efforts There.

Fire which was discovered at 8:15 o'clock last night on the top floor of the four-story parish house of St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal Church facing on Clinton Avenue at Fulton Street, Brooklyn, almost totally destroyed the $150,000 St. Luke's Church and partly destropped the parish house and rectory. It is one of the riches churches in Brooklyn and numbers many well-known families among its parishoners.

The alarm was given by telephone girls in a building of the New York Telephone Company opposite the church on Clinton Avenue. A few seconds later, Mrs. Henry Swentzel, wife of the pastor of the church, who was in the rectory, saw the flames coming from the roof of the parish house, which stands between the rectory and the church. She telephoned Police Headquarters and found that the alarm had been given.

At almost the same time the fire in the upper part of the parish house was discovered by thirty members of the Boys' Brigade, who were drilling in uniform in the basement of the parish house. They ran upstairs into the rectory to warn Mrs. Swentzel. Others who had come to her assistance took her five-year-old daughter, Beatrice, to the house of a neighbor, and the uniformed boys got to work carrying out tapestries, pictures, and curtains from the threatened house.

The wind, however, was from the north, and it speedily drove the flames toward the church. The parish house is built against the church, a brownstone and brick stucture which was erected in 1886 after an earlier church on the same site had been destroyed by fire.

Before the Fire Department arrived the blaze in the upper stories of the parish house had made its way along the pine rafters which run from the parish house into the church, and through the doorways which communicate between the two buildings. Once inside the church the blaze had plenty of fuel in the handsomely carved oak and pine woodwork on the walls and the large galleries of the church.

When Deputy Chief Lally arrived flames could be seen inside through the stained glass windows of the church and smoke was pouring out of the slate roof. A second and third alarm were turned in and the reserves from the Classon Avenue Station called out to surround the block.

In order to get streams of water into the church some of the costly windows on the sides had to be smashed. The great concave interior of the stone church had by this time became a huge fireplace, in which the wooden pews, the galleries, furnishings, and rafters were burning like loose straw. Chief Lally ordered that efforts should be concentrated on saving the organ, a $40,000 instrument, which was presented to the church by Col. Henry Martin of the Seventy-first Regiment.

The fire was the fiercest in the centre of the church, and firemen were able to direct hoses from the entrances and windows, but with several streams of water playing about the great organ, it was impossible to save it. While the attempt was being made the pine rafters which supported the slate roof were burning, and suddenly the roof gave way. Tons of slate crashed into the interior of the church, and the blaze leaped up 100 feet, and efforts to stop the flames inside were at an end.

In the meantime the flames had spread from the parish house to the upper stories of the rectory. Several streams were trained on the four-story rectory and the fire there was put out before it could descend below the third floor.

The parish house and church extend all the way from Clinton Avenue to Vanderbilt Avenue. The part of the parish house facing on Vanderbilt Avenue has been used as a school. The firemen found that the blaze in the parish house, which had been checked on the Clinton Avenue side, was sweeping through to the school.

After it was seen that there was no hope of saving the church the army of fire fighters began to make more vigorous efforts to save part of the parish house. Rivers of water were poured into the two lower stories of the parish house and at both ends of the building. When the blaze had exhausted most of its fuel in the upper stories in the centre of the building it began to give way before the efforts of the firemen.

At midnight last night, nearly four hours after the fire had been discovered, the firemen were still fighting the blaze in the parish house. They had succeeded in preventing that building from being wrecked as completely as the church, but the deluge of water caused it to be considered almost a total loss.

SAY NUNS "ABDUCT" GIRLS

American Convents Accused of Enticing Them from Germany.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, March 9.—The newspapers print a bitter protest from Bavaria concerning the "systematic abduction" of girls by convents in the United States.

A dispatch from Sigmaringen, the capital of the little principality presided over by King Manuel's father-in-law, Prince William of Hohenzollern, says that two girls, aged 9 and 15 respectively, have just been taken to a convent in Milwaukee by a nun. The girls received their passage money and joined a "caravan" of twenty-eight other German girls also bound for Milwaukee. They were recruited from various points in Wurtemberg and Baden.

The local residents hope the German authorities will find forcible ways and means of preventing the continuance of such "organized export of children."

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 9.—The authorities of St. Joseph's Convent here characterize as absurd the charge that young German girls are being abducted for the Milwaukee convent.

"Such a charge is ridiculous," said one of the convent authorities to-night. "The fact is there are some young women from Germany who wish to come to America to enter the convent here, just as some American girls when they decide to become candidates for the order go to Germany to enter upon their novitiate. There are occasionally such transfers. Since last Summer four young German girls have come to Milwaukee from Germany, and one of these decided not to continue. Her fare was paid back to her native German town, and she was sent back in care of two older persons. These are all the Germans who have come here recently.

"Everything is absolutely legal, and there is no reason why a German girl who wishes to come to Milwaukee to enter the sisterhood is not free to become an emigrant as a girl who wishes to come to the new world to earn a living. There is absolutely no ground for criticism."

CALL OUSTS DEPUTY BATTEN

Progressives Seek to Quiet Rumors of Deal with Democrats.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 9.—Bowing to pressure brought to bear by some of the Progressive leaders, State Treasurer Homer D. Call, elected by the joint Democratic and Progressive votes of the Legislature, following the suicide of John Kennedy, the Democratic incumbent, to-day accepted the resignation of George W. Batten, his deputy, and appointed Ernest Cawcroft of Jamestown to the vacancy. Mr. Cawcroft wa sthe Progressive candidate for State Treasurer in 1912.

The decree that Mr. Batten must go went forth after a conference of the Progressive leaders at Syracuse last night, at which Mr. Call was present. At this conference Mr. Call was told that it was essential that Batten be ousted to set at rest the rumors of a deal between the Bull Moose and the Tammany Tiger for the election of Mr. Call with the aid of Democratic votes on condition that Batten and the rest of the organization Democrats holding jobs in the State Treasurer's office be retained.

The deal was emphatically denied by all the Progressive leaders at the time. To-night, however, Democratic members of the Legislature are accusing Call of breaking pledges.

It is believed here that the forced resignation of Mr. Batten will put an end to the Democratic-Progressive entente cordiale, an dthat as a result the Republicans in the Assembly will have no difficulty in passing the bill for the ousting of Fire Marshal Ahearn, a Tammany man.

Mr. Batten, who come from Niagara County, is the oldest member of the Democratic State Committee in years of service. Mr. Cawcroft is a young man and a former magazine writer who long has been an enthusiastic admirer of Col. Roosevelt.

RULES AGAINST SULZER.

Court Denies His Plea for Salary as Governor—Going to Highest Court.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 9.—Justice Chester of the Supreme Court to-day denied the application of William Sulzer for a peremptory or alternative writ of mandamus to compel State Controller Sohmer to pay him the salary of Governor from the time when he was removed from that office by the High Court of Impeachment. Mr. Sulzer is an Assemblyman now, but he has never drawn any salary as a member of the Assembly, presumably because his lawyers have told him that this would prejudice his case.

Col. Alexander S. Bacon of Brooklyn, Mr. Sulzer's counsel in this proceeding to have his removal from office tested, immediately took an appeal to the Appellate Division of the Third Department, which is sitting here. It is believed that this tribunal will decide against Mr. Sulzer some time this week, so that his case may come before the Court of Appeals with as little delay as possible, and be carried thence to the United States Supreme Court. At the best it is not believed the case can be heard there until the term of Gov. Glynn has expired.

Mr. Sulzer asserts that he was illegally removed as Governor, the Assembly not having the right to order his impeachment. This question was passed on adversely to Mr. Sulzer by the High Court of Impeachment, of which all the Judges of the Court of Appeals were members.

Attorney General Carmody appeared in opposition to Mr. Sulzer's petition. He submitted the full record of the impeachment proceedings, and urged that Mr. Sulzer's removal was legal in every respect. Moreover, he pointed out, Mr. Sulzer's claim was inconsistent with his vacating the Executive Mansion, ceasing to exercise the functions of Governor, and accepting a nomination for the Assembly, all actions indicating that he accepted the decision of the High Court of Impeachment.

RICKETTS GAVE UP PROPERTY

Turned Personal Assets Valued at $24,000 to Art Firm's Receiver.

CHICAGO, March 9.—Personal assets valued at $24,000 were turned over to the receiver for the art firm of Moulton & Ricketts to-day. The property which was offered by Mr. Ricketts included paintings from his home, his diamond ring, his personal bank account, and some shares of mining stock.

Joseph Levy, the art dealer, who has been mentioned in connection with the failure of Roy Ricketts, the art dealer of 537 Fifth Avenue and Chicago, denied at the opening yesterday of the investigation into Ricketts's affairs before Commissioner Gilchrist, that there had been anything irregular in his removal of paintings from the Ricketts store. They had been taken, he said, in the ordinary course of business.

Mr. Levy, who was represented by Walter J. Irwin, was examined by Stephen Brooks Rosenthal, attorney for Moss M. Moses, the creditor who applied in this district for the appointment of an ancillary receiver for Ricketts. He said that in 1913 he had bought paintings, etchings, and other art works for his customers from Ricketts for $60,000.

Asked specifically about nineteen paintings which he had bought from Ricketts on Feb. 13, he said that some days before he had asked Ricketts to take up a note for $16,000 which he held. Mr. Ricketts had replied that he was in need of cash himself, and had asked Levy to purchase pictures to the value of the note and for something more.

"Negotiations went on for a couple of days," testified Mr. Levy, "and I finally proposed to take these nineteen paintings, closing my account and paying the balance in cash, which amounted to about $10,000."

Mr. Levy said he had been dealing with Ricketts for some years, and had an office near to that of Moulton & Ricketts in Chicago, and was in the habit of calling on Ricketts there.

"When were your suspicions concerning his business aroused?" asked Mr. Rosenthal.

"I never had suspicions concerning his business," replied Mr. Levy, "but I was doubtful concerning his health."

Mr. Rosenthal asked Mr. Levy about a telegram he had received from Chicago saying that paintings had been consigned to the witness in February from the Chicago store of Ricketts, but this Mr. Levy denied.

In the Federal District Court Mr. Ricketts testified that he sold a quarter of a million dollars worth of paintings recently to Ira M. Cobe of Chicago. The pictures, it was said, were taken to Mr. Cobe's Summer home at Northport, Me.

Ricketts objected to telling whether he had borrowed or attempted to borrow $300,000 from Cobe.

"It is important that we know what has become of these assets," asserted counsel for an international firm of picture dealers.

Ricketts then said that he believed Cobe paid cash for the paintings.

ESTELLE HARRISON FOUND.

Brooklyn Girl Arrested in Norfolk Ran Away to be an Actress.

Special to The New York Times.

NORFOLK, Va., March 9.—On the request of Inspector Faure, of New York City, Miss Estelle Harrison daughter of a Brooklyn billiard parlor proprietor, was taken into custody this morning by the local police department and held pending the arrival of Mr. Harrison and a detective. William Giroud, seventeen years old, an actor, was held on the charge of kidnapping her.

Estelle, who disappeared from her Brooklyn home about ten days ago, was traced to the home of a Mrs. Rhea the mother of Giroud by a former marriage. Estelle and Giroud promptly agreed to accompany the officers to Police Headquarters, where the girl was placed in the care of a matron and Giroud was released on bail for his appearance in the police court to-morrow morning.

Giroud denies the charge of kidnapping the girl or unduly influencing her to leave her home. Estelle also declares that he did not kidnap her. She left home of her own accord, she says, her sole object being to begin a theatrical career, to which her father was opposed.

"I knew the Rheas and asked them to take me under their charge," she said. "They are successful theatrical people and I felt confident they could give me a chance to become an actress."

BASE FRANK'S HOPE ON MURDER NOTES

Lawyers Almost Certain That Scraps of Paper Will Win a New Trial for the Prisoner.

HOLD SECRET AFFIDAVITS

Girls Who Testified Against Him at the Trial Said to Have Repudiated Many Damaging Statements.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 9.—"We firmly believe that Leo M. Frank will get a new trial," said one of his attorneys to-day. "We will incorporate such a mass of new evidence in our extraordinary motion that it is almost certain to be granted."

The attorneys for the prisoner were busy to-day preparing the motion which they said would be filed within a few days. Meanwhile, William J. Burns, the detective recently employed in the case, will make a thorough search for still more new evidence. Burns is expected to arrive in the city in the next twenty-four hours. His agents are already at work, and developments are expected to follow his arrival.

When an extraordinary motion is filed the Judge of the Superior Court may not only refuse to grant it but in his discretion may refuse to certify to a bill of exceptions, thus halting an appeal to the Supreme Court.

In the event that a Superior Court Judge, after refusing an extraordinary motion, did refuse to certify to the bill of exceptions, the defendant could bring a writ of mandamus before the Supreme Court to require him to certify to the bill.

Rely on Murder Notes.

The new evidence tending to show that the murder notes were written in the basement of the pencil factory instead of in Frank's office, as the negro, Conley, testified, will form a principal part of the extraordinary motion. The defense will undertake to show that the pad on which Conley wrote the murder notes could not have been taken by Frank from his desk, as Conley said, because it was an old pad, used not later than 1909, while H. F. Becker was master mechanic at the pencil factory. This pad contained merely the carbon duplicates of old requisitions and would not have been in Frank's office, but down in the basement with other waste paper.

The defense contends that the old carbon copies of Becker's order blanks had been carried to the basement to be destroyed. The defense will attempt to show in the plea for a new trial, and in the trial itself, that it was in the basement, near the body of his victim, that Jim Conley hurriedly procured the old order blanks, and, after a slovenly attempt to erase the carbon traces, inscribed the straggling characters that placed the blame on some "long, tall, black negro."

Frank's attorneys said to-day that this order blank evidence, in their opinion, was sufficient to upset the entire case against Frank and fasten the murder of Mary Phagan on Jim Conley.

For the rest of the new evidence, there are the affidavits of Albert McKnight, Nina Formby, and George Eppes, and the statement of Mrs. Ethel Harris Miller that she saw Frank at Whitehall and Alabama Streets at the time he was supposed by the State to have been helping Conley to dispose of Mary Phagan's body.

Have Other Affidavits.

Then there is an affidavit by Helen Ferguson, a friend of Mary Phagan, who says she was frightened by Jim Conley's insulting advances toward her a week before Mary Phagan was killed.

Another point will be the statement of Dr. H. F. Harris that the hair found on the lathe was not that of Mary Phagan. In addition Frank's attorneys have several important affidavits not yet made public. Among these are said to be several from girls who testified at the trial that Frank's reputation was bad as regards women. These girls, it is said, will repudiate much of the damaging testimony.

Following the return of Attorney Luther Z. Rosser from New York there has been much interest manifested in the connection of A. S. Osborne, the handwriting expert, with the case. Solicitor General Dorsey said that when he submitted the murder notes with handwriting samples to the expert, Mr. Osborne almost immediately asserted that both notes had been written by Jim Conley. It had been rumored that the opinion of the expert was that the notes were written in Frank's hand. This is not correct, the Solicitor says.

While Mr. Dorsey refused to discuss Mr. Osborne's connection with the case in detail, the obvious explanation of his failure to appear as a witness was that he simply gave his opinion that Conley wrote the notes. This was unnecessary, since the negro admitted the fact, and it never was disputed at the trial.

Frank Greatly Cheered.

Frank, in his cell to-day, appeared to be content with the drift his case was taking. He viewed with particular cheer the discoveries concerning the death notes.

Frank is preparing a statement commenting upon the recent expression of ex-President Taft in Boston, in which he said that public clamor often convicted innocent men. The prisoner will call attention to the demonstration in his own trial as one reason why he did not get justice.

Meanwhile Solicitor General Dorsey is preparing to oppose the extraordinary motion. The Solicitor, working in co-operation with city detectives, is getting up evidence to attack the repudiations of trial testimony made public recently.

It was reported on apparently good authority that sensational charges would be the outgrowth of the work of the Solicitor General and the detectives.

CITES GAYNOR ON TOM CATS

McAneny Quotes Late Mayor to Man Who Complains of Feline Yowls.

Lewis Brown of 457 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, which is directly opposite the home of Controller Prendergast, wrote the other day to George McAneny, President of the Board of Aldermen, complaining about the noises made at night by tomcats in his vicinity. He suggested that the city should license tomcats at $10 a head. Mr. McAneny replied yesterday that he did not think it advisable to reverse the attitude of the Gaynor administration concerning tomcats, and he inclosed a copy of the letter which Mayor Gaynor once wrote in reply to a similar complaint, and which said in part:

"I regret to say that I have so many official duties pressing upon me that I cannot just now devote any time to the tomcats, as you request by your letter. There are a few in my neighborhood, but I go to sleep and let them howl. It amuses them and doesn't hurt me. But some say that it is the pussy cats that howl, and not the tomcats. How is that? We must not kill Tommy for the sins of Pussy. And, also, let us remember that 'the female of the species is more deadly than the male.'"

Tau Beta Pi, Fraternity Elections.

Elections to Tau Beta Pi, the honorary engineering society, were announced at Columbia yesterday. Thirteen new members were elected from the junior and senior classes of the scientific schools. They are Donald George Campbell, Henry Eastman Morse, George Leslie Oldright, Harold Felton Allen, Arthur Blamford, William Frederick Glimm, Jr., Donald Greenleaf, Walter Kraus, Emil Mueser, William Eglington Reid, James Clarence Webster, Wallace White, and Frederick Sylvester Wright.

TEST BIG MOTOR FOR OCEAN FLIGHT

200 Horse Power Engine Runs Perfectly for Five Hours, Though at Moderate Speed.

TO BUILD AIR CRAFT HERE

Those in Charge of the Construction of Wanamaker Aeroplane Do Not Expect Trouble Over Patents.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMMONDSPORT, N. Y., March 9.—There was said to be little doubt to-day that the Rodman Wanamaker transatlantic flier would be built in America. It was asserted that no one could stop its construction until he proved that its system of lateral balance infringed an adjudicated patent. So far as its possible complications in England or Ireland are concerned, no attempt has been made there, those in charge of the work upon the aeroplane said, to prove that systems not described by the Wright patents are covered by it.

The big 200 horsepower motor for the Wanamaker aeroplane was run at moderate speed for five hours on Saturday and is said to have behaved perfectly. As the motor had had but little limbering under shop power it has been thought advisable to keep the speed below 1,100 revolutions a minute for the first few days, but even at that speed the nine and one-half foot experimental propeller shows a static thrust of more than 800 pounds.

It is of the Curtiss Vee type, eight cylinders with a bore and stroke of five by seven inches. Cylinders are individual, with welded water jackets of non-corrosive Monel metal. Each cylinder has four Tungsten steel valves 2¼ inches in diameter with 7-16 lift. All 32 valves are operated from a single camshaft. The cylinders are held down to crankcase by tubular studs from the heads with extension through-bolts through main bearing caps. All outside bearings are self-lubricating of the graphite inlay type.

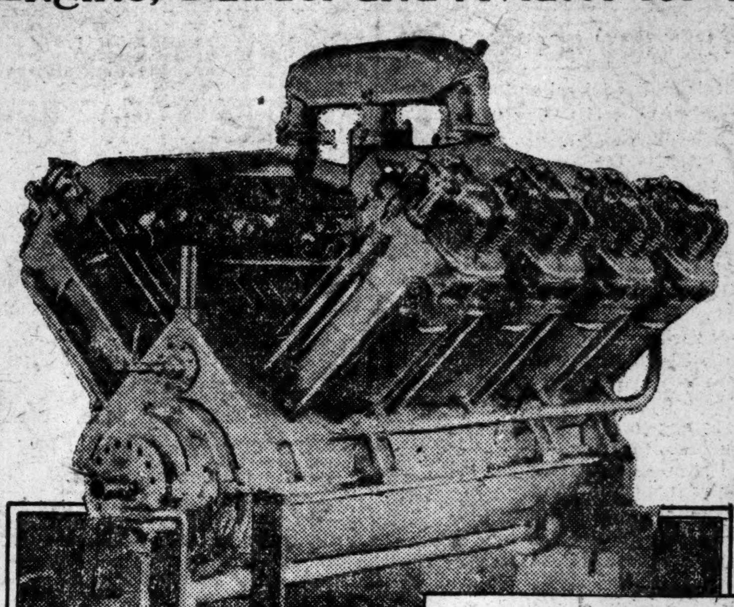
The crank case is composed of two aluminium castings, thoroughly bridged. The crank shaft is four feet long, two and one-fourth inches in diameter, and is drilled with an oil duct one and one-sixteenth inches in diameter. It is made of imported Krupp steel. Connecting rods are I type forgings with large bearings and oil ducts to piston pins.

Water circulation is by a large centrifugal pump with double outlets and a capacity of forty gallons a minute. Cylinder heads and valve seats are water cooled, and exhaust valve stems are water-cooled for almost their entire length.

Three rotary gear pumps take care of the lubricating system. One large pump drives the oil under high pressure to every bearing through the main shaft, cam shaft and connecting rods, while two smaller pumps keep the lower half of the case drained. No splash system is employed, the idea being to eliminate the waste of oil and danger of flooding cylinders should the machine assume an unusual angle. Gasoline intake manifolds e two and one-half inches in diameter and a two and one-half inch Schebler carburetor is used. Intake manifolds are water jacketed. Ignition at present is by a two-spark Bosch magneto, but this may be replaced later by two single spark Posch instruments of the half speed induction type.

Those engineers who have seen the new motor have spoken with warm praise of its compactness. This was one of the principal difficulties those who designed the powerful engine had to meet. It was absolutely essential that the motor should conform to certain measurements in order to fit into the limited space available on the aeroplane. The designers of the engine have succeeded in conforming to these limitations.

Engine, Builder and Aviator for Transatlantic Flight



The Curtiss Engine, with Which the Transatlantic Flier Will Be Equipped.

Glenn H. Curtiss and Lieut. Porte.

WANT DATA ON AIR CURRENTS.

But Lieut. Porte Says Ocean Flight May Be Made at 5,000 Feet.

Lieut. John Cyril Porte, a retired British naval officer who came to this country a month ago to look over the aeroplane which is being constructed for the Rodman Wanamaker transatlantic expedition, will sail to-day for Liverpool. Lieut. Porte will spend a month in England settling up his business affairs, and will then return to America to prepare for his duties as one of the two pilots provided for in the plans of the Wanamaker expedition.

Lieut. Porte said last night that he regretted that the United States Weather Bureau did not have on hand more information about the air currents at high altitudes.

"The hardest problem ahead of us," he said, "is to tell at just what height we should fly in order to get the most advantage of the steady air currents above the earth. If tests had been made by captive balloons on a fairly extensive scale, we would know for a certainty what we must now guess at. Such work on the part of the Weather Bureau will soon be a regular part of its duty. We know from wind charts prepared at Blue Hills that the winds at a 10,000-foot elevation are often four and five times as great as they are on the surface. But we are planning to fly only half that high. I suspect the trip to Europe will be made at an elevation of 5,000 feet or thereabouts. That is unless we get more definite data than we now have before we start."

Glenn H. Curtiss accompanied Lieut. Porte to this city from Hammondsport.

DYNAMITERS LOSE IN SUPREME COURT

Highest Tribunal Declines to Review Convictions of Ryan and Other Union Leaders.

MUST GO TO PENITENTIARY

Only Pardon Can Save Twenty-four Men Who Figured in the McNamara Conspiracies.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The United States Supreme Court to-day refused to review the convictions of Frank M. Ryan and twenty-three other members of the Iron Workers' Union in the dynamiting cases. Only a pardon can now keep the convicted men out of the penitentiary.

The news of the court's action found the attorneys for the dynamiters unprepared to take further steps. Attorney E. N. Zoline said he had not seen any of the men recently, and had made no plans for an appeal for pardons.

As the men were convicted in the Federal Court for the District of Indiana, officers from that district will have charge of their transportation to the prison at Leavenworth.

The conviction of Ryan and his associates in the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers followed the dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times building and other structures throughout the country. The Government sought to show that approximately 100 different explosions had occurred as a result of the dynamite conspiracy. The sensational confessions of the McNamaras attracted great attention to the cases.

Those who have sought to have the Supreme Court interfere with their convictions and lost to-day were: Frank M. Ryan, John H. Barry, Eugene A. Clancey, Michael J. Young, Frank C. Webb, Philip A. Cooley, John T. Butler, J. E. Munsey, Peter J. Smith, Charles H. Beum, Henry W. Legleitner, Edward Smythe, George Anderson, Ernest W. Basey, W. Bert Brown, Paul J. Morrin, William E. Reddin, Michael J. Cunnane, Michael J. Hannan, Murray L. Pennell, Frank J. Higgins, Frank E. Painter, William Shupe, and Fred Mooney.

The Government did not indict the labor leaders on charges of blowing up the buildings, but for conspiracy to carry explosives on interstate trains on which passengers were riding.

The prosecution of Ryan and his associates resulted from the arrest of Ortie McManigal in connection with the blowing up of the Los Angeles Times building. The chief ground upon which the Supreme Court was asked to review the case was that McManigal, being a co-defendant, should not have been permitted to testify against the others.

Ryan was sentenced to seven years; Clancey, Young, Webb, Cooley, Butler, and Munsey to six; Barry and Smith to four; Beum, Legleitner, Smythe, Anderson, Basey, Brown, Morrin, Reddin, Cunnane, Hannan, and Pennell, three; Higgins and Painter, two; Shupe and Mooney, one year and one day.

SURPRISE TO LABOR MEN.

Gloom at Indianapolis Headquarters of the Ironworkers.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 9.—The refusal of the United States Supreme Court to review the convictions of Frank M. Ryan, President of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, and twenty-three others caused a decided sensation among members of organized labor here this afternoon. For two hours the bulletin boards were surrounded by excited men, who went over the trial of the dynamiters in many of its details. Business men, on the other hand, expressed pleasure at the result, and applauded the court for refusing to consider the cases further.

When ex-District Attorney Miller appeared on the street he was congratulated upon the effectiveness of his prosecution of the dynamite conspirators.

At the headquarters of the organization there was something like consternation, because the union men had confidently expected that the court would review the cases. Harry Jones, Secretary of the union, Ernest Bassett, and Henry Legleitner held a conference after the news reached the city, but none of them would talk except to say that the action of the court was an outrage. Bassett's voice trembled and he could barely keep from sobbing.

Charles W. Miller, who prosecuted the cases, said that the bonds under which the men were released provided that they should return to Leavenworth prison and give themselves up in the event their appeals were not sustained.

"I never had any doubt as to what the Supreme Court would do in the matter," he said. "I was confident the court would refuse the writ, and I am much pleased with the decision."

Labor men said to-night that the imprisonment of President Frank Ryan, for a term of six years, would necessitate the election of a new President of the organization at once and that he would never be able to get back into a place of authority in the organization.

"The decision kills Ryan as a labor leader," said one of them.

URGES PRIMARY CHANGES.

Gov. Glynn Wants Legislature to Enact Democratic Club Amendments.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 9.—Gov. Glynn sent a special message to the Legislature to-night urging early and favorable action on a series of amendments to the direct primary law introduced at the request of the Democratic Club. The amendments have been held without action in the Judiciary Committees of both houses for weeks.

Gov. Glynn recommends that the election district be made the primary district and that primary elections be supervised by bi-partisan, instead of partisan, Boards of Inspectors; that the primaries be held on the first day of registration, with the hours lengthened materially; that the signature law now applying in general elections be extended to primaries as a safeguard against frauds, and that sample ballots be furnished to voters by mail not later than the day prior to primary day and Election Day.

The Governor also urged the speedy passage of the bills providing that statements of campaign expenses must be made under oath, and prohibiting contractors on State work or persons furnishing supplies to the State from contributing at all.

In the Senate the message was referred to the Judiciary Committee without comment. It is known that the Tammany Senators strongly oppose the amendment extending the application of the signature law to primaries, and also the supervision of primaries by bi-partisan boards.

In the Assembly Mr. Sulzer had a few words to say when Gov. Glynn's message had been read.

"All is not gold that glitters," said the deposed Governor. "I myself have introduced a bill comprising some of the propositions recommended in this message. There will be a hearing on that bill on Thursday. I hope all Assemblymen will be there and hear what I have to say and what the people of this State think on this subject. It's never too late to mend."

WOES OF THE MAGAZINES.

Editors in Convention Ask "What's the Matter with Them?"

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 9.—Editors of leading American magazines, participating to-night in a discussion of "What's the Matter with the Magazines?" at the Contemporary Club, heaped criticisms upon some current publications. Robert Underwood Johnson, ex-editor of The Century, said that they reflected the neurasthenia of our national life. Furthermore he said:

"They are impatiently pulling up every growing thing to see if it is alive. They try to take the Kingdom of Heaven by rush-line violence. If Emerson lived he would show them that all truth does not consist of an exposure of facts, but that their duty is to contribute to progress with a fine ideality. The new type of magazines disdain all good manners. They should keep prize fighters, cubists, and discredited brokers out of their prints."

E. S. Martin, editor of Life, said: "If there are too many magazines, it is up to them, and surely they have their hands full competing with the movies and heavy contributions of our ex-Presidents. This is a lunch-counter age in reading, and we take what we can when we can, but cheap reading will not smother good literature."

WOULD AMEND POLICE BILLS

Republican Assemblymen Discuss Board of Review with Mayor.

Mayor Mitchel discussed yesterday his police bills with a delegation representing the Republican Assemblymen from New York and Kings Counties. The thirteen Assemblymen who asked for the conference wanted the Mayor to agree to an amendment concerning the powers of the proposed Board of Review. The board, they suggested, shall be made up of three members, one to be chosen by the Board of Estimate, to represent the Police Department; a member of the Civil Service Commission, and a citizen to be selected by the Mayor, and that the board have the power to affirm the decision of the Police Commissioner, to reinstate a dismissed policeman or to order a new trial within thirty or sixty days, but that the final decision on all these points should rest with the Mayor.

"So far as I am individually concerned I have no objection to such an amendment," said the Mayor, "but I do not know how it would meet the views of Col. Goethals. I expect to communicate with him shortly and find out."

The Kings County delegation was in charge of Jacob A. Livingston, the Republican leader there, and when the conference was over he said that all the Assemblymen were in favor of the Mayor's bills. Three of the Kings Assemblymen, Charles C. Lockwood, Fred M. Ahern, and Alvah W. Burlingame, however, said that no such agreement had been reached. According to Lockwood, the Mayor said that if the police bills were not passed the entire responsibility would rest with the Legislature, and that he, the Mayor, would wash his hands of all responsibility.

"The people will not stand for any such interpretation, because these are not organization matters," Lockwood said he told the Mayor, and he added:

"It was agreed that an amendment be drawn to the provision for the Board of Review. I am opposed to the Police bills in their present shape. I called the Mayor's attention to the fact that Mayor Gaynor accepted full responsibility for the police."

Mr. Lockwood said he had suggested to the Mayor that the Board of Review should consist of the Mayor, the Controller, and the President of the Board of Aldermen, its decisions to be final, and not subject to the Mayor's veto. The Mayor, he said, would not consider such a proposition, as he wanted to have the veto power.

The Mayor said he felt sure the bills would pass both the Assembly and the Senate.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 9.—Despite the pressure brought to bear by Mayor Mitchel the prospect to-night was distinctly against favorable action on the New York City Police bills.

Assemblyman Almeth W. Hoff, Chairman of the Assembly Cities Committee, who with a number of Republicans from New York and Brooklyn conferred with the Mayor on the bills, said to-night that he could not guarantee a favorable report even on the amended bills. Senator Thomas H. Cullen of Kings, Chairman of the Senate Cities Committee, said that he had not yet received the amendments to the bill or anything to change his opinion or to convince him that Col. Goethals would accept the Commissionership.

Far-Off Shock Recorded.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 9.—The seismograph at the observatory at St. Ignatius College here recorded an earthquake to-day which apparently was in Japan, India or China. The disturbance began at 12:45 A. M. and lasted until 2:30 A. M. There was a recurrence at 5 A. M., which continued until 6 A. M.

SAYS OTHER ROADS MANIPULATE BOOKS

Clifford Thorne Names P. R. R. in Opposing Rate Advance Before Commerce Board.

WANTS ITEMS EXPLAINED

Maintenance Costs Abnormally Enhanced to Show Increased Operation Outlay, He Charges.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Broad intimations that the Pennsylvania Railroad and some of the other Eastern carriers had manipulated their maintenance accounts to show impoverishment were made by Clifford Thorne, Chairman of the Iowa State Railroad Commission, before the Interstate Commerce Commission to-day. Mr. Thorne represents the Utility Commissions of Kansas, Nebraska, Missouri, North and South Dakota, and Oklahoma.

These Western commissions have studied the suggested increase of 5 per cent. in freight rates sought by the railroads east of the Mississippi, and are now making a combined assault on the proposal on the ground that if the commission grants it the same advance must be allowed to the roads west of the Mississippi.

Mr. Clifford Thorne charged that many railroads had technically manipulated their accounts to show increased cost of operation.

"The facility with which maintenance accounts can be manipulated is familiar to all accounting officers," he said. He then proceeded to analyze some of the accounts of the Eastern railroads. Here are some of the items in the Pennsylvania Railroad's accounts which Mr. Thorne said demanded an explanation:

"The average increase to maintain a locomotive was 110 per cent. greater in 1913 than in 1912."

"The local expenditures for way and structures in 1913 was $15,400 per mile. It was $12,700 per mile in 1912, and $10,800 in 1909."

Of other Eastern roads he said:

"The Philadelphia & Reading in its Atlantic City branch, for its entire cost of operation expended $5,000,000 in 1913.

"The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad's item for maintaining freight cars was 65 per cent. per car."

From 1890 to 1912 the Eastern railroads, Mr. Thorne asserted, showed these increases:

"In trackage, 53 per cent.; in capital stock, 92 per cent., and dividends, 359 per cent." The dividends in 1912 exceeded those of any prior year, he said.

"They were $12,000,000 greater in 1913 than in 1910, when the Eastern railroads began the agitation for the 5 per cent. increase," he continued. "And this statement alone should prove conclusively that there is no real need for an increase in the freight rates."

Mr. Thorne's argument was that the accounts of Eastern railroads dealing with maintenance and way were enhanced by all the carriers, beginning with 1910, out of all proportion to what would seem to be a normal business increase. He cited the accounts of many roads, and asked the commission whether they did not believe that the accounting was technically wrong, and had been made so to influence them in their decision on the proposed freight rates.

In reference to the Pennsylvania Railroad, he said:

"The Pennsylvania system increased its total allowance for renewals and depreciations of locomotives in the year 1913 over 1912 by $2,083,203, or 113 per cent. The average increase for every locomotive in this one year was 110 per cent. It increased its allowance for renewals and depreciation of freight cars 33 per cent. per car in 1913 over 1912. Their total maintenance allowance for ways and structures and equipment in 1912 was greater than ever before in their history, and their maintenance in 1913 was $22,000,000 greater than in 1912, a rather heavy increase for one year.

"These extraordinary increases in maintenance may be technically within the rules of the commission, which leave broad discretion with carriers, yet they are entirely contrary to the spirit and intention of the said rules. On many of these items it is optional with the carrier whether the charges shall be made to the additions and betterments accounts, or to maintenance account. Is it any abuse of this discretions to improve their properties out of operating expenses and then set up the plea of declining net revenues if the same charges could be made to additions and betterments out of income, thereby leaving an increasing net revenue?

"By a mere process of bookkeeping, these gentlemen could increase their net corporate income far more than any decision of this commission could effect, with a continuance of present accounting methods and practices. And this would be entirely in harmony with the letter and spirit of the accounting rules of the commission.

"Since 1910 there has been an increase in dividends of the Eastern railroads," concluded Mr. Thorne. "The securities sell as advantageously as in former years. The dividends and capitalization show steady increases."

Mr. Thorne will continue his testimony to-morrow.

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IT happens every day; people who wonder why they are so easily fagged out, discover that their *digestion* is at fault—and that Sanatogen is just the thing for such a condition.

For nervousness begets poor digestion and poor digestion begets nervousness—and *Sanatogen begets nervous strength and ease of digestion.*

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When you consider the grateful testimony of the many, many famous people who have been helped to *better* health by Sanatogen—and the fact that no less than 19,000 physicians have felt obliged, after watching the reinvigorating effects of Sanatogen, to endorse it in writing—do YOU not feel that Sanatogen is the very thing you need?

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Grand Prize, International Congress of Medicine, London, 1913

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TWO WAYS

There are two ways to erect a building—our way and the other way.

There are two ways to do most things, but usually only one of them is the right way.

We do not purpose to exploit our way at the expense of the other way, but there can be nothing amiss in stating that during the past few years the great architects and property owners of this country have preferred our way to any other.

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Building Construction

'PRINCE' UNAWARE OF HONOR

German Engineer, Lacking English, Was Introduced as Royal to Society.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 9.—It appears that the "Crown Prince of Wurtemberg" who obtained a free flight from Grahame-White last week, and who appeared to have imposed upon a number of society people present on that occasion was himself innocent of any deception.

The real joker was a former army Lieutenant who called himself "Lord Stanton Hope," and introduced the "Crown Prince" to his victims. The "Crown Prince" was a German engineer who did not know sufficient English to understand that he was being represented as a foreign royalty.

JAPAN TO CUT NAVAL COST.

Parliamentary Committee Reduces Estimates by $20,000,000.

TOKIO, Japan, March 9.—A recommendation to reduce the Japanese naval estimates by the sum of $20,000,000 was carried by the Budget Committee of the upper house of the Japanese Parliament to-day. This was done in spite of the protest of the Premier, who expressed the opinion that such a diminution would seriously hamper the national defenses.

To-day's proposed reduction was in addition to the curtailment of the naval estimates by $15,000,000, already passed by the lower house.

CAPT. BAXTER STRICKEN.

Anchor Line Commodore Suffers Apoplexy Stroke in Midocean.

When the Anchor liner Cameronia, from Glasgow, arrived yesterday morning she was without the services of her veteran commander, Capt. Walter Baxter, the Commodore of the Anchor Line and one of the best-known ship commanders in the translantic trade. Capt. Baxter suffered a stroke of apoplexy when the Cameronia was in midocean last Wednesday afternoon and was in his cabin in a serious condition when the liner was berthed yesterday morning. Dr. Alexander, the medical officer of the Cameronia, said that Capt. Baxter was somewhat improved, but that he was still unable to articulate clearly or move his body to any extent.

Capt. Baxter had just left the bridge and had retired to his cabin when he was stricken. When the Captain's steward entered the cabin a little later he found Capt. Baxter helpless in his chair. The commander was unable to utter a word or move a limb. The steward hurriedly summoned Dr. Alexander, who saw at once that apoplexy was the cause of the collapse. Capt. Baxter appeared to be completely paralyzed. Dr. Alexander remained in constant attendance upon the skipper the remainder of the voyage, and said yesterday that he would take him home in the Cameronia, which sails next Saturday.

Capt. Baxter is known as the "silent skipper" of the Atlantic trade. He has been in the service of the Anchor Line for nearly forty years, and has been in command of the flagship Cameronia since that ship was commissioned several years ago. He is a bachelor and makes his home with his sister in Glasgow.

Chief Officer Alexander Kesson took command of the Cameronia and brought her to port. He will also command her on the return voyage.

TYPHUS FEVER ON SAVOIE.

Steerage Passengers Held on Board and 130 Sent to Hoffman Island.

The steerage passengers on the French liner Savoie, which arrived on Sunday from Havre, were kept on board for some hours on account of the discovery of a case of typhus fever. The discovery was made after the steerage passengers had been landed at Ellis Island. Abache Fargia, an Armenian, was the passenger who was found to be ill of the disease. He was immediately transferred to the isolation hospital on Swinburne Island and the other passengers were sent back to the Savoie.

Acting Commissioner of Immigration Uhl did not think it would be proper to hold the passengers on Ellis Island for the period of observation and for that reason ordered their return to the liner. Yesterday 130 of the passengers were sent to Hoffman Island, where they will be held until the period of incubation has passed. The steerage quarters on the Savoie were thoroughly fumigated yesterday and it was said that the ship would sail on schedule to-morrow morning.

Roxburghes Meet King and Queen.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 9.—The Duke and Duchess of Roxburghe were among the guests invited to meet the King and Queen at a dinner given at the Austro-Hungarian Embassy to-night. The Duchess was Miss May Ogden Goelet of New York.

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A very Distinctive quality
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BY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE TO THE TIMES

GERMANY MAY SPEND $125,000,000 IN GUNS

Colossal "Modernization" of Artillery Talked of as Result of Russian War Scare.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY WORRIED

Feels War Is Preferable to Fear of It and Cost of Keeping 600,000 Troops, It Is Said.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, March 9.—If reports reaching Berlin to-night from Munich have any foundation, the Russian war scare inaugurated by the semi-official Cologne Gazette, and now in full cry through the entire German press, having invaded even the columns of the pacifist papers, already has borne fruit.

These reports say that another colossal German Army increase is under consideration. The sum of $125,000,000—half the amount now being spent—it is said, will be devoted to increasing and "modernizing" the artillery. The Bavarian War Minister is said to have forecast this new project in the Munich Diet in February.

Another contribution to the war scare is an article in the pacifist Tageblatt, which is credited to an "experienced diplomat" just returned from Austria. The article frankly advocates that Germany and Austria resort without unnecessary delay to a "preventive war" in order to call a halt to "incessant Russian arrogance" in various parts of Europe.

Such a war is more necessary from Austria's standpoint than from Germany's, the writer argues, because it has become questionable how much longer Austria-Hungary can stand the financial burden of maintaining an army of 600,000 men.

It is declared that genuine anxiety prevails in Vienna and Budapest in regard to the newest "extortion" which Russia is preparing to practice in April on the occasion of the next "trial mobilization." The feeling in the dual monarchy is that it were better to have an "end with terror" than to have "terror without end." The writer argues against the theory that Russia is invulnerable or that a successful German-Austrian war against her would be fruitless, and points to various malcontent nationalities and territories within and without Russia which would welcome a liberator.

The Lokal Anzeiger to-night publishes on its front page a communiqué deploring the "anti-German orgy" in the Russian press "which is designed to fill us with anxiety," and saying that Germany has kept fully abreast of the Russian military "programme."

RUSSO-GERMAN ENMITY.

Happenings That Have Embittered Relations of the Two Nations.

Ever since the close of the Russo-Japanese war the jingo press of Germany and the so-called war party have hinted at the possibility of war with Russia. The hostility to the Czar's Government was still further fomented in 1905 as the result of the Anglo-Russian entente, and Russia's diplomatic moves during the war in the Balkans were jealously watched by the German Foreign Office, the ministry being suspicious that Russia was attempting to gain an ascendancy of power in the Near East.

The action of the German High Court in the steamer Anhalt controversy, when it was decided that Russian funds in German banks could be seized as indemnity for war claims, added to the hostile sentiment at St. Petersburg, and the comments of the Russian newspapers were seized upon by the semi-official Cologne Gazette as a pretext for further inflaming public opinion against Russia.

In January, 1912, Germany, at the International Sugar Conference, succeeded in blocking Russia's plan to increase her sugar exports, and following this a report was circulated in diplomatic circles that a new secret Franco-Russian compact had been formed. The resentment of the Russian Government was again aroused last October, when the authorities of the University of Berlin adopted rules barring Russian students.

The action of the Russian Government in attempting to place a duty on wheat imported to Finland last December led to a protest on the part of the German Foreign Office. The German Ministry asserted that Russia was violating the commercial treaties existing between the two countries.

Communications were exchanged between the German and Russian Governments upon the question of duties placed upon wheat imported into Finland, which the German Chancellor maintained constituted a flagrant violation of the "favored nation" clause in the Russo-German commercial treaty of 1904. Finland is a Grand Duchy of Russia, and it was the contention of the German Government that the Finnish tariff should be applied with equal force to Russian imports into that territory. For Russia, Count Witte maintained that the Government at St. Petersburg had a perfect right to modify any tariff matters in Finland, just as in other parts of the empire—that it was internal legislation and as such had nothing to do with international agreements.

While this question was still engaging the attention of the Foreign Offices of both nations a protest was lodged by the triple entente, at the inspiration of Russia, against the action of the German Government in sending to Turkey a German military commission to organize a model corps in the Turkish Army.

The German Foreign Office resented the protest as officious interference on the part of Russia, and pointed to the fact that Germany had simply responded to a request on the part of the Ottoman Government that she lend her assistance to a friendly nation to reconstruct her shattered military forces. It was further pointed out by the German Ministry that Turkey could not afford to heed the protest of France, England, and Russia without confessing that it was not to be permitted to deal with such a purely internal question as the reorganization of its army. German rancor was further aroused by the fact that at the very time that the protest was lodged by the triple entente France had sent a commission of army officers to reorganize the Greek Army along modern lines.

To this the Russian press responded that the actuating motive of Germany was to gain a military dictatorship on the Bosporus by establishing a model army corps at Constantinople commanded by German officers.

All of these factors have been the source of much diplomatic friction in the relations of the two powers, and this friction has been intensified by the reports published from time to time in The Cologne Gazette and other semi-official German newspapers to the effect that Russia was straining every resource in secret preparation for war with the Kaiser's Government. The Imperial Foreign Office has at all times disavowed any responsibility for these published articles, and organs opposed to the present Ministry have attributed them to a manoeuvre on the part of the so-called War Party to justify still larger armament on land and sea.

DE KAY SUIT HEARINGS END.

American Sued by London Jewelers Tells About His Play "Judas."

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 9.—After hearings which have lasted for twenty-six days the case of Callow & Sons, the jewelers and dealers in antiques, against John W. De Kay, formerly President of the Mexican Packing Company of New York, London, and Paris, was concluded to-day and the official referee of the High Court reserved judgment.

The concern sued to recover about $15,000 balance on an account for goods supplied by Mr. De Kay's instructions to a total amount running into between $25,000 and $30,000. A part of this is represented by expenses incurred when Mr. De Kay entertained Sarah Bernhardt on the occasion of her appearance at the London Coliseum.

Mr. De Kay was on the witness stand for three whole days, and described the articles ordered from Callow & Sons. Referring to the cost of his entertainment of Sarah Bernhardt, he said he dabbled in literary pursuits. In 1910 he wrote a play entitled "Judas." It was submitted to Mme. Bernhardt, who accepted it. He did not know her at that time, but visited her during the rehearsals. He desired to make a gift to her, and wanted it to take the form of a gold manicure set, but the Callows, he said, were unable to make it in time, so he substituted a solid gold pen, which he presented to Mme. Bernhardt in America.

"Judas" was produced in New York in 1910, with Mme. Bernhardt in the leading rôle. Mr. De Kay told the court it ran for one night in New York, and was prohibited in Boston and Philadelphia, but he gave no reason for the prohibition. He denied a suggestion that he lost a great deal of money over "Judas," declaring that he didn't lose a penny.

Witness went on to explain how he ordered rare Chinese Myng pieces, manicure sets, gold nugget cigar and cigarette cases, ivory boxes, &c., for presentation to friends and for his personal use. For all of these, he said, exorbitant prices were charged. Some articles which cost $25 were billed at $300, he alleged.

He described how he took an interest in Oscar Callow and in New York introduced him to John W. Garland, President of the Garland Corporation of Pittsburgh; Henry Oliver Evans, an attorney of Pittsburgh, and Charles West of Philadelphia. The evidence of these witnesses was taken on commission in New York and read to the court. A huge number of witnesses were called on each side.

One of Mr. De Kay's principal witnesses was a Miss Elliott, described as his chief private secretary. She admitted that she was Mrs. Beaumont, living apart from her husband, and now was known by her maiden name of Miss Elliott. She looked after Mr. De Kay's literary work and superintended his London household, she explained.

THE IMPERATOR IN NEW TRIM

Her Stacks Cut Down and Other Changes Made.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Tuesday, March 10.—The London Times prints the following from its Berlin correspondent regarding changes in the Imperator. It should be noted, however, that English news regarding German transatlantic vessels has not been colored by overfriendliness

"The Imperator starts her second season on Wednesday when she leaves Cuxhaven for New York. I have good reason to believe that the alterations in the Imperator have been on a very large scale. It appears to be true that the boilers, about which there was much discussion, have not been altered. The whole trouble about the ship appears to have been that she was topheavy. Above the water line practically the whole interior has been reconstructed, and everything has been taken out and put back on new plans, with very much lighter work throughout. The three funnels have been shortened by three metres apiece. The crew's quarters have also been reconstructed, chiefly because of insufficient accommodation for the stokers."

"This story of the Imperator being top-heavy is only one of half a dozen such stories that have been put out to hurt the vessel," said M. B. Claussen of the Hamburg-American Line early this morning. "Changes have been made in the Imperator, but not because of top-heaviness. Her stacks were cut down ten feet. They were found to be too high, and the change was made to better the appearance of the ship and make her more uniform. Other changes were the making over of a part of the second cabin accommodations to give better accommodations for the engineers.

"Another change was in the steerage. Before they were made about three-fourths of the steerage passengers could be accommodated in rooms holding from two to six persons. Now there are rooms for all. Herr Ballin has denied this sort of stories. Their intent is evident to hurt the vessel.

"As the Imperator is only in a port about five days at a time in the busy season, the line, of course, laid her off for repairs in the off season. The fact that in her fourteen trips she carried 35,521 passengers is evidence of the success of the Imperator."

Mary Garden Sued for Costumes.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, March 9.—Mary Garden was defendant in a Paris court to-day, a costumier claiming $1,020 for dresses, cloaks, and furs. She was ordered to pay $676.

ULSTER CONCESSION COLDLY RECEIVED

Asquith Offers Six Years' Exclusion from Home Rule if Demanded by Electors.

NATIONALISTS WILL AGREE

Carson Rejects the Plan, While British Unionists Object to Any Time Limit Being Set.

LONDON, March 9.—The British Government's plan for the conciliation of the Unionists of Ulster in connection with the Irish Home Rule bill was laid before the House of Commons to-day and met with a cool reception from the Unionists.

The terms of Premier Asquith's offer were that a poll should be taken of the Parliamentary electors of each county of Ulster to decide before the bill became operative whether they should be excluded from the operation of the bill for a period of six years from the first meeting of the new Irish Parliament. This, it was pointed out, would result almost undoubtedly in the exclusion from Irish Home Rule of the counties of Antrim, Armagh, Londonderry and Down.

The announcement was made before an unusual gathering of Lords and members of the House of Commons and other distinguished persons, who listened to Premier Asquith's clear cut speech lasting an hour with the most intense interest.

He prefaced his speech with the declaration that the Government made these suggestions not because it was running away from the original bill, but merely to allow the bill to start with the greatest prospect of success.

While there was a possibility of acute dissatisfaction and civil strife in Ulster, said the Premier, yet if the bill should be shipwrecked or postponed the outlook was equally formidable. Supporters of the bill were as convinced today as ever they had been of the soundness of its principles and machinery. They regarded it as a sincere and considerate attempt to place the Irish Government on a solid foundation without injustice or hardship to any class.

Failure of Compromise Efforts.

He informed the House that the negotiations for a compromise last Autumn had failed to result even in an approach to an agreement, but had made all realize more than ever the difficulties of the situation. To meet Ulster's difficulties they had tried to devise Home Rule within Home Rule, but that proposition did not commend itself either to the Nationalists or the Unionists in Ireland. By such a scheme Ulster would have been exempted from the administrative and executive authority of the Dublin Government, while legislation to which Ulster objected could not come into force until it had been sanctioned by the British Parliament.

Another suggestion considered was the inclusion of the whole of Ireland in the bill for legislative and executive purposes, but giving to the Ulster counties the option of removing themselves for a time. Any sort of exclusion, said the Premier, would tend to keep the controversy alive and would involve serious administrative and financial difficulties. He believed, however, the Unionists themselves would find in some form of provisional exclusion a medium between the surrender of their principles and the application of force.

The Government's plan, the Premier said, was to allow the Ulster counties to determine whether they should be excluded, and he proposed that any county of Ulster should be allowed to take a poll of its Parliamentary electors for this purpose before the bill came into operation. A bare majority for exclusion would exclude the county for a term of six years from the date of the meeting of the first Irish Legislature. The excluded counties would continue their representation in the Imperial Parliament and the Irish Executive would have no control over them.

"I do not expect these proposals to be received with enthusiasm," he said, "but I do ask for them deliberate and dispassionate consideration. They offer to the men of Ulster free choice and the certainty that their political standing cannot be changed without the assent of the Imperial Parliament. I see no road to an agreed settlement in which the proposition of give and take is likely to be fairly adjusted."

The Premier pointed out that the Government had chosen the period of six years because it would give ample time to test the working of the Irish Parliament and also an opportunity to the electors of the United Kingdom, guided by that experience, to pronounce whether the exclusion of the counties of Ulster should come to an end.

Assuming that the present Imperial Parliament should be dissolved before the end of 1915, and the Irish Parliament assemble in July, 1915, the next Imperial Parliament could not last beyond November, 1920. Therefore, said the Premier, there must be two general elections before inclusion could occur. The counties would come in at the expiration of the sixth year unless the Imperial Parliament decided otherwise. In the meantime, education and local government in the excluded counties would be dealt with locally by the creation of some local board.

In conclusion the Premier announced that other details involved in the plan would be contained in a State paper to be issued later.

Objections of the Opposition.

Andrew Bonar Law, leader of the Opposition, immediately rose and objected to the six-year limit. If it represented the last word, to be taken or left, he said, the situation was very grave. If the Government insisted on the excluded portions of Ulster coming under the provisions of the Irish Home Rule bill after six years, even though their hostility to it was greater than ever, he did not see how the proposals possibly could be accepted. He urged the dissolution of the Imperial Parliament and the same sort of referendum for the United Kingdom as the Government was offering to the counties of Ulster.

John E. Redmond, leader of the Irish Nationalist Party, said his party was willing to make great sacrifices for peace, but the Premier had gone to the extreme limit of concessions. While the Irish Nationalists disliked the proposals, still, if their opponents accepted them frankly, his colleagues were prepared to do the same. Otherwise it was the Government's duty to press the Home Rule bill with all the resources at its command.

Sir Edward Carson, leader of the Ulster Unionists, who had recovered sufficiently from his illness to attend the debate, rejected the plan. "Ulster will not have this proposal, which means a sentence of death with a stay of execution," he declared. He added, however, that if the Government would withdraw the six-year limit he would call an Ulster convention for consideration of the plan.

The pickets of militant suffragettes who had waited for days outside Sir Edward's residence in order to obtain from him a promise of woman suffrage in case the North of Ireland should receive a government of its own, were alert this morning, and finally he consented to receive a deputation.

ASSAILS CUSTOMS METHODS

Paris Writer Refers to Our Officials There as "Fiscal Police."

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, March 9.—A writer in the Eclair says that the American customs administration organized in Paris is a "veritable fiscal police." American customs officials, he says, assume that whenever an American purchases dutiable articles abroad they have the right to ask the seller the price paid for it.

The President of the Paris Chamber of Commerce, it is alleged, confirmed this statement in an interview. American customs officials are said to send agents to Paris frequently to ask exporters to show them their books. Dealers and manufacturers, it is alleged, are asked not only to give information as to the material they used, but in a certain case the customs agents actually desired the number of threads employed in the manufacture of a certain lace. This would be revealing secrets of manufacturers, which they naturally would not disclose.

The Eclair relates a curious story of an American woman who was purchasing jewels in a shop in the Rue de la Paix. Some time afterward an American customs agent visited the jeweler and asked him to disclose the price she paid for the jewels. The jeweler refused, but later learned that the appraiser at the Port of New York had taxed the jewels at four times their value. When the owner objected she was told that the jeweler had refused to furnish means of checking her declaration.

MUSIC AN AID TO FIGURES.

Finance Minister Compiles Budget as Piano Plays, Paris Story Has It.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, March 9.—M. Caillaux, the Minister of Finance, is at the present moment busily occupied with the French budget for 1914.

He has had installed in his office at the Louvre an electric piano, says the Midi, and from time to time visitors waiting in the anteroom can hear swift polkas or languorous waltzes being played by the mechanical instrument.

SELIGMAN SALE BEGINS.

Chinese Porcelains Fetch $75,946 at First Day of Paris Auction.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, March 9.—The sale of art subjects from the liquidation of the Seligman house, which commenced today at the Galleries Georges Petit with Chinese porcelains, gave a total of $75,946.

A large alabaster vase of the Kang-hi period, representing a mandarin giving audience, sold for $4,811. Another vase of the same period went for $2,860, and two little Kang-hi ornaments for $2,508.

FUNERAL IN LONDON OF F. T. MARTIN

Society Leader's Body to be Shipped to the United States To-morrow.

TO BE BURIED NEAR ALBANY

London Papers Pay Kindly Tribute to the Memory of a "Millionaire with a Mission."

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Tuesday, March 10.—A simple funeral service for Frederick Townsend Martin took place yesterday at noon at Christ Church, Mayfair. To-day the body will be conveyed to the steamer New York, sailing for America on Wednesday, and will be buried in the Martin family lot in a small cemetery between Albany and Troy, where Mr. Martin had a small vault built for himself.

Referring to this vault, Mr. Martin's brother Howard said to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent yesterday:

"Not long ago my brother jestingly remarked: 'It will be easy to dispose of me when I am dead. Just lift off the cover and ship the coffin in.'"

The cause of death was angina pectoris, from which Mr. Martin had suffered for some time. He had dined with Lord Howe at the St. James's Club, and on returning to his hotel and retiring he complained of pain in the arms and chest, and died before a doctor who was summoned arrived.

Mrs. Bradley Martin and his brother Howard have received many letters and cables of condolence.

Considerable space is given by the papers to the death of Mr. Martin, who is generally spoken of as a "millionaire with a mission." The Star says: "Mr. Martin was one of America's most curious products. He was at one and the same time a society leader and a violent denouncer of society. His hobbies included slumming and the collection of crests from stationery. He was immensely rich, and his favorite topic was the wickedness of money worship."

Mr. Martin's method of devoting his life to the poor included the adoption of the Boy Scouts' motto, "Do one good turn a day." In London he operated in the East End from the fashionable seclusion of a West End hotel, and his taxicab would sometimes get mobbed in Whitechapel while he was redeeming some poor woman's household goods at a pawnshop.

The Evening News yesterday said: "More than a few East End families have cause to remember his benefactions. He has been described as the 'recognized connecting link between the idle rich and the virtuous poor.'"

The Standard devotes more than a column obituary to Mr. Martin and also a column editorial dealing with his book on the "Idle Rich," in which the freakish doings of American society are criticised. It says:

"Years of experience had taught him that charity in the form of financial help was no cure for poverty, and his self-imposed mission was the conversion of the rich to a recognition of the dangerous foundations on which their order rested. Then he would go out to dinner and in his soft, lisping voice endeavor to rouse a sense of the responsibilities of wealth in the mind of a lady on his right.

"Once when he was attracted by an outline of some new ameliorative legislation submitted to the House of Commons and had stated that he was going to work hard to get the United States Congress to adopt it as well, somebody christened him a peace spy, spying on our English legislation. That pleased him immensely, and he urged that people should all spy on the world's good things and give up spying on evil.

"His kindly disposition is proved by the thousands of friends he made and kept, most of whom remember him as they would a kind, benevolent uncle."

TO END BIRD SLAUGHTER.

Plumage Bill Read a Second Time in the House of Commons.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 9.—Postmaster General Hobhouse, in moving the second reading of the Plumage bill in the House of Commons to-night, gave details of London plumage sales. He said that in June, 1913, plumage was sold representing about 77,000 egrets, 22,000 pigeons, 25,000 humming birds, and 162,000 kingfishers. They wished to put a stop to the traffic, which was a dishonor to the people by whom it was conducted.

It was proposed, subject to one or two exceptions, to prohibit the importation into the United Kingdom of the plumage of any wild bird, and to prevent any person from having such plumage in his possession or being concerned in the sale thereof. Parliament, he urged, had the right to insist that a silly, debasing fashion should not be allowed to work harm to the most innocent and beautiful of God's creatures.

It was a case of the vanity of woman going hand in hand with the rapacity of man, and he did not see why the House should not limit the sphere of their joint mischief.

The second reading was agreed to.

Seal of the Manhattan Company Since 1799

Bank of the Manhattan Company

PRESIDENT
Stephen Baker
VICE PRESIDENTS
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CASHIER
D. H. Pierson

Capital $2,050,000
Surplus $4,100,000

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SAINT LOUIS 5 POST OFFICE

WARREN H. COLSON, 184 Boylston Street, Boston, is a liberal buyer of old letters bearing stamps, stamp collections, and autographs. The advanced collector is offered selection from one of the largest, and without exception the choicest, stocks of stamps in America. Mr. Colson is prepared to travel and meet clients in person anywhere.

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GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.
"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES OF SIXTH AVE.-18TH TO 19TH ST.
NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE

MAIN BUILDING

Yes; Still Large Collections of
Shirts, Underwear, Etc.
From the Fine Stocks of the Seven Stores of
William G. White
Shirt-Maker and Haberdasher
Come At Once For Splendid Bargains

Remember that there were upward of a Hundred Thousand Dollars' Worth of Fine Furnishings in the stocks we purchased, when figured at White's original prices; and while we REDUCED THE PRICES TO HALF AND LESS, the vast quantities have only been reduced by reason of phenomenal selling.

And the LAST article in the sale will be a wonderful bargain. But, come as quickly as you can, now.

William G. White Shirts

Here a man won't know when to stop buying—for NEVER have shirts of such ELEGANCE—silk shirts, Tuxedo plaited shirts, full dress shirts, flannel shirts, as well as the handsome percale and madras shirts for business wear—NEVER BEFORE HAVE THEY BEEN SOLD FOR SUCH LITTLE PRICES!

They are the kinds that make a man want EVERY ONE HE SEES, and now he can buy TWO and THREE for the usual price of ONE.

White's $1.50 and $1.75 Negligee Shirts—at....... 79c
White's $1.50 and $1.75 White Full Dress Shirts—at..... 79c
White's $2, $2.50 and $2.75 Negligee Shirts—at.... $1.15
White's $2, $2.50 and $2.75 White Full Dress Shirts—at.......... $1.15
White's $3, $3.50 and $4 Full Dress Shirts—at... $1.65
White's $3, $3.50 and $4 Silk and Silk-Mixture Shirts—at.......... $1.65
White's $3, $3.50 and $4 Fine Madras Shirts—at, $1.65
White's $5 and $6 Pure Silk Shirts—at........ $2.65
White's $5 and $6 Tucked-Bosom Full Dress Shirts—at.......... $2.65

William G. White Underwear for Men

Combination Suits, Shirts and Drawers at ½ and Less Than ½ White's Original Prices.

White's 50c Nainsook and Fine Cotton Underwear—at 25c
White's 75c and $1 Nainsook Lisle Thread and Heavy Underwear—at.......... 39c
White's $1.25 Nainsook, Balbriggan and Lisle Underwear—at.......... 49c
White's $1.50, $1.75 and $2 Nainsook, Linen and Lisle Underwear—at.......... 69c
White's $1.50, $1.75 and $2 Sanitary Light and Heavy Wool Underwear—at.......... 69c
White's $2.50, $3 and $3.25 Finest Grades of Winter and Summer Underwear—at, $1.25
White's 95c, $1, $1.25 and $1.50 Fine Cotton and Lisle Combination Suits—at.......... 69c
White's $2 Combination Suits—light, medium and heavy weight; at.......... 98c
White's $2.50 and $3 Mercerized Silk and Finest Lisle Thread Combination Suits—medium, light and heavy-weight; at.......... $1.35

We haven't the space to list here the wonderful bargains in William G. White Hosiery, Neckwear, Collars, "Balmacaans," Overcoats, Raincoats, etc. COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF!
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The *Incroyable* period—that chaotic interval between the Empires of Louis XVI and Napoleon—is furnishing inspiration for the present styles.

Hence the new season introduces a wealth of Fashion variety in *tablier tunics, godets, paniers, draperies, Napoleon wraps* and other charming effects, until the *ideal type* of woman's dress seems *realized.*

The beautiful new fabrics and colorings are equally as interesting as the styles. Every weave and shade sanctioned by Fashion is represented in the Gidding Spring displays.

B. Altman & Co.

The Trimming Department
is displaying a large and highly interesting collection of
EVENING GARNITURES & TRIMMINGS
representing the latest styles and designs and embracing a variety of attractive effects in crystal, silver, colored and satin beads; also a very comprehensive assortment of Mourning Garnitures and Trimmings, in bright and dull jet.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Today, March 10th
Our Formal
Millinery Opening
Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street.

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THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Think of the Company behind the car—and you'll realize why Fords and Government bonds are bought with equal assurance. Strongest financially—world-wide in scope—largest in volume of output. We build our reputation into the car. Better buy a Ford.

Five hundred dollars is the price of the Ford runabout; the touring car is five fifty; the town car seven fifty—f. o. b. Detroit, complete with equipment. Get catalog and particulars from Ford Motor Company, 1723 Broadway and also Jackson Avenue and Honeywell Street, Long Island City.

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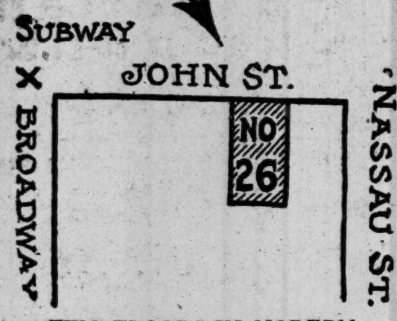

TWO FLOORS IN MODERN FIRE PROOF BUILDING.
REASONABLE RENT.

Wm. A. White & Sons
62 CEDAR ST.

SEES A GREAT ERA FOR OUR COMMERCE

Secretary Redfield Says America Will Soon Regain Her Former Supremacy on the Sea.

ONLY TWO COMPETITORS

Trade of England and Germany Is Standing Still and We Are Forging Ahead Rapidly.

William C. Redfield, Secretary of Commerce in President Wilson's Cabinet, outlined before the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences last night a plan under which he said it would be possible for the United States, in a very few years, to capture first place in the world's commerce and industries.

Mr. Redfield asserted that the worst days for American commerce upon the high seas were over, and that the United States to-day was forging ahead faster than any other nation. The only two nations which Mr. Redfield credited with having greater foreign commerce than the United States were Great Britain and Germany. He said that, while the commerce of these two nations was standing still, or growing at a very slow rate, the commerce of the United States was overhauling them rapidly, and at the present rate of growth would be sure to pass them in another season or two.

To encourage this movement Mr. Redfield said the Wilson Administration would encourage canal building, and even advocate the purchase of the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal to add another outlet to the sea to the three great canals now nearing completion. These three canals, he said, were the Panama Canal, the enlarged Erie Canal, and the Cape Cod Canal.

"The most significant sign of the times," he said, "is not the increase of wealth or even the increase of monopoly or the rebellion against it of which so much is said. More powerful and more important than either is the increase of the social consciousness, the recognition of human values, and the readjustment going on all over the land. The whole industrial world is shot through and through with ethical and moral forces.

"The great corporations have learned that they must cease to be masterful and must become servants. They have learned that when they seek to govern, they find public opinion stronger than they. Let us hope that the day is past when men can, by controlling the brute power of cash, exercise mastery over the purposes, the initiative and the acts of their fellows."

To show how he expected America to capture the commerce of the high seas, Mr. Redfield turned to the war of 1812. He said the American Navy won in that war by the same processes through which American seamanship would win in the coming war for commercial supremacy.

"Not only by the valor in combat did we win," he said, "but we also had on our side the fact that, ship for ship, our vessels were faster, heavier, and better armed than those of our competitors. We had applied brains to the problems of construction and design, and victory awaits us to-day if we will only duplicate this grade of endeavor.

"The shipping through the river and canal connecting Lake Huron and Lake Superior amounted last year to nearly three times the shipping through the Suez Canal. To be exact, 14,916 vessels of 30,974,133 tons passed through the Great Lakes canal, while 5,300 vessels of 20,275,133 tons passed through the Suez.

"And contrary to the popular notion about American ships this shipping on the lakes provides in American-built and American-manned vessels the cheapest freight rate in the world. Neither American rates of wages nor American standards of living as regards food are the serious factors in this transportation that they are commonly supposed to be.

"We have merely then to move our standards of efficiency from the lakes to the sea to be supreme there. I think that the bottom was reached in the decline of our merchantmen upon the sea in 1910. The upward tendency that has prevailed since then has brought on an increase of more than 25 per cent. in gross tonnage. By this I do not mean that our shipping amounts to what it ought to, for there is no doubt of the fact that the carrying of our shipping brings a golden harvest to the foreign ship owners. But there is also no doubt that our recent enormous expansion in industry makes the ocean-carrying trade of far greater moment to us than it has been during the last half century.

"Time was when the railway replaced the canal as a popular ideal, but the pendulum is swinging back. We read much of the distance being shortened by the Panama Canal from port to port, but little has been said to my knowledge of the possibilities which now quite for the first time it will offer for round-the-world commerce.

"Yet there are more than hints of vessels preparing to sail from London to London in either or both ways, touching all around the globe as they go, and this same opportunity opens alike to our Atlantic, our Gulf and our Pacific Coasts. Vessels which may find it possible to continue to circumnavigate the globe, loading and reloading as they go, will find a special profit in that process."

Mr. Redfield referred to the enormous traffic on the Hudson river of 8,000,000 tons a year, in spite of railroad competition on both shores, as evidence of the fact that shippers are turning again to the water. He said that there was a revival of water-borne commerce on the Mississippi almost as marked as that on the Hudson.

"In agriculture," he said, "we are still in the pioneer stage, but even so our exports of foodstuffs and manufactured goods amount to more a day now than they amounted to a month in 1821, the first year of available statistics. For the last few years manufactured articles have gained first importance in our foreign trade. They have brought us into the group of the 'big three,' and in this 'group our gain over our two competitors, Germany and England, is very rapid.

"And out of our progress have grown rapidly expanding social demands and a sense of the solidarity of men. A new spirit is in the air, a feeling that a man and a business and a group of employes should work out their future without control on the part of anyone. We are geting back to the days of the even chance. The men of vision cannot and should not be suppressed. But the vision must be broad and not wholly selfish, and neither side of the industrial movement can gain permanent ground except as public opinion supports it."

C. VANDERBILT GETS MANSION AND ART

Property Worth $6,000,000 Reverts to Him by Grandfather's Will on Death of George W.

HOUSE LET TO H. C. FRICK

Stands at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-first Street and Cost $1,600,000 —Art Valued Above $1,000,000.

The death of George W. Vanderbilt without male heirs causes the Vanderbilt mansion at Fifty-first Street and Fifth Avenue, the art works collected by the late William H. Vanderbilt, the sum of $1,000,000 outright, and the property from 45 to 57 West Fifty-second Street to descend to Cornelius Vanderbilt under the will of his grandfather, William H. Vanderbilt, who died in 1885.

A succession of four other heirs named in the will of William H. Vanderbilt stood between Cornelius Vanderbilt and those properties, so that at the time of his grandfather's death the chance that Cornelius Vanderbilt eventually would succeed to this part of the Vanderbilt fortune appeared to be very remote. However, Cornelius Vanderbilt, who was cut off in the will of his own father, who died in 1899, with $500,000 and the income from a $1,000,000 trust fund for marrying without his father's consent, now receives the equivalent of at least $5,000,000 from the earlier will of his grandfather.

The assessed valuation of the Vanderbilt lot at Fifty-first Street and Fifth Avenue is $1,650,000. The residence, which cost $1,600,000, is assessed at $200,000. The art works of William H. Vanderbilt were collected at a cost of more than $1,000,000, and are thought to be worth considerably more than that to-day. The property from 45 to 57 West Fifty-second Street is assessed at $715,000. Adding to these the $1,000,000 that he receives outright, the total value of the property that Cornelius Vanderbilt receives from his grandfather is in the neighborhood of $6,000,000.

William H. Vanderbilt left all this property to his widow during her lifetime; then to his youngest son, George W. Vanderbilt, during his lifetime. It was provided that George W. Vanderbilt should name one of his sons to inherit after him. In case George W. Vanderbilt died without sons it was provided that the property should go to William H. Vanderbilt, grandson of the testator, and son of Cornelius Vanderbilt. Further than that, it was provided that if William H. Vanderbilt died before his time to inherit, the property should go to his younger brother, Cornelius.

George W. Vanderbilt died without a son. William H. Vanderbilt, the grandson, died in 1892 when he was a junior at Yale.

No Restrictions on Ownership.

The property, which Mrs. W. H. Vanderbilt and George W. Vanderbilt held during their lifetime, is left in the absolute ownership of Cornelius Vanderbilt. The law did not permit W. H. Vanderbilt to make any restrictions on property left to a grandson. The will gives it to Cornelius Vanderbilt "in fee," but it also states that, in providing a series of heirs for this portion of his estate, his object was "that my present residence and collection of works of art be retained and maintained by a male descendant bearing the name of Vanderbilt."

The will indicates that the purpose of the gift of $1,000,000 was to provide an income sufficient to maintain the residence. The yearly tax on the residence, assessed at $1,850,000 at the present rate of 1.79, is $33,115.

It is several years since "a male descendant bearing the name of Vanderbilt" lived in the Vanderbilt mansion. Nine years ago Henry C. Frick, who now lives there, obtained a ten years' lease from George W. Vanderbilt. What the intentions of Cornelius Vanderbilt are for the disposition of the residence, when the lease expires, are not known. Mr. Frick has built a $3,000.000 residence for himself on the site of the old Lenox Library on Fifth Avenue, from Seventieth to Seventy-first Street.

The W. H. Vanderbilt brownstone residence was finished in 1881, and was then one of the most imposing mansions in the city. The stained glass and mosaic in the vestibule were imported from Venice, and the bronze doors came from the palace of the Prince of San Donato. The drawing room was designed by Gallaud of Paris, and furnished with the woodwork of master carvers of Europe. The largest room in the house is the picture gallery, which is 32 by 48 feet, and two stories in height.

The Chief Art Treasures.

Most of the paintings in the collection of W. H. Vanderbilt are by French painters. The one for which Mr. Vanderbilt paid the highest price is Meissonier's "Gen. Desaix and the Captured Peasant." Other important works in the collection are Meissonier's "Artist at Work" and "The Ordinance"; J. F. Millet's "Knitting Lesson" and "The Water Carrier and the Sower"; "Blind Man's Buff," by Diaz; Bouguereau's "Going to the Bath"; J. L. Gérome's "Louis XIV. and the Grand Condé"; "Twilight in Scotland," by Gustav Doré"; "A Rest by the Stile," by Faed; "The Reaper's Return Home," by Becker; Beranger's "Young Mother"; "An Arab Plucking a Thorn from His Foot," by Léon Bonnat; "Paying the Rent," by Erskine Nicol; "Rubens in His Studio," by Sir John Gilbert; Millais's "Bride of Lammermoor"; "Attiring the Bride," by Lefebvre; Rosa Bonheur's "Noonday Repose" and "Ready for the Hunt"; J. M. W. Turner's "Fountain of Indolence"; Alma Tadema's "The Picture Gallery" and "The Sculpture Gallery"; Böchmann's "Returning from the Fair"; "The Monarch Oak," by Linnell; Landseer's "After the Chase"; Fromentin's "Court Fool" and "Arab Fantasia"; Detaille's "Band Practise" and "Tower of London"; Géromes "Sword Dance"; Bargues "Aimee," and Sir Frederick Leighton's "Odalisque."

There are also in the collection works by Munkacsy, Pettenkofer, Leys, Fortuny, Corot, Vibert, and Merle. Other valuable items of the collection were stained glass pieces, La Farge ceilings, and works of composite art. At the time of Mr. Vanderbilt's death in 1885 it was said that few collections of art in America equaled it and that probably none surpassed it.

W. H. Vanderbilt's Will.

The section of the will of the late William H. Vanderbilt in which he provides the succession of heirs with the object of having his residence and art collection maintained by a Vanderbilt, says:

> Fourteen—Upon the decease of my wife I devise to my son, George W. Vanderbilt, for and during his natural life the hereinbefore described lot of land and house on the northwesterly corner of Fifth Avenue and Fifty-first Street, where I now reside, and the lots and stables on Madison Avenue and Fifty-second Street, being the same properties in the first clause of this my will devised to my wife for life. I also bequeath to my said son, George W., for and during his natural life all my pictures, statuary, and works of art, except the portrait and marble bust of my father, which I bequeath to my son, Cornelius. I also bequeath to my said son, George W., all the furniture, carriages, and other chattels mentioned in the first clause of this, my will, for and during his natural life, and after the decease of my wife and of my son, George W., if he shall leave any son or sons surviving him, I give, devise, and bequeath, absolutely and in fee, the said houses and lots on Fifth Avenue and Fifty-first Street, and said lots and stables on Madison Avenue and Fifty-second Street, and all the pictures, statuary, furniture, and all the property of every description, which is in the first clause of this, my will, devised and bequeathed to my wife for life, unto such one of the sons of the said George W. as he shall by his last will direct and appoint to take the same. And, in default of such testamentary direction, then to the eldest son of said George W., who shall survive him.
>
> And, in case the said George W. shall leave no son him surviving, then on his decease and after the death of my wife, I give, devise, and bequeath all and singular the said real and personal property so given to George W. for life unto my grandson, William H. Vanderbilt, son of my son, Cornelius, his heirs and assigns forever, and in the event last mentioned I shall give and bequeath to my said grandson, William H., $2,000,000, but without regard to the event of my son, George W., dying as aforesaid, I bequeath to my said grandson, William H., $1,000,000 to be paid to him on his attaining the age of 30 years; in the meantime, the income thereof shall be applied to his use by my executors during his minority and thereafter shall be paid to him at such times and in such amounts as his father, if living, shall approve, until he becomes entitled to the principal, and, in case the said William H. become entitled to the said legacy of $2,000,000, the $1,000,000 last given shall be deemed part thereof.
>
> In case my son, George W., shall die without leaving any son him surviving, if said William H. is not then living, the real and personal estate so given to said George W. for life shall, after his death and that of my wife, go, and I devise and bequeath the same to my grandson, Cornelius, son of my son, Cornelius, in fee, and in that event, I give to my last-named grandson $1,000,000, my object being that my present residence and my collection of works of art be retained and maintained by a male descendant bearing the name of Vanderbilt.

Cornelius Vanderbilt was born in this city in 1873. He was graduated from Yale in 1895, receiving the degree of M. E. from the Sheffield Scientific School. The following year he married Miss Grace Wilson, daughter of Richard T. Wilson and sister of Mrs. Ogden Goelet. The marriage took place against the will of his father, who insisted that Cornelius was too young to marry, and it resulted in estrangement between father and son and the threat of disinheritance.

Share Cut Down.

This threat was partly carried out when the father died in 1899. He left his eldest living son, Cornelius, $500,000, and the inome from a trust fund of $1,000,000. He left a trust fund of $7,375,000 and the residuary estate valued at $35,000,000 to his second son, Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt. He left trust funds of $7,375,000 cash to his other three children. Reginald C. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, and Gladys Moore Vanderbilt, now Countess Széchényi.

When this will was filed, however, Chauncey M. Depew, one of the executors, made the statement that "when Alfred Vanderbilt returned from Europe after his father's death, he decided, from brother affection and for family harmony, to take out of his own inheritance and give to his brother Cornelius a sum sufficient to make the fortune of Cornelius the same as that of his brothers and sisters. This has been accepted by Cornelius in the same spirit."

About $6,000,000 was deducted by Alfred Vanderbilt from his share of $42,375,000 and added to the inheritance of Cornelius and the possibility of a contest of the will was avoided.

Even before his father's death, Cornelius Vanderbilt had become famous as the inventor of improved machinery for locomotives. He studied railroading and locomotive construction at a desk in the drafting rooms of the motive power department of the New York Central Railroad. In 1898 locomotives built from his designs, equipped with devices which increased the efficiency of the engine in obtaining power from fuel, were introduced into use on the New York Central. In 1907 Mr. Vanderbilt had obtained more than thirty patents for improvements in locomotives. Mr. Vanderbilt is a Director in twenty-five corporations, chiefly railroads and banks.

G. W. VANDERBILT'S FUNERAL.

Simple Services in Washington—Body Taken to New Dorp, S. I.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Funeral services for George W. Vanderbilt were held here to-day in the Bethelehem Chapel of Washington Cathedral, and his body was taken to New Drop, Staten Island, N. Y., for burial, at the old Vanderbilt home. The services were simple and brief, and only close friends and relatives attended.

Señor Riano, the Ambassador from Spain; C. D. Beadle, Arthur Willet, Gifford Pinchot, Overton Price, Henry White, Herbert Putnam, Charles D. Walcott, Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, and Major Gen. Leonard Wood, Chief of Staff of the Army, were honorary pallbearers.

Mr. Vanderbilt's body arrived at the Pennsylvania Railroad Station at 8:54 o'clock last evening.

It was taken to the home of his sister, Mrs. William D. Sloane, at 2 West Fifty-second Street. Bishop David H. Greer will read the burial service at the tomb.

TO UNIONIZE WARD SHOPS.

Bakers to Ask Unions Not to Work on Ball Park Till They Win.

Conrad Carle, Secretary of Bakers' Union No. 1 of New York, reported yesterday that the Executive Committee of the Journeymen Bakers and Confectioners' International Union will take up this week the question of unionizing the bakeries in this city of the Ward Bread Company, which is the lessee of Washington Park, Brooklyn, and is financing the Brooklyn baseball team. The firm employs its bakers in this city on the open-shop plan.

The unions in the building trades will be asked to forbid their members to work on the stands at Washington Park unless the Ward Company agrees to employ only union bakers. Secretary Carle said that as the company employed union bakers in Chicago, Washington, and other cities, he believed it would agree to union conditions in this city, Brooklyn, and Newark.

TEACHER SUES FOR $50,000.

Marie C. Newhaus Asks Damages for Fall Into Coal Hole.

Marie Cross Newhaus, well known as a teacher of instrumental and vocal music, began suit yesterday in the Supreme Court against Joseph Goldberger of Philadelphia for $50,000 damages for injuries she received in falling in a coal-hole at 69 West 101st Street on May 24.

The plaintiff says she was injured so badly that she has been compelled to abandon her profession, and so has been deprived of the means of earning a livelihood. She also says that during the five years preceding the accident her earning capacity had been large.

Edwards and Peacock Exonerated.

The names of ex-Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards and A. R. Peacock of Pittsburgh were removed yesterday from all connection with the suit for divorce brought by Joseph R. Stonebraker against his wife, Constance Stonebraker. The names were removed by stipulation of the lawyers who became convinced that to continue them in the case would be a grave injustice.

"If I could only get strong"

If you have been ill and can't get your strength back, you should try

WINCARNIS

The Famous English Tonic
It contains no drugs.
A small wineglassful three times a day will quickly produce results.
Generous Sample Bottle and instructive Booklet sent for 10 cents.

USE THIS COUPON.
Send sample as advertised. 10c. inclosed.
Name ....
Address ....

EDWARD LASSERE, U. S. Agent,
400 West 23d Street, New York
For Sale by Leading Dealers.

CORRECT, SAYS THORNE.

Got $8,250,000 from Morgan and Bought Securities for New Haven.

In a formal statement issued yesterday, Oakleigh Thorne, banker, said in regard to J. P. Morgan & Co.'s statement in reference to its relations with the New Haven Railroad:

"In answer to the statement of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., 'Thorne got the money,' Mr. Thorne stated that this statement is correct; that he received from them as bankers for the New Haven Road $8,250,000; that he expended all of this sum (with the exception of a commission of 7½ per cent., agreed upon to be retained therefrom by the Millbrook Company for services) in the purchase of the securities of the New York, Westchester & Boston and the New York & Port Chester Railroads and their construction companies, and in the engineering and actual development of the properties, and that upon the cancellation of his contract he turned over to J. P. Morgan & Co., as bankers, all of the securities so purchased and the properties so acquired as set forth in their statement."

WINCHELL STUDIOS
INCORPORATED
ADVERTISING
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PRODUCERS OF
UNIQUE BROCHURES
AND
CATALOGS de LUXE
17, MADISON AV.

Arnold, Constable & Co

Mail Orders Promptly Filled

Exceptional Values in
Women's High Class Latest Model
Spring Apparel

A selection of high class models in the most favored fabrics for early Spring wear, specially priced for this sale.

TAILOR SUITS, of the new Gabardine; medium length coat, slightly cutaway skirt with tunic front and panel back. Black, navy, wistaria, cadet. *Specially priced* **45.00**

DRESSES of crepe meteor; copy of Drecoll model; shadow lace front with hand embroidery on waist; new semi-plaited tunic skirt with hand embroidery on sash. *Specially priced* **29.50**

WRAPS of Florentine moire; two choice styles; Bernard models. Black, navy, Holland. *Specially priced* **40.00**

COATS of imported Ottoman silk; moire shawl collar; handsomely lined. *Specially priced* **32.50**

Extraordinary Values in
Black Dress Silks

Fashionable Silks of our standard, dependable, well-known grades taken from our regular stock at these remarkable concessions in prices:

BLACK JAPANESE SILK—27 inch. Soft finish, bright lustre, Lyons dyed, waterproof, perspiration proof, spot proof, fast black. *Regularly 75c yard* **58c**
Regularly $1.25 yard **75c**

BLACK CHIFFON TAFFETA—Imported; 20 inches wide, soft chiffon finish; brilliant lustre. *Regularly $1.25 yard* **80c**

BLACK SATIN MESSALINE—35 inches wide. *Regularly $1.15 yard* **85c**

BLACK SATIN MESSALINE—35 inches wide. *Regularly $1.25 yard* **85c**

BLACK SATIN MESSALINE—35 inches wide. *Regularly $1.50 yard* **1.05**

Special Values in
Women's Glace Gloves

20-BUTTON LENGTH GLACE—In white. *Value $4.50 pair* **3.45**

20-BUTTON LENGTH GLACE—In white. *Value $3.75 pair* **2.95**

16-BUTTON LENGTH GLACE—In black, white and champagne. *Value $3.50 pair* **2.85**

16-BUTTON LENGTH GLACE—In white only. *Value $3.00 pair* **2.25**

2-CLASP GLACE GLOVES—Also 3 button; finest quality; good range of sizes. *Regularly $2.00, $2.25 pair* **1.50**

2-CLASP "REGIS" GLACE—In the new shades of tan and grey; also black and white. *Value $1.50 pair* **1.00**

CORSET *"La Sylvina"*
The indispensable Corset for the well-gowned woman.
THE NEW SPRING MODELS

This highest grade of corsets is made exclusively for Arnold Constable & Co., and gives the ideal contour for the present mode of dress.

The Regular prices are 5.00 to 45.00 pair
During the week we will give a special discount of 20% off the regular prices.

Spring Comfortables

Styles and weights most adapted for present use at special prices:

COMFORTABLES—Fine wool-filled comfortables; plain colors, fancy scroll stitching. *Regularly $9.00* Now **6.75**

COMFORTABLES—Of fine French sateen, down filled, floral and Persian effects with and without borders.
Full size with border. *Regularly $7.50* Now **5.50**
Without border. *Regularly $7.50* Now **5.50**

Steamer Rugs—Suit Cases
Most Unusual Values in High Class Dependable Grades.

ALL WOOL STEAMER RUGS—Heavy and soft fleecy rugs in fifteen brand new plaid back effects; all full size with fringe. *Regularly $8.50* **5.95**

SOLE LEATHER SUIT CASES—Unusually fine grade; fully reinforced throughout; buckle clasps and brass locks; linen lined. *Regularly $7.50* **5.50**

FINE GRADE REED SUIT CASES—The new brown stained or natural finish; leather trimmings, with shirred sateen linings. *Regularly $5.00* **3.75**

Broadway & 19th Street

GIMBELS

GIMBEL
Millinery
Endorsed by
Paquin

At the Exhibition Last Week at the Ritz-Carlton
Nine GIMBEL Chapeaux
were worn with the
Paquin Toilettes

There is no instance in Fashion History with which this honor can be compared—therefore, we turn to the World of Art, and liken it to the honor which is awarded the artists whose paintings are purchased by France for the Luxembourg Galleries.

Three of the chapeaux from the Gimbel Salon were original Paris models, the other six were made by our own milliners—and Reproductions of them will be made at exceedingly moderate prices—anywhere from $22 to $50.

If you visited the Paquin Exhibition probably you remember the little citron color hat trimmed with red berries and foliage, or the light red chapeau with red velvet bow and dahlias, or the black hat with the extremely high and eccentric flare, or the *petite* Directoire bonnet?

The GIMBEL Exhibition of Spring Millinery

is now being presented in the French and Medium-Priced Salons. Here one may inspect the largest collection of Paris Modes that has ever been presented in America.

GIMBEL Reproductions of Paris Models
Made of French Materials Are
Unrivalled at $22, $28, $38 and $50
Third Floor

GIMBEL Semi-Annual Clean-Up of Men's and Boys' CLOTHING

Every man in New York who needs new clothing—or expects to—and has an eye for his pocketbook, comes to these GIMBEL Clothing events as a matter of course.

All Men's and Boys' Clothing in our stock is included at the lowest prices of the six months—excepting, in the present Sale, such new Spring goods as have come in since stock-taking.

It is the time when your money buys nearly twice as much as usual of clothing that is a credit to a man to be seen in, and a pleasure to wear for his comfort and service.

These are the chief groups:

MEN'S CLOTHING

Men's $30 and $32 Suits, **$16.75.**
Men's $25 and $28 Suits, **$14.50.**
Men's $20 and $22 Suits, **$11.75.**
Men's $30 and $32 Winter Overcoats, **$16.75.**
Men's Light Weight Overcoats, **$16.75.**
Men's $25 and $28 Winter Overcoats, **$14.50.**
Men's $20 and $22 Winter and Light Weight Overcoats, **$11.75.**
Men's $40, $45 and better Cutaway Coats and Vests, braided or plain edge, **$26.50.**
Men's $40 to $50 Evening Dress Coats and Trousers, **$21.50.**
Men's $40 to $50 Dinner Coats and Trousers, **$21.50.**
Men's $35 and $40 Frock Coats and Vests, **$16.50.**
Men's $32 to $35 Raincoats, **$21.**
Men's $22 and $25 Raincoats, **$14.50.**
Men's $20 Raincoats, **$11.75.**
Men's $15 Raincoats, **$7.75.**
Men's $35 Riding Coats and Breeches, **$15.**
Men's $3.50 Khaki Riding Breeches, **$2.**
Men's $4.50 to $10 Riding Breeches, **$2.85** and **$4.50.**
Chauffeur's $20 to $28 Suits, **$10** and **$13.50.**
Chauffeur's $35 Medium Weight Ulsters, **$17.50.**
Men's $12 Pea Jackets, **$5.75.**
$10 and $12 Mackinaw Coats, **$4.50.**
$15 Mohair Coats and Trousers, **$7.50.**
$6 Flannel Blazer Coats, **$3.**
Men's $4.50 to $10 Separate Trousers, **$3, $3.75, $4.75.**
Men's $2.50 to $4 Office Coats, **$1.65** and **$2.75.**
Men's $4 to $6.50 Dusters, **$2.**
Youths' $15 Suits now **$7.50.**
Youths' $15 Overcoats, **$7.50.**
Youths' $18 Overcoats, **$9.50.**

BOYS' CLOTHING

Boys' $7.50 Overcoats, 10 to 18 years, **$3.**
Boys' $10 to $15 Overcoats, 10 to 18 years, **$4.75** and **$6.75.**
Boys' $20 to $30 Overcoats, 10 to 18 years, **$9.75.** Most of these are imported.
Boys' $6.50 to $10 Overcoats, 2½ to 12 years, **$3.50** and **$4.75.**
Boys' $12 and $15 Overcoats, 2½ to 12 years, **$6.50** and **$7.75.**
Boys' $40 and $45 Fur Coats, **$12.50.**
Boys' $5 and $7.50 Spring Reefers, 2½ to 12 years, **$3.50.**
Boys' $10 to $15 Spring Top Coats, 8 to 18 years, **$4.75** and **$6.75.**
Boys' $8.50 to $12 Wool Suits, imported novelties, 2½ to 8 years, **$2.50.**
Boys' $6.50 Sailor and Russian Suits, all wool, 2½ to 10 years, **$3.95.**
Boys' $6.50 to $8.50 Norfolk Suits, 8 to 18 years, **$3.95** and **$5.50.**
Boys' $15 Norfolk Suits, 8 to 18 years, **$6.75.**
Boys' $7.50 and $10 Mackinaws, **$5.00** and **$6.50.** **Fourth Floor.**

Men's Imported $3 Hats at $2

Imported French Hats in three colors, green, black and oxford—light-weight models with hand-welted brims. Also, 600 Soft Hats of American make, all new models, Puggree bands, diamond crowns.

To complete this sale we have added 460 Derbies, all new $3 Hats, and all in the newest spring shades and models. **Fourth Floor.**

The Largest Ever Held—This Sale of
New England, Waltham and Elgin Watches for Men and Women

When the famous old New England Watch Company failed the receivers sold its entire stock of Watches, and also the raw material, for a fraction of their value.

The purchaser of these splendid Watches, for hardly more than a song, was so much impressed with the distributing powers of GIMBEL BROTHERS that he sold us the largest quantity of watches which, to our knowledge, was ever included in one purchase—$40,000 worth, at full retail prices.

To these we added $29,000 worth more of Waltham and Elgin Watches, in desirable styles, the total aggregating

13,000 Watches—Or $69,000 Worth to be Sold for $40,000

It is the most amazing watch transaction ever made, and we have devoted the whole Main Aisle to the selling of the enormous quantity.

Savings are genuine, the Watches are guaranteed, and the selling will undoubtedly make a new record for magnitude as well as economy.

There are:

New England Watches for Women
At $3.75, $4.50, $5.50, $7.50, $8, $10, $12.50, $14, $22
Regularly $5.50 to $30

Waltham and Elgin Watches for Women
At $9.50, $11.50, $13.50, $16.50 to $25
Regularly $11.75 to $30

New England Watches for Men and Boys
At $1, $1.50, $3.50, $3.75, $5
Regularly $2 to $9

Waltham and Elgin Watches for Men
At $7.50, $9.50, $12, $14.75 to $27
Regularly $10.50 to $35

Main Floor and Subway Balcony

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

$410,000

paid by us March 1st as interest to our clients

If a sure income is wanted buy our

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital & Surplus **$8,750,000**
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn

Saks-Knit Overcoats for Spring $25

¶ This fine knit fabric comes in an ideal weight for Spring wear.

¶ Warm enough to ward off chills, light enough not to be oppressive.

¶ Obtainable in tan, blue, heather and fancy blue and gray mixtures.

¶ Made in either a loose, boxy model, or in a swagger Balmacaan.

¶ Cut and tailored with all the swing and go that has made the name of Saks a synonym for style and distinction in clothes.

¶ The really smart, uncommon thing in men's Spring overcoat styles, and priced at a figure which looks like a mistake, so much lower is it than the merit of the garment justifies.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street.

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On the evenings of Thursday & Friday, March 12 & 13, at 8:30 o'clock

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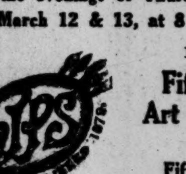

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THE Universal Gift. A box of Huyler's Bonbons and Chocolates—suitable to all ages and almost every gift occasion. Take a box home to the family tonight.

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you a circular letter so strenuous it will HAVE to bring you business. For particulars address PROSPERITY, P. O. box 1,041, N. Y.

WILL SELL SIEGEL STORES AT AUCTION

Receivers Anxious to Dispose of Mercantile Establishments, Which Are Losing Money.

DEPOSITORS REJECT OFFER

Angry Wrangle Over Proposed Compromise—Depositors Take Information to the District Attorney.

The mercantile establishments of Henry Siegel and Frank E. Vogel probably will be closed and the goods sold at auction on March 24, according to an unofficial anouncement made yesterday morning at the end of a public hearing at which the depositors of the private bank conducted by Siegel and Vogel, under the firm name of Henry Siegel & Co., bankers, flatly refused the offer of a settlement made to them by the Depositors' Realization Corporation. The hearing, in the assembly rooms of the Merchants' Association in the Woolworth Building, was attended by much disorder. Finally, Special Master George C. Holt protested that he was unwilling that the assemblage should develop into a "mob," took a vote on the offer of the Depositors' Realization Corporation, and then adjourned the meeting. The Special Master will file his report with Judge Hough in the United States District Court in two or three days.

Soon after Special Master Holt opened the hearing, William A. Marble and John S. Sheppard, Jr., receivers of the Siegel mercantile enterprises, the Simpson-Crawford Company store, and the Fourteenth Street Store, announced that those enterprises and the Merchants' Express Company, were being operated at a considerable loss, and that it was urgent that they should be sold at once. The sale of the stores at auction, it was pointed out, would not in any way interfere with the plans for a reorganization, because a purchasing company could be organized to buy the stores in at the auction sale. The receivers, however, through their attorney, James N. Rosenberg, made it plain that the assets of the Siegel mercantile enterprises would not be sold for a song.

John P. Murray of Coudert Brothers, to whom more than 800 of the Siegel Bank depositors had given power of attorney, told Special Master Holt that his clients could not accept the offer of the Depositors' Realization Corporation. That proposal was to pay the depositors, in the event of a reorganization of the stores, 32½ per cent. of their claims in cash, and 67½ per cent. in notes maturing at the end of five years; or, in case there was no reorganization of the stores, 30 per cent. in cash and the remaining 70 per cent. of their claims in notes. The notes were to be secured by $4,000,000 of stock of the Siegel Stores Corporation, and their payment was guaranteed by Siegel and Vogel.

Max Hoffman, counsel for several bank depositors, said that he wanted fair play for his clients, and he read resolutions, which he said had been drawn up by them, refusing to accept the offer of the Depositors' Realization Corporation until Henry Siegel and Frank E. Vogel could be examined as to the value of the security they would be able to give for the notes. Miss Jennie Martin then asked to be heard.

"If your Honor please," said Miss Martin, "I have here a clipping from THE NEW YORK TIMES of March 8, a dispatch from Boston, saying that District Attorney Pelletier, investigating the affairs of the Henry Siegel Company and its allied interests there, has warned the depositors against accepting any offer. The dispatch reads, in part: 'District Attorney Pelletier advised persons who had deposits in the company's savings department to go slow in accepting any offer of 30 cents in cash and the balance in notes covering a term of years, which was made to the depositors in New York. He advised such depositors to consult their attorneys before accepting any such offer.'"

Miss Martin concluded by saying that "technicalities of the law" should not be observed by the Special Master, but "the rule of reason." Miss Etta Mahoney, who was a member of the first Committee of Ten appointed to represent the depositors, then tried to speak. Her voice was lost amid catcalls and cries of "sit down." Abraham N. Brezel said that the offer was entirely "too complicated to understand." He said, "I want to ask all my fellow-victims to vote against the proposition until we get something that we can vote upon."

J. P. Munch, arose to speak and he was greeted also with hisses, cat calls, and cries of "put him out." The uproar increased, and at last Special Master Holt warned the depositors that he would adjourn the meeting unless they kept order. Mr. Munch explained to the Special Master that he was Chairman of the original Committee of Ten representing the depositors, and that many of the depositors were in favor of accepting the offer of the Depositors' Realization Corporation. There were cries of "no" "no."

When Mr. Munch sat down, Jacob Latzer, who was elected chairman of the insurgent members of the Committee of Ten when they broke away and formed a new committee, told Special Master Holt that Mr. Munch had no right to call himself Chairman of the Original Committee.

"You're a liar" shouted Munch, "and right now I'm going to wash my hands of the whole thing."

Friends of Munch and Latzer hurled ugly words back and forth until Latzer obtained another hearing. He said he was in favor of "fighting to the last ditch," and his friends, apparently in the majority, shouted back, "yes."

"I can prove to your Honor that there are assets behind those stores," said Latzer, and his sympathizers chorused, "Yes, they are concealed."

"Four hundred and fifty thousand dollars has been put up by Siegel and Vogel merely to create an atmosphere" he continued. "If we accept it, they will be free to go anywhere and start a business in their women's names."

Special Master Holt interrupted the speaker to tell him that he had spoken at length at every meeting, and that he wished to remind him that there were others who would like to express their views.

There were a half dozen other speakers and each spoke under increasing difficulties. At last Special Master Holt said he was unwilling to have the meeting go on "in such a mob manner," and reminding the depositors that the meeting had been called to vote on the offer of the Depositors' Realization Corporation, proceeded to put the proposition to a vote. It was overwhelmingly rejected.

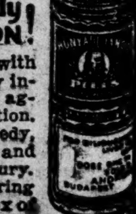
The depositors remained in the rooms until they were forced to leave by attendants. It was reported that a hearing in the dispossession proceedings against the Fourteenth Street Store was to be held in the Federal Building in the afternoon, and they all appeared there promptly at 2 o'clock. They found Judge Hough's chambers vacant, but they were informed that the hearing was being held at the Jefferson Market Court. Thither they went to be informed that the hearing would not be held until March 12 in the First District Court on Lafayette Street.

A delegation of more than fifty depositors went to the Criminal Court Building in the afternoon to give to Assistant District Attorney Train the names of those whose deposits, it is asserted, were accepted by the private bank after it was known that the institution was insolvent. The main body waited on the ground floor of the building while their spokesmen went to the office of Mr. Train.

The delegation was unable to see the Assistant District Attorney, who has been conducting the Siegel inquiry before the Grand Jury and expects to have the case completed to-morrow. Mr. Train spent the greater part of yesterday with expert accountants, going over the books of the banking firm. There will be a meeting of the depositors at 2 o'clock this afternoon at their headquarters, 43 West Thirteenth Street, to consider a further course of action.

Louis S. Levy of Stanchfield & Levy, counsel for Siegel and Vogel, appeared in General Sessions before Judge Rosalsky yesterday morning to answer to the charge of contempt for having failed to give certain papers and documents to the Grand Jury last Friday. Assistant District Attorney Arthur C. Train, announced that Mr. Levy had agreed to produce the papers and books in question, and asked that the case be dismissed.

The hearing in the bankruptcy proceedings against Siegel and Vogel, postponed by United States Commissioner Gilchrist on Wednesday, will be held to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The depositors said they would be there without fail.



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Don't experiment with harsh purgatives, they injure the bowels and aggravate your condition. Take the perfect remedy, Hunyadi Janos Pills, and avoid irreparable injury. 1 or 2 pills at night bring certain relief. Get a box of

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at any up-to-date Drug Store, or if he has not got it, send 25 cents in stamps NOW by mail to Andreas Saxlehner, New York

WOMEN TRY TO MOVE SNOW.

But a Crowd Gathers, Hindering Traffic and "Army" Has to Quit.

Mary Donnelly, once manager of Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont's suffrage restaurant, went to Johnny's Restaurant, Third Avenue, between Thirty-first and Thirty-second Streets, yesterday morning to meet the "army of women snow shovelers" which, she announced on Sunday, would clean up the snow from the side streets in the Fourteenth Assembly District. Two women were on hand to attack the snow with her. Five more women, three shovels, and a wagon were collected in an hour or so, and work began at Lexington Avenue and Thirty-first Street.

But the women attracted such a crowd that Patrolman Patrick Kenny of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station saw embarassment to traffic resulting. He told the women that unless they could produce a permit to shovel the snow, a permit to dump it, and a license for their wagon, they would have to disperse. They dispersed.

Miss Donnelly said last night, however, that she and the citizens of the Fourteenth District meant business. Ever since the first of the three big snowstorms, she said, high piles of filthy snow had stood in front of the houses in the side streets off Third and Lexington Avenues, and had caused numerous cases of pneumonia, croup, and colds in the district. Unless the streets were cleared by to-night, she said, a mass meeting would be called to-morrow and a volunteer "army" of women enlisted, who would not be stopped by the police. Miss Donnelly gave the names of a chiropodist, corsetière, and a modiste, all in a Fifth Avenue building, who, she said, would join the "army."

KRACKE DROPS HIS BURGLAR

Sympathetic at First, Now He Finds Him an Old Offender.

Joseph Feeney, the burglar who attempted to rob the home of Bridge Commissioner Kracke one night last month and was captured by him, may be sentenced to prison. Feeney pleaded guilty when he was arraigned, and Mr. Kracke became interested in him. Out of sympathy the Bridge Commissioner appeared in court and asked Judge Baker to let the prisoner go. Mr. Kracke promised to get Feeney a job. He learned more about the prisoner yesterday, and then changed his mind.

Both Mr. Kracke and Assistant District Attorney Warren I. Lee learned that Feeney was an old offender. Mrs. Edna Wall, sister of County Detective Ralph Van Ness, picked him out of a line of twenty prisoners as the man who held her up in front of her home in Flatbush. The sentence of the prisoner was deferred by Judge Baker for another week.

ASKS FOR TRUST PAYMENT.

97-Year-Old Woman Seeks $40 Monthly from Lynch Estate.

Mary Tillman, a half-sister of the late Noah Lynch and beneficiary under his will of an $800 trust fund, has petitioned the Surrogate for an order directing the executor of her half-brother's estate to pay $40 monthly for her support. She is 97 years old, she says, and is unable to work. She is without any means of support and has been dependent upon the bounty of friends.

Schutzberger & Hahn, attorneys for Valentine A. Schutz, Mr. Lynch's executor, assert that Mr. Schutz agreed to pay her $40 monthly. Mary Tillman says that this offer was accepted, but that up to the present time no money has been received.

SAY MINISTERS LIKE NEW ALL-NIGHT PLAN

Eight Clergymen Reported to Favor Mayor's "Reasonable Views" on Excise Question.

TANGO MAY STIR TROUBLE

Curfew Board To-morrow to Hear Views of Any Who Come—Legal Questions May Arise.

Proprietors of hotels and restaurants expressed themselves as pleased yesterday with Mayor Mitchel's "reasonable" views on the excise question. The hotels, under the new arrangement, may serve food in their dining rooms after 1 A. M., and the cabarets and tango restaurants may serve food and drink until 2 A. M. Restaurants without entertainment may remain open all night. What makes all these things possible is the all-night license.

If there were any unfavorable comments they were not made at the Mayor's office. Only good reports were heard there, and it was said that eight ministers were among those who favored the new order of things for the centre of night life.

It is not contended by the Mayor's supporters, however, that the new plan will please every one, and because of probable differences of opinion the Mayor's committee of seven, which has been called the "Curfew Committee," will hold hearings to learn the sentiments of the public. Herman Ridder, the Chairman of the committee, said yesterday that the first hearing would be held in City Hall at 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon. Mr. Ridder said that the committee would listen to all comers, and Mayor Mitchel added that every one who had anything to say would be welcome. The 2 A. M. arrangement for tango restaurants possibly may arouse opposition at the public hearings.

Discuss Legal Questions.

Legal justification for Mayor Mitchel's "reasonable" liquor traffic plan, it was pointed out yesterday, rested solely on the Mayor's interpretation of the liquor tax law. Several lawyers who were seen yesterday expressed the belief that Mayor Mitchel would come into conflict with the State Excise Department. Excise Commisioner Farley himself said in Albany yesterday that the Mayor had wide latitude and that no conflict was likely.

Section 30 of the liquor tax law provides that it shall not be lawful for any person, whether he has paid the liquor tax or not, to sell, offer, or expose for sale or give away any liquor on Sunday; or before 6 A. M. on Monday; or on any other day between 1 A. M. and 6 A. M. There is a clause in the same section, however, which says that a holder of a liquor tax certificate may by permission of the Mayor keep his place of business open from 1 A. M. to 6 A. M.

The law provides that there shall be a tax of $10 a day or $25 a week for such all-night privileges. It is under this section that Jack's Restaurant, for instance, had a practical monopoly of the early morning restaurant business for several years.

The Mayor contends that he can grant all-night licenses to restaurants with cabarets on payment of the regular tax. Before he grants such all-night licenses to cabaret restaurants, however, he will exact a promise from the restaurant proprietor that his restaurant will be closed at 2 A. M. instead of 6 A. M. It is in regard to this limitation that the lawyers who were interviewed yesterday differed.

"This amounts to giving a man an extra privilege in return for the extra tax," said one lawyer yesterday, "and then limiting his privilege. That is not in conformity with the State excise law."

Other lawyers contended that the Mayor was wholly within his rights in granting a privilege and then limiting that privilege.

"It is true that the law provides that a man with an all-night license may keep his place of business open until 6 A. M.," said one lawyer, "but the law also provides that the revocation of all-night licenses shall be at the Mayor's discretion. Therefore, the Mayor may demand any promise he likes. If the restaurant men do not want to promise to close at 2 A. M., they can let well enough alone and close at 1 o'clock."

Polk Supports the Mayor.

At the Mayor's office it was explained that the legal technicalities had been considered carefully before the plan was announced. The plan had the approval of Corporation Counsel Polk and District Attorney Whitman, it was said, before it was announced. Arthur Woods, the Mayor's secretary, the author of the plan, said that the Mayor had been assured that his course was legal.

"It is optional with the restaurant men to submit to this plan," said Mr. Woods. "The Mayor believes in an extension of the closing time on week days from 1 o'clock to 2 o'clock. If this plan is adopted finally, applications for all-night licenses will be accepted on that basis. Each holder of an all-night license will have an understanding with the Mayor that he will close at 2 A. M. His right to remain open until 6 A. M. is not questioned in the least. But if he fails to close at 2 A. M. he will have to suffer the consequences."

"Does that mean that his all-night license will be revoked?" Mr. Woods was asked.

"Exactly, and he won't be able to get another," he replied.

Under this arrangement Mr. Woods acknowledged the police would not be authorized to close a place having an all-night license after 2 A. M. Any cabaret proprietor with an all-night license could serve liquor and food until 6 A. M.

"Yes, he could make a big day of it and have a good time," said Mr. Woods, "but it would be his last good time."

Mayor Mitchel said yesterday that no temporary all-night licenses would be granted pending the report of the Curfew Committee. He expected a report soon would be made.

"I cannot say, of course, that I will adopt all the committee's recommendations," said the Mayor, "but I expect that I will be able to adopt most of them, knowing the members of the committee as I do. When the new policy is adopted the lid will fit it and fit it tight. My policy will be a reasonable one and I will enforce it to the letter."

William B. Ellison, former Corporation Counsel, who is a member of the Curfew Committee, handed a package of affidavits bearing on the fight in Jack's restaurant to Mayor Mitchel yesterday. The affidavits assert that the restaurant employes were not responsible for the fight which resulted in the revocation of the all-night license. The Mayor said that he would investigate the case further and give Jack Dunston, the proprietor of Jack's, a "square deal."

"If Mr. Dunston is right I will re-issue the all-night license," said the Mayor. "But I will require proof. The evidence which I have so far puts the responsibility squarely up to the management."

DEFERS TO MAYOR MITCHEL.

Excise Commissioner Farley Defines the Department's Attitude.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 9.—According to W. W. Farley, the State Excise Commissioner, Mayor Mitchel has wide latitude in the matter of all-night licenses.

"If Mayor Mitchel in his wisdom," said Mr. Farley to-night, "should determine that it is essential that New Yorkers should be permitted to dance the tango until 2 o'clock in the morning, there is nothing this department can do to stop him from giving the necessary permits. There is nothing I can do to stop him unless the tango should be accompanied by such disorders as would justify the department in revoking the license of an establishment thus favored by the Mayor. The excise law, whether wisely or unwisely, I am not prepared to state, has left the power of granting all-night licenses to saloons and restaurants to the Mayors of cities on the presumption, I suppose, that they are better able to exercise the proper discretion in such matters than in the Excise Department.

"Of course, a strict interpretation of the law should presume a real need wherever an all-night license is granted, such as the demands of night workers or late travelers. But if Mayor Mitchel directs us to issue night licenses for any number of places we will issue them. We have no discretion in the matter. It all rests with him."

Commissioner Farley, on the other hand, sustained the contention that the Mayor did not have the right to fix arbitrarily an hour at when an establishment should close.

"All the Mayor can do," he said, "is to issue an all-night license, with the understanding that if the place fails to cloes at the hour he has named its all-night license will be taken away."

SUES FOR REFEREE'S FEE.

Creditor Wants Estate of T. J. Dunn to Pay $2,340.

Louis Sturke, counsel for Henry Staples Potter, who holds a judgment of $23,000 with interest from 1908 upon the estate of Thomas J. Dunn, has asked the Surrogate to compel Bart Dunn, as executor of Mr. Dunn's estate, to pay a referee's fee of $2,340 to R. H. Ransom, whose report as referee on the value of the Dunn estate, has been completed.

R. H. Ransom, as referee, said that the estate seemed to him to be worth $164,572.

Dinner to Father Phelan.

The Rev. M. J. Phelan, S. J., lecturer and writer, was the guest of honor at a dinner given last evening by Alfred Talley at the Catholic Club. Father Phelan, who is noted as a preacher in England, Ireland, and Australia, is here to lecture. He likened the Irish to the Greeks of old, who, when they left home, took with them sacred fire and water to establish their worship in a foreign land. Among those who attended the dinner were Justices Keogh, Delany, Goff, Cohalan, and Dowling, Dr. James Walsh, George Gillespie, the Rev. James W. Power, Mgrs. Lavelle and Wall, and the Rev. M. Kenny.

DANGER ZONE SET OFF.

Traffic Kept Away from Scene of Gas Explosions.

Police Commissioner McKay, after a conference with Inspector Myers, commanding the Traffic Squad, ordered yesterday that a danger zone be established around the intersection of Twenty-third Street, Fifth Avenue, and Broadway, where gas explosions occurred on Sunday. Commissioner McKay visited the scene of the explosions yesterday morning, and after noting the extent of the damage, ordered that traffic going east and west, should, until further orders, use Twenty-second Street and Twenty-sixth Street, the intervening streets being kept clear. North and south traffic was ordered to use Madison Avenue and Sixth Avenue, between the cross streets named.

Most of the damage to plate glass fronts and windows in the buildings within range of the explosions was repaired yesterday, and it was said that most of the water had been pumped out of the cellars in the neighborhood. The Garfield National Bank had most of its plate glass windows on the Twenty-third Street side broken, but they were all replaced by the time the bank opened for business yesterday morning. At the bank it was said that the water had not reached the safety vaults and the vaults were absolutely undamaged by the explosions.

¶ In an analysis of the literature of the past year, the most distinguished literary critic in America places Frederic Arnold Kummer's

A Song of Sixpence

among the six most important novels published in the past twelve months.

¶ The fifth edition of "A SONG OF SIXPENCE" is now on press.

W. J. WATT & COMPANY
Publishers New York

Annual Spring **SALE**

Rebuilt (High-Grade) Pianos

KNABE Warerooms

The great volume of business done from the Knabe Warerooms through the popularity of the Knabe product brings many excellent exchange instruments to our workshops. After a thorough re-making the instruments are brought to their original state of perfection by Knabe experts.

World renowned makes as
KNABE
CHICKERING
STEINWAY
HAINES BROS.
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These are quickly sold to save valuable storing space, AT PRICES ONLY POSSIBLE IN THE WAREROOMS OF THE MANUFACTURER. The enormous quantity of instruments sold here makes these remarkable bargains possible. ALL ARE FULLY GUARANTEED.

Also a limited number of brand

NEW PIANOS AND PLAYER PIANOS

sharply reduced to make place for new case designs arriving.

These are only a few examples of the large assortment displayed during this Sale:

UPRIGHTS	Formerly.	Now.	GRANDS	Formerly.	Now.	PLAYER PIANOS	Formerly.	Now.
CONNOR; neat case	$250	$50	CHICKERING; Rosewood	$750	$225	WALTERS; Mahogany; 88-note	$450	$325
WATERS; small size Rosewood	275	60	SOHMER; baby; Rosewood; smallest size	750	340	4 Practically new 88-note Players	500	345
HAINES; good tone	300	85	HARDMAN; baby; Rosewood; perfect	650	470	ARMSTRONG; 88-note; like new	550	375
STONE & CO.; Walnut	250	90	STEINWAY; parlor; Rosewood; like new	950	485	MARSHALL & WENDELL; perfect shape	550	440
SHAEFER; Mahogany; tone and case like new	275	155	KNABE; Rosewood; perfect	850	510	HAINES DE LUXE; Mahogany	700	540
ADAM SCHAAF; Mahogany; splendid shape	275	170	STEINWAY; baby; Rosewood; perfect	900	550	KNABE; perfect; 88-note	900	695
WEGMAN; Mahogany; like new	300	160	KNABE; Mignonette; Mahogany; a gem	700	595	KNABE; a gem; 88-note	900	710
HAINES BROS.; Mahogany; neat colonial case	350	235	KNABE; Mignon; Mahogany; like new	850	625	KNABE; like new; 88-note	950	745
EMERSON; Mahogany; like new	375	245	KNABE; baby; Mahogany; like new	950	675	KNABE DE LUXE; Mahogany;	1000	810
HARDMAN; Mahogany case; tone and action like new	350	290	KNABE; Mignonette; Walnut; just like new	800	680	KNABE DE LUXE; Mahogany	1000	850
HAINES BROS.; Mahogany case	400	275	KNABE; Louis XV. gold sample case	1500	725	KNABE; Circassian Walnut; like new	1100	875
CHICKERING; Mahogany; a beauty	500	300	KNABE; Mignonette; Louis XV.	1000	780	KNABE; Grand player; like new	1650	1375
KNABE; Rosewood; perfect	550	325	KNABE; Old English; art case	1850	1000			
KNABE; Mahogany; splendid tone	500	360						
KNABE; Mahogany; beautiful tone and case	500	390						

Terms as low as $5 monthly on some of the above instruments.
LIBERAL ALLOWANCE FOR PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.
An early call is advised in order that you may secure the piano of your choice.

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produces a clean, lasting, creamy lather which softens the beard and makes each stroke of your razor a gentle caress. SHAVALLO is a soft stick and it rubs on the beard quickly and easily. The SHAVALLO stick comes in a white Ivorine Box, which is sanitary, hygienic and permits the use of the soap without contact with the fingers. Sold by leading stores. Made by John Knight, Ltd., London—the world's most famous soap maker.

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We know that you will find it equal in quality to whiskies far more expensive, and much more wholesome for every day use.

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Wild's Orientals

When you buy an Oriental Rug at Wild's you may depend upon the statements made to you as being the exact facts concerning that rug.

No rug of uncertain lineage can find a place in this collection.

The qualities are of a fixed standard—and the prices of fixed moderation.

JOSEPH WILD & CO.
Fifth Ave. and 35th St.

Largest Specialty Rug House in America

ADAMSON CAN'T FIND HIS WIRELESS PLANT

Bill for $300 Is at Hand, but No Apparatus on Fire Boat or at Headquarters.

SEEMS TO HAVE BEEN LENT

But That Was Not Made Clear at the Time of Commissioner Johnson's Farewell Demonstration.

Fire Commissioner Robert Adamson received yesterday morning a letter from the Wireless Improvement Company of 81 Wall Street, with a bill for $300 for the installation of wireless equipment on the fireboat James Duane and on the roof of Fire Headquarters on Dec. 23. The statement showed that the equipment had been lent to the department for the day for "demonstration" purposes.

The date was the occasion of a celebration at which the civil employes of the Fire Department lauded retiring Commissioner Joseph Johnson and, together with a group of citizens, presented to him a silver service valued at $2,000. In the printed programme of the day's events appeared a long catalogue of the things accomplished by Commissioner Johnson, one item of which was:

> Established wireless system at Fire Headquarters, whereby ships in the harbor and lower bay can communicate an alarm of fire direct to the headquarters station. By this means fireboats, also equipped with wireless apparatus, can be in instant communication with a burning ship or with Fire Headquarters.

Commissioner Adamson explained that because of this item in the summary of his predecessor's achievements in the department he had always believed that the Fire Department possessed a working wireless fire alarm system. On the receipt of the bill from the wireless concern yesterday he went immediately to the so-called wireless room on the sixth floor of the building, a small compartment six feet by six, where the apparatus had been installed, but found only a small cook stove in the place.

It later developed that the antennae of the apparatus still remained on the roof, but that the rest of the equipment had been removed by the company on the day following the demonsration. The equipment on board the fireboat James Duane was also dismantled after the celebration of Dec. 23.

In the list of events on the programme of the celebration which marked Commissioner Johnson's retirement from office was the following:

> 3:30 P. M.--Inspection by the public and invited guests of the wireless fire-alarm system adopted by the department for communication of alarms from ships and fireboats to headquarters.

"Well," said Commissioner Adamson after his investigation, "it appears that it has cost the department $300 for the use of sending and receiving wireless messages for one afternoon. There is nothing to do except to pay the bill. I have no criticism to make of Joe's ingenious idea, except to point to the fact that the records of the department show that each boat responds to only one alarm of fire on the average in twenty-four hours. This does not seem to indicate any necessity for a wireless system. Then, too, the antennae on the James Duane, I am informed, interfered with the operation of the boat and with her efficiency. It may be, however, that wireless apparatus can be installed on the boats without this objection. However, it would cost about $1,000, I am informed, for each boat so equipped if the apparatus were purchased outright, and would necessitate the employment of two operators for every boat. I think that we can worry along for the present, at least, without incurring this additional expense."

When former Commissioner Johnson was asked about the wireless bill, he said:

"I never made any claim in any official report that I had installed a permanent fire alarm system. However, the rapidity with which messages flew back and forth between headquarters and the Duane on the day of the demonstration proved that the plant was a splendid one and that the idea was practical. I would certainly have provided permanent equipment had the appropriations in the budget permitted. I have laid the way; let the present administration carry out my plan."

Will Bury Four at Once.

A funeral service for the four members of the Thatcher family, who died from the effects of illuminating gas will be held at the Thatcher home, at 109 Maple Street, Yonkers, to-morrow afternoon. The fourth victim, Frank Thatcher, aged 12 years, died in St. John's Riverside Hospital yesterday. His mother, Mrs. Margaret Thatcher, 38, died in St. Joseph's Hospital on Sunday night, and the two other children, Mary, 8, and Allen, 2½, were found dead in bed on Saturday afternoon by their father, Harry S. Thatcher, upon his return from business. He found that the flame of a gas heater had been blown out by the wind.

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Eliminates uric acid, the chief element in Rheumatism and Gout.

Imported in quarts, pints, and splits. At druggists, grocers, wine merchants, hotels and restaurants.

EDWARD LASSERE, Gen'l Agent,
400 West 23d Street, New York.

BOYS INDUCE GIRL TO FORGE $60 CHECK

They Asked Her, She Thought, Because She Had a Reputation as a Pretty Penman.

STOLE CHECK FROM FATHER

Alfred Zeberini Fished It Out of Letterbox—His Friend Says He Has Tried Safe-Cracking, Too.

Lieut. Fulton and Detectives Markey and Murray of the Mercer Street Station, who have been investigating the disappearance of a $60 check, which, Miss Grace Edith Barnes deposited in payment for a month's rent of the second floor of 47 Washington Square South in the letterbox of Angelo Zeberini, proprietor of the building, walked into the apartments of Zeberini yesterday, and found Mrs. Zeberini spanking her nine-year old son Alfred.

"This is the boy that did it," she said pointing to the wailing youngster. "He stole the check and cashed it."

So the detectives took Alfred down to the Mercer Street station and questioned him. He said he had seen Miss Barnes, who owns the Decorative Plate Glass Company on the second floor of his father's building, put an envelope in his father's letterbox that he thought contained a check for the month's rent. He fished the envelope out with a wire and went with it to George di Martini, the 10-year old son of a liquor dealer of 206 Sullivan Street. He asked George to forge it, but he was afraid, so they called into conference Anna Danbrosio, 13 years old, of 206 Sullivan Street. Anna, who always had high marks at school in penmanship, cheerfully consented to write the name of Angelo Zeberini at the place indicated on the check.

Then the boys went to the store of Binazzo Belladanto, a wholesale liquor dealer at 32 Carmine Street, and bought with the check half a dozen cans of olive oil, which they tried unsuccessfully to peddle among neighbors. Alfred laid out most of the remainder of the $60 in rubber boots for himself and friends and candy, shoes, and cheap watches, which he has been equally liberal in bestowing on good comrades. When he was arrested only $1.96 was left.

The check was cashed unquestioned at the wholesale liquor store, and was accepted at the bank, and the fact that it had been stolen was not discovered until yesterday, when Mr. Zeberini asked Miss Barnes for the rent.

Alfred had just finished his story, when the detectives came into the Mercer Street Station with a sobbing little girl. This was Anna, the actual forger. She said she thought the boys had asked her to fill in the name on the check, because they knew she was a pretty writer. The detectives believe her story that she knows nothing about banking, but she will have to go all the same to the Children's Court to-day to explain about it.

The last of the three to be arrested was George di Martini. His story was the same as Alfred's, but he was angry because his friend had told tales on him, so he turned on him and accused him of having attempted to crack a safe.

About two weeks ago the knob of a small safe in the office of the Decorative Plate Glass Company was broken off and there were marks on the iron door of a weak attempt to bore through it. An augur for boring wood was found near by on the floor.

"That was Alfred," said George. "He took the augur from his father's bicycle repair shop and tried to bore a hole through the safe. I know he did it, because he told me."

The two boys and the girl were booked on charges of forgery and grand larceny, but their parents were allowed to bail them out. They will all be in the Children's Court to-day.

BROKER ACCUSED.

Ira G. Ross Charged with $3,000 Cuban Bond Swindle.

Charged with having swindled Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stewart of North Attleboro, Mass,. out of $3,0000 through the sale of bogus Cuban bonds, Ira G. Ross, 63 years old, a broker and real estate operator, of 69 Wall Street, was arrested yesterday afternoon at his office by Detective Meyer of the Old Slip Precinct. In the Tombs Police Court later, Ross was held without bail by Magistrate Appleton until Thursday to await requisition papers from Massachusetts.

His arrest was brought about by Sheriff E. Carlisle Brown of Bristol County, Mass., who went to the broker's office with Detective Mayer when a warrant was served. In court Ross denied that he had been guilty of any criminal offense.

INHERITANCE TAX INCREASE OPPOSED

Smith Bill Would Drive Away Millions of Capital, Bankers Tell Legislators.

A BURDEN ON BEQUESTS

Fear Harmful Results to Harvard and Other Colleges — Controller Says Money Must Be Raised.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 9.—Declaring that millions of capital would be withdrawn from the banks and trust companies of this State if the A. E. Smith bill amending the inheritance tax law were passed, representatives of trust companies and others opposed the bill to-day before the Assembly Committee on Taxation. The bill is urged by the State Controller, who declares that the money is needed by the State, and that if it be not taken from the estates of those who die it must be taxed upon real property.

Francis Lynde Stetson of New York opposed the feature of the bill which proposed a tax on bequests to educational and religious institutions not incorporated under the laws of New York. He said he was an alumnus of Williams College in Massachusetts, near the New York line. The majority of students, he declared, were from New York State.

A similar argument was made by Lawrence Sexton, one of the Governors of Harvard University. He said that in New York City there were 1,800 members of the Harvard Club, and that Harvard would be injured by the passage of the Smith bill. He said that Harvard was a poor man's university, and that its bequests should not be taxed by this State.

Lawson Purdy, President of the New York City's Tax Commission, traced the inheritance tax law of the State. He said that the bill now offered would not increase the inheritance tax, but would be an excuse to withdraw funds which were now a part of the capital of New York.

F. J. Sutton, of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, declared that $400.00,000 of capital was withdrawn from this State when the graduated tax was passed in 1910. He declared that more money would be taken out of the State if the proposed bill should be passed.

The law of 1911 was complimented by A. C. Pleydell who said he worked for its passage. He said the inheritance tax in 1910 was $8,200,000, while it was $12,000,000 in 1913.

Charles W. McKelvey of the United States Trust Company of New York said that the company had $50,000,000 invested by non-residents which was placed in jeopardy by the present bill. He believed that most of it would be withdrawn if the Smith bill should be passed.

John Quinn, representing the State Bankers' Association, and Arthur L. Andrews, representing the State Association of Trust Companies, also opposed the measure. Mr. Andrews said the measure was bad in principle, and he believed it would be bad in practice.

E. S. Harris, Deputy State Controller, said that every one who opposed the bill was trying to save a dollar for a client. He excepted Mr. Purdy, who, he said, was opposed to every tax except a tax on real estate. He declared that non-residents would continue to go to New York City whether the bill was passed or not. Mr. Harris said that business interests had used their influence with Gov. Dix to get his approval of the present law.

"I want to deny that statement," Mr. Pleydell declared.

W. H. McElroy, representing the Inheritance Tax Department of the State Controller's office, defended the pending measure, declaring that the State needed more revenue, and that the increase should come from the estates of the dead.

The committee will take action on the bill to-morrow.

MURDER ENDS QUARREL.

One Italian Driver Kills Another and is Caught After a Chase.

After quarreling for a week over a missing tarpaulin cover for a wagon, Bruesh Ballandi of 339 Nevins Street, Brooklyn, a driver for a fertilizing plant at the foot of Sixth Street, Brooklyn, shot at Joseph Leoni, another driver employed by the same company, at Second Avenue and Sixth Street, yesterday.

Leoni stood still while three shots were fired. Ballandi than turned and ran. ohn E. Collins, a contractor of 16 Eighth Avenue, who had seen the shooting, thought, because Leoni did not fall, that the revolver contained blank cartridges, and he gave chose to Ballandi. After running a block Ballandi turned around and leveled his revolver at Colline, who icked up a handful of snow and ice and threw it at the revolver. Ballandi's bullet went wild.

Collins seized him and the two went down in the snow. Collins wrested the weapon from Ballandi and turned him over to the police of the Fifth Street Station. When they returned after Leoni they found him dead from three bullet wounds in the body.

STREAMS OF WATER ROUT 1,500 HOBOES

Sacramento Fire Department Turns Hose on Kelley's Army with Decisive Effect.

THREATEN TO BURN CITY

The "General" and His Staff in Jail and the Army Driven Out of California Capital.

Special to The New York Times.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., March 9.—Driven out of this city by the police and deputy sheriffs, assisted by firemen, 1,500 members of "Gen." Kelley's army are camped to-night in the outskirts of the town of Broderick, just across the river from the State Capital. Although scores of men have bruised heads no shots were fired and no wounded were taken to the hospitals. Nearly all the marchers were drenched by the streams of water which the firemen turned on them when they resisted. All are hungry and what they are to do for food and shelter is a problem that no one has solved.

The I. W. W. members declared they would cross the river to-night and burn Sacramento in revenge for its treatment of them, but the only bridge across the river is heavily guarded by armed men who have orders to shoot to kill should any of the unemployed attempt to return to the city. Five hundred special policemen are watching the bridge.

The fight in Sacramento to-day was lively but short. Kelly and his adjutants nieteen in all, were arrested for vagrancy before the trouble began. Without a leader, the men showed little disposition to fight. The police and Sheriffs' posses, armed with pickhandles, charged down upon the crowd, which was camped in a great sand lot surrounded by a high board fence. When the "army" saw the clubs most of them fled. About 500 stood their ground and offered resistance, but some were beaten and thrown over the fence, while others who threw themselves upon the ground were drenched by powerful streams of water from a fire engine standing just outside the grounds.

These streams of cold water proved more effective than the clubs, and the men quickly vaulted the fence and ran down the street toward the bridge across the Sacramento River. Some picked up bricks and stones and hurled them at street cars and automobiles, but most of them fled swiftly and did not stop until they reached the Yolo County side of the river.

They present a sorry spectacle tonight, for they are huddled together on a big lot by the river side. No arrangements have been made to feed them.

HOLD CHAUFFEUR FOR THEFT

Dickson Charged with Robbery Where Wife Was Caretaker.

Edward Dickson, a chauffeur, of 779 Courtlandt Avenue, the Bronx, was arrested in a pawnshop in Eighth Avenue last night by Detective Cooney of the Central Office and locked up at the West Forty-seventh Street Station, charged with robbing the Summer home of Milton Newmark at Far Rockaway of jewelry and furs worth $1,800.

Mr. and Mrs. Newmark, who were married in December, are away on a honeymoon trip. They made arrangements with the wife of Dickson, who was employed in the home of a Mrs. Herman, near their Summer home, to look after it in their absence. She had a key, and kept it in order.

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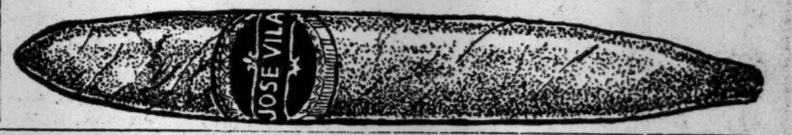

Jury Trial

Overwhelming Verdict

A few months ago, a man in no way connected with the making of Postum or the marketing of coffee, wrote to quite a number of physicians all over the country asking their unbiased testimony in the case of **Postum vs. Coffee.**

The following excerpts from their letters constitute an overwhelming verdict

In Favor of Postum

"I have discarded coffee altogether in my family, and instead use Postum which we find makes a rich, delicious drink, without any of the deleterious effects attendant on the continuous use of coffee."

"Our family have been users of Postum for a long time. We were very liberal coffee drinkers but were conscious that coffee was harming us—our nervous system, digestion and heart action—so we quit the coffee and began using Postum Now we relish it far more than we did coffee, and are all relieved of the old coffee troubles. As a physician I have induced several families to quit coffee and use Postum."

"Postum—when it is desirable to leave off coffee on account of over-stimulation or gastric disturbances."

"Postum has been used in my family nearly ever since it was placed on the market, and I recommend it to my patients. It is a nourishing drink. A great many families are giving their children Postum in place of coffee with best of results"

"I have used Postum in my family for years with the most satisfactory result,—so much so that we have practically abolished coffee, and with it the coffee headaches, nervousness, and lying awake the best part of the night."

"I drink Postum every morning, and recommend it to my friends who have 'nerves' and indigestion."

"No more coffee for me. I am using Instant Postum and advise my patients to do likewise. I prefer it to the best coffee, and have no more sour stomach attacks as I used to."

"For years I have been using Postum in the family and advocating it for my patients. I consider it to be exactly what its manufacturers claim for it. Postum is excellent in place of coffee where the latter is contraindicated. The food value of Postum plays an important part when compared with coffee."

"Have had many cases that could not drink coffee on account of its reflex action on the heart. Postum always supplies the place of coffee without the bad effects."

"I have used Postum for the past eight years in place of coffee. Before that I was troubled with frequent bilious headaches due to excessive use of coffee, and was then advised to use Postum. Since that time I have not had a single attack, which effect I attribute entirely to Postum. I frequently recommend it to others who experience equally gratifying results."

"Hardly a week goes by that I do not advise some patient with an irritable, acid stomach and nervous heart to stop at once the use of all coffee and take up the use of Postum, and always with good results."

"I am satisfied that coffee is responsible in a great degree for the premature breakdown of our active men and women. They suffer from caffeine poisoning. Of the truth of this there is not the shadow of a doubt. Our common sense tells us that the daily swallowing of caffeine—over-stimulating the heart and brain—will be followed by nervous depression, and finally by more or less disastrous results. I believe if people in general would use Postum as a beverage in place of coffee and tea their mental and physical condition would be much improved."

In the light of such testimony it would seem the part of wisdom to stop coffee and use Postum.

Postum is a genuine food-drink, made of whole wheat and a small percent of molasses. Contains the nutritious values of the grain, but is pure and absolutely free from the coffee drug, caffeine, or any other harmful substance.

Postum comes in two forms:

Regular Postum—must be well boiled to bring out its fine flavor. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—a soluble form. A teaspoonful stirred in a cup of hot water—with sugar and cream added—makes a delightful beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins. The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM

—Sold by grocers everywhere.

PARIS FASHIONS

THE SPRING STYLES IN WRAPS, GOWNS, SUITS, FROCKS AND HATS PRESENTED IN PHOTOGRAPHS

The first complete and authoritative presentation of Paris Spring Styles will appear in The New York Times next Sunday. Representatives of The Times were in attendance at the Paris Spring Openings and under special arrangement had the co-operation of the leading Paris creators of fashion in securing these photographs and in the preparation of the descriptive fashion articles. The originals are by such well-known Paris designers as Worth, Bennett, Beer, Maupas, Poret, Boue Soeurs, Zimmerman, Virot, Brevet, Ch. Hennard, and Schwab. The special articles will describe what Madeline, Georgette, and Caroline Reboux have created in Hats; what Suzanne Talbot says about Ribbons; what Doucet says about the Persian influence in Gowns; also articles by Cheruit, by Premet and by special fashion representatives of The New York Times.

Don't Delay

Tell your friends; women friends who do not ordinarily read The New York Times and who do not know about this SPRING FASHION NUMBER. Show them this announcement. Orders should be placed at once with newsdealers. The demand is sure to be large. Hundreds of newsdealers will not have a single copy left for the occasional buyer unless the occasional buyer gets busy immediately.

THE NEW YORK TIMES
NEXT SUNDAY

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MARCH 10, 1914.

NEW HAVEN FINANCING.

Now let Chairman Elliott tell the public what the New Haven books show in a statement as complete and illuminating as that made by J. P. Morgan & Co. The banking firm shows that during a period of twenty years its business with the New Haven Company yielded a profit of only $350,000, a fraction of 1 per cent. of the par value of the securities it dealt in for the road; and neither the banking house nor any of the partners had any interest whatever in the road's undertakings or in the properties it bought or sold. The firm's statement disposes of the reckless and unfounded charge that J. P. Morgan & Co. had "looted" the New Haven. But the mystery of New Haven financing remains to be cleared up. Did anybody "loot" the road, did illegitimate gains to the amount of millions go into anybody's pockets as the result of the road's financial operations?

The public demands an answer to these questions. The answer can be found, if anywhere, in the books of the company and its subsidiaries. Chairman Elliott says that expert accountants and investigators have been engaged for several months in examining the books and the property of the company. He is ready to aid in every possible way the Interstate Commerce Commission in the inquiry it has undertaken in response to the Senate resolution. As the result of these examinations the truth ought to be made known.

The public is concerned to know whether the New Haven has, in fact, been robbed. It wants to know the truth about its dealings in trolley lines, in steamship properties, and in the Westchester extension of its lines. The public has been told that in these various transactions millions of the actual money of the railroad or of its stockholders have disappeared, that the money has been stolen by somebody. Stealing is one thing, shrinkage of values another. One is a crime, the other may be the result of bad judgment. The trolley lines bought in Connecticut and Rhode Island, the New England Navigation Company's stock, and the New York, Westchester & Boston property appear to have been carried on the books of the New Haven at a valuation millions above actual cost. If that was mere "watering" then nobody got the millions, there was no stealing. But that kind of bookkeeping should be clearly explained. Mr. Prouty of the Interstate Commerce Commission is responsible for the statement that in the Westchester transaction $12,000,000 of money belonging to the New Haven stockholders "vanished into thin air." Mr. Oakleigh Thorne, who represented the New Haven in the transaction, characterizes this statement as absurd. It was his opinion that in acquiring a four-track right of way from 177th Street to Mount Vernon the New Haven "got a good bargain." What is the truth of the matter? Did $12,000,000 vanish into thin air, or are the millions still there, represented by tangible property and valuable rights?

What is the matter with New Haven, anyway? If the books will show, the truth ought to be made known promptly. The very well-informed author of the communication which appeared in The Times on Sunday pointed out that the Boston & Maine's property had recently been appraised "by a great railroad expert at a reproduction value of $250,000,000, an increase over its outstanding bonds and shares of many millions." He says of the New York, New Haven & Hartford that "it was appraised two or three years ago at a reproduction value of more than $100,000,000 above its outstanding bonds and shares." The physical property of these roads has not been destroyed. They are doing a great business. Are there real justifying causes for the great fall in the value of New Haven securities and for the demoralization of its finances, or is the trouble due in large part to causes temporarily depressing in their effect but not destructive of actual values? It can readily be understood that the New Haven system was worth more when it was operated as a unit than it will or can be worth when torn apart and operating as many units. But even a disrupting process does not destroy physical value, although great losses may be inflicted by the harshness of the process.

There are some signs that the New Haven management is plucking up courage to insist that the Attorney General shall be reasonable in dictating terms and time for disposing of the Boston & Maine shares. If his conditions are too hard, the road will try the matter out in the courts. Courage on the part of the management is essential to the extrication of the New Haven from its multitude of difficulties. Chairman Elliott, who is in no wise responsible for what has happened, has every reason for wishing to have the public on his side. It would seem wise, therefore, for him to take the public into his confidence by making known the whole truth about the road's past.

WHAT IS FREE SPEECH?

The framers of the Constitution of the United States clearly did not mean, in the provision that the "Congress shall make no law * * * abridging the freedom of speech or of the press or the right of the people to assemble," to grant to all persons the privilege to assail the laws and the defenders of them, to incite to riot, to imperil by incendiary utterance the welfare of the State. Socialists and trades unionists are most severe in their condemnation of the efforts of the I. W. W. to fill its coffers and organize its control of the discontented by such methods as it has employed in San Diego, Spokane, Paterson, and, more recently, in this city. The National Civic Federation is, therefore, undertaking an important service in the appointment of a committee of which Alton B. Parker is Chairman and Joseph H. Choate and William M. Ivins members, "to study the scope and limits of the rights of free speech and assembly both from the standpoints of the individual and of public order and welfare." The views of the best-qualified experts on the meaning of the Constitutional guarantees will be obtained.

There is no doubt whatever, in the public mind, that the orators of the I. W. W. and their anarchistic sympathizers have frequently exceeded their Constitutional rights in their public utterances. A man who interrupted a church service with blasphemous remarks would be quickly incarcerated. On the same ground, one who uses a platform in a public park, provided for the use of all the people, for a speech urging his followers to help themselves to any property of others they may care to have, and to use force to obtain their ends, is clearly not protected by any Constitutional guarantee. No provision of the Constitution of State or nation can be used to sanction pillage and the destruction of property. Nevertheless, the comparatively small body of agitators dubbing themselves the Industrial Workers of the World has thriven by these illegal means and induced large numbers of discontented and ignorant men and women to lend it occasional support. The work of the National Civic Federation's new committee will amount to a thorough inquiry into the alleged right of this lawless body to incite to riot and to proclaim publicly its theories that there is no rightful ownership of property and no government anywhere that freemen need recognize.

SPEEDING UP THE TRUST BILLS.

According to Washington dispatches the trust bills are to be hurried in order that Congress may adjourn for a rest, having recently overworked itself. There is no public demand for any bills yet suggested, and Congress itself has lacked the hardihood up to this time to persist in the face of such protests as the business world is making. Take, for example, the attitude toward legislation indicated by yesterday's news. The Journal of Commerce gave much space to the bitter protest of the National Wholesale Grocers' Association against the prosecution of capitalists under the anti-trust law while privilege is granted to farmers and unionists. The Merchants' Association of this city formally opposed three bills introduced in this New York Legislature, as they have been introduced in other Legislatures. In other years offers have been made to defeat the bills for a consideration. The Kentucky Legislature has driven practically all insurance companies from the State, just as Missouri did to its regret.

These are the incidents of a single day regarding proposals of legislation of similar character in both States and nation. The legislators are working overtime, and faster and faster, in full assurance that the virtue and the prosperity of the country rest in their care alone. Such assurance can be justified or explained only by either entire competence or by limitless impudence. Without undertaking to say which is the correct explanation, it may be observed that not one-quarter of our legislators are successful men of business. Just as critics are said to be unsuccessful authors, so our legislators are on the average unsuccessful business men, if they are business men at all, or lawyers whose greatest successes are in the Capitols rather than in the courts. The only thing that most Congressmen can be said to be successful at is politics. They show persistent ignorance of the practice of business and opposition to the wants of business.

Is there such antagonism between business and popular opinion as exists between business and legislators? It will not be assumed that business is above either criticism or regulation. The question is whether the country thinks as badly of business as the legislators do. If there is any doubt of it there is the same doubt about the qualifications of lawgivers as representatives of the people to regulate business in the manner against which business is so earnestly protesting at the same time that lawmakers assume such merits for overworking themselves.

MEXICO NOT INVADED.

The reports that Texas Rangers had invaded Mexican territory to recover the body of Clemente Vergara, a ranchman, who had been enticed into Mexico and murdered, were based wholly on the statement in the dispatch of Capt. Sanders to Gov. Colquitt that he "proceeded to Hidalgo, Mex.," to get the body. The explanation is that Capt. Sanders meant that he had gone in a northwesterly direction from Laredo to a point on the Rio Grande opposite the Mexican village called Hidalgo, where he obtained possession of the body. While it is clear enough now that Capt. Sanders and his Rangers did not step on Mexican soil, there will be a general feeling of regret that the wording of his message to the Governor should have been ambiguous. But there is no settlement on the American side of the river near Hidalgo. Capt. Sanders, moreover, was accompanied by the United States Consul at Nuevo Laredo, who certainly would not have been a party to a raid which had been prohibited by the State Department.

Therefore, there is no fresh cause for worry about the latest incident in the Mexican complication. The murder of Vergara, an American citizen, by Mexican Federal soldiers, is not a more serious matter now than it was before. It is quite serious enough, however, and taken in connection with the list of the killing of sixty-five Americans since the present situation across the border developed, read by Senator Fall in his speech yesterday, will lead to a pretty general idea that something more must be done to protect noncombatant Americans than the Mexican authorities have yet been disposed to do. Few Americans will be convinced by the bluster of Mr. Fall that armed invasion, such as he suggests, could under any circumstances be anything less than an act of war. Nor, we fancy, do many of Mr. Fall's constituents share his belief that the invasion of Mexico by an American army would not eventually lead to the acquirement of new territory. "Intervention" in the Southwest has always meant annexation.

Senator Fall's return to his favorite subject is not going to influence the President to assume a new and hostile attitude toward Mexico nor is the manner of the recovery of Vergara's body likely to increase the perplexities of our Mexican relations. But those perplexities are formidable. Is there a gleam of hope in Gen. Huerta's instructions to his commanders to assume the offensive hereafter and to begin vigorous action against the northern rebels? Surely, a definite victory of the Federal troops in the neighborhood of Torreon would have a wholesome result. The illusion that the influence of Carranza and Villa will ever be exerted to secure a stable Government should be, by this time, effectually dispelled.

UNDER WHICH FLAG?

The people of the United States are pretty well aware that the civil war is over, but there are some politicians and editors who are still fighting the battles of the Revolution. England is willing to be reconciled to the loss of her children on this continent, but some Americans are now appealing to events of the remote past as a reason for not complying with the plighted faith of the United States in the matter of the Panama Canal tolls.

There must be some coals in the ashes or else the Clan-na-Gael would never venture to assert in public that 13,000,000 Americans are unwilling that President Wilson should act at the bidding of England. It is with sorrow that The Times notices its low place in the esteem of so many Americans, and in the company of so poor an American as Andrew Carnegie. The incident is painful, and yet we must exercise the same privilege of free Americans that is asserted by the Clan-na-Gael, and select for ourselves the banner which we will follow in the tolls controversy. We fancy that we are following the American flag in supporting our national honor as we see it. If there are others who prefer to follow the flags of the Clan-na-Gael and a certain section of the American press they have that right.

In our view it is not a question of choosing between Kings and flags. But since others put it that way we are willing to abide the result. There can be no better time or issue than this to decide whether the Revolution is over, or whether there is any necessity to respond when anybody demands that we shall act to our dishonor through hate against any country.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Blindness Hard to Understand. Nothing could more clearly illustrate the strange capacity of human beings for looking at the perfectly visible and obvious without seeing it than do discoveries just made in regard to the notes found beside the dead body of the girl for whose murder Leo M. Frank was convicted and is now under sentence of death.

The importance of these notes as evidence was promptly recognized by both the prosecution and the defense. They have been subjected to prolonged and careful study, not only by all the lawyers directly connected with the case but by many other persons, for one or another reason interested in it, including one man who took the trouble to get out a pamphlet containing fac similes of the notes and an amended reading of them.

Unless these documents were written as the negro Conley testified, his whole story fell, and with it, practically, the theory of the crime constructed by the State. Yet in all the months that have passed since last April nobody till now saw that on one of the two notes, partly printed and partly penciled, was clear proof that Conley lied when he swore that he wrote from Frank's dictation, in Frank's office, on a pad of requisition blanks, taken then and there by Frank from Frank's desk. For on the head of the blank was the printed beginning of a date—"190—"—showing that it was at least three, and perhaps four, years old, while under this was "Order No. 1,018," and a few lines below, half erased, but still easily legible, was the name of Becker, a former Superintendent of the pencil factory.

Here were "clues" enough, it seems now, to start any detective, professional or amateur, on an investigation that would soon disclose what now is clear—that the notes were written by Conley, not in Frank's office but in the cellar, where old requisitions with other rubbish of like kind had accumulated. What the lawyers did not see, or Frank himself, though it stared then in the face, was at last noticed by one of the shop foremen, who knew the routine of the place and had known the forgotten Becker. With attention once turned to the right point, the obvious has become visible at last to all, and Conley's testimony—the main, almost the only, support of the prosecution—is reduced to utter worthlessness.

In the circumstances it is hardly thinkable that the new trial demanded by the condemned man will be refused.

A Scolding Perhaps Undeserved. According to a report just made on "the college girl graduate," she stands and walks badly, is hollow-chested and stoops, and peppers her talk thickly with provincialisms and slang. This truly horrifying revelation as to the effects of higher education is made by one who herself belongs to the class she describes, so she cannot be suspected of prejudice or animosity against the girl graduates, as such. And she aggravates her indictment of the learned sisterhood by saying that they ignore advice from their elders as to the need of training themselves to make a pleasing impression on the world, and she sees hope only in the chance that the undergraduates, especially the seniors, may be moved to instruct themselves in the utility of the graces, mental and physical.

Now, probably nobody who has seen many graduates of the girls' colleges has failed to come across several of them to whom these criticisms could justly be applied. But probable, also, is it that everybody with such opportunities for observation of the species in question has noticed that—well, that the college girl graduates are not a species at all. They differ among themselves just about as do women in general, and while nothing can be said that is untrue of them all, on the other hand, of them all nothing is true, except, perhaps, that all of them can read and write with more or less of facility.

The object of colleges, whether for girls or boys, is not to create a particular type, but to give natural abilities a better chance to develop than they would have elsewhere. In this the girls' colleges are seemingly about as successful as are the other institutions in which survives the queer notion that the best preparing for life is done where separation of the sexes during their most ductile and impressionable years creates conditions as unlike life as it is later to be lived as can be imagined.

That, however, raises anew the bitterly disputed question whether coeducation is right or wrong. Much can be, or at least has been, said on both sides of that question, and the cautious let the controversy sleep when and if it will.

Impossibilities Are Not So Numerous. Aviation experts, like doctors, disagree, and they do it with even more scorn for the opinions of each other. There is, for instance, the question whether, with present facilities in the way of planes and motors, a flight across the Atlantic is possible. This is a clear and definite problem, with all the facts available to, and presumably known by, all the authorities on flying, yet half of them say that the thing simply can't be done without better machines than anybody now knows how to build, and half as confidently insist that the feat is neither difficult nor dangerous.

Those of us, however, who cannot pretend to personal knowledge of the subject are not precluded from having and expressing an opinion on it. We remember that in the past the men who talked about impossibilities have usually been wrong, and those who denied them right. Ten years ago, so obviously impossible was any real rivalry of the birds by men that the friends of anybody who ventured to experiment with wings felt themselves neglectful of their duty if they failed to have trustees appointed to care for his person and property.

Now it is only transoceanic flight that seems insane. But believers in its practicability have not only appeared; they are tinkering with their big machines and collecting money for the great adventure. And real scientists are encouraging them to start when the good weather comes. The last to do so is Dr. Alexander Graham Bell, who knows more than a thing or two about aeroplanes. He insists that existing motors are good enough for the long voyage, if only it be made high in air and precautions are taken to keep the aviators warm. That, as he says, is easy.

A Pedagogic Symbol.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If it is proper for a Stock Exchange to use a bull or bear for symbols, why shouldn't a school house use a serpent for a symbol? Doesn't a tutor lead a pupil into temptation and beguile, cajole, or even coerce him into learning lessons which may be either good or evil? Doesn't a pupil who learns a lesson eat of the fruit of a tree of knowledge?

BENONI.

Paterson, N. J., March 8, 1914.

Uncle Sam Scolded.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Did you ever realize what a petty nuisance the Federal Government is in this community? An annoying delay on the Third Avenue surface line this morning was caused by the Post Office getting in coal. It seems that they always do that during rush hours. Passing the Sub-Treasury, one is apt to get a shower from its roof. All of which is tiresome.

STATE RIGHTS.

New York, March 8, 1914.

WOMEN PHYSICIANS.

Equal Chances Not Given as Students or Internes.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Failure to reply to the statement that women physicians are not increasing would most probably be taken as an assent to the statements made therein. Some of the remarks are so inaccurate that it seems strange they were allowed publication. For instance, the statement that "women have an opportunity to study at any of the medical institutions of the country on an equal footing with men students" cannot be allowed to go unchallenged. Women are not allowed to matriculate in any of the first-class medical schools in the eastern part of this country, except at Cornell in this city and at Johns Hopkins in Baltimore. They are not admitted at the Physicians and Surgeons, Bellevue, Harvard, University of Pennsylvania, or Yale.

At Cornell the opportunity for study is not without its conditions, well known to all who can speak with authority. Women are not permitted to compete in the examinations for the hospital appointments, the goal of every ambitious medical student. In fact, they are not permitted to compete for any of the hospital appointments in the city. Occasionally a woman enters her name, or, rather, her number, for it is by numbers that the competitors are entered. But standing No. 1 on the eligible list does not give a woman an appointment as interne, as has been demonstrated in this city not so very many years since. In other words, it is useless for women to come up for these examinations.

Not even in the Woman's Hospital in this city are women allowed as internes. In only four cases in the whole hospital history of old and of Greater New York have women been granted hospital appointments. Of the one hundred and twenty hospitals in this city women are admitted in about six. In Johns Hopkins women are admitted on absolutely equal terms with men, and that is the only real co-educational medical institution in this part of the country. But, be it remembered that it was only on these terms that the Garrett Foundation was given. Mary Garrett of Baltimore did that great thing for the women of this country.

In a number of clinics in this city women are admitted as assistants; in a few they may become chiefs of the clinic. That they do not more frequently attain to the higher positions is not due to lack of qualifications, but to the prejudice against admitting women to these positions and to the bitter struggle for existence. It is difficult for a woman to acquire the prestige needed to obtain any of the first-class public positions which exist in this city. In some departments there is no apparent prejudice against appointing women; in others a great prejudice exists.

All medical women who are able to avail themselves of study abroad testify to the infinitely preferable conditions existing there as compared with this country. In France, Germany, Switzerland, and Italy the doors have been thrown wide open to women. When the universities of Germany opened their doors to women it was not grudgingly done. At least, one can say that it was thoroughly done, and all of the universities were obliged to open their doors to women, so that a woman can now attend any university which she desires to attend.

That the medical women have succeeded as well as they have has been largely due to their indomitable energy. They have been a brave army with the examples before them of Drs. Elizabeth and Emily Blackwell, Dr. Mary Putnam Jacobi, and a host of others.

E. HELEN KNIGHT, M. D.

New York, March 6, 1914.

DANCING.

Its Poetry and Meaning Not Understood in This City.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I dare say there are very many readers of your paper who agree with me in assigning a vast importance to dancing as a part of the mental and physical education of woman. It would appear to me that without a knowledge of dancing a woman lacks the most womanly physical quality of her beauty—that indefinite grace of movement and fascinating sway of figure that lend the charm of a breeze-blown flower to the dignified stateliness of womanhood. A woman is lyrical in effect when she moves as though borne by invisible wings, light as fruit blossom to earth as the Spring dies.

Doubtless all will agree with me in defining dancing generally as the poetry of motion. Then can they tell me why the inhabitants of New York City understand less about true dancing than the inhabitants of any other great world capital? I have watched the faces of spectators of really first-class dancing, and noticed a semi-bored, semi-puzzled expression; they absolutely fail to read it; they scarcely even understand the alphabet of dancing. It never has any effect on them whatsoever. Even in its most debased form, when the art degenerates into an interminable tattoo of toe and heel, its only effect is to set feet on the tap, chins on the nod, and lips on the hum. Yet in Paris, for instance, I have seen girls and women gazing with rapture on the exquisite dancing of a Russian ballerina as though they looked upon a vision of heaven. I have seen young men's eyes gleaming with hero-light of excitement and old men after the dance shouting and clapping with enthusiasm. But while the dance lasts—all as hush as death, save the dreaming voices of the muted violins, songful slaves to the peerless dancer.

J. DE LA MARE ROWLEY.

New York, March 9, 1914.

Senor de la Garza's Status.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of to-day certain reportorial comments on the interview with me seem to convey wrong impressions, which I am sure you will be glad to correct.

I was not the envoy of General Huerta, Provisional President of Mexico, nor did I possess or claim to have any official credentials of any sort whatever. When I came here last Summer I was simply a loyal Mexican citizen, hoping and working for the best interests of my distracted country.

Neither have I failed in any mission, as I did not have any, nor in any attempt to see the President of the United States, because I have not been in Washington nor made any attempt to see him.

I wrote at the time a letter to the President, and, as in duty bound, placed myself at his disposal in a dignified manner, should he desire further information, as would any courteous foreigner temporarily in your country; but I have not otherwise sought or attempted to procure an interview, directly or indirectly.

EMETERIO DE LA GARZA, JR.

New York, March 7, 1914.

Working Hard for a Home.

A brother and sister, the one twenty and the other almost seventeen, have a home to make for their mother and the two younger children, and they are not yet able to meet all the expenses unaided. The boy is ambitious and works steadily, but he is handicapped by an incurable disease of the spine and cannot hope for rapid advancement. The girl is working for a dressmaker. Their mother is suffering from tuberculosis, but is not a menace to the children's health. She is under suitable medical supervision and is able to care for them without injury to herself. The young wage earners are together making about $12 a week—enough to meet the expenses exclusive of the rent. This is $15 a month. The Charity Organization Society asks for $180 to pay the rent for a year.

Gifts may be sent to the office of the society, 105 East Twenty-second Street.

The society acknowledges with thanks the following contributions sent in response to previous appeals in The Times: "L. S. B.", $1; "H. W.", $1; "Anonymous," $3.

UNEMPLOYMENT ABROAD.

Public Labor Exchanges Successful in England and Germany.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In view of the Governor's message on unemployment and his recommendation that the State establish free labor exchanges, it may be of interest to recall that the New York State Commission on Employers' Liability was also charged with the duty of investigating the subject of unemployment, and in April, 1911, reported on this subject to the Legislature.

Our inquiry included an investigation of the foreign experience and the progress made abroad in the solution of the problem. We sent a sub-committee to Europe, whose report was compiled by William M. Leiserson, who accompanied the committee and whose labors won him a Fellowship in Columbia University and led to his appointment to an important position upon the sociological staff of the University of Wisconsin. We found that Germany had developed a great system of public labor exchanges; that it had at that time 462 of such exchanges which found places for almost 1,000,000 of workers annually, and that, as a result of the report of an English commission in 1907, Parliament in 1909 enacted the "Labor Exchanges act," and that by the end of 1910 150 of such bureaus had been established, which at that time were placing in positions about 1,500 workers daily. We also called attention to the fact that other States had already established and were extending a system of public free employment offices, Ohio having five, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Connecticut four each, Massachusetts and Washington three each, Illinois six, and Michigan eight, Illinois spending $50,000 and Massachusetts $21,000 on the work.

Unemployment is, undoubtedly, the most difficult problem of modern industrial society, one which cannot be successfully solved by the hasty adoption of apparent remedies, but we recommended "a system of public employment offices, which will connect the supply of labor with the demand for it and at the same time collect the accurate statistical information necessary for a solution of the problem," but declared that it was essential to the success of any such system that it should be kept out of politics and its administering force selected through careful civil service methods. We also reported a bill providing for such exchanges, which was introduced in the Legislatures of 1911 and 1912 by Senator Bayne in the Senate and Mr. Voss in the Assembly. We expressed the belief that if our recommendation was adopted "the most important and practicable first step will have been taken toward solving the problem of unemployment."

The suggestion made so earnestly by the Governor should certainly now receive the serious consideration of the Legislature.

J. MAYHEW WAINWRIGHT.

New York, March 7, 1914.

PRIVATE SNOW REMOVAL.

Owners Urged to Lend Aid in Clearing the Streets.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Snow having been on the ground for three weeks, keeping our pleasure cars and many of our trucks confined indoors, and seeing no possibility of relief ahead, we put our entire force of 225 men, consisting of repair men, machinists, painters, body workers, blacksmiths, tinsmiths, draftsmen, and clerks, to cleaning snow from the streets and sidewalks immediately in front of our building. Less than 125 shovels could be secured. However, with an ample supply of picks, crowbars, brooms, and other implements to break up the ice and snow for the shovelers, approximately 8,000 cubic feet of snow were removed in less than an hour and a half.

This is the only redress from an inefficient Street Cleaning Department. All offers to co-operate with them became so mixed in the department's "red tape" that it proved of no avail.

A. F. MASURY.

Manager N. Y. Service Station, International Motor Company.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is there not some way of calling the attention of property holders to the necessity not only for cleaning off the snow from their sidewalks, but also for cleaning and freeing the gutters? It would entail little expense and trouble upon each householder to have this done—to pile the material in the centre of the street with an occasional opening in the pile that would allow the passage or turning of horses and vehicles. Such a responsibility, borne by the householder, would save the city a large sum, reduce the wear and tear upon vehicles and injury to horses, and prevent the obstructions to traffic that now occur by the failure to carry out such plan after heavy snowfalls.

E. C. PERRY.

New York, March 7, 1914.

Studying the Servant Problem.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is evident that Miss or Mrs. Eleanor Tuttle of Weehawken, N. J., is quite unfamiliar with the effort that is being made by clubwomen in her own State to help "solve the problem of household domestic labor."

Mrs. Frank A. Pattison, formerly President of the New Jersey State Federation of Women's Clubs, and now Chairman of the Household Economic Department, has established at her home, at Colonia, an experimental station, where the question of domestic service is one of the many problems she and her committee are attacking from the point of view of the modern household, and modern need. It would, I am sure, interest your correspondent to learn at first hand how little of the attitude of placid resignation to the inevitable these women have assumed.

M. E. B.

New York, March 9, 1914.

Cruelty to Horses.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I would call attention to the abuse of horses all over the city and the sights one sees of cruelty from the merciless drivers and inhuman owners. So many are young, vicious boys; as drivers they haven't the brains of a grasshopper.

W. W. W.

New York, March 9, 1914.

Book on "The Emmet Brothers."

The article on aviation in Napoleon's day, printed in the Magazine Section of The Sunday Times, was from a copy of The Dublin Press of Oct. 3, 1797, which has been reproduced, as an illustration in "The Emmet Brothers—Thomas Addis and Robert Emmet," by Dr. Thomas Addis Emmet, which is soon to be printed.

OLD GIRLS, AND NEW.

His paper drops. The crunch of wheels
 Recalls the nights of long ago—
The quiet village back in Maine,
 While moonlight glinted on the snow.
He sees the merry boys and girls
 Go coasting down the slippery hill;
Soft scents come from the silent pines;
 Ice-bound the wheel beside the mill.

And one goes flying down with him—
 Red-cheeked, red-capped, red-mittened she!
Her dark curls toss, her laugh is sweet,
 Her black eyes sparkle in their glee.

* * * * * * *

Lo! at the library door she stands,
 The sweetheart of his boyhood days!
The years have brought them riches, place.
 Well versed is she in social ways.

She does not understand the smile
 With which he scans her evening gown,
Draped, flimsy, slit, its bodice scant,
 Though silver locks her proud head crown.

"It's just a question of the times,"
 He muses, "and the point of view!
A girl of sixteen muffles more
 Than when she's reached sweet sixty-two!"

ELLA A. FANNING.

A "SNOW SQUEEZER."

Prof. Franklin Revives Edison's Plan of Disposal.

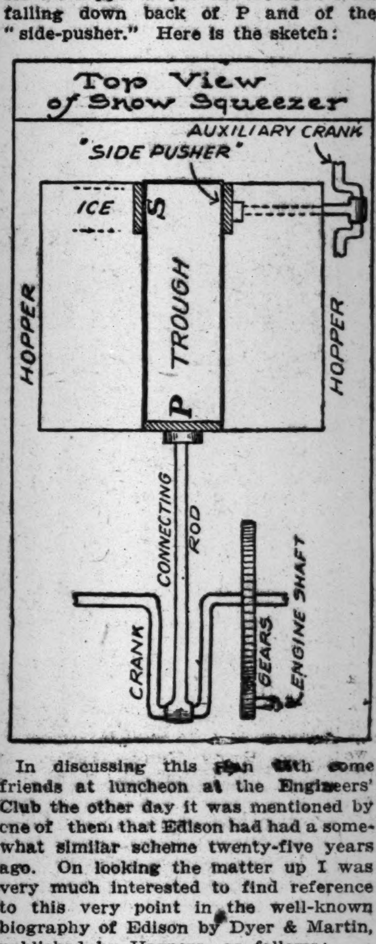
To the Editor of The New York Times:

Every time I have passed through New York City after a snowstorm, for many years, it has been pressed in upon me that the snow on the streets could be gotten out of the way quickly and cheaply by using machines for compressing it into cubical blocks, which could be stacked in high narrow ricks at the sides of the streets, and then hauled away at leisure, or on the less busy streets allowed to stand until melted in due course of time.

The machine for doing this would appear to the man on the street as a long hopper pushed ahead of a truck. A gang of laborers would be shoveling snow steadily into the hopper, and the compressed blocks of ice would be dropped by the machine and stacked into a high rick by a second gang of laborers.

The detailed mechanism of the machine cannot, of course, be described in a letter like this, but, nevertheless, the essential features are so simple that they can be clearly understood from the following sketch, which shows a top view of the machine.

The bottom of the hopper is a long, rectangular trough, into which the snow drops, helped by more or less poking by an attendant. The plate P is pushed lengthwise of the trough by a crank and connecting rod, thus compressing the snow in the trough into a solid block; and then, as the plate P moves back, an auxiliary crank and connecting rod operates a "side-pusher," which pushes the block of ice to one side under the hopper, as shown by the dotted square in the sketch. A third crank and connecting rod would, of course, be arranged to draw back a side plate S, thus making an opening through which the block of ice would be pushed. An essential detail would be that the plate P and the "side-pusher" would have horizontal, flat plates attached to them, so that when pushed inward these flat plates would form temporary bottoms for the hopper to prevent the snow from falling down back of P and of the "side-pusher." Here is the sketch:



In discussing this plan with some friends at luncheon at the Engineers' Club the other day it was mentioned by one of them that Edison had had a somewhat similar scheme twenty-five years ago. On looking the matter up I was very much interested to find reference to this very point in the well-known biography of Edison by Dyer & Martin, published by Harpers, as follows:

> One time when they had a snow blockade in New York I started to build a machine with Batchelor—a big truck with a steam engine and compressor on it. We would run along the street, gather all the snow up in front of us, pass it into the compressor, and deliver little blocks of ice behind us in the gutter, taking one-tenth the room of the snow, and not inconveniencing anybody. We could thus take care of a snowstorm by diminishing the bulk of material to be handled. The preliminary experiment we made was dropped because we went into other things. The machine would go as fast as a horse could walk.

N. S. FRANKLIN.

Lehigh University, South Bethlehem, Penn., March 8, 1914.

MRS. DODGE'S ESTIMATE.

850,000, and Not 4,000,000, Women Vote, Says Anti-Suffrage Leader.

Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, President of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, who had just returned from a Western trip, said yesterday:

"At the hearing before the Judiciary Committee in Washington last Tuesday the three warring factions of suffragists agreed on only one thing, and that was threatening Congress if their demands were not granted. Among others Mrs. Crystal Eastman Benedict made this threat against the Democratic Party in the following words: 'Grant us woman suffrage throughout the United States or 4,000,000 women who vote in States where suffrage is already a fact will vote against you.'

"This is the most astonishing perversion of statistics that has yet been made by the suffragists. That round number of 4,000,000 women voters, although challenged already by the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, seems to have gotten into the suffrage brain to stay. I should like to make another effort to correct this really amusing claim. There are not 4,000,000 possible women voters in the nine States which have full woman suffrage and in Illinois, and the figures as to the actual number of voting women is so far below the 4,000,000 mark that one wonders that the suffrage leaders have the temerity to advance their remarkable calculations as deserving of belief.

"The following figures are taken from the United States Census Bureau, usually considered a perfectly reliable source. According to the census there are in Illinois and the nine full suffrage States a total of exactly 3,565,564 women 21 years old and over, and this total of women who have reached the voting age includes the ignorant, the foreign-born, the unnaturalized, the negro, the Indian, the Chinese, and Japanese.

"The native-born white women of voting age in all these ten States number only 1,722,545. The foreign-born number 882,783, and those of foreign or mixed parentage 870,423. Under the limitations and restrictions put on the franchise in these States, it would be more than liberal to estimate that 2,500,000 women voters are represented by the suffrage leaders—that is, 2,500,000 of all conditions and nationalities who are able to vote.

"But the authorities of the States where woman suffrage obtains estimate that, at a top figure, not more than two-thirds of the possible women voters register, and not more than 50 per cent. of those who register go to the polls. Two-thirds of 2,500,000 does not amount to a total of 1,700,000. That is sufficient to show how ridiculous is the claim that the suffragists control 4,000,000 women voters in this country.

"Why make a statement so easily disproved by actual figures? A threat such as this should simply amuse our representatives at Washington and prove that the suffragists, having failed in their so-called arguments, have resorted to a threat which on the face of it cannot be carried out."

PAUPER GOODS BILL SENT TO THE HOUSE

Labor Committee Makes Favorable Report on the Hensley Importation Measure.

AMENDS THE TARIFF ACT

Bars All Merchandise Made by Convicts or Other Dependents in Foreign Lands.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Action that may have a far-reaching effect on American importations from Europe and the Orient, if approved, was taken by the House Labor Committee to-day when it authorized a favorable report on the Hensley bill prohibiting the importation of any goods, wares, or merchandise may by convict, pauper, or detained labor.

The father of the measure is Representative Walter L. Hensley of Missouri, who is likewise author of the "Naval holiday" resolution, recently passed by the House, authorizing President Wilson to negotiate with foreign Governments with a view to cessation of naval construction for a limited period. The bill was favorably reported to the House late this afternoon.

The Underwood Tariff act prohibits the importation of any goods made by convict labor. A similar provision was in the Payne tariff law. The Hensley bill would repeal the convict labor provision of the Underwood law and substitute for it the still broader and more sweeping prohibition against the importation not only of products of convict labor but also the products of pauper or prison labor.

The Hensley bill, as explained by Chairman Lewis of the Labor Committee, is intended to exclude all convict-made goods, whether products of the field, the granary, the mine, or the factory. Elaborate details are provided in the bill for the enforcement of its terms. Members of the Labor Committee and certain other leaders behind the Hensley bill assert it is broad enough, if effectively enforced, to keep out all so-called "pauper" labor goods, and will meet the Republican arguments that protective tariffs are necessary to protect the American workingmen.

The Treasury Department was asked for its opinion on the Hensley bill, and in a formal letter Mr. Hamlin, as acting Secretary of the Treasury, replied:

"The department has no data to show what effect on the importation of merchandise in the United States the enactment of said bill would have, and as the question of its enactment is one entirely of public policy no opinion is expressed."

However, Mr. Hamlin suggested that the committee write into the bill some specific definition of "pauper" labor so as to enable the department to establish regulations for its enforcement. In response to this suggestion the bill was amended so as to provide that the term "pauper" should be limited to those who are held or confined in eleemosynary institutions at public expense in whole or in part. The bill was also changed so that it might become effective a month after its enactment.

The Hensley bill, in addition to extending the scope of the goods to be barred, provides for the seizure and confiscation of all such goods and provides a penalty of fine not exceeding $5,000 and imprisonment not more than two years for consignors, sellers, owners, shippers, importers, and others knowingly and fraudulently attempting to introduce such convict, pauper, or prison-made goods into the United States.

ATTACKS PORTO RICO COURT

D. Fernandez Asks Senate Committee to Oust Federal Judges.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—An attack on the United States District Court of Porto Rico was made to-day before the Senate Committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rico by D. Fernandez, a special representative of the House of Delegates of Porto Rico, who asked that the court be abolished and supported the request with a communication from the Porto Rican Bar Association.

Fernandez said he did not question the integrity of the Judges, but contended that they were without the slightest knowledge of the customs and laws of Porto Rico.

They administered justice, he said, "like the ancient praetors with the twelve tables," and could not understand or appreciate through oral translation the testimony in civil and criminal cases.

"It has been generally believed," he added, "that the Federal Court is not subject to any law, and that matters within or without the law could be successful in that court. Property owners are involved in insidious litigation; family and sexual relations are made a matter of exploitation; and under such auspices live in fear of exploitation and dishonor."

Senator Saulsbury told Fernandez that if he knew of any such conditions as those described, it was his duty to bring impeachment proceedings in the House of Delegates. Fernandez replied that if time were given he could produce evidence to support his assertions.

HOME FOR AUTHORS' LEAGUE

Part of House Where Irving Wrote Has Been Leased.

The Authors' League of America, of which Winston Churchill is President, Theodore Roosevelt, Vice President, and Ellis Parker Butler, Secretary and Treasurer, will move this week into the house at Irving Place and Seventeenth Street, in which Washington Irving wrote his "Life of Oliver Goldsmith" and prepared the material for his "Life of Washington." The house was owned at the time by Irving's uncle, and the author spent a great deal of time there.

Since its foundation in January, 1913, the league has had its headquarters at 30 Broad Street, in the rooms formerly used as law offices by its legal representatives, Arthur Train and Robert Otis Hayward. Its rapid growth has now made more spacious quarters necessary, and according to Mr. Hayward it is desired to move nearer the district where most of the publishing houses are situated. The league now has 650 members, and since its first annual dinner on Feb. 14 many members from the South and West have been added. The league's principal object is to protect authors in their dealings with publishers and to obtain more equitable copyright laws. It publishes a monthly bulletin.

The Irving house has two stories and a basement. The league has sublet the basement and first floor for one year, with privilege of extension. There has been some talk of tearing down the house, but the league hopes to preserve it.

The ground floor room, looking down Seventeenth Street, which Irving used as a study, will serve the league as a library and reception room. In Irving's day its chief attraction was the unbroken view to the East River.

The neighborhood has many literary associations. Mrs. Francis Burton Harrison lived on Irving Place, one square below the league's new headquarters; Horace Greeley lived on Eighteenth Street, just around the corner, and George Bancroft once conducted the Century Club in Fifteenth Street, near by. Brander Matthews was also at one time a resident of the district.

SUNDAY LOCKED OUT OF HIS OWN MEETING

Evangelist Is Admitted Through Besieging Crowd, but Carnegies Are Not So Fortunate.

ASSAILS MODERN CHURCHES

Many Are Mere Social Bodies, He Tells Carnegie Hall Rally—"Sermons Showers of Cocaine."

The Rev. Billy Sunday, the noted evangelist and former baseball player, was locked out of the meeting at Carngie Hall last night, at which he was to be the principal speaker. Mr. Sunday was admitted when word was passed to those inside that he was waiting, but three or four thousand other people for whom there was no room in the hall were left out in the cold, and among them, according to Caleb H. Hodges, assistant to the Superintendent of the Evangelistic Committee of New York City, under the auspices of which the meeting was held, were Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie.

Last night's rally was the beginning of the tenth annual campaign of the Evangelistic Committee, which does most of its work in tent and open-air meetings. Mr. Sunday came all the way from Scranton, Penn., where he is conducting a six weeks' series of meetings, to start the campaign. This is his first visit to New York since he played here with the Pittsburgh Baseball Club nearly twenty years ago.

Six thousand tickets for the meeting were distributed through the medium of the churches, and the committee foresaw some time ago that there would be too many people on hand. According to Mr. Hodges, Commissioner McKay was notified that extra police protection would be needed, but when the meeting began only four patrolmen were on hand. When the crowd outside the doors obviously became too large for the capacity of the house the management locked the doors. This was at 7:45 P. M., and the doors stayed locked until the reserves from three police stations arrived about 8:45 P. M. Then the doors were opened a little and a number of people were let in.

Assails Modern Churches.

Speaking on the text, "Lord, is it I?" from Matthew, xxvi., 22, Mr. Sunday said that many modern churches were not much more than mere social organizations. Many church members, he said, seemed to think that they had a Pullman ticket to Paradise, and went to sleep after telling the porter to wake them up when the train pulled into the yards at the New Jerusalem. But, said Mr. Sunday, that sort of Christian would probably be sidetracked with a hotbox.

"If church members did their duty," said Mr. Sunday, "hell would be for rent and the devil would be in the hospital before the Fourth of July. But the modern church is too close to the sins of the world, and there isn't enough spiritual power in a tango dancer to cast out a devil the size of a peanut. Too many present-day sermons are like showers of spiritual cocaine. Church members forsake the prayer meeting for the card party. The church, our mother, is sick, and we massage her so mildly that she rather enjoys being an invalid.

"But I'm not an osteopath; I'm a surgeon. I cut right down to the heart of the abscess, for that is the only way to cure our mother. When I began to preach I wrote sermons with sentences so long that they'd make a Greek professor's jaw squeak for a week after he said one of them; but I soon found that that didn't get any results. So I loaded my Gospel gun with rough-on-rats, ipecac, dynamite and barbed wire, and the gang's been hunting a hole ever since."

26,600 Converted in Pittsburgh.

Stephen Baker, President of the Bank of the Manhattan Company and Bank of the Metropolis, and Chairman of the Evangelistic Committee, presided at the meeting. Bishop L. B. Wilson delivered the opening prayer, and the Rev. John R. Mackay the benediction. Mr. Sunday was introduced by the Rev. J. K. McClurkin of Pittsburgh, who was Chairman of Billy Sunday's Pittsburgh campaign. Dr. McClurkin told of the result of this revival, which began Dec. 27 and continued eight weeks, and brought 26,600 conversions.

"As a preacher," he said, "I can compare him only to John the Baptist."

The Rev. A. F. Schauffler, President of the City Mission and Tract Society, was also to speak at the meeting, but he was one of the hundreds who were locked out.

In the early part of the meeting several song numbers were conducted by Homer Rodeheaver, who is Mr. Sunday's regular song leader at all his meetings. One of them in particular, called "If Your Heart Keeps Right," won a great response from the audience. Mr. Rodeheaver said that the thought behind the words was what was appreciated, but some of the unregenerate in the crowd were heard to remark that it would be a fine one-step.

Another who was unable to get into the auditorium was a Scranton reporter, who had come all the way from the Pennsylvania town to see how Mr. Sunday took in New York. He tried to crawl in through a window after the doors were locked, but employes of the house caught him half way through and thrust him out.

When asked for his opinion of the tango Mr. Sunday replied:

"I can't say anything good about it. I don't want to say anything at all."

Mrs. Sunday, who accompanied her husband, said: "We haven't time to give any attention to that sort of thing."

The offering taken, which is for the benefit of the committee's tent, open-air and shop campaign, amounted to $389.21 in cash and several hundred dollars in pledges. Mr. Sunday and Mr. Rodeheaver donated their services.

Most Popular for Gifts

For the bride silverware is the ideal gift. Unquestioned quality and beautiful designs may be had in wide variety, if you choose

1847 ROGERS BROS.

"Silver Plate that Wears"

This silverware has been first in quality and beauty for over 65 years. It is guaranteed by the world's largest makers of sterling silver and plate.

Sold by Leading Dealers

FLONZALEY QUARTET PLAYS

Gives Its Last Concert of New York Season in Aeolian Hall.

The Flonzaley Quartet finished its New York season with its third concert last evening in Aeolian Hall, and also the tenth year of its existence, though not as a publicly performing organization. As is known, this quartet was founded by Mr. E. J. de Coppet, first as a private undertaking; and only after some years' experience and practice together did it venture upon a public career. It has gained a substantial reputation not only in New York, but in other cities in America, and in Europe; a reputation deserved by the subtly refined finish, the grace and elegance, the spirit and vitality of its playing, its genuinely serious aims and high purposes.

These things were in evidence in its performance last evening, and recognized by its listeners. The programme began with Dvorak's quartet in C major, Op. 61, a work like many other of his earlier ones rather fallen out of public notice in these days. To many last evening, no doubt, it was unknown. It was played in a way to give it its full value in euphony, fluent charm, the plausible utilization of ideas not in themselves of great importance. Dvorak's facility, with some of its fatal quality, is in evidence in this quartet; but it is not without its moments of a deeper beauty, as in the slow movement, and it is all unmistakable Dvorak.

Mr. d'Archambeau, 'cellist of the quartet, played Bach's solo suite for 'cello in C major with skill and fine feeling, and was greatly applauded for it. The concert ended with Beethoven's quartet in E minor, second of the set dedicated to Count Rasoumoffsky, in which the characteristic qualities, the perfect ensemble, purity of tone, and intonation of the four players were again shown. They had a definite and well digested reading of the work, which they carried out with an unfailing precision of touch. In the reading grace and vivacity were prominent.

GAYNOR-PAGE WEDDING PLANS

Late Mayor's Son to Wed Miss Elizabeth B. Page on April 16.

The wedding of Norman Gaynor, youngest son of the late Mayor and Mrs. Gaynor, and Miss Elizabeth Berwell Page, a daughter of the Rev. Frank Page of Fairfax, Va., and a niece of Thomas Nelson Page, Ambassador to Italy, will take place at Fairfax on April 16. The engagement was formally announced on March 3. Immediately after the wedding Mr. Gaynor and his bride will sail for Europe to spend several months in travel. They will visit Ambassador Page in Rome, and after further European travel will return to New York in the late Summer or the early Autumn.

Miss Page's father, the Rev. Frank Page, was at one time pastor of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church, in St. John's Place and Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn, where Mayor Gaynor and his family attended service.

Mr. Gaynor is a brother of Mrs. Harry Vingut, Mrs. William Seward Webb, Jr., Mrs. Ralph Isham, whose marriage took place in Trinity Church on Jan 29, and Miss Helen Gaynor, whose engagement to E. T. Bedford, 2d, has just been announced.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., is giving a small dinner to-night at her residence, 1,015 Fifth Avenue. It was arranged as a farewell to Lord and Lady Decies, but they will not be present, owing to the early sailing of the Lusitania at 6 o'clock this evening. The Hon. Seton Robert Beresford is sailing on the same steamer with his brother.

Mrs. Frederic Neilson, who has been at the Plaza convalescing from an illness, has gone to Atlantic City for a fortnight.

Mrs. William Alexander will entertain with a tea dance at the St. Regis on Thursday

Mrs. George Blumenthal is sailing on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. to-day for Europe, to be gone until November.

Mrs. Henry Hersey Andrew of 507 West End Avenue, will be at home on Wednesdays until April.

Mr. and Mrs B. S. Prentice are at the Hotel Gotham to stay until May 1.

Lieut. Harry A. Baldridge, U. S. N., and Mrs. Baldridge, whose wedding took place on Saturday in Washington, D. C., are at the Wolcott. Mrs. Baldridge is the daughter of Brig. Gen. Robert G. Smith, U. S. A.

The second meeting of the Tuesday Evening Dance Club will be held tonight at Castle House. Miss Philira Pitcher of 51 East Fifty-eighth Street, has charge of the invitation list.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., have been spending several days with Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Ellis at Camden, S. C., but are expected back soon.

Mrs. Benjamin H. Romaine will give a small dance for married people on March 18 at her residence, 24 East Eleventh Street.

Miss Mary E. Schell will be the hostess this afternoon at a card party at her residence, 9 North Washington Square.

The Tuesday Evening Class will have a fancy dress dance on Monday evening, March 16, at the Plaza.

Mrs. C. Monteith Gilpin has invitations out for a luncheon and card party on Wednesday, March 18, at her residence, 2,030 Broadway.

Mrs. De Lancey Nicoll will entertain at dinner this evening at her home.

The marriage of Miss Nadine Melbourne, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Melbourne, and James Vail Converse, a son of Mrs. G. Vail Converse, will take place at 4 o'clock this afternoon in All Saints' Church, Great Neck, L. I.

The sewing class of the Colonial Dames of America will hold its meeting to-day at the residence of Mrs. Alfred M. Hoyt, 934 Fifth Avenue.

The class that sews for the Fresh Air Fund of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine will meet to-day at Mrs. Richard Irvin's, 1 West Thirty-ninth Street.

Arthur R. Freedlander will receive in his Bryant Park studio, 80 West Fortieth Street, on Friday next, from 4 to 7 o'clock, when he will show some recently completed portraits.

Prof. Charles U. Clarke of Yale is to give an illustrated lecture on the pictures in the Prado Gallery, Madrid, this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, in the new building of the Women's University Club, 106 East Fifty-second Street, for the International Institute for Girls in Spain. Señorita Carlota Matienzo will dance after the lecture.

Misses Fisher Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Fisher of President Street, Brooklyn, announce the engagement of their two daughters, Miss Jessie B. Fisher to Frederick Swarzenbach of this city, and Miss Nancy Elizabeth Fisher to Allan Macfarlan of Hawthorne, N. J.

Miss Rhein to Wed Lieut. Abbott.

Dr. and Mrs. M. L. Rhein of 38 East Sixty-first Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Ernestine Van Wyck Rhein, to Lieut. John Strong Abbott, U. S. N. Lieut. Abbott is the son of the late Lieut. John S. Abbott and is stationed on the Dixie. The marriage will take place early in June.

WHITE—ROMAINE.

The engagement is announced of Miss Helen W. White of 55 East Eighty-sixth Street, daughter of the late Rev. Dr. Erskine N. White, to William J. Romaine of Morristown, N. J. No date has been set for the wedding.

Eugene Rochelle Shoots Himself.

Despondent from a nervous disease of more than a year's standing, Eugene Rochelle, an artist and magazine illustrator, of 82 Fourteenth Street, Flushing, L. I., committed suicide yesterday afternoon at the Delaware Hotel, 200 East Thirty-fourth Street. His body was found on the floor of his room with a bullet wound in the right temple, by Antoinette Houseeler, a chambermaid Rochelle was 38 years old, and married.

House Suffers a Relapse.

It was said last night at the home of Magistrate Frederick B. House, at 435 Convent Avenue, where the Magistrate had been ill for some days with pneumonia, that he suffered a relapse yesterday afternoon, and that his temperature was 105 degrees. His condition improved slightly last night.

EDWARD H. BUTLER, PUBLISHER, DEAD

Proprietor of The Buffalo Evening News Succumbs at His Home, Aged 63.

CITY EDITOR AT 21 YEARS

Ex-President of State Editorial Association — Mentioned in 1901 as Successor to Senator Platt.

BUFFALO, March 9.—Edward H. Butler, proprietor of The Buffalo Evening News, died to-night. Mr. Butler had been ill for six weeks, and his death followed an operation for mastoiditis performed to-day. Two weeks ago a consultation of surgeons was held, and it was decided that owing to Mr. Butler's general condition it was not safe to operate at that time, and that an operation should be performed only as a last resort, to save his life. At the bedside were Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Butler, Jr., and Mr. and Mrs. Roscoe Mitchell, the latter his daughter.

Edward H. Butler was a newspaper man practically all of his life, beginning as a boy in the office of The Le Roy (N. Y.) Gazette and continuing his newspaper affiliations until the day of his death. He was born in Le Roy Sept. 5, 1850, and educated in the private and public schools of that place. While still under 21 years of age he became the city editor of the Scranton (Penn.) Times. In 1873 he went to Buffalo and established The Sunday News, the first successful Sunday paper in that city. In 1879 he established The Bradford (Penn.) Sunday News, and the next year he started The Buffalo Evening News, his most successful paper and the one to which he devoted most attention.

When in his twenty-first year Mr. Butler married Miss Mary E. Barber of Pittston, Penn., a relative of Ralph Waldo Emerson. By her he had a son and a daughter. She died in 1892.

In 1901 Mr. Butler was mentioned as the successor to United States Senator Thomas C. Platt of New York, and when he was suggested as a possible Mayor of Buffalo every newspaper in the city favored his nomination. He was a Republican Presidential Elector-at-Large for New York from 1896 to 1900, and a delegate-at-large to the National Republican Convention in 1908.

Mr. Butler had many interests both in connection with and apart from his newspaper associations. At different times he held the offices of President of the State Editormial Association, director The Associated Press, Vice President of the United Press, President of the Board of Managers of the Buffalo State Normal School, Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Grosvenor Library of Buffalo, and Director o the Rivers and Harbors Congress.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of Those Sailing on Two Steamships—The Arrivals.

Among the passengers booked to sail for Europe to-day are:

LUSITANIA, (Liverpool.)—B. C. Adams, Patrick Y. Alexander, John Beattie, Capt. James C. Besley, A. E. Bolton, Thomas Boardman, Frederic Bull, Prof. H. C. Butler, L. S. Butler, Dr. Nokodem Caro, William Crichton, Dr. Stanton Coit, Mr. and Mrs. Cheney E. Cook, L. E. B. Craig, Mr. and Mrs. Guernsey Curran, Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Curven, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon C. Cushing, M. A. Dawson, Mr. and Mrs. Tyson S. Dines, Henry E. Downe, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Duell, E. N. Eames, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Edgar, W. H. Fallon, Mr and Mrs. A. V. Fraser, L. C. Foster, Montague Glass, Benjamin F. Gridley, McDougall Hawkes, Miss Alice Haworth, W. C. Hebard, James Heckscher, A. P. Holt, Mrs. N. Newlin Hooper, J. H. Hunter, Miss Elsie Janis, Sir William Leishman, S. F. Low, Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Miller, Hugh W. Murray, Michael Morton, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Norton, Mrs. S. Newhouse, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Phippen, Mr. and Mrs. Sterling Postley, James C. Potter, Judge C. P. Reed, D. E. Roberts, M. F. Sears, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Simonds, John A. Stoner, Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Thayer, A. S. Terrill, G. H. Turner, Dr. Alfred Waller, C. L. Van Doren, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Veit, and John E. Young.

KAISER WILHELM II. (Bremen)—Miss Ethel Acheson, J. P. Aglen, Fritz von Almen, Mrs. Jules S. Bache, the Rev. H. G. Baldwin and Mrs. Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Beck, Jr., E. Everett Carlton, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Catalani, Mr. and Mrs. J. Caulfield, Mrs. Rudolph Chillingworth, Mr. and Mrs. James T. Davis, the Misses Davis, the Rev. Sister Clarita Duran, Mrs. K. S. Foster, Mrs. E. E. Gwynne, Mrs. E. C. Hammond, Miss Hammond, Mrs. E. A. Goodale, C. S. King, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Knight, Alfred Lomer, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. McNalley, the Rev. Mother Louise O'Donnell, B. M. Overton, C. C. Rumrill, Henry W. Sage, Mr. and Mrs. William Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Shoninger, William Wallace, Charles R. Williams, John T. Williams, Miss Williams, and Dr. and Mrs. F. Zimmermann.

Among the passengers who arrived on the Anchor liner Cameronia from Glasgow yesterday were:

Miss Jessie Brown, John Cochrane, Mrs. B. Cochrane, Brown Caldwell, John L. Ellern, Stewart Garner, John Horn, Ernest Kramer, William Lavery, Joseph Macnaughton, Frederick Macdonald, J. B. Paterson, John Scott Shaw, and Miss Susan Worcester.

New Comedy for Billie Burke.

On Thursday night, March 26, Charles Frohman will present Billie Burke at the Lyceum Theatre in a new comedy, "Jerry," by Mrs. Catherine Chisholm Cushing. The piece is in three acts, with all of the scenes being laid out of doors in the suburbs of Philadelphia. In one of the acts Miss Burke is to appear in blue pajamas. Rehearsals of "Jerry" will begin in Boston at once. In Miss Burke's supporting company will be Shelly Hull, Allan Pollock, Lumsden Hare, Thomas Reynolds, William Thornton, Gladys Hanson, Alice John and others.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Michael Morton, author of "The Yellow Ticket," and Montague Glass, who wrote the stories from which the play of "Potash and Perlmutter" was taken, will sail on the Lusitania to-day. In London they will arrange for productions there of their plays. The latter play is to be presented at the Queen's Theatre.

Holbrook Blinn and his associate players began the last week of their engagement at the Princess Theatre in the five one-act plays last night. On Monday the company will go on tour, playing the principal cities of the United States and Canada.

The Twentieth Century Club will attend the matinee of "Help Wanted" at Maxine Elliott's Theatre to-morrow afternoon 300 strong. Following the performance there will be a tea at the Astor Hotel, and several speakers will address the club, giving personal criticisms of the play.

The 150th performance of "High Jinks," the musical comedy by Otto Hauerbach and Rudolph Friml, will be played at the Casino Theatre to-night. To commemorate the event atomizers filled with "High Jinks" perfume will be presented to every woman in the orchestra and first balcony seats.

Among those in the cast supporting Julian Eltinge, who comes to the Knickerbocker Monday, in "The Crinoline Girl" are Herbert Corthell, Charles Morrison, Walter Horton, Herbert McKenzie, Edward Cushman, Helen Luttrell, Edna Whistler, James C. Spottswood, Augusta Scott, and Maidel Turner.

Contrary to the announcement made on Saturday, Margaret Anglin will begin her Hudson Theatre engagement on Monday, March 16, as Rosalind in "As You Like It," which will be repeated during the first half of the week. "The Taming of the Shrew" will be the bill for the remainder of the first week. During the second week of her Shakespearean engagement Miss Anglin will add "Twelfth Night" to her repertory.

Miss Vida Sutton, who recently returned from a two years' tour of Europe studying the woman question in England, Ireland and Scotland, Germany, Italy, Hungary, and France, will present a series of monologues at the Little Theatre Thursday afternoon, in which she will tell the story from the standpoint of the women of the various countries visited.

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, March 7, averaged as follows: Domestic beef, 12.20 cents; imported beef, 10.25 cents per pound.—Adv.

PLAN FOR ACTORS' FUND DAY

Business Managers Selected for Benefit Performances on April 17.

A meeting of the Actors' Fund Day Committee was held yesterday afternoon in the offices of A. L. Erlanger in the New Amsterdam Theatre building. At the meeting were Mr. Erlanger, Marc Klaw, Joseph Brooks, Harrison Grey Fiske, and Daniel Frohman.

Plans formulated some time ago by Mr. Erlanger called for the setting aside of one day in several of the larger cities where entertainments should be given and the proceeds go to the Actors' Fund. It was originally planned that the programme should be given at only one theatre in each of the cities selected, but the committee decided that every first-class theatre devoted to dramatic or musical attractions in the cities of New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, and Boston should give a matinée of the current attraction on the afternoon of Actors' Fund Day, Friday, April 17. Business managers were selected for the various cities at the meeting and they will leave to-morrow to start their campaigns and help make Actors' Fund Day a big success. Many people prominent in the business and social life of each city will act as patrons and patronesses.

Silar F. Kahn Found Dead.

Special to The New York Times.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 9.—Silar F. Kahn, 46 years old, a prominent local musician and leader of Kahn's Military Band and Orchestra, was found dead in bed shortly before noon to-day at his residence, 118 Exchange Avenue. He was well known in Memphis, having lived here all his life. He served as President of the local musician's union for eight terms. Mr Kahn left four brothers, Ike F. and S. L. Kahn of Memphis, Dr. L. M. Kahn of New York City, Morris Kahn of Brooklyn N. Y., and one sister, Mrs. Max Beerbohn of Italy. The funeral will be held from the residence Tuesday morning.

Capt. Charles A. Morris.

Capt. Charles A. Morris of Bloomfield, N. J., consulting engineer of the Haywood Construction Company of New York, died Sunday in Los Gatos, Cal., in the sixty-second year of his age. He went to California for his health last November. Capt. Morris was well known as a dredging engineer. He designed submarines for John P. Holland for several years and invented a sliding bucket for loading and unloading vessels and other devices used in shipping. Besides his widow, Capt. Morris is survived by two sons and a daughter.

John Anderson Dies at 100 Years.

John Anderson of East Orange, N. J., died yesterday at the age of 100 years. He was born at Elgin, Scotland, and came to New York when he was 19 years old. He went into business in this city and remained here until after his marriage in 1837, when he removed to South Carolina. He returned to New York, retired from business thirty-two years ago, and went to live in Orange. His wife, who was Miss Sarah R. Adams of Morristown, died seven years ago, aged 90.

Gen. William Ames.

Gen. William Ames, distinguished soldier of the civil war, banker, and manufacturer, died on Sunday at his home in Providence, R. I., aged 72 years. He was President of the Blackstone Canal Bank, President of the Fletcher Manufacturing Company, and Vice President of the International Braid Company. Gen. Ames had been Collector of Internal Revenue at Providence 1870-75. He was graduated from Brown University in 1863. He was a member of the University Club here, of the Hope, Agawam Squantum, and Brown University Clubs.

Pearl Eytinge, Actress, Dead.

Pearl Eytinge, actress, journalist, and authoress, died on Friday of meningitis at the Hotel Pembroke, Atlantic City. She was the daughter of Margaret and the late Sol Eytinge of Bayonne, N. J. Services will be held this afternoon at The Funeral Church, 241 West Twenty-third Street, at 2 o'clock.

Obituary Notes.

Inspector WALTER A. ABBOTT, one of the most successful thief catchers of the Boston Police Department, died in Boston last night. For the last twenty years he had devoted most of his time to the apprehension of shoplifters and pickpockets.

Mrs. MARTHA ISABEL DAYNE, mother of Katharine Clemmons Gould, died last night in San Francisco, Cal., after an illness of three months. She was the wife of J. W. Dayne, a Southern Pacific official, and lived at Palo Alto. She left another daughter.

EMMET L. PARKS, connected with the publishing firm of McKinley, Stone & MacKenzie, publishers at 30 Irving Place, died yesterday in the New York Hospital, aged 47 years. His home was at 470 West Twenty-third Street. He left a widow.

MAURICE FORNACHON, an architect, of 520 West 114th Street, died Sunday at his home in the seventy-third year of his age. Mr. Fornachon was born in Switzerland, but came to this country when still young. He was unmarried.

Gen. SOUDERS, leader of the Souders faction in the famous Souders-Turner feud, which was supposed to have ended 25 years ago, died at his home in Middlesboro, Ky., yesterday of pneumonia. He was 53 years old, and was reputed to have killed eleven men.

GIOVANNI QUARANTA, 54 years old, a furniture manufacturer and interior decorator, died Sunday at his home, 2,007 Vyse Avenue, the Bronx.

WILLIAM B. CHAPIN of Englewood, N. J., died in Washington, D. C., yesterday in the thirty-eighth year of his age. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Elizabeth Brinckerhoff Chapin.

JAMES DONALD, for many years a Director of the Standard Oil Company of New York, died yesterday in his apartments at the Royalton, 44 West Forty-fourth Street, in the fifty-second year of his age. Mr. Donald devoted practically all of his life to the oil industry and had no other business connections. He began his career with the Standard Oil Company and in recent years had been principally interested in the development of the company's business in China. He was unmarried.

Mrs. ADELAIDE HOUGHTON BEEKMAN, widow of Benjamin F. Beekman, for many years one of the large importers of straw millinery goods in Manhattan, died yesterday at the home of her sister, Mrs. Emma S. Potter, 5 Neptune Avenue, New Rochelle, N. Y. Mrs. Beekman, who was 73 years old, was a descendant of an old Massachusetts family that figured prominently in the Revolutionary War.

CHARLES F. FAIRBANKS, Treasurer for forty years of a carpet company at Lowell, Mass, died after a short illness at his home, in Milton, Mass., yesterday. He was 71 years old.

ADOLPH M. STEINHARDT, brother-in-law of Samuel Untermyer and the late Randolph Guggenheimer, died yesterday morning at his home, 23 East Ninety-second Street, in his sixty-second year. He came to this country from Hamburg, Germany, about sixty years ago. Mr. Steinhardt was Treasurer of the National Enameling and Stamping Company. He is survived by his widow and three children, Madeleine, Theresa, and Lawrence Steinhardt. The funeral will take place from his late residence to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Mrs. ANGELINE A. POTTER, 85 years old, widow of Henry S. Potter, died yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Clara A. Doughty, Queensboro Hill.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE BAILEY MYERS JACKSON, widow of Thomas R. Jackson, died yesterday at her home in Yonkers. She was born in New York City in 1823, the daughter of Major M. Myers of the Thirteenth United States Infantry in the war of 1812.

TIMOTHY COHAN, 68 years old, an uncle of George M. Cohan and a one-time well-known comedian, died yesterday at the private sanitarium of Miss Alston, 26 West Sixty-first Street, of Bright's disease.

FREDERICK J. NEWMAN, the first man to market an electric automobile, is dead at his home in Chicago. He was founder and President of the Chicago Electric Motor Car Company, and was 36 years old.

JAMES ROBERTSON SMITH, 75 years old, for more than fifty years employed as clerk by Lord & Taylor of New York, died Sunday night at his home on Maurice Avenue, Elmhurst.

Miss CAROLINE B. LE ROW, 69 years old, a retired teacher, died Sunday in the home of Mrs. Elizabeth A. Rose, 18 West 103d Street. Miss Le Row taught English literature in both Vassar and Smith Colleges, and when she retired eight years ago she was a teacher in the Brooklyn Girls' High School. She was also a public lecturer and the author of several books on English.

STAFFORDSHIRE SET, $110.

Dinner Dishes Bring Best Price at First Session of Hill Sale.

The first afternoon's sale of the collection of antiquities of the connoisseur, Walter Clinton Hill of Boston at the American Art Galleries, was devoted to American, English, and other glass, specimens of lustre ware, mugs pitchers, &c. There were a number of collectors present. The afternoon's returns were $2,808. None of the prices were high, a Staffordshire dinner set bringing the best of the day, $110. This was in decorative ironstone china, brown and gold, with transferrable designs under the glaze. It went to Robert D. Foote. A pair of Staffordshire circular dishes brought the next highest price, going to Benton for $95.50. These were late eighteenth century, white salt glaze, with an openwork margin.

C. F. Crowley was one of the larger buyers of the day, and paid $50 for a soft-paste porcelain breakfast service, Spode, white floral designs on a lavender ground. Mrs. Orme Wilson made a number of purchases, among them paying $18 for a German pottery figure of St. John, midnineteenth century. A Staffordshire figure of a sheep with a bocage at the back, after an old Chelsea figure, went to Mrs. J. J. Astor for $11, and Mrs. Astor paid $8 for a door stop of Nailsea green glass. A pair of Staffordshire parrots standing on imitation rocks, went to Bernet, agent, for $70, and another pair of parrots, standing on stumps, went to the same buyer for $80. A. E. Barnes paid $75 for a set of three figures, Sunderland lustre and colors, "Spring," "Summer," and "Autumn." A Dutch flip glass went to Mrs. C. B. Alexander for $22.50.

To-day's sale will open with Staffordshire groups and statuttes. The lustre ware, which is a feaure of the collection, will go with various stonewares and pieces in black basalt.

Faversham's Debut in Vaudeville.

William Faversham made his vaudeville début at the Colonial Theatre yesterday afternoon, appearing in a one-act version of "The Squaw Man" which, in longer form, served as his starring vehicle eight or nine years ago. The present version of "The Squaw Man" is the form in which the play was originally presented at a gambol of the Lambs Club. It proved so dramatic that the one-act play was expanded into four acts and the original sketch being retained as the third act. It is this act which Mr. Faversham is playing.

David Christian Ginsburg.

David Christian Ginsburg, Biblical scholar and writer, who was one of the original four members appointed by convocation for revision of the English version of the Old Testament, died on Sunday at his home at Oakthorpe, Palmers Green, Middlesex, England, aged 83 years. He was the author of many religious works, including the "Massorah," 1880; "Critical and Historical Commentaries on the Song of Songs," "Ecclesiastes, 1857; "Leviticus," 1882; the "Karaites, Their History and Literature"; the "Massoreth-Ha-Massoreth of Elias Levita," in Hebrew, with translation and commentary, 1867, and Jacob ben Chajim's introduction to the Rabbinic Bible, Hebrew and English, with notes. The translation of the New Testament was made by him conjointly with the late Rev. J. E. Salkinson. His recreation was devoted to the collection of Bibles and engravings.

Gumersindo Rivas Dead.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, March 9.—Gumersindo Rivas, chief lieutenant of Cipriano Castro here, and a former Caracas newspaper man, is dead.

John H. Stewart.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., March 9.—John H. Stewart, 89 years old, a lifelong resident of this city, one of the oldest merchants, an Odd Fellow, and one of the original "Forty-niners," died to-day at his home, 21 Morris Street. Mr. Stewart was the senior member of the firm of Stewart & Clayton, hatters. When the news of the gold discoveries in California circled the world in 1849, Mr. Stewart was among the first of the army of pioneers who searched for gold. Mr. Stewart became an Odd Fellow in 1845, and was said to have been the oldest member of that organization in the State.

Dr. Thomas H. Rotch Dead.

BOSTON, March 9.—Dr. Thomas Morgan Rotch, Professor of Pediatrics at Harvard, died at his home to-night. As an apthority on children's diseases he had an international reputation. Dr. Rotch was a Fellow of the American Association for the Advancementof Science, a former President of the American Pediatric Society, and a Coucillor of the Massachusetts Medical Society.

Barker Gummere, Jr.

Barker Gummere, Jr., of Trenton, N. J., the President of the Trenton Trust and Safe Deposit Company, died here yesterday at the Hotel Webster. He had been ill with pneumonia for several days, but his condition was not thought serious until a few hours before his death.

MUSIC NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Rogers, assisted by Bruno Huhn at the piano, will give a programme of recitations at the Cosmopolitan Club to-morrow afternoon.

Edoardo Petri gave a lecture yesterday at the Institute of Musical Art on the salient characteristics of the Italian language and its value to the American student of singing.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

VAUGHAN.—To Mr. and Mrs. Guy Warner Vaughan of Cleveland, Ohio, on Wednesday, March 4, 1914, a son.

Married.

ALLEN—HODGSON.—Married Feb. 28, Florence Hull Hodgson to George Seymour Allen, in Montclair, N. J.

SOLOMON — FIRSICHBAUM. — March 8, Bertha Pearl Firsichbaum to Abraham Solomon.

WISE—WEISS.—March 8, Hulda Weiss to George Wise.

Died.

ANDERSON.—Entered into rest on Monday, 9th March, John Anderson, aged 99 years 10 months. Funeral services at residence of his daughter, Mrs. William H. Burnet, 40 South Clinton St., East Orange, N. J., Thursday, March 12, at 2 P. M. D., L. & W. train leaves New York at 12:45 P. M. to Brick Church Station. Interment at the convenience of the family.

BARHYDT.—At 40 East 70th St., on Friday, March 6, Emily M., widow of P. Hackley Barhydt and daughter of the late Joseph C. Baldwin. Funeral private.

BEEKMAN.—At her home, 5 Neptune Av., New Rochelle, N. Y., on Sunday midnight, March 8, 1914, Adelaide Houghton, widow of Benjamin F. Beekman. Funeral notice hereafter.

BLAKESLEE.—On March 7, 1914, Theron J. Blakeslee, in his 63d year, beloved husband of Clair White Blakeslee. Funeral from "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d St., (Frank E. Campbell Building,) on Tuesday evening, 8 oclock. Interment Plymouth, Conn. London (England) and Paris papers please copy.

BONNETT.—At Los Angeles, Cal., on Saturday, Feb. 28, 1914, at 11 P. M., Marguerite Waldron, daughter of the late William H. and Margaret A. Bonnett. Funeral services at the home of her brother, C. R. Bonnett, 4,702 5th Av., Pittsburgh, Penn., on Tuesday afternoon, March 10, 1914, at 2:30 o'clock. Interment private.

BOSTWICK.—On or about Jan. 4, 1914, near East Hampton, Long Island, Charles Byron Bostwick of No. 19 West 31st St., New York City, son of late Richard Corre Bostwick, in the 43d year of his age. Notice of funeral services and interment later.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

The news-stands in the New York hotels sell theatre tickets for the convenience of strangers. The same news-stands sell the Public Ledger, also for the convenience of strangers. "The Spirit of the West" is a page of news edited in Chicago, printed in Philadelphia and sold in New York to make it just as easy for you to have the complete news of your home country as it is to have good seats at the best shows.

Died.

BRINCKERHOFF.—March 7, Frank Hatfield, son of the late Rev. Isaac W. and Catherine Brinckerhoff, in his 59th year. Services at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d St., (Frank E. Campbell Building,) Wednesday, 12, noon.

BUNKER.—Estelle C. Bernard of Charleston, S. C., widow of the late Benjamin F. Bunker, in her 77th year. Funeral private.

CHAPIN.—At Washington, D. C., Monday morning, March 9, 1914, William Bushnell, beloved husband of Elizabeth Brinckerhoff Chapin of Englewood, N. J., in the 39th year of his age. Funeral from the residence of Mrs. Elbert A. Brinckerhoff, Palisade Av., Englewood, N. J., Thursday, March 12, 1914, on arrival of train leaving Erie R. R. Station, Jersey City, 1:29 P. M.

DONALD.—On March 9, after a brief illness, James, son of the late James and Elizabeth Donald, in his fifty-second year. Funeral services from the residence of his brother-in-law, Mr. Robert Hogg, 143 Keap St., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, at 2 P. M. Interment at convenience of the family.

DONOVAN.—Entered into rest, March 8, 1914, Mary Noble, beloved wife of Harry Donovan. Funeral at Christ Church, Warwick, N. Y., on Thursday the 12th inst., at 12 o'clock. Train leaves N. Y. Erie R. R. 8:50 A. M.

DUNN.—On March 8, 1914, Ellen Dunn, beloved sister of the late Sheriff Thomas J. Dunn and the late Michael Dunn, and beloved sister of Bart Dunn and Alice Quinn. Funeral from her late residence, 1,238 3d Av., on Wednesday, March 11, 1914, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to the Church of St. Vincent Ferrers, 66th St. and Lexington Av., where a requiem mass at 10 A. M. will be offered for the repose of her soul.

DU VALL.—Suddenly, March 8, Charles E., son of the late Edward and Emeline H. Du Vall, in the 64th year of his age. Friends, relatives, also veterans 23d Regt., N. G. S. N. Y., are invited to attend his Funeral, 482 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock.

EYTINGE. — Pearl. THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 W. 23d., Tuesday 2 o'clock. Auspices Actors' Fund.

FINN.—On Monday, March 9, Mary A., widow of the late John Finn, at her residence, 329 East 52d St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

FORNACHON.—Sunday, March 8, 1914, after a brief illness, Maurice Fornachon, in the 73d year of his age. Funeral services Wednesday, the 11th instant, at 11 o'clock, at Stephen Merritt's Chapel, 223 8th Av., (near 21st St.) Interment Valleau, Ridgewood, N. J., at the convenience of family. Neuchatel (Suisse) papers please copy.

GOLDBOWITZ.—Bessie, on March 9, beloved wife of Lewis Goldbowitz and mother of Annie Pow, Ida Jacobson, Max E. Gold, and Minnie Norr. Funeral Tuesday, March 10, at 10 A. M., from 1,893 Washington Av., Bronx.

GANZEL.—At Westfield, N. J., on Monday, March 9, 1914, Penelope Ganzel, widow of the late Adolf Ganzel. Funeral services at 2 P. M., Thursday, March 12, at her late residence. Interment at convenience of the family.

GILMOUR.—Anna M., widow of John Gilmour, March 9, at her home in White Plains. Funeral private. Omit flowers.

GRUBE.—March 9, Freda Grube, aged 33 years. Funeral Chapel Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 8th Av. and 19th St., Thursday, 2 o'clock.

HALLEY.—On March 7, Christina, daughter of Jessie Halley and the late Alexander Halley. Funeral services at her late residence, 335 Madison St., Brooklyn, Tuesday evening, 10th inst., at 8 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

HANNA.—At Denver, March 5, George Whyte, son of the late John and Anna Hanna. Funeral service at West End Presbyterian Church, Amsterdam Av., at 105th St., Wednesday evening at 6:30 o'clock.

HELLER.—On Sunday, March 8, at Lakewood, N. J., Matthew J. Heller, aged 70, beloved husband of Caroline Heller and father of Tillie Solomon. Funeral Tuesday, March 10, Jersey Central Railroad, foot of West 23d St., at 10 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers. Texas papers please copy.

HULL.—On March 8, after a long illness, Almira J. Hull, widow of Calvin E. Hull. Services from her late home, 531 Washington Av., Brooklyn, Wednesday, 1:30 P. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery. Bridgeport (Conn.) and Saugerties (N. Y.) papers please copy.

JACKSON.—At Yonkers, N. Y., on Monday, March 9, 1914, Charlotte Bailey Meyers Jackson, widow of Thomas R. Jackson. Funeral services at her late residence, 280 North Broadway, Yonkers, Wednesday morning, at 10 o'clock. Interment Vale Cemetery, Schenectady, N. Y., at convenience of family.

LE ROW.—Suddenly, on March 8, Caroline B. Le Row, aged 69. Funeral services at residence of Mrs. Rose, 18 West 103d St., Manhattan, Tuesday, at 8:30 P. M.

LOYD.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Saturday, March 7, 1914, Thomas, son of the late Elizabeth Singer and Isaac S. Loyd, in his 84th year. Services private.

McKEAN.—On Sunday morning, Bernard Slagle McKean, beloved husband of Elizabeth M. Becker. Funeral services at his late residence, 184 Elm St., New Rochelle, on Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

MARTIN.—In London, on Sunday, March 8, Frederick Townsend Martin. Notice of Funeral hereafter.

MORRIS.—On Sunday, March 8, in Los Gatos, Cal., Charles A. Morris of Montclair, N. J. Interment at Bloomfield, N. J.

NAPIER.—On Sunday, March 8, Laura D. Napier, wife of the late Alexander D. Napier, in her 81st year. Funeral services at her late residence, 6 Strong Place, Brooklyn, Wednesday, March 11, at 2 P. M.

NAST.—At Murfreesboro, Tenn., Frederick A. Nast of Brooklyn. Notice of funeral hereafter.

OUGHELTREE.—New York Lodge, No. 330, F. & A. M.—The brethren are hereby summoned to our emergent communication at 1:30 P. M. on Tuesday, March 10, 1914, at 45 Perry St., for the purpose of rendering the Masonic honor and respect to our late brother, Martin V. B. Ougheltree.

Signed,

ARTHUR W. STODDARD, Secretary.

WALTER J. McNAIER, Master.

O'KEEFFE.—On Sunday, March 8, after brief illness, Johanna (nee Mullins,) beloved wife of William O'Keeffe and devoted mother of Mrs. Edward A. Leen and Carolyn O'Keeffe, at her late residence, 59 2d Place, Brooklyn. Requiem mass will be celebrated on Wednesday, March 11, at 9:30 A. M., in Roman Catholic Church of St. Mary Star of the Sea, Court and Luquer Sts. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

PARKS. — On March 9, Emmett Leonard Parks, aged 47 years, beloved husband of Nellie McClean Parks and brother of Anna L. Parks. Funeral services the Funeral Church, 241 West 23d St., Frank E. Campbell Bldg., on Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment private.

POSTLEY.—On Sunday, March 8, 1914, Edith Servoss, beloved wife of Alexander Castle Postley. Services at her late residence, 266 West 93d St., on Wednesday, March 11, at 10 A. M. Interment at convenience of family.

RIEPER.—On March 7, John A. Rieper, husband of Eliza J. and father of Mamie A. Rieper. Funeral from late residence, 61 East 86th St., Thursday, March 12, at 1:30 P. M. Interment private.

RYDER.—After a brief illness, at her residence, 25 West 82d St., Florence V., widow of Edgar S. Ryder. Funeral private.

ROOD.—On March 6, at Berlin, Germany, Mathilde, widow of the late Ogden N. Rood, aged 79 years.

SCHERMERHORN.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Sunday, March 8, 1914, Josephine Wilkinson, daughter of John and Emily G. Wilkinson. Services and interment at Philadelphia, Penn.

SCHWAB.—On Saturday last at his home in Dorchester, Mass., Henry Schwab, one of the oldest German settlers of Boston, Mass., aged 85 years. He was the oldest living member of the Kossuth Lodge of the German Order of Hurugari in Boston. He retired from business ten years ago. He leaves a widow, two daughters, and two sons. One son, Charles William Schwab, is President of the Charles W. Schwab Company, 99 Nassau St., this city.

SEIPP.—On March 8, 1914, George Seipp, beloved husband of Elizabeth Seipp. Funeral from his late residence, 931 84th St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Wednesday, at 12 o'clock noon.

STEINHARDT.—On Monday, March 9, 1914, Adolph M. Steinhardt, in his 63d year. Funeral from his late residence, 23 East 92d St., Wednesday morning, March 11, at 10 o'clock.

TILLSON.—On Sunday, March 8, 1914. Carrie Tillson, beloved sister of Mrs. A. Hazzard, Hilma and Walter Tillson. Funeral from late residence, 209 Columbus Av., Tuesday, 2 P. M.

VEZIN.—Suddenly, at Miami, Fla., on Friday, March 6, Oscar Vezin, son of Oscar and Alice King Vezin, in the 47th year of his age. Services on Tuesday, March 10, at 10:30 A. M. at 712 Grove St., Elizabeth, N. J. Funeral private. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

WALKER.—On Saturday, March 7, James, husband of Isabella Rollins Walker, at his residence, 71 East 87th St. Funeral services at his late home Tuesday morning, March 10, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn.

WASHBURN.—In Havana, Cuba, Feb. 26, Benjamin Davis Washburn, in his 67th year, formerly of Scarsdale, N. Y. Interment at Needham, Mass.

WETMORE.—On March 7, 1914, Caroline Elizabeth, widow of David Wetmore, in the 84th year of her age. Funeral services private.

WILMERDING.—Annie Clinton, widow of the late Thomas A. Wilmerding of New York, in the 87th year of her age, on March 7, 1914. Funeral private.

WURTENBERG.—Arnold Wurtenberg of Glens Falls, N. Y., in his 70th year, beloved brother of Mrs. A. Mayer and Gustave Wurtenberg. Funeral from the Chapel, 503 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn, one block from Atlantic Av. Subway station, on Tuesday, March 10, at 8 P. M. Interment at Union Field Cemetery.

AHERN.—John, 1,377 Lexington Av., March 8. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

ANDREWS.—Nora, 690 Alden Place, March 7. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BREE.—Patrick, 623 Columbus Av., March 7. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

CUBELLS.—Oleria W., 209 West 15th St., March 8. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

DRILLER.—Jennie, March 7. Funeral 54 East 100th St.

FORD.—Elizabeth A., 426 East 143d St., March 8. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

FUCHS.—Margaretha, 553 West 50th St., March 7, aged 64. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

HAGAN.—John T., 2,218 8th Av., March 8. Funeral to-day 10 A. M.

HAMMERSMITH.—Peter, 213 East 89th St., March 8. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

KLOPPER.—August G., 1,327 Clinton Av., Bronx, March 8, aged 58. Funeral to-morrow.

LOWENSTEIN.—Barbara, 92 West 103d St., March 8. Funeral to-morrow.

LOWMAN.—Martha B., 492 East 135th St., March 8, aged 34. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

LYNCH.—John, 2,713 8th Av., March 7. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McBRIDE.—William M., 283 Elizabeth St., March 8. Funeral to-morrow, 10:30 A. M.

McCULLOUGH.—Annie E., 1,061 Trinity Av., Bronx, March 8. Funeral notice later.

McNAMARA.—Mary V., 30 East 131st St., March 8. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MURRAY.—John J., 154 Vermilye Av., March 7. Funeral to-day.

NEUBERT.—Henry L., 2,059 Powell Av., March 8, aged 56. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

O'GRADY.—Daniel H., 516 West 51st St., March 8. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

OUGHELTREE.—Martin V. B., 45 Perry St., March 8, aged 78. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

PHELAN.—Mary, 614 West 143d St., March 6. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

PURCELL.—Louisa, 173 West 109th St., March 7. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

QUIGLEY.—Margaret, 250 East 180th St., March 8.

ROSENBERGER.—George, 1,327 Amsterdam Av., March 7, aged 59. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SMITH.—Annie, 218 East 57th St., March 8. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BOLL.—Robert, 2,632 Linden St., March 7, aged 15. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CLARKE.—Robert, 1,707 Shore Road, March 8. Funeral to-day.

CLEARY.—Thomas, 460 Pulaski St., March 8. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

DEWHURST.—Elizabeth I., 434 Wythe Av., March 8. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

DOHERTY.—Maurice, 294 Smith St., March 7, aged 74.

DOUGHTY.—George A., 1,161 Dean St., March 8. Funeral service to-day.

DU BOISE.—Josephine, 320 Washington Av., March 8. Funeral service to-day.

GILL.—William, 412 4th Av., March 7. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

GREGORY.—Margaret A., 512 Sterling Place, March 7. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

HANLON.—Margaret, 443 2d St., March 8, aged 75. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

HARNES.—Anna, 881 Grand St., March 8. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HETFIELD.—Sarah A., 277 13th St., March 9, aged 82. Funeral to-day, 3:30 P. M.

HILAND.—Ellsworth, 574 Essex St., March 7. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HOLLAHAN.—Bridget, 127 3d St., March 8. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

HOLLAND.—Mary, 1,770 Pacific St., March 7.

ISAACS.—Walter F., 122 Midwood St., March 8. Funeral service to-day.

JUNGE.—Henry W., 98 Foxall St., March 8, aged 73. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

KIRK.—Charles H., 14 Shipley St., March 8. Funeral to-day.

KLINK.—Frederick, 8,903 Farragut Av., March 9. Funeral March 12.

KONOLLMAN.—Charles L., 98 Stockton St., March 8, aged 72. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

LAMBRECHT.—Margaret, 64 Hooper St., March 7.

LARKIN.—Sylvia J., 190 Warren St., March 7. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

LEVY.—Tinnie, 1,153 Broadway, March 8. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

McALEER.—Margaret, 424 St. Mark's Av., March 8. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

McPARTLAND.—Bernard, 322 58th St., March 7, aged 87. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

MAHONEY.—Dennis H., 100 Powers St., March 7, aged 62. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

MATTHEWS. — Richard, 504 Marcy Av., March 8.

MEEHAN.—Margaret, 522 76th St., March 7. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

MORGAN.—William, 232 Keap St., March 7. Funeral service to-day.

NICHOLS.—Dr. Hubert, 565 Decatur St., March 8, aged 45.

O'BRIEN.—Julia, 458 Willoughby Av., March 8. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

O'MALLEY.—Ann, 110 Congress St., March 7.

PURNELL.—William M., 580 Lexington Av., March 8. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

REDPATH.—Anna, 1,506 East 4th St., March 8. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

REINERS.—Julia, 112 Eckford St., March 7, aged 75. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

RYAN.—William F., 39 1st Place, March 8. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

SCOTT.—Martha J., 1,064 Jefferson Av., March 8, aged 87. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SMITH.—Frank C., 640 Grand St., March 8, aged 37. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SWARTZ. — Michael R., 377 Rodney St., March 8.

TURNER.—Hiram E., 426 9th St., March 8. Funeral service to-day.

TYRRELL.—William, 154 4th Av., March 8, aged 34.

VAUGHAN.—David, 401 Sumpter St., March 7. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

WALSH.—Austin, 26 Chapel St., March 7, aged 39. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

WALSH.—Ellen, 113A Stuyvesant Av., March 8. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

Long Island.

BEYLISS.—Frank, Far Rockaway, March 6.

GOODWIN.—Margaret, 235 1st Av., Long Island City, March 6, aged 50.

HURD.—Benjamin F., Richmond Hill, March 8.

KRANLEWICZ.—Helen, Bayside, March 6, aged 5.

McCULLOUGH.—Florence M., Long Island City, March 6, aged 2 months.

McKEE.—Harry, East Williamsburg, March 6, aged 56.

PFEIFER.—George, Glendale, March 8, aged 22. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

REICHEL.—Joseph, Bayside, March 6, aged 53.

SCHWEITZER.—Elizabeth, Elmhurst, March 6, aged 19.

TITTEN.—Annie, Jamaica, March 6, aged 1.

Westchester County.

MURRAY.—Martha B., Dobbs Ferry, March 8. Funeral service to-day.

REIL.—Catherine, Hawthorne, March 8. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

In Memoriam.

GOLDWATER.—In constant and loving memory of my devoted husband and our dearly beloved father, Joseph Goldwater, died March 10, 1913. May his soul rest in peace.

HALL.—In loving memory, James H. Hall, who passed away March 10, 1912.

CASHMAN.—Alice, in memory of: died March 11, 1911.

MONAGHAN.—James P., mass St. Columba's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

SCANLON.—Patrick and Catherine, mass St. James Church, Newark, N. J., to-day 8:30 A. M.

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THIRD BASEMAN SHAFER RETIRES FROM BASEBALL--BILLIARDS--FENCING--BOXING--GOLF

SHAFER SAYS HE IS OUT OF BASEBALL

Giants' Third Baseman to Engage in Business with His Father in Los Angeles.

Arthur Shafer, the Giant infielder, has notified the New York Club that he will not play baseball any more. Just as soon as Manager McGraw got word on Saturday night that Shafer had decided to quit, he decided to hurry at once to Marlin, Texas, where he will have the difficult task of rebuilding the left wing of the Giant infield.

Shafer is in Los Angeles and has decided to go into business with his father. Shafer has always been a temperamental sort of a player and the New York Club at times had to give in to his whims. He is naturally a skillful, graceful ball player, but he would not take the game seriously. Manager McGraw has often said that if Shafer had to play ball as a livelihood and not as a recreation, he would develop into one of the best players of the game.

Shafer made a name for himself at St. Mary's College in California and in 1909 McGraw signed him as a "rookie" at the recommendation of Fred Snodgrass, who played on the same team with him on the Coast. Shafer was only 18 years old at the time, and during the season of 1909 and 1910 he sat on the bench most of the time. He tired of bench warming and in 1911 refused to report to the Giants. He went to Japan, where he spent the season coaching a college team.

After much coaxing he rejoined the Giants in 1912 and played good ball as a utility infielder. Last season he played both the infield and outfield for a time and supplanted Herzog at third base.

Last year, the club had a hard time signing Shafer but finally got him to put his signature to a three-year contract. This has two years to run, and it is not known whether the club will take any measures to force the player to live up to his contract. Both President Hempstead and Secretary Foster are out of the city.

With the trading of Herzog and the quitting of Shafer, the Giant infield has received a hard blow. Manager McGraw, however, believes that he can fill up the gap with Eddie Grant or Milton Stock. The latter player has had a tryout with the Giants before, and has since been in the International League. While Stock lacks experience, he has made rapid strides as a ball player.

In retiring from baseball, Shafer is following the wishes of his father in Los Angeles, who never approved of his son playing professional ball. Shafer received a considerable sum of money on the death of his mother some time ago. Shafer also owns much real estate in Los Angeles.

CHANCE WATCHES COOPER.

"Rookie" Pitcher Looks Good to Yankee Manager in Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

HOUSTON, Texas, March 9.—As the Yankees have entered their second week of training Manager Chance is beginning to get a line on the young fellows who are here struggling for a job in the big organization. This is the time of a preparatory trip when the managers keep their eyes open to see who is who among the "rookies." While the New York leader has not indicated whom he likes among the young men at Houston he wore a broad smile to-day while standing back of the batting cage while his men were at hitting practice.

Cooper was on the mound, which gave the impression that he liked the looks of the young man who was purchased from the Petersburg club of the Virginia League. Cooper is handicapped at the present time with a bad boil on his neck, and he finds it difficult to "put all he has on the ball." But the New York batters who have faced his pitching are of the opinion that Cooper will develop into a big league pitcher.

Cooper received his baseball training while in the United States Navy. He was attached to the Naval Training Station, Norfolk, Va. He makes his home in Atlanta, is 20 years old, 6 feet in height, and weighs 170 pounds. He is right handed, but bats left handed, and was considered one of the best sluggers in the Virginia League. Cooper worked for more than a half hour on the pitching mound. The New York batters found it difficult to hit his curve balls. He also has a "fast one," which caused a great deal of comment among the New York players.

With weather such as prevails in New York in the middle of July, Manager Chance put his men through the hardest four hours of work the men have had in the trip. Chance was of the opinion that batting practice was needed badly. He had every man at hitting practice. The outfielders had a good workout with Chance making them chase the ball to the fence. The pitchers were ordered to run around the park three times, and then they walked back to the hotel.

Bill Holden has a black eye as the result of being hit in the left optic with a pitched ball in the game with the Beaumont club on Sunday. He was in uniform, however, working.

Jack Warhop has come to terms with the New York club. He signed his contract the other night after a conference with Manager Chance.

TO RESTRAIN KILLIFER.

Federal League to Ask for Injunction Against Deserting Ball Player.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 9.—After a conference with Silas H. Strawn, attorney for the Chicago Federal League Club, over the long distance telephone, E. E. Gates, attorney for the Federal League, announced to-night that the complaint in the injunction suit to prevent William Killifer playing with the Philadelphia Nationals, would be completed to-morow, but that it would be several days before the papers would be ready in court.

The suit will be brought in the United States District Court at Grand Rapids, Mich. It is understood Killifer resides in the jurisdiction of that court. Mr. Gates said a temporary restraining order to prevent Killifer playing with the Philadelphia Nationals would be asked, and that the Federal League would give bond to reimburse Killifer if the suit for a permanent injunction fails.

The complaint will set up that Killifer has signed a contract to play with the Federal League Club in Chicago, Mr. Gates said, and that he had failed to report for duty.

The complaint will be sent to President Gilmore of the league, who is in Shreveport, La., for his inspection before it is filed in court.

NEW BID FOR THE CUBS.

Another Chicago Syndicate in Field for Purchase of Taft's Shares.

CHICAGO, March 9.—Another syndicate of Chicago men to-day tried to purchase the Chicago National League Ball Club. A telegram sent in the name of Modie J. Spiegel, a Chicago business man, to Charles P. Taft, said such a syndicate had been formed and that a check for $25,000 was waiting to clinch negotiations.

The new syndicate through its legal representatives announced that its intention would be to retain 51 per cent. of the stock and dispose of the remaining shares singly to forty-nine other Chicago men.

Lobert Signs with Phillis.

PHILADELPHIA, March 9.—It was announced by officials of the Philadelphia National League Baseball Club that Hans Lobert, the third baseman, who was a member of the world tourists, signed a new contract here to-day, following a conference with President Baker. He will leave for the Spring training camp at Wilmington, N. C., on Thursday.

MATTY'S TEAM ROUTED.

Snodgrass's Dallas Nine Scores an Easy Victory at Marlin.

Special to The New York Times.

MARLIN, Texas, March 9.—The returning Dallas raiders under the captaincy of Snodgrass, and the stay-at-homes under the guidance of Mathewson, resumed their warfare this afternoon with the same result. The former team won its fourth consecutive victory over the Mattys. The score for the five innings played was 8 to 2. The teams lined the same as they have been doing, except that Meyers and Schupp played first base for the losers. Matty was on the coaching lines, and that, with an easy workout in the morning, fielding bunts, and handball were his day's labors. He wants the persistent winds to subside before real tuning up of his valuable wing.

The sun was hot and the wind strong. The winners were fatigued after their night ride, though they won easily enough. Fromme and Schauer, their pitchers, held the Mattys to three hits, which were made by Burns, Murray and Tesreau. Fromme looked better than at any time this Spring. Burns's base running and the enterprise shown by Snodgrass and Dyer in running out hits were the liveliest features of the game.

Snodgrass made two three-baggers, and Dyer a home run. The latter hit over Tesreau's head in left, and cleaned up three runs in the first inning. Singles by Grant and Jordan, and errors by Ritter and Meyers produced the other runs of the five made in the first inning. Al Williams was pitching for the Mattys at the time, but with good support no runs would have been scored in this inning.

Marquard held the victors to one hit in two innings. Tesreau, whose batting eye is as well primed as his arm, lammed Schauer for a three-base hit. The score by innings:

						R.	H.	E.
Matty's	0	0	0	1	1	2	3	3
Dallas	5	1	0	2	0	8	6	1

Batteries—Williams, Marquard, and McLean; Fromme, Schauer, and Johnson.

Outfielder Peiz is playing with a lame leg, the result of a wrench in the thigh. The catching department will be helped out for a while by the advent of Wilson from the Galveston team, who is due to-morrow. He will make the fourth catcher, and when McGraw gets here with Dick Cotter, the former Cub, there will be five, which ought to be enough to give the big pitching corps proper attention. McGraw and party are expected on Wednesday and are awaited with interest. This morning practice was devoted partly to sliding, the second dose of that which the youngsters have had.

SUPERBAS PLAY A GAME.

Dutch Stenzel Smashes Out Homer for Regulars, the Only Run Scored.

Special to The New York Times.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 9.—A nine-innings game, the first this year, was played this afternoon by the first and second teams of the Superbas, resulting in a 1 to 0 victory for the regulars. The lone tally was made on a home-run drive by "Dutch" Stengel in the second inning, he lifting the ball over the centre field fence, the first big leaguer to accomplish this feat.

The nearest the second team came to scoring was in their half of the last inning, when they had the bases loaded with none out. Ragon, who finished in the box for the regulars, made Elberfeld dribble one to the infield, forcing Pennington. He struck Kraft out and made Mowe foul fly out to Catcher Fischer. Rucker, Ruelbach, and Ragon worked for the first team, while Pfeffer, Schmutz, and Pennington divided the nine innings for the second team. The three veterans took things comparatively easy, and only put something on their offerings when the second team threatened to score.

Save for luncheon time, Manager Robinson had his players in uniform from 10 in the morning until 5:30 o'clock.

Shortstops O'Mara and Mowe tried to outdo each other around the short field to-day, and if either can show anything in the hitting line, "Dick" Egan will have to play better than the average to get a regular berth. Riggert, who looks like a fixture in centre field since Stengel has been moved to right, gave the first real exhibition in the throwing line to-day, when he cut loose a couple of long throws from deep centre.

Coach Elberfeld, who has probably stopped more pitched balls with his anatomy than any other player, is going to teach the players how to get hit without being hurt. This was a specialty of the "Kid's" in his big league days, and he has not forgotten how to turn the trick.

An exhibition game will probably be arranged somewhere between Knoxville and Charlotte, as there is an open date on account of the cancellation of the two games scheduled at Asheville.

New Baseball Record Book.

George L. Moreland, the Pittsburgh baseball statistician, has just issued a new baseball reference book called "Balldom." The book contains all the records of the game which are worth knowing. There is hardly a fact of interest connected with the game which is not recorded. It is a complete history of the national pastime from its beginning in 1845. The author has been collecting records for many years and he has made use of them all, compiling the records of all the major league clubs from their beginning. The book contains complete lists of the players of each club, tells where and how the game of baseball started, contains the first box score of a game ever printed, and numerous other interesting facts. The contents of the book are arranged in an alphabetical index and any record can be readily traced. This book should prove a great peacemaker among argumentative baseball fans, for there is not a subject in the world which brings up so many warm discussions. Mr. Moreland records 18 triple plays, which have been made in the game, and tells the names of the players who took part in the performances.

Cardinals to Play Browns Again.

President Schuyler P. Britton of the St. Louis National League Club visited National League headquarters yesterday and completed arrangements with Secretary John A. Heydler for the interclub series between the St. Louis Cardinals and the St. Louis Browns at St. Louis early in April. This Spring series between the clubs was decided upon as a result of the fiasco of the intracity series last October. That series was not finished, having ended in a fight between managers, players, spectators, and umpires. Each team had won three games, and two games were tied. The scrap at the last game was so serious that the series was called off. Future series will be under the jurisdiction of the National Commission, who will see that there is no further trouble. The two St. Louis clubs have signed an agreement to play a Spring and Fall series for five years.

Cubs and Browns Tied.

TAMPA, Fla., March 9.—A tie score of 5 to 5 resulted in to-day's game here between the Chicago Nationals and the St. Louis Americans. With a one-run lead against the Cubs in the seventh inning, Saier tripled, scoring Phelan with the tieing run. The game was called by agreement at the end of the seventh. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	5	9	2
St. Louis	5	9	1

Batteries—Smith, Hargrove, Pierce, Koestner and Archer, Bresnahan; James, Hamilton and Agnew, Rumler.

Central League Opens April 22.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 9.—The Central League will open its playing season April 22 with Grand Rapids at Fort Wayne, Springfield at Dayton, and Terre Haute at Evansville, according to the decision of the league magnates, who met here to-day to arrange the 1914 schedule.

Fielder Jones Declines Offer.

PORTLAND, Ore., March 9.—Fielder Jones said to-day that he had refused to accept an offer from the Federal League. He would not state what the offer had been. It was intimated, however, that he was offered the management of the Brooklyn team.

Feds Offered Wingo $5,000 Bonus.

The signed contracts of Ivy Wingo and Lee Magee of the St. Louis Club were received at National League headquarters yesterday. Magee signed for two years and Wingo for one. In trying to coax Wingo to the Federal League President Gilmore offered him $5,000 in cash and a three years' contract of $8,000 a year.

BILLIARD CHAMPION LOSES FIRST MATCH

Dr. Uffenheimer Defeats Joseph Mayer in Class A Tourney 400 Points to 283.

Playing a plucky up-hill game, Dr. Walter Uffenheimer of Philadelphia defeated Joseph Mayer of the Amateur Billiard Club, the title holder, in the opening game of the Class A amateur billiard championship of America at 18-inch balkline, two shots in, by the score of 400 to 283. The strange conditions, both as to table and location, affected the playing of both contestants, and neither was seen at his best. The winner ran out his points in fifty-one innings for an average of 7 43-51, with high runs of 40, 27, 25, and 24, while Mayer averaged 5 33-50, with 29, 27, and 27 as his best contributions. The latter failed to get the balls out of balk a number of times, and did not show the execution that gained him the title last year.

Both players displayed nervousness that did not enable them to show their best efforts. Occasionally they executed brilliant shots, only to follow with misses almost inexcusable. The contest was divided into two periods. In the first the champion led all the way, while in the second, when the new set of balls was requisitioned, Dr. Uffenheimer had matters almost all his own way. The score by innings:

Dr. Walter E. Uffenheimer—0 14 3 7 4 0 5 7 4 1 2 16 0 3 0 0 0 7 6 9 10 4 6 1 4 22 0 4 24 9 14 1 23 20 12 13 14 4 0 0 4 25 27 11 0 5 0 1 40 9 5. Total—400.
Average—7.43-51. High runs—40, 27, 25, 24.
Joseph Mayer—27 0 5 6 13 0 4 0 5 0 27 2 2 15 1 0 0 1 29 2 15 0 8 1 6 1 1 4 0 0 0 6 6 2 2 4 1 6 3 1 22 14 1 2 1 0 1 0 21 2 3 10 1. Total—283.
Average—5.33-50. High Runs—29, 27, 27, 22.
Referee—Mr. C. F. Conklin.

De Oro and Eames to Play.

Fred Eames and Alfred De Oro, who are to begin a three nights' match for the three-cushion championship of the world at Doyle's Forty-second Street Academy to-night, met yesterday afternoon to choose a referee. After considering the names of several candidates without arriving at a decision, the men put the matter up to John Doyle, the promoter of the contest, and he selected Albert G. Cutler, the well-known Boston player and official. He refereed the recent 18.2 balk-line billiard championship match at the Hotel Astor between Hoppe and Sutton. The men will play 50 points each night until either one has tallied 150 points. A purse of $1,000 also hangs upon the result.

Winners with the Cue.

Hal A. Coleman, former amateur Class B champion, after conceding a ten-point handicap to Christian Scheidig, defeated the latter last night in the amateur handicap 18.2 balkline billiard tournament at Keeney's Billiard Academy in Brooklyn, by the score of 250 to 202 in thirty-five innings. Coleman made high runs of 44, 34, and 31, with an average of 7 5-35. Scheidig's best runs were 32, 23, and 22, with an average of 5 32-34.

The four-handed three-cushion-carrom billiard match at the Washington Heights Billiard Academy last night, with George Sallsbury and Frank Henry as partners against M. L. Leake and Paul Miller, resulted in a victory for the former team by the score of 50 to 35.

SNOW FLURRIES AT TRAPS.

Shooters on Roof at Sportsman's Show Feel Touch of Winter.

A brisk west wind and snow flurries added realism yesterday to the activities of the trapshooters and flycasters on the roof at the Travel and Sportsman's Show at Grand Central Palace. Although the wind did not hamper the work of the shooters, who are accustomed to the strong breezes, it was not relished by the anglers, who experienced quite some difficulty in getting their flies out over the water for creditable distances. Although compelled to face the wind in casting, on account of the position of the water, their work was all that could be expected, but no records were broken.

The winner of the matinee event was L. G. Saunders, who cast seventy-eight feet. Second place went to E. Webster, Jr., with a "heave" of five feet less, and G. R. Jenkins was third, with seventy-one feet.

The qualifying rounds in both the amateur and professional events for the trapshooters was reached, and on account of the continued high winds it was deemed advisable to postpone the "moonlight" championship until to-night. In the event for amateurs, which included several of the gunners of the metropolitan team which recently competed at Boston, resulted in close scoring. John Philip Sousa, the bandmaster, was in the race, and showed a string of 31 out of the possible 50. D. F. McMahon was the winner of the event, with 46 "kills."

H. H. Stevens was high gun among the professionals, and brought down 45 bluerocks while at the traps, with J. M. Hawkins a close second, with only one bird less.

Members of the Camp Fire Club were guests of the managament last night. The party included about fifty sportsmen, members of the Long Island and Adirondack Fishing Clubs. They were interested spectators, and in making the rounds to the various exhibits were acquainted with the very latest and standard tackle. One novelty which especially caught their eye was the light-running English gunmetal reel.

The best scores in the shooting events follow:

Amateurs, 50 Clay Pigeons.—D. F. McMahon, 46; G. H. Pumpelly, 44; W. D. Hins, 44; P. Von Boeckman, 41; F. B. Stephenson, 41; A. B. Richardson, 41; Dr. Sauer, 41; George Piercy, 41; R. L. Spotts, 40; M. R. Guggenheim, 40; S. H. Loomis, 40; H. H. Shannon, 40; G. G. Stephenson, Jr., 40.

Professionals, 50 Clay Pigeons.—H. H. Stevens, 45; J. M. Hawkins, 44; W. B. Darton, 43; Neaf Apgar, 42; W. Hammond, 40; E. R. Wilbur, 37; J. S. Fanning, 36.

Wrestling at Garden To-night.

Challengers for Frank Gotch's title of "world's champion wrestler" will be seen in action to-night at Madison Square Garden in the second series of the international wrestling tournament, which is being promoted for the purpose of selecting the best opponent to send against the Humboldt farmer. The following drawings have been made for to-night's bouts: Alexander Aberg of Finland vs. Ivan Mamutoff, the Cossack; Gustav Fristensky of Bohemia vs. Charles Simmard of Canada, Waldek Zbyszko of Poland vs. Tom Jenkins of America. There is to be a special best two out of three fall match in which Stanislaws Zbyszko is to try and revenge himself upon Georges Lurich, the Russian, who defeated him last Spring in a match at the Garden.

Says Cobb Gets Biggest Salary.

DETROIT, March 9.—When President Frank J. Navin of the Detroit Baseball Club returned from New York to-day he found awaiting him the signed contract by Ty Cobb. Navin had given Cobb the right to make it for one or two seasons, and the champion batsman made it a two-year contract.

"The report that Tris Speaker's new contract calls for the highest salary paid in baseball is not true," said President Navin. "Cobb's contract calls for the biggest salary in the game." The figures were not made public, however. Cobb wrote he would join the Detroit team at New Orleans next Saturday.

John Heydler Goes Golfing.

Secretary John A. Heydler of the National League left yesterday for a short vacation at Pinehurst, N. C. With the Federal League, the world's tourists' banquet, the dethroning of Charley Murphy, and numerous meetings, Mr. Heydler has had the busiest Winter in the history of his office, so he has decided to play a little golf for a change.

Harvard Crews Row on River.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 9.—Three Harvard eight-oared crews had their first outdoor practice of the season on the Charles River to-day. Ice was encountered, but the oarsmen found occasional clear stretches in which they were able to extend themselves a little. The work lasted half an hour.

BROOKLYN SIGNS MURPHY.

Old Athletic Captain to Manage Federal League Team.

Danny Murphy, formerly field captain of the world's champion Athletics, has signed a contract with the Brooklyn club of the Federal League, according to a report sent out from his home in Norwich, Conn., last night. As Murphy's playing days are over, he will be appointed bench manager.

Last week, as soon as it was announced that Murphy had been released by the Athletics to Baltimore of the International League, the Federal League officials got busy. On Saturday Walter Ward, Treasurer of the outlaw club, said that the manager of the team would be a big leaguer and a big surprise. He stated that the announcement would be made yesterday. Late last night none of the Wards could be located to verify the story. But Murphy is the surprise he had in mind.

Yesterday afternoon President Robert B. Ward said that the manager had not been chosen, but he stated that all arrangements were made for the club to leave on Saturday for the training camp at Columbia, S. C. Secretary John M. Ward has been in favor of selecting Bill Bradley as manager, but President Gilmore urged the Wards to put in a man with a big reputation.

The Brooklyn club officials worked very quietly in negotiating with Murphy, and the announcement last night came as a big surprise.

Murphy for several seasons has been a member of the world's champions, and has been of great aid to Connie Mack's board of strategy. Murphy is 36 years old, and first attracted attention as a player with the Norwich (Conn.) club in 1900. He was purchased by the Giants and played here part of the season of 1900 and 1901. He went back to Norwich for part of a season, and was then bought by the Athletics as a second baseman after Lajoie had been enjoined from playing in Pennsylvania. As a second baseman he played great ball with the Athletics, both at the bat and as a fielder. It was always his desire to play the outfield, and when he went to the outgardens, he proved the most valuable hard-hitting outfielder on the club.

After doing great work in the world's series against the Giants in 1911, Murphy injured his knee, and was out of the game during most of the season of 1912. Last year, Murphy played a few games, but he never recovered his old playing form after the injury.

There are few men better versed in the game than Murphy, and as a field leader of the Athletics he has shown much generalship. Murphy should prove a valuable leader for the Brooklyn Federals.

FOUR FEDERAL CLUBS.

St. Louis, Kansas City, Indianapolis, and Buffalo Players Named.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 9.—Mordecai Brown, manager of the St. Louis Federal League team, arrived here to-night and gave out the following list of his players:

Catchers—Mike Simon, formerly with Pittsburgh Nationals; Grover Hartley, New York Nationals; Harry Chapman, Atlanta, Ga., Southern League.

Pitchers—William Morgan, Salt Lake City; Edgar Willett, Detroit Americans; E. Bushman, Highland, Ill.; G. Williams, St. Louis; Mordecai Brown, (Manager;) J. Herbert, Cincinnati; Otis Crandall, New York Nationals; "Bob" Groom, Washington Americans; Harry Cooper, who last year pitched for the St. Louis Federals under the name of "King"; William Jenney, St. Louis.

Third Base—J. J. Mathes, Utica, N. Y., New York State League.

Second Base—Alvin Bucher, Jersey City, N. J., International League.

Shortstop—Al Bridwell, Chicago Nationals.

Outfielders—Ward Miller, Chicago Nationals; Eddie Tobin, St. Louis Federals last year; Fred Kommers, Pittsburgh Nationals; "Dell" Drake, Kansas City, American Association.

Brown declared that negotiations with five other players were about to be completed. The team is scheduled to leave here for its training camp, Monroe, La., next Tuesday.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 9.—A list of the players of the Kansas City Federal League baseball team was announced to-day, and included the following:

Catchers—Easterly, formerly with the Chicago Americans; Brown, Toronto, International League; Brammell, Virginia Northern League.

Pitchers—Packard, Cincinnati Nationals; Stone, Oakland, Coast League; Harris, Denver, Western League; Baumgardner, St. Louis Americans; Blanding, Cleveland Americans; Henning, Hogue, and Hogan, with the Kansas City Federals last year.

Infield—Stovall, (Manager,) formerly with St. Louis Americans; Kenworthy, Sacramento, Coast League; Goodwin, Los Angeles, Coast League; Perring, Columbus, American Association; Sapp and Deeringer, with the Federals last year.

Outfield—Chadbourne, Portland, Coast League; Krueger, Los Angeles, Coast League, and formerly with Cleveland Americans; Williams, St. Louis Americans.

A number of youngsters, to be given tryouts, are on the list. Twelve of the players will go from here to-morrow night to Wichita Falls, Texas, for Spring training.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 9.—Manager Larry Schlafly of the local Federal League club to-day announced the line-up of his team. It includes thirteen players who have had major league experience and eight from the minor leagues. The list includes:

Pitchers—Russell Ford, New York Americans; Earl Moore, Chicago Nationals; George Kahler and Eugene Knapp, Cleveland Americans; Fred Anderson, Boston Red Sox; Edward Purroy, Robert Brown, Harry Moran, and Joe Houser.

Catchers—Walter Blair, Jersey City; Nick Allen, formerly of Chicago White Sox, and Arthur Lavigne, St. Louis Americans.

Infield—Thomas Downey, Baltimore Internationals; Joe Agler, Jersey City Internationals; William Louden, Detroit Americans; Fred Smith, Boston Nationals.

Outfield—Luther Bonnin, St. Louis Cardinals; Ned Pettigrew, Del Young, and Frank Delehanty.

Utility—Dwight Wuertz, Captain of Western Reserve College team.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 9.—W. H. Watkins, business manager of the Indianapolis Federal League Club, announced to-night the 1914 roster of the players and the clubs with which they played last year, as follows:

Manager—William Phillips.

Pitchers—Fred Falkenberg, Cleveland Americans; George Mullin, Detroit Americans; Earl Moseley, Boston Red Sox; Fred Harter, Three-I., and George Kaiserling and Harry Billiard, Indianapolis Federals.

Catchers—William Rariden, Boston Nationals; George Texter, Indianapolis Federals.

First Base—M. L. Dolan, Indianapolis Federals and F. L. Roney, Cleveland Federals.

Second Base—Carl Vandergrift, Indianapolis Federals.

Shortstop—James Esmond, Cincinnati Nationals.

Third Base—W. D. McKechnie, Pittsburgh Nationals.

Outfielders—Everett Booe, Pittsburgh Nationals; Ben Kauff, New York Americans; D. J. Rousch, Chicago Americans; Albert Shear, Brooklyn Nationals; Vincent Campbell, Pittsburgh Nationals two years ago, and Al Kiser, Indianapolis Federals.

Utility Players—W. H. Warner, Alamo, Tenn.; J. P. Potts, Cleveland; Joe Swetonic, and Bert Weeden.

Manager Phillips arrived from his home in Pennsylvania to-day and completed arrangements for the departure of the players for the Spring training camp at Wichita Falls, Texas, to-morrow. Pitchers Falkenberg and Mullin and Catchers Texter and Rariden are already in the Texas camp. A few other players, including Frank Laporte, a second baseman, are expected to sign with the club later.

Canterbury
The season's most pleasing and popular model.
Ide Silver Collars
2 for 25c
Doesn't spread at the top.
Geo. P. Ide & Co., Makers, Troy, N.Y.

COFFEY IN DRAW WITH LEVINSKY

Dublin Giant Shows Much Improvement Over Previous Bouts.

Jim Coffey, the Dublin Giant, and Battling Levinsky battled ten rounds to a draw in the main event at Madison Square Garden last night. In the ten-round semi-final Young Brown of the east side outfought Phil Bloom of Brooklyn, and in the opening ten-round bout the Young Zulu Kid of Brooklyn outpointed Jimmy Fitzpatrick, the little British boxer who arrived here a short time ago. The show concluded Billy Gibson's connection with the club as matchmaker, and ended boxing at the big amphitheatre for two months at least.

The Levinsky-Coffey bout was the third between these heavyweights within three months, and Coffey showed much improvement over his previous efforts. At the same time he displayed an inability to accept golden opportunies when he had his lighter opponent on the run. The ringside weights were 197½ pounds for Coffey and 172 pounds for Levinsky. The latter was more skillful from a boxing standpoint than his heavy opponent, but Coffey carried more power in his punches, and several times during the bout he shot in left hooks which shook Levinsky down to his feet. Both bled from the mouth, but carried no other marks of the encounter when they left the ring.

The sixth round was marked by some unusually fast work after Coffey had thrown Levinsky to the floor following a clinch. When Levinsky got up the pair went at each other like bantamweights, and gloves flew thick and fast for the remainder of the round. Levinsky showed plenty of respect for Coffey's punches and backed around the ring continually.

Young Brown was the aggressor from the opening bell to the finish in the semi-final, and earned the honors by a comfortable margin. Bloom showed a good left jab, but Brown kept so close to him after the early rounds that he was unable to use the left to much advantage. Bloom was glad to hold on in the closing rounds. Brown weighed 136½ pounds and Bloom was two pounds under this figure.

Jimmy Fitzpatrick, weighing only 96½ pounds, made a hit with the crowd in the opening bout by his jumping tactics, but Young Zulu Kid, who weighed 105¼ pounds, was too rugged. In the seventh round Fitzpatrick was floored for the count of eight.

JERSEY AMATEUR BOXING.

Burns and Friedman Contest Best Bout in the Two Classes.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., March 9.—James Burns of the Puritan A. C. of this city and Jacob Friedman of the Young Men's Hebrew Association of New Brunswick, battled through three clever rounds at the National Turn Verein, this city, to-night, Burns winning out in the last round. A large crowd was out to root for its favorites in the New Jersey State amateur tournament.

Jerome Hennessy of the Avonia A. C., Hoboken, was much too fast for Louis Repasky, unattached, of this city. The referee stopped the bout in the second round.

Nick Baldwin, unattached, of Newark, and Thomas Conley of the National Turn Verein, furnished one of the finest exhibitions ever seen here, the former receiving the decision. The summary:

115-Pound Class.—Albert Thoma, National Turn Verein, Newark, defeated Thomas Costello, Alley Boys' A. C., Harrison, (bout stopped in second round;) Nick Baldwin, unattached, Newark, defeated Thomas Conley, National Turn Verein, Newark, three rounds. James Burns, Puritan A. C., Newark, defeated Jacob Friedman, Y. M. H. A., New Brunswick, three rounds; Jerome Hennessy, Avonia A. C., Hoboken, defeated Louis Repasky, unattached, Newark, (bout stopped in second round.)

125-Pound Class.—Louis Urban, National Turn Verein, Newark, defeated Frank Murray, Mercury A. C., Newark, three rounds; Thomas Tuohy, Entre Nous, Paterson, defeated E. J. Slater, unattached, Newark, (bout stopped in first round;) Thomas Quigley, Jordan A. C., Newark, defeated Harry Leddy, unattached, West New York, N. J., three rounds.

Margolies Wins at Olympic.

Irving Margolies, former holder of the metropolitan 125-pound amateur championship title, easily outpointed Willie Green, a Boston featherweight, last night in the main ten-round bout at the Olympic Athletic Club in Harlem. Margolies had the advantage in reach, and used an effective jab in the first five-rounds, being content to hold his own. After this round, however, the former amateur champion assumed the aggressive and carried the fight to his opponent for the remainder of the bout, flooring the Boston boxer for the count of nine in the sixth round.

The semi-final bout, scheduled to go ten rounds, in which the contestants were Kid Goodman and Johnny Carroll, both local bantamweights, was stopped in the eighth round by the referee, to save Carroll from further punishment. Goodman had the better of the bout up to the time the referee intervened, and had his opponent in a hopeless condition from the effects of hard blows to the face and body.

Broadway Sporting Club Bouts.

The Broadway Sporting Club of Brooklyn will stage two ten-round bouts to-night in its arena, Halsey Street, below Broadway. Jack Britton, the clever Chicago welterweight, who has outpointed Mike Glover on two occasions, will engage Kid Graves of Milwaukee, who recently boxed Mike Gibbons and Mike Glover. Gene Gannon, the bantamweight champion of Wisconsin, will box Dutch Brandt of Flatbush in the other ten-round session. The semi-windup of six rounds will bring together two sturdy featherweights, Young Josh and Kid Taylor, who are likely to mix matters from the tap of the gong. The usual four-round preliminaries will also be staged.

More Boxers for Australia.

Freddie Hicks, the Detroit middleweight, and Bobbie Moore of this city, have been signed by Snowy Baker for bouts in Australia, and they will leave here with Joe Shugrue on April 21. Jimmy Johnston expects to go to Australia in June with Young Mike Donovan and two or three other boxers who are under his management. A proposition has also been made to Willie Beecher to contest in three bouts in Australia. Mr. Baker sails to-day on the Lusitania for England.

Empire A. C. Bouts Postponed.

Leach Cross, who was scheduled to box Young Shugrue of Jersey City in the main event at the Empire A. C. next Friday night yesterday notified the management that he was suffering from an attack of tonsilitis and would be unable to fill the engagement. As a result the show has been postponed for one week, and no bouts will be held this week at the Empire A. C.

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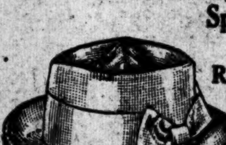
12 Cortlandt St.
3 Big Stores All Under One Roof.
Men's Hats, Men's Shoes, Men's Furnishings.
Spring Soft Hats
$1.90



Rich New Colors
Novel effects in bands
Middleman's Profits Saved
Bell Crown Derbys, $1.90
with the New "Dish Brim"
It's worth $3.00
Finest Derbys & Soft Hats, $2.90
Why Pay $4 or $5 Elsewhere?
The pick of the country's best m'f'rs.
Hats and Caps for Special Occasions.
English Tweed Cloth Hats, $1.25
Scotch Tweed Caps, 50c and 95c
Dress Silk Hats, $4.90

HOLLANDER BEST FENCER.

Lieut. Von Blijenburgh Wins Three Foils Competition.

Lieut. Hubert Von Blijenburgh of Holland, representing the New York Athletic Club, won the Dr. Graeme M. Hammond medals last night at the Winged-Foot club as the best exponent with the foil, dueling sword, and sabre, these three weapons being used by nine fencers of the district representing several clubs.

It was during the duelling sword and sabre sections of the long drawn out competition that the Dutch expert showed best, as two wins with the first named weapon placed him on an equality with Sherman Hall, a clubmate, whose three wins with the foils had given him a temporary lead in the final bouts.

In the sabre the Lieutenant began operations by beating Hall, the man he most feared by a score of 7 touches to 4. Closely following this the Columbia man, Pitt, defeated Hall and paved the way for the ultimate victory of the Dutchman, who clinched his lien on first place after a victory over Reinherr in a stubbornly fought contest.

As usual the judges delayed matters by their verbal parleys over rules and touches and quite held the series until nearly all but the contestants interested had fled.

The entries included F. Goodfellow, Philadelphia Tennis Club; H. H. Davis, West Side Y. M. C. A.; H. A. Hirsh, Fencers Club; S. Pitt, Columbia University; Sherman Hall, New York A. C.; George Reimherr, Jr., New York Turn Verein; H. Van Blijenburgh, New York A. C.; J. B. B. Parker, New York A. C., and A. Strauss, New York Turn Verein.

For the finals after the points of all the men had been counted in the three weapons Pitt, Columbia; Hall and Van Blijenburgh, New York A. C., and Reimherr, New York Turn Verein, were the qualifiers. The summary:

Foils.—Hall, New York A. C., defeated Strauss, New York Turn Verein, 5 to 4; Strauss, New York Turn Verein, defeated Hirsh, Fencers Club, 5 to 2; Hall, New York A. C., defeated Van Blijenburgh, New York A. C., 5 to 3; Hall, New York A. C., defeated Hirsh, Fencers' Club, 5 to 2; Van Blijenburgh, New York A. C., defeated Strauss, 5 to 4; Van Blijenburgh, New York A. C., defeated Hirsh, Fencers' Club, 5 to 3; Hall, New York A. C., and Van Blijenburgh, New York A. C., qualified for finals.

Duelling Swords.—Strauss, New York Turn Verein, defeated Hirsh, Fencers' Club; Van Blijenburgh, New York A. C., defeated Hall, New York A. C.; Hall, New York A. C., defeated Hirsh, Fencers' Club; Strauss, New York Turn Verein, defeated Van Blijenburgh, New York A. C.; Hall, N. Y. A. C., defeated Strauss, New York Turn Verein; Van Blijenburgh, New York A. C., defeated Hirsh, Fencers' Club; Parker, New York A. C., defeated Goodfellow, Philadelphia; Reimherr, New York Turn Verein, defeated Pitt, Columbia; Davis, West Side Y. M. C. A., defeated Parker, New York A. C.; Pitt, Columbia, defeated Goodfellow, Philadelphia; Reimherr, New York Turn Verein, defeated Davis, West Side Y. M. C. A.; Pitt, Columbia, defeated Parker, New York A. C.; Davis, West Side Y. M. C. A., defeated Goodfellow, Philadelphia; Reimherr, New York Turn Verein, defeated Parker, New York A. C.; Pitt, Columbia, defeated Davis, West Side Y. M. C. A.; Reimherr, New York Turn Verein, defeated Goodfellow, Philadelphia.

Foils.—Parker, New York A. C., defeated Goodfellow, Philadelphia, 5 to 4; Pitt, Columbia, defeated Davis, 5 to 2; Pitt, Columbia, defeated Reimherr, New York Turnverein, 5 to 3; Parker, New York A. C., defeated Davis, West Side Y. M. C. A., 5 to 0; Pitt, Columbia, defeated Goodfellow, Philadelphia, 5 to 4; Reimherr, New York Turn Verein, defeated Davis, West Side Y. M. C. A., 5 to 2; Pitt, Columbia, defeated Parker, New York A. C., 5 to 3; Goodfellow, Philadelphia, defeated Davis, 5 to 4; Reimherr, New York Turn Verein, defeated Parker, 5 to 2; Reimherr, New York Turn Verein, defeated Goodfellow, Philadelphia, 5 to 2; Pitt, Columbia, and Reimherr, New York Turn Verein, qualified for finals.

Sabres.—Strauss, New York Turn Verein, defeated Hirsh, Fencers' Club, 7 to 2; Van Blijenburgh, New York A. C., defeated Hall, 7 to 1; Hall, New York A. C., defeated Hirsh, Fencers' Club, 7 to 0; Strauss, New York Turn Verein, defeated Van Blijenburgh, New York A. C., 7 to 3; Hall, New York A. C., defeated Strauss, New York Turn Verein, 7 to 2; Van Blijenburgh, New York A. C., defeated Hirsh, Fencers Club, 7 to 0; Parker, New York A. C., defeated Goodfellow, Philadelphia, 7 to 1; Pitt, Columbia, defeated Reimherr, New York Turn Verein, 7 to 4; Parker, New York A. C., defeated Davis, West Side Y. M. C. A., 7 to 3; Pitt, Columbia, defeated Goodfellow, Philadelphia, 7 to 3; Reimherr, New York Turn Verein, defeated Davis, West Side Y. M. C. A., 7 to 5; Pitt, Columbia, defeated Parker, New York A. C., 7 to 6; Parker, New York A. C., defeated Reimherr, New York Turne Verein, 7 to 6.

New Men for Fordham Nine.

The early season baseball practice in the cage at Fordham is the best in years. There are fifty candidates besides the battery men working hard every day letting out the kinks in preparation for the outdoor training. Three more promising recruits were added to the squad yesterday, causing the most sanguine hopes of success for the Maroon nine despite the hardest schedule a Fordham manager has ever arranged. The new men to report were Billy Meagher of Montclair H. S. and Tommy McAviney and Granfield of New Haven H. S., interscholastic champions in their respective States. Harry Kane, who broke his ankle last season and whose baseball days it was thought were over, is training with the squad and showing his old-time form. This means that at least one outfield position will not annoy Coach Robertson.

Queal Beats Two Runners.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 9.—Billy Queal to-night won a unique race, defeating Ted Crooks, the New England five-mile champion, and Jimmy Fitzgerald, the Australian crack, each of whom ran 5 miles while Queal skimmed 10 miles. Queal ran the first 5 miles in 25:03, leading Crooks 3 laps for the distance. He led Fitzgerald, who ran in the second five miles, by only one-half a lap. Queal's final time was 52:37. The race was run in the Second Regiment Armory. The track registered 14 laps to the mile. Queal's time by miles was: 4:42, 9:46, 14:32, 19:49, 25:03, 30:15, 35:16, 40:43, and 46:20.

Kilbane, Ill, Cancels Two Bouts.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 9.—Johnny Kilbane, featherweight champion, to-night decided to call off his matches with Johnny Dundee of New York at Philadelphia on the night of March 19, and Charlie White of Chicago at Milwaukee later in the month. He is suffering from the grip and will not be able to fight again until some time in April, when he has promised to appear before a Philadelphia club.

Lawn Tennis at Pinehurst.

PINEHURST, N. C., March 9.—The first round of men's singles matches in the annual Spring lawn tennis tournament was played here to-day, the survivors being R. H. Jeffery, Columbus; F. R. Stevens, Toronto; R. A. Balfe, Brooklyn; A. H. Chapin, Springfield, Mass.; R. H. Fortune, St. Catharines, Canada, and H. P. Hotchkiss, New Haven. The tournament also will include women's singles, men's doubles, and mixed doubles.

ALL VEHICLES MAY CARRY LIGHTS

Bill in New York Legislature Makes Provision Favored by Autoists.

Motoring organizations and dealers in automobiles have not favored, as a rule, changes in the highway or automobile laws of this State or other States, but a measure has been introduced in the Legislature at Albany this season which provides for something for which they have long been contending—namely, lights on all vehicles. This bill, introduced by Assemblyman Gillett, would make it mandatory for all vehicles, with the exception of those moved by hand in the city streets, those operating where street lights were less than 500 feet apart, and certain classes of vehicles, such as wagons carrying hay and straw, to show lights. At present motor vehicles are the only ones which are forced by law to carry lights in the country, and it has been pointed out by motorists that not only was this discriminatory, but that it also was dangerous, having resulted in a number of collisions. This has been a moot point in this country and abroad for a number of years, and in England several expendients have been suggested to overcome the danger of the unlighted horse cart, including one that such vehicles should carry a strip of looking glass at the rear, in which the rays of the lights of vehicles approaching from behind might be reflected. Those who have had much experience in night driving are agreed that unlighted wagons are dangerous to other traffic, and it is assured that motorists, at any rate, would welcome the passage of a law to make all vehicles display lights.

⁂

A curious situation has arisen in New Jersey in regard to cycle cars. These little vehicles are, by definition, of less than standard tread, or width between the wheels. There is, however, an old blue law of 1787 on the statute books of the state which makes it a penal offense to drive a vehicle with a guage of less than 4 feet 10 inches, providing a fine of 20 shillings in punishment for violation. As a matter of fact, this law, which apparently escaped the revision of New Jersey's laws in 1868, makes it illegal to drive even the ordinary automobile, for the standard automobile tread is 4 feet 8 inches, while the most common cycle car tread is 3 feet. Needless to say, no arrests have been made under this law, but the matter is to be brought to the attention of the Legislature, and a bill to repeal it has been written by Assemblyman Griffin.

⁂

Definitions of the cycle car, in order to settle the question, "When is a cycle car not an automobile?" were laid down by the meeting of the Cyclecar Manufacturers' Association at Chicago recently, according to W. H. McIntyre, the association's President. The line was drawn as follows:

Cycle car motor, cylinder capacity up to 70 cubic inches, weight under 750 pounds.
Light car motor, cylinder capacity 70 to 100 cubic inches, weight 750 to 950 pounds.
Small car motor, cylinder capacity 100 to 125 cubic inches, weight 950 to 1,150 pounds.

⁂

On the last day of "Dealers Open Week," held recently in Indianapolis, automobile manufacturers and dealers had a section in a parade in which they showed as many of their different models since they first entered the business as they could muster. Cars dating back fourteen years and more were in line and aroused much interest.

⁂

A factory branch of the Lyons Atlas Company of Indianapolis, makers of Lyons-Knight cars, has been established at 1,874 Broadway. H. M. Davis will be in charge.

TIGER ATHLETIC REPORT.

Football, Baseball, and Hockey Only Sports at Princeton That Pay.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, March 9.—Football, baseball, and hockey pay the expenses of the other branches of sport at Princeton, according to the report of Treasurer George R. Murray, covering the year 1912 and 1913.

Football is the biggest paying sport. The report shows receipts of $27,416.69 from the Yale game, $25,517.51 from the Harvard game, $9,000.12 from the Dartmouth game, and $5,379.50 from the other contests, making a total of $67,313.82 from the games. From baseball receipts were $24,266.59. The expenses in connection with football amounted to $36,064.03, and in baseball to $15,034.55, giving a surplus in football of $32,322.58 and in baseball of $10,659.10. There was a surplus of $75.89 also in hockey.

The athletic associations lost $3,982.07 on track, exclusive of the trainer's salary, which is regarded as a separate item, $268.09 in gymnastics, $402.39 in basket ball, $3,403.59 on freshman athletics, $714.25 in swimming, $300 in tennis, $2,000 in rowing, and $75 in soccer. In addition to these expenses the association has an entry for the year of $25,408.29 for general expenses, including regular salaries of trainers and physicians, work on the football and baseball fields, traveling expenses, administrative and office expenses, and interest on bonds and insurance.

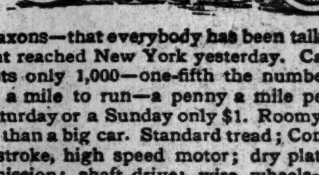
The coaching cost at Princeton was high. The report shows an expenditure on football of $7,316.61 for coaching, with an additional $893.96 for expenses of the coaching committee. There is an item of $2,693.80 for coaching in baseball, $628 for freshman football, $716.10 for freshman baseball, $600; for swimming, $383.60 for hockey, and $500 for wrestling. The total of coaching expenses as set down in the report is $13,732.07.

The big outlay in football included an expenditure of $10,423 for building the football bleachers, an expense which is used as an argument by those who want a stadium at Princeton as representing the interest at 5 per cent. on $200,000, which would go a long way toward building a permanent athletic field big enough to accommodate all the crowds at the big football games.

Dixie Kid Wins in England.

LONDON, March 9.—Dixie Kid, an American pugilist, defeated Jim Rideout of Ipswich to-night in the eighth round of their scheduled twenty-round bout at Acton Baths. Rideout was so badly punished that he was compelled to give up the contest.

Those Saxons—they're here



They have arrived—those Saxons—that everybody has been talking about. The first shipment reached New York yesterday. Car loads follow. New York gets only 1,000—one-fifth the number wanted. Costs but 2 cents a mile to run—a penny a mile per passenger—50 miles on a Saturday or a Sunday only $1. Roomy; rides over rough roads easier than a big car. Standard tread; Continental, water cooled, long stroke, high speed motor; dry plate clutch; sliding gear transmission; shaft drive; wire wheels—French lines; very beautiful. Snappy in traffic; a bear on the hill. Ride in it today. Demonstrations from 9 A. M. till 9 P. M.

L. A. VAN PATTEN, Inc., Phone Col. 1253 251 West 57th St.

SAXON $395

NEW ARMY-NAVY SITE.

Philadelphians Now Suggest Playing Football on League Island.

The business men of Philadelphia are still striving to have the Army-Navy football game played in Philadelphia next November, and have suggested to the naval authorities that if Franklin Field or the American or National League baseball park is not large enough to accommodate the crowds, they are willing to go to the expense of building a wooden stadium at League Island. This is Government property, and there is ample room there for the construction of suitable stands.

E. J. Berlet of Philadelphia, Chairman of the committee, visited Annapolis recently and talked over the plans with Capt. Fullam, Superintendent of the Naval Academy. Mr. Berlet says that Capt. Fullam takes the stand that the West Point cadets should return the courtesy extended by the midshipmen last year, when the latter consented to come to this city.

If there is a deadlock between the authorities over the selection of a place for the game the matter will be decided by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy.

Because of the splendid manner in which the game was arranged and managed at the Polo Grounds last year, there is a very strong sentiment on the part of many officials of both services to play the game here again.

HERRESHOFF GOING ABROAD

Will Sail Thursday with Travers to Seek Golf Honors.

Fred Herreshoff of Garden City, twice runner-up in the national amateur golf championship and formerly holder of the metropolitan title, will sail on the steamship Baltic next Thursday for England, in company with Jerome D. Travers, the holder of the national title.

Travers and Herreshoff will visit Sandwich together, and are likely to play over various British courses, to get in fine fettle. After the British amateur tournament in May they will go to France for the French event, and will return to England in time for the open tournament at Prestwick. They will sail for America around July 1.

Hyde Defeated in Florida Golf.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 9.—All of the favorities came through the second round of match play in the Florida amateur golf championship except J. R. Hyde, a former title holder, here. He was defeated by W. B. Langford of Chicago, a classmate of Hyde at Yale and a member of the 'Varsity golf team. Langford had three threes and two twos by the time the tenth hole was reached, and had gained a lead of 5 up. From then on the holes were halved and Langford won by 5 and 4.

W. J. Travis disposed of Walter Fairbanks of Denver, the 1913 title holder, winning the first three holes and eventually pulling out the match by a 3 and 2 margin. W. R. Simons, Garden City, and Harold Weber, Toledo, are the other semi-finalists.

Missouri A. C. Meets Canceled.

ST. LOUIS, March 9.—The intercollegiate track meet, which was to have been held here next Saturday night, under the auspices of the Missouri Athletic Club, was called off this afternoon. The swimming meet between the Chicago Athletic Club and the Missouri Athletic Club, scheduled for Chicago March 10, also was canceled. The two meets were abandoned because of the fire that destroyed the Missouri Athletic Club here to-day. All entries for the intercollegiate meet were among the records of the club that were burned. An advance sale of tickets, amounting to $1,400, has been made for the meet, but the records of the purchasers of the tickets have been destroyed by the fire.

Seeing's believing!

So we're letting water flow over some smart Spring overcoats in our windows to-day.

You'd hardly call them raincoats because there's nothing about them that even suggests the ordinary raincoat, though they're perfectly proof against rain.

That's the beauty of them!

The job was to rainproof a cheviot.

To the canny Scot who weaves our finer fabrics we suggested a stunt in the weaving. It worked.

*"Scotch Mists" we call them because they're such misty Scotch mixtures and because proof even against a Scotch mist.

Medium and light weights: browns and greys: fabric and patterns ours exclusively: some cut "regular," some with Raglan shoulders, $28 to $35.

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Everything men and boys wear.

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Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

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1913—38 H. P. 5-passenger Touring
1912—30 H. P. 4-passenger Touring
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1912—38 H. P. Simplex—2 Bodies
We guarantee fully every overhauled Locomobile. Let us send you detailed information.
J. A. Mellish, Mgr. Exchange Car Dept., 61st St., next to Broadway.

AMERICAN UNDERSLUNG.
NEW 1914 MODELS.
2-PASSENGER SCOUT,
SIX-CYLINDER TOURIST
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Electric lights and starter. On hand at freight station, will be sacrificed at large discount, as same must be moved immediately.
CHAS. E. RIESS & CO., Inc.,
1690 B'way, cor. 53d. 'Phone 7154 Columbus.

DECIDE TO RE-CAST ANTI-TRUST BILLS

Framers, After Seeing Wilson, Conclude That Two of Them Go Too Far.

EFFECT OF LOREE'S ATTACK

Railroad President's Criticism of the Interlocking Directorate Bill Believed to Have Had Weight.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—President Wilson had a conference at the White House to-day with Chairman Clayton and Representatives Carlin and Floyd of the House Judiciary Committee, in which it was made plain that the trio of tentative anti-trust bills forming the basis of hearings before that committee are to be rewritten. These are the Trade Relations bill, the Sherman Law Definitions bill, and the Interlocking Directors' bill.

The trade relations bill will be modified mainly as to language, but the Sherman Law Definitions bill and the Interlocking Directors bill are to be generally overhauled. The Sherman Law Definitions bill would, among other things, make it an offense for any person to attempt to monopolize trade between the States or to discriminate in price between different purchasers of commodities for the purpose of injuring or destroying a competitor of the purchaser or seller.

This bill will also make it a violation of the Sherman law for any person, in making a sale of goods to fix a price or rebate upon such price on the understanding that the purchaser shall not deal in the goods of a competitor. This bill, it is understood, is considered too broad in its provisions, and it is to be serve the principle of retaining compe- considerably modified, but it will pretition.

There will also be important changes in the interlocking directors' bill. This bill in its present form provides that two years hence no person engaged as an individual, or as a member of a partnership, or as director or other officer of a corporation in the business of manufacturing or selling railroad cars or locomotives, or the conduct of a bank or trust company, shall act as a director or officer or employe of any railroad or public service corporation which conducts an interstate business.

It is asserted to-night that the conclusion has been reached that this provision is too broad and goes too far. Some of the objections to the bill were pointed out several days ago by President Loree of the Delaware & Hudson Railroad, and it is understood that his criticism has made an impression upon supporters of this measure.

The hearings before the Clayton Committee are to continue until March 19, according to the present schedule, and the indications are that the hearings will run beyond that date. When the Administration bills were introduced Messrs. Clayton, Carlin, and Floyd anticipated that the bills would be ready for consideration by the House in March and would be passed this session by June.

Members of the Judiciary Committee are not now very optimistic about the prospects for trust legislation. They do not expect the bills to be passed by June, and feel that if they do pass this session, all hopes of adjourning Congress in that month will have to be abandoned. There are increasing indications that there will be a vigorous fight over various features of the bills when they are submitted to the House.

Chairman Clayton had with him at the White House a draft of the proposed paragraph relative to holding companies, and it is understood that it will be made public this week, so that it may be utilized as a basis for hearings.

SUED AS RUBBER TRUST.

New York Concern Asks $450,000 Damages from Six Companies.

CLEVELAND, March 9.—Alleging that six rubber companies—two incorporated under the laws of New York and four under the laws of Ohio—have combined and conspired together to monopolize the rubber trade and that as a result its business has been damaged to the extent of $150,000, the Automobile Co-operative Association of America, a New York corporation, filed suit here to-day in the United States Court for the recovery of threefold damages, or $450,000, as provided for in Section 7 of the Sherman Anti-Trust act.

The defendants named in the petition are the B. F. Goodrich Company of Akron, Ohio; the B. F. Goodrich Company of New York, the Diamond Rubber Company of Akron, Ohio; the Firestone Tire and Rubber Company of Akron, Ohio; the Republic Rubber Company of Youngstown, Ohio, and the United States Tire Company of New York.

The petition charges that the defendant companies have organized a "dealers' protective association," and have maintained a "spy system," operated by "agents, spies, and detectives," to obtain information with respect to automobile supplies furnished by other dealers. This system, the petition declares, was used by the defendants in boycotting and blacklisting their competitors. The Automobile Co-operative Association alleges that it was driven out of business in 1911 because of these alleged unlawful acts.

Further allegation is made that the rubber companies acted in conjunction with an association of retail dealers in New York in an agreement that neither would sell to the Automobile Co-operative Association any merchandise used generally in the automobile supply trade. The Co-operative Association was organized in 1908 to deal in automobile accessories.

ELECT MARQUETTE BOARD.

Two New Yorkers Among 15 Directors Chosen for Reorganization.

DETROIT, March 9.—In line with the recently announced plans of the receivers of the Père Marquette Railroad to rehabilitate the corporation, stockholders of the road met here to-day and elected a new Board of Directors. Eleven of the fifteen men elected reside in Michigan cities reached by the Père Marquette. The other Directors chosen are F. H. Prince and E. V. R. Thayer of Boston, and F. W. Stevens and William H. Porter of New York.

No other business was transacted and no new plans for the road's future were announced. None of the stockholders made any statement concerning the resolution of Representative Cramton of Michigan for a Federal investigation of the Père Marquette Road.

$25,000,000 LOAN TO CHINA.

But Bethlehem Steel Officials Here Deny Making It.

LONDON, March 9.—An agreement was signed to-day by representatives of the Chinese Government and the Bethlehem Steel Works for a loan to China of $25,000,000 and for the building of a naval base at Fu-chow, the capital of the Province of Fo-kien, according to a dispatch received by the Central News Agency from Shanghai.

At the office of the Bethlehem Steel Works here it was said to-day that the company was not bidding for any contract in connection with the building of a naval base at Fu-chow, China. None of the officers of the company knew anything about a loan of $25,000,000 to the Chinese Government in which the Bethlehem Steel Works was in any way concerned.

WAR LETTERS SELL WELL.

Correspondence of Generals Bring Good Prices at Lambert Sale.

Civil war letters of U. S. Grant, Joseph Hooker, Henry W. Halleck, "Stonewall" Jackson, Joseph E. Johnston, G. T. Beauregard, and other Generals of the Union and Confederate Armies brought good prices as a rule at yesterday's two sessions of Part III. of the William H. Lambert library sale by the Anderson Auction Company. The total for the day was $3,790.

One of the noteworthy exceptions to the new records made for this sort of material was a letter written by Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, dated April 27, 1865, and addressed to Gen. W. T. Sherman. Sherman had summoned Johnston's army to surrender on the terms accepted by Gen. Robert E. Lee at Appomattax Courthouse. Johnston, in this letter, proposes instead terms drawn up by Sherman on April 18, 1865, and asks for a further armistice to arrange the matter. Maj. Lambert paid $450 for this letter. It was knocked down to G. T. Frederickson for $90.

Dodd & Livingston paid $150 for a small pamphlet of 15 pages, entitled "Provisional Constitution and Ordinances for the People of the United States." In all probability it was written by John Brown of Ossawatomie, and was printed for him in some obscure newspaper office. The pamphlet bears neither place nor date of publication.

"George D. Smith gave $40 for a letter by Gen. G. T. Beauregard, dated Charleston, S. C., July 1, 1863, to Gen. J. E. Johnston, disapproving Gen. Robert E. Lee's raid into Maryland. A broadside consisting of Jefferson Davis's "Address to the People of the Free States," in response to President Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation, brought $60.

A letter by Gen. Grant to Gen. Halleck, dated Vicgsburg, March 27, 1863, with reference to the movement of troops about Yazoo City, went for $42.50. Another Grant letter, dated City Point, Va., Nov. 2, 1864, to Gen. Sherman, saying that Gen. Thomas "must be able to take care of Hood and destroy him," was bought by T. B. Watts for $48.

A letter by Grant to Secretary E. M. Stanton, dated Dec. 7, 1864, saying that if Gen. Thomas does not promptly move against Gen. Hood he would recommend superseding him by Gen. Schofield, was obtained by J. B. Mack for $82.

Mr. Watts paid $70 for a Grant letter to Gen. Thomas, dated Dec. 8, 1864, asking why he does not attack Gen. Hood at once; $55 for another letter to Thmas, Dec. 9, 1864, saying that he had confidence in Thomas's conducting of a battle, but that the latter's slowness is unexplained; $57.50 for another letter to Thomas, dated Dec. 11, 1864, saying that if Hood is not attacked he would move for the Ohio River, accepting bad weather as he can find, and Thomas would be forced to act, and $65 for a letter to Secretary Stanton, dated Dec. 20, 1868, saying "I think Thomas has won the Major Gen'cy, but I would wait a few days before giving it to see the extent of the damage done Hood."

A Grant letter to Gen. Thomas, dated Feb. 27, 1865, about driving the enemy from Richmond, sold for $90. The sale will be continued to-day.

MINERS HONOR A WOMAN.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Hoover Get Gold Medal for Their Translation.

The first gold medal awarded by the Mining and Metallurgical Society of America was presented to Herbert C. Hoover and his wife, Mrs. Lou H. Hoover, for the "most distinguished achievement" in mining, metallurgy, and allied interests. Mr. and Mrs. Hoover were the guests of honor at dinner at the Biltmore last night, where the presentation was made by President Kemp of the society. The award was in recognition of their translation and publication of the mediaeval treatise on mining, the "De Re Metallica," written in 1556 by Georgius Agricola, one of the most famous of the ancient engineers.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Hoover, who are residents of California, were students at Stanford University. All attempts to translate the work, which for a century and a half had been the standard mining authority of the world, had failed. The difficulty of the task arises from the fact that the book was written in decadent mediaeval Latin, and that, moreover, Agricola had originated technical terms for which there were no Latin equivalents. The Hoovers, in their joint authorship, were able to bring to the undertaking the combined knowledge of geology and mining and of Latin which enabled them to succeed where others had failed.

As the representative of American and English mining companies Herbert C. Hoover was in China during the Boxer rebellion, and later represented an English syndicate in South Africa. A year ago he was elected a Trustee of Stanford University to succeed the late Ambassador Whitelaw Reid.

ELIOT'S ROADS TO PEACE.

They Are Seven, and Strong Army and Navy Are in the Van.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 9." Strong armies and navies are the greatest forces for discouraging hostile outbreaks," said Charles W. Eliot, President Emeritus of Harvard, in an address before an undergraduate organization to-night on "Some Roads Toward Peace." Among great factors for peace he placed preventive medicine and constitutional Government.

"Broadly speaking," he continued, "there are seven roads to peace. They are the establishment in every civilized country of commissions competent to prevent wrongs and miseries which are the chief causes of war; publicity in commercial and governmental transactions; less secrecy in manufacturing processes, which are fruitful causes of jealousy; more public spirit among individuals, which would lead to the application of private money for the establishment of public institutions; the encouragement of elementary education; the maintenance of a strong army for the prevention of interference from without and decay from within, and the maintenance of a strong navy for coastal defense and the protection of commerce."

OPPOSES COMMERCE SCHOOL

City Should Provide for Primary and Grammar Grades, Says McCue.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 9.—Assemblyman McCue, a Tammany member, to-day protested vigorously against the City of New York accepting the offer of the Chamber of Commerce to give $750,000 for the erection of a college of commerce and civics. The city would have to furnish a site and maintain the college. The acceptance of the offer is provided for in a bill introduced by Assemblyman Van Name.

"If the Chamber of Commerce is willing to put up $750,000 to build this college, it ought to be willing to maintain it, too," said Mr. McCue. "So long as the city is unable to provide for its children in the primary and grammar grades, it should not start any colleges of commerce."

The bill was advanced to third reading despite Mr. McCue's opposition.

CLOSES SCHOOLS TO JEWS.

Such Is the Policy in Russia Now, Says Herman Bernstein.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 9.—Addressing the Menorah Society at Harvard University to-night, Herman Bernstein, Secretary of the American Jewish Committee, said the Russian Government was energetically enforcing illiteracy on the Jews.

"Forced by public opinion to abandon the policy of massacre, those in authority in Russia have closed the doors of the schoolhouses against the Jews," he said. "The Russian Government has devised a plan by which to strike at the very root of the Jewish nation, in order to disarm the future generation of Jewry, to crush them spiritually by depriving them of every means of gaining an education."

"L'AMORE MEDICO" MAR. 20

Wolf-Ferrari's Lyric Comedy the Last of Metropolitan's New Operas.

The last of the season's new operas at the Metropolitan Opera House will have its initial presentation there on the evening of Friday, March 20. It is "L'Amore Medico," by Ermanno Wolf-Ferrari, the composer of "The Secret of Suzanne," "Le Donne Curiose," and "The Jewels of the Madonna." The work is a lyric comedy in two acts, the libretto by Enrico Golisciani being an adaptation of Molière's "L'Amour Medecin"—"Love, the Doctor." It was first produced in Dresden in December of last year.

Mr. Toscanini has prepared the opera and will conduct its performances. The cast will include Lucrezia Bori and Bella Alten, and Messrs. Pini-Corsi, Cristalli, Rothier, de Segurola, Leonhardt, Bada, and Ananian. This work will be followed on the opening night by Victor Herbert's "Madeleine."

'TRISTAN UND ISOLDE' SUNG

Alfred Hertz Conducts, as Mr. Toscanini Has an Infected Finger.

"Tristan und Isolde" was presented at the Metropolitan Opera House last night with several features of interest. In the first place, Alfred Hertz occupied the conductor's box for the first time in six years for this opera, Mr. Toscanini having suffered an infected finger which became serious enough to require medical attention.

Then Mmes. Gadski and Homer were in the cast for the first time this season, and Pasquale Amato appeared as Kurwenal, singing in a Wagner opera for the first time in several seasons. Rudolf Berger was the Tristan and Herbert Witherspoon the King Mark, while the others were Carl Schlegel and Lambert Murphy.

Dinner to Edward de Coppet.

Edward de Coppet, founder of the Flonzaley Quartet, was the guest of honor at a dinner given last night at Sherry's by the subscribers of the organization. The dinner began after the close of the quartet's concert at Aeolian Hall, where the last subscription appearance of the season took place. The dinner took the form of a testimonial to Mr. de Coppet for his work in connection with the quartet. In addition to the members of the quartet, prominent musicians were present, as well as a large number of subscribers.

THE WEEK IN THE THEATRES.

At the theatres where the attractions are changed each week the following are the plays and amusements offered: "The Lure" is at the Manhattan Opera House, "Adele" is at the Bronx Opera House, "The Conspiracy" is at the Academy of Music, "The Madcap Duchess" is at the Grand Opera House, "He Fell in Love with His Wife" is at the Cecil Spooner Theatre, "The Blindness of Virtue" is at the Royal Theatre; Rose Sydell's London Belles are at the Columbia Theatre; "Belles of Beauty Row" is at the Murray Hill Theatre, "The Girls of the Great White Way" is at Miner's Bronx Theatre, and "The Social Maids" is at Miner's Bowery Theatre.

At Keith's Alhambra Theatre is Trixie Friganza; Minnie Dupree and company in "The Man in Front," by Alfred Sutro; Jesse L. Lasky's "The Beauties," with Stewart Baird, Lora Lieb, and a company of fifteen; Yvette, the whirlwind violiniste from the Folies Bergere, Paris; Duffy and Lorenze, playing "Springtime"; Fred. Duprez; Gardiner Trio in society dances; Daivis Family of acrobats, and Montague's Cockatoos.

Keith's Bronx Theatre has Claude Gillingwater, assisted by Edith Lyle and company, in "Wives of the Rich." Others include Little Billy, vaudeville's tiniest headliner; Jos. Hart's "A Telephone Tangle," with Dorothy Regal and company; Ed. Wynn and company, playing "The King's Jester"; Gus Van and Joe Schenck; Jere Grady and company in "The Butterfly"; Five Idanias, gymnasts; Daniels and Conrad, and Wilson and Audrey, comedy gymnasts and wrestlers.

Proctor's Twenty-third Street Theatre has a bill headed by "Fun in a Drug Store." Others are Corinne, Lazwell and Rowland, dancers; Paul Petching and company in "Schneider's Musical Garden," Irving Collar, pianologist; Juggling Burkes, Kelly and Catlin, and special comedy and dramatic photo plays.

In addition to Mr. Faversham, the bill at the Colonial Theatre includes Cross and Josephine in a musical comedy offering. Flanagan and Edwards, playing "Off and On"; Louise Galloway and company in "Little Mother," by Edgar Allan Woolf; Six Kirksmith sisters, Chris Richards, Leo and Cranstons, Belleclair brothers, athletes, and Three Renards in an aerial act.

"The Pardon," dealing with New York political life, is the chief feature of the bill at Proctor's Fifty-eighth Street Theatre. Others are Josephine Sabel, Wiley, Braxton and Edwards, variety musical act; Dunn and Deane, comedy skit; Chester Johnstone, cyclist; German and Phillips, singers and dancers, and feature photo plays.

At Proctor's East 125th Street Theatre the bill is topped by the Meredith sisters. Others are Mlle. Orrie, in a novelty musical offering; Arthur Dry, comedian; Roland Thavers and company, illusionists; Bradley Martin and company, in a comedy sketch; Culhane, Prince, and Ross, comedians and singers; Islip and McAdams, comedians; Jack and Foris, comedy acrobats, and the Frank Troupe, gymnasts. First-run photo plays and feature films are changed daily.

"Ma Cherie" continues for another week at Hammerstein's, and others on the bill there are Elizabeth Murray, who has also been retained for another week; Fannie Brice, Belle Blanche, "The Girl in the Muff," "The Wages of Sin," a moving picture showing Jack Rose, Harry Vallon, and Sam Schepps. Wellington Cross and Lois Josephine, Keno and Green, Hoey and Lee, Six American Dancers, the Four Harveys, Will Carpenter, Pike and Calamo, Loughlin's Dogs, Charles Harris, and the Two Yaks.

At the Palace Theatre is Anna Held, Mercedes, Harry Fox and Jennie Dolly, Maude Lambert, and Ernest Ball, "Fun in the Movies," a motion picture comedy in two scenes; Prelle's Miniature Circus, Emily Darrell and Charley Conway, in "Behind the Scenes," and McMahon, Diamond, and Clemence, in "The Scarecrow."

At Proctor's Fifth Avenue is Claire Rochester, the double-voiced singer; B. A. Rolfe's song and dance ensemble, "Arcadia"; Lulu McConnell and Grant Simpson in "The Right Girl"; Charles and Fannie Van, in "From Stage Carpenter to Ackter"; Ward and Curran, Minerva Courtney and Harry Irwin and company, in "A Prairie Romance"; the Giovanni Troupe, and the De Voie Trio.

Brooklyn Amusements.

David Warfield in "The Auctioneer" is at the Montauk Theatre.

"The House of Bondage" in moving pictures is being shown at the Majestic this week.

"The Clever Woman," with May Robson in the stellar role, is at the De Kalb this week.

A tabloid version of "Elevating a Husband," with Louis Mann, is the headline feature at Keith's Orpheum Theatre. Others are Emma Carus, assisted by Carl Randall; Ed Vinton, with Buster; Robbie Gordone in reproductions of famous statues, Stepp, Goodrich and King, Edward Miller and Helene Vincent, Bertie Herron and Bonnie Gaylord, Julia Curtis, and Montambo and Wells.

Topping the bill at Keith's Bushwick Theatre is Virginia Harned in her newest sketch, "Anna Karenina," adapted from Tolstoy's novel of the same name. Others are Hermine Shone and company, with "The Last of the Quakers," by Edgar Allan Wooff; Foster Ball and Ford West, Minnie Allen, Hunting and Frances in "A Love Lozenger," Charles Kasrac and company in "Buffet des Fails," Bertee Beaumont and Jack Arnold presenting "The Doctorine," the Flying Martins, and Cervo, the accordion virtuoso.

13,108 Saw Art Treasures Sunday.

The art treasures in the Metropolitan Museum of Art were viewed by 13,108 visitors on Sunday. This is the largest daily attendance in the history of the Museum with one exception, Washington's Birthday in 1909, when there were 13,832 visitors. Since the Morgan collection was placed on exhibit 75,000 persons have visited the Museum.

An Instructive Lecture
Will be given Wednesday at 11 A. M. in Class Room B, of Metropolitan Museum, on
MORGAN ART COLLECTION
By Mrs. Albert H. Chaffee, followed by a trip through the Art Galleries. This and two other Lectures, $3.00.
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COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

634—Margaret H. Williamson vs. Katherine Osenton. Question certified answered in the affirmative.

218—George E. Priest et al., appels, vs. Trustees of Las Vegas. Decree aff'd, with costs, and cause remanded.

U. S. A., ex rel Alpheus H. Brown, plff in error, vs. Franklin K. Lane, Secty, &c. Application of plff in error for a writ of error denied.

389—Martha Young, admx of est of Peter B. Young, plff in error, vs. Cent R R of N J. Judg't aff'd in part and reversed in part and cause remanded, with directions to set aside its judg't and grant a new trial.

557—Louis Elie Joseph Henry De Galard de Brassac de Bearn, Count and Prince of Bearn and Chalais, pl'ff in error, vs. Ross R. Winans and Ferdinand C. Latrobe, trustees, et al. Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

581—C. H. Albers Commission Co., pl'ff in error, vs. Mary E. Spencer and Harlow B. Spencer, executrix and executor of est of Corwin H. Spencer, et al. Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

817—J. F. Schultze, plff. in error, vs. Fred Ritterbusch, County Treasurer, &c., et al.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

Original—Louisiana, compl't, vs. William G. McAdoo, Secty, &c., et al.—Motion for leave to file a bill of complaint herein set for argument on April 6.

838—USA, plff. in error, vs. Harold A. Foster et al.—Motion to advance granted and cause assigned for argument on April 6.

889—Franklin K. Lane, Secty., &c., appel't, vs. Cornelius C Watts et al.—Same.

880—Camden, petnt., vs. Armstrong Cork Co.—Petition for a writ of certiorari denied.

882—Frank H. Ryan et al., pet'n'rs, vs. USA.—Pet'n for a writ of certiorari denied.

919—Godfrey M. Hyams, petnr, vs. Old Dominion Co.—Pet'n for a writ of certiorari denied.

912—William R. Hopkins et al., petnrs., vs. A. Louisa M. Gilbert et al., &c., et al.; and 913—W. R. Hopkins, petnr., vs. A. Louis M. Gilbert et al., &c., et al.—Petitions for writs of certiorari submitted for the petitioners and for the respondents.

915—French Line, petnr., vs. Laura Rivers.—Petn. for a writ of certiorari for the petnrs. and respondent submitted.

341—Carmelite Pons, wife of Geo. A. Louque, plff. in error, vs. Yazoo & Miss. Val. R. R. et al.—Motion to dismiss submitted for defts. in error in support of the motion and for the plff. in error in opposition thereto.

917—Victor-American Fuel Co., petnr., vs. Frank Peccarick.—Petn. for a writ of certiorari submitted for petnr. and for respondent.

652—Seaboard Air Line Ry., plff. in error, vs. J. M. Pace Mule Co.—Motion to advance and place on docket submitted for plff. in error.

868—George W. Norton, es executor, &c., appel't, vs. Robert B. Whiteside et al.—Pet'n for a writ of certiorari submitted.

Original.—Ex parte in re Adolph Grimsinger, petnr.—Motion for leave to file amended petn. for writ of habeas corpus submitted for petnr.

366—Belt Line Ry., appelt. vs. City of Montgomery et al. Decree reversed, with costs, upon confession of error and cause remanded for further proceedings. Mandate granted.

252—Clark Ruffcorn et al., plff. in error, appelts., vs. Supervisors of Harrison County, Iowa et al.—Passed, to be restored to the call on motion of counsel for plff. in error and appelts.

352—William Rabb, plff. in error, vs. Louisiana.—Passed, to be restored to the call.

242—USA vs. Rudolph Axman et al.—Death of Rudolph Axman, one of the def'ts in error herein, suggested, and the appearance of Julia A. Axman as executrix, as a party def't in error herein, filed and entered for said def't in error.

242—USA, pl'ff in error, vs. Julia A. Axman, executrix, &c., et al.—Argument commenced.

243—W. Schneider Whole. Wine & Liquor Co., appel't, vs. August Diederich.—Passed temporarily.

244—C., R. I. & P. R. R., pl'ff in error, vs. Pine Tree Lumber Co., Ltd.—Submitted.

246—C., M. & S. P. R. R., pl'ff in error, vs. B. F. Kennedy—Submitted.

247—Scott Logan, pl'ff in error, vs. W. R. Davis.—Submitted and leave granted pl'ff in error to file brief in reply within six days.

E. A. O'Sullivan, pl'ff in error, vs. Paul Felix et al.—Submitted for pl'ff in error. No brief filed for def'ts.

250—Archibald Hollerback et al., appel'ts, vs. The US.—Argued.

Call for March 10: Nos. 254, (and 255,) 256, 258, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, and 268.

Circuit Court of Appeals.

Lacombe, Coxe, Ward and Rogers, JJ.
Merchants Nat Bank< USA ex rel Sar'o.
Gen Elec<Steinberger.
Cent Hudson Co<Tug Flemington.
Prepayment Carvales< Orange Co Traction.
Matter of Balkind.
Matter of Balkind.
Matter of Jerolomon< Oliver.
US<Inv & Traders.
Un Ferry<Beru.
Kohn<US.
In re Scofield Co.

District Court.

Mayer, J.—Equity calendar.
Motion Picture Patents<Laemmle.
Same<Imp Film.
Landon<Clark.
Woerheid<H W Johns-Manville.
Obin<L Dejonge & Co.
Louis De Jonge & Co <Moebius.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR.
Chinn<Ferro-Concrete Con.
Seybolt<O'Brien.
Curran<Lake Champlain & M RR.
Crawford<Robertson.
Welch<Graham.
Mulcahey<Fed Sugar Ref.
Fester<B'klynUElRR.
Ketcham<Deutsch et al.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Ingraham, McLaughlin, Laughlin, Scott, and Hotchkiss, JJ.—Enumerated motions.
Switkes<T. Sauer Co.
English<N Y, N H & H R R.
Osthout<Warner.
Haakenson<Cov &Sup.
Oakland Mfg<F C Linde Co.
Hedden Con<Auto Co of America.
Henderson<Delpark P.
Met Opera<Hammerstein.
Beugger<Ashley.
Rakos<Phila & Rdg C & I.
Williamson<Jerome.
Villano<N Y Times.
In re Schinnock.
Berry<Berry.
Owens<Blackburn.
Same<same.
Grossman<Bluestein.
Altman<Bungay Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Page, J. Litigated motions.
Neptune Bathing<NY C & H RR.
In re Brown (Haas.)
Hesse<Hesse.
Stabile<Annex Homes.
Goldstein<Montheim.
In re Bonavia (Pleasant Av.)
Wilson<Tissot.
Levy<Barrett.
Messer<Burnstein.
Irwin<Simon.
Piel<Greenfield.
Same<Same.
Titus<Cent. Park, N & E R RR.
Biddle<Burrell.
Powell<Kitchen Imp.
Fisher<Fisher.
Gottlieb<Gottlieb.
McCain<R B Shimer & Co.
Stuart R'lty<Friedman
Same<Same.
In re NY, W & B Ry.
Am Condiments< Audit Co.
Hammerstein<Harrold.
Ellis<Hartley & T Co.
Boreas R'lty Co<Am Bonding.
Mortenson<J T Brady & Co.
Russakoff<Russakoff.
Rosenburg<Lawrence.
Helvetia Tool Co< Foster Armstrong.
Urbanovsky<Logemann.
Hanrigan<Int RT.
Doyle<Hay Fdy & Iron Wks.
In re Gibbons (Sondheim.)
Gerhine<Greenhut-Siegel Cooper Co.
Soc Relief Child'n of Seamen<McDaniel.
Slaviz<Creeden.
Frankel<Agid.
Cavallaro<Sunard SS.
Same<Same.
Sanders<McKay.
Guarriello<Guarriello.
Losee<Forest City, &c.
Newburg Sav Bank< Jimal R'lty.
In re Markel(Somber.)
In re Kennedy (Ludlow Av.)
O'Connell<O'Connell.
Gustave Beer<Wagner
Hall<Galban & Co.
Alexander<Friedman.
Slaviz<Creeden.
Green<Henderson.
Marshall<Marshall.
Same<Same.
E March Co<Security Bank.
Same<Same.
Kiddle<Price.
Peil<Patterson.
Hodge<Welcher.
Mulcahy & Gibson< L Val Steel.
Menhinck<Elmville Worsted Co.
Pacific Court Co<Beck
Skolnik<Skolnik.
Reilly<J H Parker.
Commons<Greenhut-Siegel Cooper.
McCaddon<U Pac RR.
Carlton Mot Picture< Robertson.
Jones<Devine.
In re Lederer.
Page<Page.
Daniel<Kelly.
Same<Same.
Barkin Const Co< Hershfield.
Berg<Sholz & Co.
Krauss<Kraft.
Holston<Steinberg.
Madigan<Greenfield.
Whitnack<Holzwasser Co.
In re Young (Baychester Av.)
Erlanger<Acker.
Goldstein<Bauman.
CNY<Ketchum.
Same<Same.
Same<Same.
Scott<Poaler.
Balke<Kane.
Hayeck<Hayeck.
Moller<Arnold.
Sternfeld<Kohn.
Allen<Coun.
In re Kennedy (Ludlaw Av.)
In re same.
Murphy<Gramerl.
Ruff<Marans.
Goldsmith<Morgenthou.
In re Emmet (People Surety Co<Hodge Co.)
Leavitt<Leavitt.
Frankel<Agid.
Levine<Chadarkow.
Klug<Klug.
Noble<Noble.
In re Committee of 14.
People<Swersky.
Teeter<Daniel.
In re Carnegie Trust.
Donley<Crabb.

PART II.—Cohalan, J. Ex parte business.

PART III.—Greenbaum, J. Motions. Demurrer:
Tachtadji<Marcoglow.
General calendar:
Prensky<Alpert.
Kandel<Kandel.
Fox<Moore.
Lyman<Interstate Mtg & T Co.
McCarthy Bros Co< Lyons.
Brass<Supreme Ridge.
Schildenneck<Jones.
Fox<Rose.
Menken<Rochelle Roofing Co.
Erie RR Co<Vessella.
Leonori<Leonori.
Corrigan<Corrigan.

Undefended divorces—Called at 12:30 P. M.:
De Baun<De Baun.
Linn<Linn.
Wagner<Taylor.
Kokoly<Kokoly.
Murano<Murano.
Case on.

PART V.—Case on.
PART VI.—Case on.
PART VII.—Case on.

Trial Terms.

PART I.—Davis, J. Trial calendar:
John F Brennecke.
Case on.

PART II.—Giegerich, J.
Inquest—Sorace< Leonard.
Hodes<Korn.
Richardson<McDerm't & Hannigan, Inc.
Franklin O Furn<White
Nat Nassau Bk<I M Luddington's Sons.
Wilson<Elverson.
Bridger<Bridger.
Ullman<Lidval.
Boggess<US Fid, &c.
Peters<Stone.
Same<Harton.
Case on.

PART III.—Newburger, J.
Kocher<Weber Bldg.
Schonzeit<Monuess.
Rosen<CNY.
Semionnedis<J W Cody Shoring & Cons Co.
Collins<Single S Pkg.
Smith<Schieren.
Engel<Brush.
E Engel<same.
Angelone<U'pinning & Found.
Mindelowitz<Kahrs.
Levine<Essex & Lee.
Bussa<NYC & H R RR.
Cuomo<same.
Garsia<CNY.
Braun<CNY.
Case on.

PART IV.—Pendleton, J.
Langendorf<M Reichman & Son.
Gliesman<Rich L& RR
Grassi<Smith Met Bed
Hamilton<Hunter.
Lerner<Sherr.
Higgins<663-665 Bway
Meehan<Joline.
Wechsler<Tilton.
Casey<German.
Springer<Union Rwy.
Shatzoff<B Un El RR
Flannagan<Un Switch.
Case on.

PART V.—Ford, J.
Daino<Savini.
Leone<NY Rys.
Benisch<Pburgh Contr
Same<same.
Gensler<Freeman.
McGarry<Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins.
Schonbraun<Gossberg.
Beros<Dall.
Case on.

PART VI.—Guy, J.
Palmquist<Lee.
Markowitz<Lindeman.
McQuaid<Burke.
Friese<Rosewasser.
Murtha<Deimel.
Ledden<Welles.
Conoscen'i<Lathrop & Shea.
Russo<Strauch.
Case on.

PART VII.—Hendrick, J.
Slaviz<New Ams Gas
Hunsberger<Guar Tr.
Allinei<Morrison.
Harris<Steel & Masonry.
Smith<CNY.
Case on.

PART VIII.—Gavegan, J.
Von Slochem<Villard.
Rothschild<Sacksman & Co.
Schmer<Goldschein.
Benderman<Glassberg.
Fagan<Bradley Contr Co.
Garfinkle<Block.
M Garfinkle<Same.
Holstein<Steeplechase
J Holstein<Same.
Fairweather<Sutphen.
Lehman<Parisette.
Dunn<McMillan Snare Triest Co.
Wildman<Miller.
Beiler<Welz & Zerweck Co.
Yellen<Markert & Harlem Trucking Co
Tierney<Fulton Auto Garage Co.
McAllister<Fischer.
Dayharsh<Coners.
Clear.

PART IX.—Adjourned until March 16.

PART X.—Whitaker, J.
Puzir<Daly.
Schwartz<Nassau RR.
Ehrhorn<Parker.
Kane<Phillips.
McKeon<Sherman.
Same<Same.
Gaffney<Schildwachter.
Kahn<Emerson.
Rash<I R T Co.
Siegelaut<Pierrepont.
J Siegelaut<same.
Sarrublo<Goldstein.
Byrnes<5 Av Coach.
Lister<Banks.
Willis<Le Marquis.
Case on.

PART XI.—Erlanger, J.
Stump<Burns.
Demos<Ev Journal.
Brown<Un Cigar.
Kelly<CNY.
Duffy<same.
Wolkowitz<Blecher Br
Papec<Goldsmith.
Faucett<Seipp.
Sanderowitz<Can Am.
R Sanderowitz<same.
Markert<CNY.
Gugig<Lempert.
Friedenberg<CNY.
Tolchens<same
O'Connor<Shanley.
Same<same.
Taylor<N Y,NHH RR
Besler<Venner.
Hirz<Silberman.
Haggerty<J Goldberg, &c.
Benjamin<Misiar.
E Benjamin<same
Alpert<Morris.
Feeney<CNY.
Kowalsky<same.
M Kowalsky<same.
Kahn<Darcy.
Kaskell<So Pac SS.

PART XII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART XIII.—Adjourned until March 16.

PART XIV.—Platzek, J.
Inq.—Bankers Surety Co<Tenza.
Baldwin<Curry.
Rainele<Gen Acc. &c.
Vogel Co<Cald W Co.
Ewing Bacon & Henry <Hoyt.
Levi<Heiss.
Waldt<Goodwin Mfg.
Case on.

PART XV.—Dugro, J.
Hildebrand<CNY.
Riddle<Prud Ins.
Nicota<Bethany Bapt Church.
Case on.

PART XVI.—Delany, J.
Inquest—Friedlander< Jordan.
Syenite T Rock< Williams.
Stadler<Everards Brew.
Morris<Warren.
King<Chapin.
Same<same.
Kominsky<Rumpt.
Sobel<Katzky.
Hennessey Rlty<Crain
Cutler Mail Chute< Crawford.
Williams<D&H Co.
Higgins<J. Everard's Brew.
M J Kraus & Co< Fulton Metal.
Case on.

PART XVII.—Goff, J.
NY Assets Real< Demarest.
Curtin<Ringler & Co.
Nat Cy Bk<Hartman.
Thomas<Thomson & Thomson.
Miller<Corker.
Crogan<Persion.
Hutchinson<Smith.
Bloch<La Rosa.
Bloch<Cipulo.
Flannagan<Europ Feat Film.
Dulles Baldwin< Pburgh Contr.
Boedicker<Sackett & Wilhelms Co.
Lane<Nat Ry Con.
Peek Bros & Winch <Davidson.
Martin<CNY.
Griesser<Lowe.
NY Assets Real< Morse.
Workman<Wolff.
Clear.

PART XVIII.—Donnelly, J.
Paltrowitz<Royal Ex, L.
Same<Ger-Am Ins.
Same<Ham-Br F Ins.
Same<Prussian Ins.
Same<Royal Ins.
Slade<Dominick.
Scanlon<Carrollan.
Wood<Amer Oil Cloth.
Morse<Penn Textile.
Wolfson<Amer Drug.
Lipshutz<McLaughlin's Sons.
Young, Jr<Futur Rlty.
McCausland<Bogus.
Weinstein<Stern.
Fechtman<Baumann.
Bway Tr<De Marco.
Collings<De Lamater Byrnes.
Foy<Purcell.
Heller Hirsch<Atl F.
Bloodgood<Rezinkoff.
Same<Rose.
Reddy<Silverman.
Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—Motion calendar.
Henry P. Doremus,
Ellen Coughlan,
Bridget McPartland,
James D. Leary,
Samuel Grinthal,
E. L. Dickas, &c.,
Annie Ridal,
Alexandrine Jelis,
Margaret Jelis,
George Jelis,
Louis Garaventa,
Jennie Shapiro,
Filomena Veloe, &c.
Solomon Schwartz,
Salvatore Polizzi,
James A. O'Connor,
Tessie Simmons,
John Weir,
Patrick Goodman,
Sarah B. Hills,
Minnie R. Solomon,
Helen C. Browne,
Arthur L. Levy,
S. F. Moriarty,
John H. Edelmeyer,
Emily C. Edelmeyer,
Thomas R. Muller,
Catherine Mehlig,
John Walker,
Annie Van Pelt,
Annie Van Pelt,
Ellen M. C. King.
L. W. Trowbridge,
Camilla E. Pollock,
Frederick Huhn,
Albert Eldridge,
John H. Comer,
Frances W. Webb,
Henrietta Marning,
P. H. Niederlander,
Francis Cavagnaro,
Dwight A. Jones,
Barbara Koch,
Thomas J. Dunn,
John C. Haug.
Issue of fact.
Noah Lynch.
Wills for probate.
Elizabeth Mitchell,
John T. Rich,
Joseph A. Smith,
Catherine Gilroy,
Mitchell Weiss,
Arthur Kein,
Sarah E. Jacobus,
Emma Morris,
Susan I. Boardman,
Mary A. Craig,
Eliese Traub,
Eva Metzger,
Iantha C. Mathews,
John H. Meyer,
H. T. Champney.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.
Contested wills:
Peter Caffrey.
Anna Gehret.
Francis Fitch.

City Court.

PART I.—La Fetra, J.
Gordon<Linch.
Kravzoff<Same.
Axelrod<N Y Ry.
Sheahan<Merch Exp.
Flemming<Turkel.
Mahoney<O'Brien.
Simon<D M Kahn Co.
Wicker<Linawitz.
Bergman<Polstein.
Zeichner< N Y Ry.
Same<same.
Elbe<Simonds.
Heller<Lipton.
Sagalowitz<Kalm'ky.
Kleinwald< Int R T.
Rosenberg<Weissberg Mach Co.
Wade Jr<Chase.
Garca<Freeman.
Same<Same.
Barth<Conn Cab Co.
McCarthy<O'Connor.
Pilson<Oakes.
Fearl<Ebling Brew.
Garzaime<Pitts Const.
Jacobs<Snellenberg.
Ogden, &c, Co<Dunbar Mfg Co.
Stevens<Lippman.
Rosenburg<Lutz.
Pickles<Werner.
Dannerbersch<Am Bonding.
Manasse<Jacobs.
Vesalah<Fischer.
Ross<Kellwood R'lty.
Sutare<Turco.
Baer<NY C & H R RR
Kinsella<Jaburg.
Greitz<Linch.
Szmack<Pitts Cont.
Maloney<CanavanBros
Rubin<Int RT.
Casalaspro<Griffiths.
Zimmerman<Guttag.
U S Lumber Corp< Keyes.
Buschhorn<Ess-Ess R Co.
Cook<Ferguson.
Lemon<Union Ry.
Goldberg<Whitridge.
Rosenstein<Abelson.
Segel<Carlos.
Moynhan<H Elias Brew.
Brown<NY Rys.
Rosenfeld<NormalCon.
Case on.

PART II.—Smith, J.
Federman<United Coll, &c, Co.
Bowsky<Romero.
Donoger<Senier.
719 7 Av Co<Brady Th
Aaron<Royal Ins.
R'side Drive Apts< Newburger.
Arlington Ref Co< Steinfield.
Levinson<Cohen.
Fishman<Baumstein.
Rush<Boston Ins.
Resnick<I L Baron.
Cohen<Sukloff.
Hawes<Met L I.
Busch<Slicken.
Young<Sterling Bldg, &c.
Hamblin<Marshall Chem.
Mugler<67 St Amuse.
Title Guar, &c, Co< Ellison.
Falk<Korn.
Parsons<Abberbock.
Esdohn<Alvord.
Weichselb<Kopell.
Belgium Import Co< Pirosinck.
Strasburger<Hangley.
Kaval<Sarna.
Sloan<A H Butler & Co.
Case on.

PART III., clear; IV., clear; V., case on; VI., case on; VII., clear; VIII., clear.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT.—Page, J. Pearsall< Pristera—Bernard H Arnold. Van Boskerck <Gabriel—Harry Bijur. Sidenberg<Pellet—Clifford S Bostwick. Matter of Whittaker—Schuyler C Carlton.

SUPREME COURT.—Cohalan, J. Develon< Sheppard Knapp Co—George W Olnany. De Keyser<Schmidt—Jeremiah A O'Leary. Met Sav Bank<Hermann Realty Co—Jerome Donovan.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM.—Part I, Kelly, J.; II, Clark, J.; III, Aspinall, J.; IV, Garretson, J.; V, Scudder, J.; VI, Van Siclen, J.
Loesch<LI RR.
Kern<Schaeffer & Budenberg.
Emery<Nas RR.
Patterson<Benziger.
Mummery<Carswell et al.
Todd<Erie RR.
Grace<T N Hempstead.
Parkinson< Bn U El RR.
Hill<Carroll et al.
Zack<Cohen et al.
Nelson Co<Silver.
Seifter<Am Bond.
Engesser<Klapperts Sons.
Goodman<Brown et al.
Spirer<B H RR.
Page<Braboff.
Miller & ano<Nesselowitz et al.
Journeay<Hitchings.
Greene Mfg< Hinsberger.
Schoenberger<Fey.
Langhaar<Monarch Vac Clean.
Baurhyte<Title Guar & Trust.
Willis<Stevens Co.
Tilton<Fullam Con.
Gold<Heise.
Orecchiuto<Faber.
Loeffler et al< Loeffler.
Kreimeier<Smith.
McGivney<Smith Con.
Callaghan<Morse D Dock.
Enright<Lahm.
Curly<Mason-Seaman Transp.
Tuohy<Kane.
Esnes<Bn Un Gas.
Schlier<Kramer & Sons.
Friedman<CNY.
Kenny<AH Sug Ref.
Stocks<Waterbury Co.
Wright<Bick.
Fritz<Hedges.
Kayata<Ontra.
Anderson<Miller.
Kochman<Ratner.
Stevens<Poppe.

These, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:
Kenny<Vernon Carton.
Wols<Baar Bros.
Kalserauer<Nas RR.
Schumm & McElroy< Henne et al.
Nosk<CNY.
Halbeck<McBurney.
Peop Nat Bk<Schissel.
Fitzgerald<Siefke.
Sulzbach<Siry.
Casey<Morse D Dock.
Harris<Bernstein.
Smith<B H RR.
Rothstein<NY Rys.
Raymond<Weeks.
Mangravite< B H RR.
Rooney<Rlty Hold et al.
Ennis<Strauss & ano.
Axelsen<Assd Operating.
Baker<DL&W RR.
Stern<LI RR.
Leary<Flatbush.
Scheffmeyer<NYC.
Domeigan&McGuinness<Thun.
Windsor Park< Althause & ano.
Gillen<Nassau RR.
Mills<Roulston.
Anderson<Interstate L & T.
Constable<Stickney.
Vom Lehn<Jacobs.
Sullivan<CNY.
Iorio<same.
Farrell<C I & B R R.
Fitzpatrick<Price and another.
Kane<Ronshein.
Ross<CNY.
Suttner<B, Q Co & S R R.
Ryan<Gilbert Box.
Malone<Yellow Taxi.
Gaston<Mores D D.
Mayer<Burns Bros & another.
Reid<C I & B R R.
Hillker<Rueger et al.
Mooney<5 Av Coach.
Hickey<Evans & Sons
Boguslawsky<Lerner.
Heath<Nas R R.
Buckley<Fitzgerald.
Highest number reached, 3116.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Kapper, J.—Litigated Motions.
Gibbs<Stewart et al.
Quinn<Quinn.
McWalters<McWalters
Queck-Berner<Ward Baking.
In re H A Sanders.
Mouquin Co<Mesicki.
Borough Bk<Reynolds.
Russo<Gans SS Lines.
In re 94 St (Galerstein.)
Trotta<Quayle Enamel
B'klyn Trust<Camardella.
Wagner<Jarvis et al.
Sommer<Sommer.
Foster<Foster.
Katz<Huber.
In re People's Surety.
Donovan<Int RT.
Gogarty<Same.
Keim<Same.
Spinney<Same.
Hofacker<Same.
In re Provident Bldg.
Kessler<Newman Con.
Pounds<Lee Av Theatre.
Bedell<Freund et al.
Hamer<Nass El RR.
Kayata<Ontra.
Marleon Corp<Warner Feat.
People ex rel McConnell<Murphy.
In re Starr St (Halpin.)
Peo ex rel Wright< Williams.
Aldrich<Armitage.
Perry, M<Perry J.
Atkins<Atkins.
Sulinski<McKeown.
Schilling<Schilling.
MacFarland<Knox Hat Mfg.
In re Morable.
Middleton<NY E Lines
Nilssen<Hogan & Sons.
Bienstock<EWBlissCo.
Carlson<Wills & Marvin Co.
Gallinaro<Atl Stev Co.
Schiano<Same.
Buono<Same.
Rather<McCoy et al.
Ginstro<Ruggles Robinson Co.
Daws<At B Iron Wks.
Tuohy<McGratty.
Meehan<Brimberg.
Kayata<Ontra.
Nemtzoff et al<Kissena Pk Corp.
Schranz & Bieber< Meisner.
Dwyer<Faulkner.

PART III.—Crane, J.
Prospect Home L As <D'Andria.
Rosenstein<Zipser.
Van Buren<Van Buren
Petito<Petito.
Johnson Lighterage Co <Onken.
Murray<Murray.
Benjamin<Marcus.
Hawkins<Hawkins.
Reserved calendar.
People ex rel Leary< Purdy, Commr.
People ex rel Cont'l I <same.
B, Q Co & S R R< Steers, Pres, &c.
Brandt<Brandt, exr.
Fisher<Bryan.
Singer<Shames.
Druss Rlty<Taunay.
Tanty<Tanty.
Dixon<Dixon.
People ex rel Morse D Dock<Purdy, Comr.
Trand<Van Raden.
Argyle Holding<Zilber.
Lewis<Perry.
Baar<Baar.
Parmerton<Parmerton.
Hottenstein<Hottenstein.
Saladino<Creamer & Co.
Dearden<Bluhdorn.
1st Nat Bk, B'klyn< Lafayette Trust.
Buhler<N Y Dock.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Jenks, Burr, Carr, Rich, Stapleton, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar.
Kaufman<Hopper.
Fava<Dunton Co.
Auto Sprinkler<Emp Liab.
McDonald<Softy.
Kelly<Waldo.
Chisholm<Gillespie Co.
Clark<Truslow.
Eagle Sav & Loan< Beakey.
Farley<Scammaces.
Forman<Malloy.
N Y Con Co<Sea Bch R R.
Murphy<same.
In re Peoples Trust.
Klein<Gallin.

SPECIAL TERM.—Manning, J. Ex parte business.

Surrogates' Court.

WILLS—Ketcham, S.
William Laurey.
Franz Schmitt.
Charles Brown.
M. D. Michel.
Lillian Wellbrocher.
Administration of:
Charles Schofield.
Accounting in the estates of:
Honora Donoghue.
Michael Morgan.
Fred Wolf.
Philip Rothacker.
Josephine Phillips.
Mary Leatoz.
Estates of:
Minnie McIsaacs.
Ellen Block.
Andrew Wilson.
Leopold Klein.
Koppie Freidlander.
Dundas, infants.
Lawless, infants.
Laura T Torreson.
George Burns.
Allen Wagner.
Contested calendar—Wills of:
Martin Murphy.
Ellen I Brower.

County Court.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR—Part I.—Niemann, J.
Rocco Antoniello.
Julius Seitzman.
Joseph Messina.
Samuel Glickman.
Charles Napoli.

PART II.—Baker, J.
Louis Diamond.
Fred Goldberger.
Aaron Freidlander.
William F Wyckoff.
Marris Kaplan.
Frank Byrnes.
Bernard Williams.
John Murphy.
Victor Thompson.
Albert Circre.

PART III.—Southard, J.
Morris Bernstein.
Adam Kugel.
Henry Barclay.
Charles Stewart.
Charles Wilson.
Otto Beck.
Charles Comosin.
John M Farlin.
Arthur Roberts.
Emmett M Collins.
Frank McKutchin.
Robert Cook.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part IV.—Dike, J.
Kopolowitz<Nassau El RR.
Milner<Bn H RR.
Ferraro<same.
White<same.
Schulz<same.
Waldron<same.
Kalcum<Walker.
Birmingham<Evans.
Mulqueen<Thomas.
O'Rourke<Rich.
Ryan<Canavan.
Wolf<Levy.
Citron<C I & B RR.

These causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:
Backes<B H RR.
O'Leary<Nas El RR.
Bergman<Clarke.
Grossman<Levy.
Gelfman<B H R R.
Kalpa<Foge & ano.
Glemanes<Ainbinder.
Samuelson<C I & B RR.
Hervey<Transit Dev.
Davy< Horsting.

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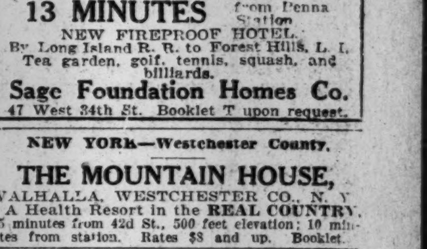

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SURROGATE NOTICES.

HAMBURGER.—IN PURSUANCE OF AN order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York.—Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Max Hamburger, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business at the office of Hamburger & Goldey, No. 73 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 6tht day of June next.

Dated New York, the 1st day of December, 1913. THERESA HAMBURGER, Administratrix.

HAMBURGER & GOLDEY, Attorneys for Administratrix, 73 Nassau Street, New York City.

COHEN, SIMON.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, dated the 8th day of September, 1913, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against SIMON COHEN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 19 Avenue A, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of March next.—Dated New York, the 12th day of September, 1913. HUGO COHN, Executor. HOVELL, McCHESNEY & CLARKSON, Attorneys for Executor, 177 Montague Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

RELEASE REICHMANN FROM BANKRUPTCY

Ex-Banker's Liabilities Put at $11,101,728 and His Assets of $100 Are Exempt.

CARNEGIE CHIEF CREDITOR

Debts Contracted with Cummins and Moore in the Carnegie Trust Company Charged Up.

Joseph B. Reichmann, at one time President of the Carnegie Trust Company, who was sentenced to four and a half months' imprisonment for his share in the wrecking of that institution, was discharged yesterday from bankruptcy. His assets were set down as $100, which, as they consisted of such personal effects as shirts and suits, were not liable, and his liabilities at $11,101,728.

This enormous total was arrived at by entering all the debts, which Reichmann incurred in company with William J. Cummins and Charles A. Moore, Jr., in the course of their banking operations. Thus Andrew Carnegie was the largest creditor for $2,100,000, which was secured by 6,800 shares of the Madison Trust Company, 10,000 shares of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Securities Company, 800 shares of the Platt Iron Works, and 9,000 preferred and 9,000 common shares of the Tennessee Packing and Stock Yards Company. This debt was a result of the appeals made to the ironmaster to come to the rescue of the trust company, which bore his name.

Then Reichmann owed the Carnegie Trust Company $396,000, which was guaranteed by a number of his associates in the trust company's affairs, as well as by 15,000 shares of the common stock of the Independent Fertilizer Company, and the Central Trust Company had loaned Reichmann $300,000 on the security of $400,000 of the Platt Iron Company bonds. The Hungarian-American Bank appeared as a creditor for $100,000, holding various securities as collateral, and two individual creditors were John Hatterman of Louisville, Ky., for $30,000 and Ann E. Kidd for $57,000, both of whom had considered themselves well secured by Carnegie Trust Company shares, which now have no value.

To the Liberty National Bank was owed $129,375 and to the Mercantile National Bank $130,150. The now bankrupt Northern Bank held several notes of Reichmann amounting to $171,980, and the Nineteenth Ward Bank had lent him $100,000, which were secured by stock, most of which is now worthless.

BIJUR ENJOINS MONATON CO.

It Cannot Carry On Business Until Report of Receiver Is In.

Pending the report of Max Morgenthau, the receiver of the Monaton Realty Investing Corporation, the concern was restrained yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Bijur from conducting its business and from receiving or disbursing any money.

The receivership was ordered upon the application of Attorney General Carmody, who said that the concern was doing business in violation of the banking laws, and that no certificate as to the ownership of more than half of its assets had been filed. He asked for the dissolution of the corporation, and said that while it had been chartered to issue $750,000 in preferred and $250,000 in common stock, only $1,500 in common stock had been issued. Mr. Carmody also said:

"An examination of the certificates of preferred stock and common stock and also the certificate of incorporation will show that the preferred stock has absolutely no voice in the management of the corporation. It is excluded from participation in any meetings. It has no right to vote. The capital stock may be increased or decreased without its consent, and the entire control is vested in a Board of Directors who can only be elected by holders of common stock."

Justice Greenbaum of the Supreme Court rendered a decision yesterday in the action of Kate J. Hardy, who complained that she had invested $2,200 in Monaton preferred stock, and had paid $60 on the installment plan for the purchase of more of the stock. The court decided that she was entitled to judgment in the matter of the installment payments, but dismissed the rest of the complaint. In its decision the court said:

"In passing, it may verily be said that a most extraordinary situation is presented respecting the structure and control of this corporation. There is, however, a total absence of allegation or proof of fraud."

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 9.—Incorporated to-day:

United Motor Owners' Stores, $700,000. H. J. Ryan, Marc Wheeler, Thomas Young, 25 Broad St.

Femme Products Co., drugs, &c., $150,000. R. A. Barton, Philip Munter, J. A. Trimble, 41 Park Row.

Herbert Oil Co., $50,000. C. L. Standifer, M. J. McKenna, H. H. Eagle, 68 Broad St.

Hepworth American Film Corp., $25,000. M. K. Keller, Max Westebbe, Albert Blinkhorn, 110 W. 40 St.

Helen Speer Co., toys, hardware, art goods, $20,000. Montgomery Seymour, F. D. Shoemaker, Helen Speer, 37 E. 28 St.

Neptune Printing Co., $20,000. F. C. Cook, W. R. Byrne, F. C. Goppoldt, 166 William St., B'klyn.

Cahariot Film Corp'n, $12,000. R. M. Lowenthal, Berthold Yokel, Alex. Ackerson, 128 B'way.

Marine & Structural Paint Co., $10,000; Carroll Phelan, Edwin Nellis, C. M. Allaire, 170 W. 74 St.

Evalenko & Paul, credit, financial information, $10,000; G. A. Evalengo, B. S. Catta, A. T. Paul, 102 W. 88 St.

Montessori Society of America, N. Y., educational articles, $100,000; G. V. Smith, C. A. Brodak, R. B. McClure, Park Hill, Yonkers.

Corp. Agricola Operaia Di Richland, restaurants, cafes, $25,000; Giuseppi Tuoti, Julius Cohen, Elvira Iaquinta, 132 Nassau St.

J. B. Stiles Co., Schenectady, dept. store, $10,000; W. J. Hochstrasser, M. A. and W. H. White.

Suffern Stone Co., Suffern, $20,000; Wm. Hogan, R. B. Ward, W. L. Rehling.

Metropolitan Flour Mill & Grain Co., bakeries, $10,000; H. L. Little, E. D. and C. F. Shirk, 255 W. 92 St.

Girard Estates, $10,000; G. B. Read, J. L. Greenberg, Benj. Antin, 31 Montgomery St.

Etate Chemical Co., Richmond, $10,000; J. E. Bowe, L. J. Altman, A. J. Colton, Stapleton.

Hanjah Mfg. Co., novelties, $15,000; Michael McDonald, Losser Kalina, J. A. Hyman, 13 Park Row.

Special Constructing & Contracting Co., $10,000; Salvatore Cascio, J. C. Henriques, Luigi Itria, 201 Pearl St., B'klyn.

Libow & Halpert Skirt Co., $10,000; Harry Wolfisch, Harry Mortner, Robert Libow, 880 E. 172 St.

Kunkel Jewelry Co., Albany, $10,000; Lulu Houseweller, M. H. and Eliz. Kunkel.

Empire Axle Co., Dunkirk, $20,000; O. F. and Z. R. Hakes, E. D. Caldwell.

Union & State St. Realty Corp., Olean, $100,000; P. Herrick, W. C. A. Quirin, W. H. Page.

Capital increases—John C. Lindsay Co., B'klyn, $50,000 to $150,000; Buffalo Shirt Co., $20,000 to $80,000; N. Y. Steel & Copper Plate Co., $15,000 to $50,000; Bishop Warehouse Co., B'klyn, $5,000 to $25,000; Manheims & Ente, N. Y., $20,000 to $30,000; Masses Publishing Co., N. Y., $1,000 to $2,000; Forest St. Garage Co., Gloversville, $8,000 to $10,000.

Authorizations—Swift & Co., Chicago, meats, $75,000,000; rep., A. C. Dean, 22 10th Av.; Manganese Steel Rail Co., Wilmington, Del., $9,000,000; rep., F. W. Grant, 30 Church St.

Voluntary dissolutions—Liberty Heights Construction Co., B'klyn; Bankers Security Co., N. Y.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The pressure is low over the St. Lawrence Valley and the Southwest, and it is high in the Northwest and the Southeast. There were local snows during the last twenty-four hours in the region of the lakes, the upper Ohio Valley, and the Northwest.

Fair weather prevailed elsewhere.

Temperatures have risen decidedly in the great Central Valleys and the south plains and the Gulf States, and have fallen somewhat in the Northwest.

Excepting for local snows in the North, from the Upper Mississippi Valley to the Rocky Mountains, the weather will be generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday throughout the country.

The temperature will rise Tuesday in the Ohio Valley, the Middle and South Atlantic, and the East Gulf States. It will fall Tuesday in the Middle Plains States and the Rocky Mountain region, and Wednesday in the Southwest.

Winds for Tuesday and Wednesday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate west; Middle Atlantic Coast, light to moderate west; South Atlantic Coast, light variable.

FORECASTS: TO-DAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York and New England—Fair Tuesday and probably Wednesday; west winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair and warmer Tuesday; Wednesday fair; light west winds.

Western New York—Cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday; moderate west winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	34	27	4 P. M.	60	34
6 A. M.	34	24	6 P. M.	58	31
9 A. M.	40	26	9 P. M.	53	29
12 M.	57	31	11 P. M.	52	28

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 29; for the corresponding date last year it was 46; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 35.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 28; at 8 P. M. it was 31. Maximum temperature, 34 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum, 24 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity, 63 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 52 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.86 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.97 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A.M. Loss.
1:00—64 E. 134 St.; S. Schoolmaker..Slight
1:40—732 2 Av.; R. Friedman..........$500
1:45—61 W. 137 St.; H. H. Gordon....Slight
5:45—517 E. 156 St.; H. Berstein......$100
9:40—940 Kelly St.; J. Miller..........$200
10:45—1,481 3 Av.; S. Deeman..........Slight
10:55—326 E. 102 St.; J. Damnits......Slight
11:30—534 E. 18 St.; S. Sager..........Slight
P.M.
1:08—79 E. 109 St.; I. Handberg......Slight
1:06—1,970 7 Av.; M. Feltman..........$500
1:10—572 E. 138 St.; O. Grossman....Slight
4:15—10 W. 16 St.; N. Y. Hosp..........Slight
6:20—14 E. 116 St.; Fannie Rosenstock..$5
6:40—1,065 Park Av.; Edw Hammond..Slight
7:40—240 Lafayette St.; Valentine Co. ....Slight
8:45—310 W. 70th St.; Harry Hert....Slight
8:50—31 Barclay St.; St. Peter's Parish House..$50
9:20—134 E. 38th St.; Mrs. I. Adams..Slight
9:50—128 E. 2d St.; Mutmick Bros....Slight
10:25—69 E. 113th St.; Abr. Ackerman.Slight
10:45—436 E. 6 St.; G. Smith..........$10
11:50—1,253 Amsterdam Av.; F. Pithler. ....Slight

EDUCATION NOTES.

The National Association of Audubon Societies has contributed $15,000 to enable teachers to instruct their pupils in bird study in 1914. In 1913 53,157 school children were so instructed.

Leave of absence for three months without pay has been granted by the Board of Education to Charles Deering, janitor of Public School 68, Queens, for restoration of health.

There is said to be need for a new public school in the vicinity of East 180th Street, the Bronx. The combined register of four schools in that district exceeds the combined seating capacity by 3,600.

James E. Sullivan, member of the Board of Education, has gone to San Francisco to arrange for the track and field games to be held at the Exposition grounds there next year.

Associate City Supt. Straubenmuller will deliver a lecture on "The Children of the Air, Butterflies and Moths," at the West Side Young Men's Christian Association, 318 West Fifty-seventh Street, on the evening of April 17.

A Parents' Association has been organized in Public School 65, Manhattan, of which William L. Bulkley is Principal.

The Public Education Association will hold a conference at Public School 63, in Manhattan, on Thursday evening. The subject for discussion will be "The School as a Community Centre." The speaker will be Clinton S. Childs of the Social Centre Committee. The discussion will be conducted by John Collier of the People's Institute, Mrs. V. T. Simkhovitch of the Greenwich House, and I. Edwin Goldwasser, Principal of Public School 62, Manhattan.

A meeting of the Elementary Teachers' Association of New York will be held at the Wanamaker Auditorium, Broadway and Eighth Street, at 4:30 P. M. on March 17. The association has been organized to protect the interest of the 1A-6B elementary school teachers. To a lack of such organization, it is asserted, the inequalities of the present salary schedules are due.

A bill providing for the appointment of a commission to look into the training of mental defectives throughout the State, has been introduced in the Senate by Senator Foley. This bill was drawn by the Advisory Council to the Department of Ungraded Classes of the Board of Education, which is made up of prominent physicians, educators, and social workers.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Capt. C. E. Wiggins, C. A. C., on detached list; Capt. J. L. Roberts, Jr., C. A. C., removed therefrom. The latter to 141 Co. and former to rect'g at Ft. Slocum, N. Y., vice Capt. Roberts.

Resignation of 1st Lt. W. O. Selkirk, C. A. C., accepted.

1st Lt. B. R. Camp, 9 Cav., retired for disability.

Capt. C. G. Cushman, 11 to 9 Cav.

Officers of the M. R. C. ordered to active duty and detailed as professors at Medical School, D. C.: 1st Lts. G. W. Crile, A. Stengel.

2d Lt. E. Yeager, Phpn. Scouts, to Manila about April 5.

Promotions in the inf.: T. M. R. Herron, to 1st Lt., 28 Inf., unassigned, but will remain with 28 Inf. until notice; J. D. Reardan, 2d to 1st Lt., 11 Inf., but will remain on his present duty.

Maj. D. M. King, Ord. Dept., to Ill. Steel Co., Chicago, to inspect; Major E. D. Bricker, Ord Dept., to Bausch & Lomb Optical Co., Rochester, on business.

Leaves.—Capt. H. M. Merriam, C. A. C., 10 days.

Capt. W. M. Goodale, 4 days.

Navy Orders.

Com. D. E. Dismukes, Cramp & Sons, Phila., to Capt. of port, Canal Zone.

Com. T. J. Senn, Board of Insp. for ships, April 1, to com. Chattanooga.

Com. J. P. J. Ryan to retired list March 4 for disability.

Ens. L. Lamberton to retired list March 3 for disability.

Asst. P. M. C. G. Holland, Bu. of Supplies, to fitting out Leonidas and on board when com'd.

Asst. Nav. Const. H. G. Knox, N. Y., to Gen. Elec. Co., Schenectady.

Bosn. D. J. Sullivan, W. Virginia, to treat. hosp., Puget Sound.

Gun. G. Sherer to magazine, Iona Isl., N. Y. Pay Clerk J. E. Roberts to the Richmond.

Marine Corps Orders.

1st Lt. R. E. Rowell from rectg. duty, San Fran., to Legation, Mangua, Nic.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Calif. and Nanshan at Guaymas; Nereus at Hampt. R'ds; Wheeling at Puerto Plata; Eagle, Nashville, and Culgoa at Guantanamo; Brutus at Portsmouth, N. H.; H-3 at Bremerton; Walke at New Orleans; Scorpion at Alexandria, Egypt; Helena at Hankow, and the Raleigh at Santa Rosalia.

Sailed—Raleigh and Justin, Guaymas for Santa Rosalia and Mazatlan respectively; Petrel, Puerto Plata, for Guantanamo; Vestal, Guantanamo, for Hapt. R'ds; S. Caro., Guantanamo, for Port Au Prince; Conn., Minn., and the Solace, Vera Cruz, for Tampico.

Celtic, at Norfolk, will load supplies at N. Y. and sail about April 15 for Vera Cruz.

G-4, at Phila., under convoy when weather conditions permit, to Newport to join her div.

Missouri, Idaho, and Ill. from Atl. reserve fleet and will be prepared for service as practice ships for the midshipmen, arriving at Annapolis by May 3.

Panther has been detached from the Atl. reserve fleet.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:22 | Sun sets..6:01 | Moon sets..5:33

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	6:02	6:31	12:22	12:00
Governors Island	6:24	6:58	12:24	12:54
Hell Gate	8:14	8:43	1:59	2:29

Arrived—Monday, March 9.

SS Cameronia, Glasgow, Feb. 28.
SS Bermudian, Bermuda, March 7.
SS Allemania, Kingston, March 3.
SS Rudolf Blumberg, Guantanamo, March 2.
SS Bordeaux, Havre, Feb. 21.
SS Narragansett, London, Feb. 21.
SS Grantley, Palermo, Feb. 6.
SS Herman Frasch, Sabine, —.
SS Borinquen, San Juan, March 3.
SS Mendip Range, Philadelphia, March 8.
SS Indian Prince, Santos, Feb. 11.
SS Jamestown, Norfolk, March 8.
SS Creole, New Orleans, March 4.
SS El Occidente, Galveston, March 3.
SS Delaware, Philadelphia, March 8.
SS Manhattan, Antwerp, March 18.
SS Guiana, St. John's, March 3.
SS Chesapeake, Baltimore, March 7.
SS Arimatea, Boston, March 8.
SS Cibau, Port Antonio, March 4.
SS Marengo, Hull, Feb. 13.
SS Wilhelmina, Jacksonville, March —.
SS Huron, Jacksonville, March 6.
SS Cherokee, Georgetown, March 6.
SS Indrakuala, Yokohama, Dec. 17.
SS St. Cecilia, Santos, Feb. 10.
SS Isle of Jura, Buenos Aires, Feb. 4.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Commewijne	Trinidad	Feb.	28
San Juan	San Juan	Mar.	4
Caronia	Naples	Feb.	27
Chicago City	Swansea	Feb.	23
Havana	Havana	Mar.	7
Kyno	Hull	Feb.	22
Santa Lucia	Barbados	Mar.	2
City of Sydney	Halifax	Mar.	8
Concho	Galveston	Mar.	4
DUE TO-MORROW.			
Oceanic	Southampton	Mar.	4
Montserrat	Cadiz	Feb.	28
Finland	Antwerp	Feb.	28
Bremen	Bremen	Feb.	28
American	Antwerp	Feb.	25
Whitgift	Swansea	Feb.	24
Hesione	Barbados	Mar.	3
Danube	Kingston	Mar.	6
Prinz Joachim	Colon	Mar.	3
Tenadores	Port Limon	Mar.	4
El Sol	Galveston	Mar.	5
Apache	Jacksonville	Mar.	8
Comal	Mobile	Mar.	3
DUE THURSDAY.			
Nord Amerika	Seville	Feb.	23
Posilipo	Lisbon	Feb.	28
Dora Baltea	Algiers	Feb.	28
Maracas	Trinidad	Mar.	4
Guantanamo	Tampico	Mar.	3
Santa Marta	Kingston	Mar.	7
Comus	New Orleans	Mar.	7
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	Mar.	9
DUE FRIDAY.			
Mauretania	Liverpool	Mar.	7
Sant' Anna	Palermo	Mar.	1
Le Coq	Gigon	Feb.	26
Dortmund	Hamburg	Feb.	25
Maracaibo	La Guayra	Feb.	27
Monterey	Progreso	Mar.	7
El Rio	Galveston	Mar.	7
DUE SATURDAY.			
Lorraine	Havre	Mar.	7
Amerika	Hamburg	Mar.	5
Minneapolis	London	Mar.	5
Armenia	Liverpool	Mar.	8
Westerdyk	Rotterdam	Feb.	28
Mohican	Rotterdam	Feb.	25
Seminole	Turks Island	Mar.	9
Ioannina	Patras	Feb.	25
Oranje Nassau	Haiti	Mar.	9
Lenape	Jacksonville	Mar.	11
Alamo	Galveston	Mar.	7

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
*K. Wilhelm II., Bremen	—	1:00 A.M.
Lusitania, Liverpool	4:00 P.M.	6:00 P.M.
Mayaro, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Monte Penedo, Rio Janeiro	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Pannonia, Naples	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Ryndam, Rotterdam	—	10:00 A.M.
Manchioneal, Jamaica	—	12:00 M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	—	3:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
El Sud, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
*Mail closes 9 P. M. Monday.		
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Savoie, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Germania, Azores	—	3:00 P.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Philadelphia, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Almirante, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Iroquois, Turks Island	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Kroonland, Antwerp	—	10:00 A.M.
Stampalia, Naples	—	11:00 A.M.
Colorado, Galveston	—	1:00 P.M.
Olinda, Cardenas	—	12:00 M.
Mecklenburg, Havana	—	12:00 M.
Huron, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Denis, Para	—	8:30 A.M.
Victoria Luise, Havana	—	11:00 A.M.
Proteus, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.
SAIL THURSDAY.		
Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, Hamburg	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Mexico, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Allemania, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
*Caribbean, Bermuda	—	1:00 A.M.
Scharnhorst, Bremen	—	10:00 A.M.
Hellig Olav, Christiansand	—	2:00 P.M.
Baltic, Liverpool	—	12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
El Dia, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
*Mail closes at 11 P. M. Wednesday.		
SAIL FRIDAY.		
St. Paul, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Cristobal, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Katonia, Santiago	—	12:00 M.
Apache, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Cameronia, Glasgow	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Berlin, Gibraltar	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Zinal, Argentina	5:30 A.M.	7:00 A.M.
Hermonie, Argentina	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	8:30 A.M.	10:30 A.M.
Carolina, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Pr. Joachim, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Allianca, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Portuguese Prince, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Chicago, Havre	—	3:00 P.M.
Re d'Italia, Naples	—	11:00 A.M.
Graf Waldersee, Hamburg	—	11:00 A.M.
Danube, Jamaica	—	1:00 P.M.
Borinquen, San Juan	—	12:00 M.
Concho, Galveston	—	1:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa	—	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
El Occidente, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
Creole, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., MARCH 9.

SS Caronia, Naples to New York, was 412 miles E. at noon; due 10th, afternoon. Cunard Line.

SS Mesaba, London to New York, was 198 miles E. at noon; due 10th, forenoon. Atlantic Transport Line.

SS Montserrat, Cadiz to New York, was 1,000 miles E. at 1:15 A. M.; due 12th, forenoon. Spanish Line.

SS Bremen, Bremen to New York, was 710 miles E. at noon; due 11th, forenoon. North German Lloyd.

SS Grosser Kurfuerst, from San Juan, March 7.

SS Farnham, from Buenos Aires, March 4.

SS Saxonia, from Madeira, March 9.

SS Prinz F. Wilhelm, from Cherbourg, March 9.

SS Sant' Anna, Marseilles to New York, was 1,246 miles E. at 7:40 P. M.; due 13th, forenoon. Fabre Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Santa Marta, Santa Marta to New York, was 1,102 miles S. at 8 P. M. 8th.

SS Maracaibo, San Juan to New York, was 1,098 miles S. at 8 P. M. 8th.

SS Santa Catalina, Seattle to New York, was 1,950 miles S. of Charleston at 8 P. M.

SS El Rio, Galveston to New York, was 30 miles N. W. of Tortugas at 6 P. M.

SS Alamo, Galveston to New York, was 595 miles E. of Galveston at 7 P. M.

SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville to New York, was 25 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.

SS Havana, Havana to New York, was 310 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

Transatlantic Parcel Post.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. March 12, SS St. Paul.

Germany—Close at 5 P. M. March 9, SS Kaiser Wilhelm II.; at 5 P. M. March 11, SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, and at 5 P. M. March 16, SS Grosser Kurfuerst.

France—Close at 5 P. M. March 12, SS St. Paul.

Austria—Close at 9:30 A. M. March 10, SS Pannonia.

Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. March 10, SS Kroonland.

Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. March 10, SS Pannonia.

Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. March 9, SS Ryndam, and at 5 P. M. March 16, SS Westerdyk.

Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. March 12, SS Hellig Olav.

Norway—Close at 11:30 A. M. March 12, SS Hellig Olav.

Italy—Close at 5 P. M. March 10, SS Stampalia, and at 5 P. M. March 13, SS Berlin.

Transpacific Mails.

Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Moana..Mar. 12

Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed) (via Tacoma)—Canada Maru..........Mar. 12

Hawaii and specially addressed mail for Japan, Korea, and China—Hongkong Maru..........Mar. 12

Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver)—Marama..........Mar. 13

Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Asia..........Mar. 14

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Persia..........Mar. 15

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Carmania, at Liverpool, March 9.
SS Rochambeau, at Havre, March 9.
SS African Prince, at East London, March 6.
SS Cerric, at Liverpool, March 8.
SS Nogan, at Rotterdam, March 6.
SS Uranium, at Rotterdam, March 7.
SS Saxonia, at Madeira, March 9.
SS Baron Minto, at Newcastle, N. S. W., March 7.
SS Indrani, at Gibraltar, March 8.
SS Afghan Prince, at Singapore, March 9.
SS Baron Jedburgh, at Shanghai, March 9.
SS California, at Queenstown, March 9.
SS Arcadian, at Bermuda, March 9.
SS Kansas City, at Bristol, March 9.
SS Charlton Hall, at Bahia Blanca, March 9.
SS Barbarossa, at Bremen, March 8.
SS Karema, at Chemulpo, March 8.
SS Woodfield, at La Plata, March 9.

Sailed.

SS President Grant, from Southampton, March 9.
SS Danube, from Kingston, March 6.
SS Orotava, from Kingston, March 6.
SS Harperley, from Rio Janeiro, March 6.
SS Singapore, from Buenos Aires, March 6.
SS Welsh Prince, from Santos, March 6.
SS Roman Prince, from Shields, March 7.
SS Cuthbert, from Para, March 7.
SS Holtye, from Table Bay, March 7.
SS San Guglielmo, from Naples, March 6.

Passed.

SS Minnewaska, New York to London, passed Brow Head.
SS Caserta, New York to Naples, passed Gibraltar.
SS Kansas City, New York to Bristol, passed Fastnet.
SS River Delaware, New York to Genoa, passed Gibraltar.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BOYLE, REBECCA, (Feb. 28) $2,100 personalty to Annie Lynch, second cousin.

EILERS, AUGUST, (Nov. 20) $1,000 personalty to Florence A. Fefley, wife.

FERRIS, MARY E. C., (Jan. 10) $15,000 personalty in equal shares to Elizabeth, Clarissa and Cleveland Ferris, granddaughters.

FREEMAN, WILLIAM, (Feb. 22) more than $5,000 personalty in uncomputed amounts to Charlotte R. Freeman, wife, and Esther J. Freeman, daughter.

GALLINGER, JENNIE, (Feb. 20) more than $10,000 personalty: about $1,100 to Joseph Gallinger, husband; about $12,000 to Amelia Content, daughter.

LOORAM, CATHERINE, (Feb. 23) more than $10,000 realty and about $10,000 personalty: $500 each to Bridget C. Kane, step-sister; Annie H. Garry, godchild; Mother Mary de Frontgous of the Order of the Cenacle, and the Convent of St. Zita; residue in life estate to Matthew M. Looram, brother; remainder to nephews and nieces.

MARTINDALE, ELENORAH I., (March 2) less than $1,000 personalty to Mary A. R. Jones, niece.

ORTH, ANNA, (Feb. 21) more than $10,000 personalty; $500 to Charles Kirschein; uncomputed amounts to Barbara Strittmatter, step-daughter, and Katie von Schwanenfluegel and Matilda Lurch, daughters.

REYNOLDS, EMILY A. V. B., (Feb. 26) more than $10,000 each of realty and personalty to Josephine F. V. B. Reynolds Thomas, daughter.

ULMAR, SAMUEL, (Jan. 9) $15,000 realty and $1,400 personalty; $1,000 each to David and Sylvester Ulmar, grandsons; Hortense Ulmar, granddaughter, and Flora Ulmar, daughter-in-law; $500 to Rebecca Jacobsen, nephew's wife; $100 annuity to Babette Jacobsen, sister; $50 to the Montefiore Home; $25 each to Rosa Jacobsen, daughter, and Hortense and Henry Jacobsen, grandchildren; residue in equal shares to Alfred, Henry,

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Qualified as patrolmen and assigned as indicated: 26 Prect—M. J. Dobson, M. J. Howley, G. E. Feller, W. J. McKeever; 28 prect—T. J. Cassidy, Stanislaus Kisturkiewicz, Jr., J. J. McDonough, W. F. Pfannkuch, August Kunze, W. R. Leach, Jr., E. T. O'Connor, H. J. Porter; 32 prect—J. J. Quinlivan, J. F. Smyth, M. J. Tracy, J. H. Westervelt, J. F. Shea, William Schmidt, Henry Thimmel.

Transfers—Lieut. J. McCormick, 158 to 32 prect; Patrol. T. M. Cahill, 6 prect to Pub Office Sq at M Lodging House; R. A. Wilson, 153 to 35 prect; Edmund Tobin, Pub Office Sq to Det Div, as Act Sergt and photographer in Identification Bu; L. H. Noennich, 6 prect to Com Of; John A. Esau, 166 prect to same; W. J. Wiegard, 29 prect, same; John Wetzel, 10 to 63; Thomas Dillon, 63 to 10, as house attend.

Fined—F. E. Furey, 18 Prect., absent no leave, late at rollcall, lost shield, 3 days; not guilty to charge entered liquor saloon; M. J. Harrison, 65 Prect., (2 charges,) insolence, 10 days; not guilty of absence from post; Dominick Abbruzzese, 65 Prect., off post, 5 days. Prob. Patrol. E. C. Fleischer, 26th Prect., absent from post, 2 days.

Reprimanded—Prob. Patrol. Henry Gross, 26 Prect., absent from relieving point; not guilty of improper patrol; W. R. Bender, 32 Prect., lost key.

App't'd Sp. Patrol.—Bernard J. Schneider and Thomas F. Campbell, with Court of Sp. Sessions.

Fire Department.

To report to 7th Regt. Armory, 10 A. M. Thursday, for practice: J. T. Foote, Eng. 18; T. S. Richards, Eng. 227; W. Clancy, Eng. 76; C. W. Roe, Jr., Eng. 13; E. A. Dammeyer, Eng. 92; E. A. Woolley, (2d Sec.) Eng. 287; J. J. D'Azevedo, Eng. 56; W. F. Hickey, Eng. 214; F. Ergenzinger, Eng. 237; Frank Munn, Eng. 244; J. J. O'Keefe, Eng. 250; Ralph Bornholz, Eng. 86; I. W. Chattaway, Eng. 271; Chas. Charous, Eng. 221; Jos. Stack, Eng. 230; C. A. Widmer, Jr., Eng. 250; W. F. Gallagher, Eng. 218; Ernest Bernsen, H. & L. 11; A. J. Muir, H. & L. 22; E. S. Clements, H. & L. 85; J. A. Unrath, H. & L. 35; A. M. Forster, H. & L. 108; W. H. Breuer, H. & L. 115; Jos. Miller, No. 3, H. & L. 115; N. J. Bruno, H. & L. 128; A. T. Cole, H. & L. 107; Alex. Ungerer, H. & L. 23; C. G. Brown, H. & L. 137.

Revocation of Detail—E. F. McCann, Eng. 252, to Bu. Fire Prev.

Detail—J. J. Hartigan, Eng. 278 to Bu. Fire Prev.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

Applications for Inspector of Taxicabs will be received by the Municipal Civil Service Commission until March 24.

The receipt of applications for engineering chemist will begin on Thursday and will close on March 26.

An examination for bookkeeper, Grade 3, has been ordered. Those who took the last test may not be required to file again.

An examination has been ordered for chemist in the Health Department. The salary is $1,200.

An examination has been ordered for Trade Inspector. There are two vacancies in the Health Department on Blackwell's Island.

An examination has been ordered for a Superintendent of Asphalt Plants. There is a vacancy in the Public Works Department at $3,000 a year.

California

$45.50
ARIZONA
UTAH-NEVADA
INCLUDING MEALS AND BERTH ON STEAMER
MALLORY LINE

New York to Galveston, Texas, thence by direct rail connections to the Far West and Pacific Coast points. Tourist sleeper privileges $5.50 per berth to Pacific Coast. Sailings every Saturday. On the Steamship "San Jacinto," sailing from New York March 28, no extra charge will be made for a number of superior upper deck staterooms. Full information at UPTOWN: 958 Broadway. 290 Broadway, New York. EAST SIDE: 133 2d Av.

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Largest Steamer
TO THE MEDITERRANEAN
20,904 TONS S.S. CELTIC ☆ April 18 12:00 Noon
Interesting Itinerary, including MADEIRA
GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, NAPLES, GENOA
WHITE STAR LINE, 9 B'way, New York City.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
London—Paris—Bremen
‡¶Scharnhorst ....Mar. 12
‡Bremen ....Mar. 19
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm.Mar. 21
*Kronprinzessin Cecilie..Mar. 24
*†Kr. Wm. der Grosse...Mar. 31
‡§Barbarossa ....April 2
‡ Sails at 1 A. M.—¶ Carries one cabin (II)—†Carries no (I) or (II) cabin—§Carries (II) and (III) cabin—‡Bremen direct.

Baltimore-Bremen direct.
One cabin (II) Wednesdays.

Sailings on SATURDAY for
THE MEDITERRANEAN
Berlin ....Mar. 14
Prinzess Irene ....Mar. 28

The North German Lloyd landed more passengers First Cabin, Second Cabin and Steerage in the port of New York during 1913 than any other line, repeating its marvellous record of 1912.

Through rates from Egypt, India New York to FAR EAST and South America via Europe.

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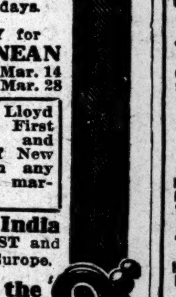

SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN LINE

DIRECT TO Norway, Sweden Denmark
Hellig Olav Mar. 12
Oscar II. April 2
Frederik VIII. Ap. 14
I. Class $77.50 up
II. Class $52.50 up
FREDERIK VIII., 12,000 tons, newest, largest, fastest and finest Scandinavian Steamer.
A. E. Johnson & Co., Inc., Agts., 1 B'way, N. Y.

Russian American Line
To Rotterdam, $60 and up, 1st Cabin; $40, 2d
To Libau, $60 & up, 1st Cabin; $40, 2d
Russia..Mar. 10, 2 PM | Czar...Mar. 31, 2 PM
Kursk..Mar. 21, 2 PM | Dwinsk.Apr. 11, 2 PM
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., G. P. Agents,
27 Broadway, N. Y.
Pier foot 43d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

OLD DOMINION LINE
To all Points South and West. Every Weekday at 3 P. M. Pier 25 North River. Tel. 3900 Franklin.

WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N.R.
'OLYMPIC'
For LONDON PARIS Mar. 28 10 A. M.
APRIL 18—MAY 9—MAY 30
JUNE 20—JULY 11—AUG. 8
Via Plymouth, Cherbourg, and Southampton.
OTHER SAILINGS.
*ST. PAUL.Mar. 13, 10AM | OCEANIC...April 11
OCEANIC.Mar. 20, 10 AM | MAJESTIC...Apr. 25
*American Line Steamer, Pier 62.
New York, Queenstown, Liverpool. (Noon.)
BALTIC........Mar. 12 | ADRIATIC....April 2
CEDRIC........Mar. 26 | BALTIC........April 9
Boston—Mediterranean—Italy.
CANOPIC......Mar. 14 | CRETIC.........April 2

American Pier 62, N.R., 10 A.M. 23d Street
Plymouth, Cherbourg, Southampton.
ONE CLASS CABIN (II.) SERVICE. $55 UP.
ST. PAUL....Mar. 13 | NEW YORK...Mar. 27
*OCEANIC....Mar. 20 | PHILA'PHIA...Apr. 3
*White Star Line Steamer, Piers 59 and 60.

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct, Pr. 58, N.R., 16th St.
Minneapolis.Mar. 21, 8 AM | Minnewaska.Apr. 11
Minnetonka.Apr. 4, 12:30 PM | Minnehaha.Apr. 18

Red Star Pier 61, N.R., 10 A.M. 21st Street
N. Y.—London—Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
KROONLAND..Mar. 11 | ZEELAND......Mar. 21
FINLAND......Mar. 18 | *LAPLAND.....Mar. 28
*Lapland from Boston March 28, 12 noon.
Passenger Office, 9 B'way, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
From Pier 64, N. R., (foot W. 24th St.)
GLASGOW via QUEENSTOWN
Cameronia..........................March 14, noon
GLASGOW via Moville LONDONDERRY
Columbia, Mar. 21, n'n | California, Mar. 28, n'n
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and Upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
Sailing list for 1914 now ready. Apply
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 21-24 State St.

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*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
‡LA VELOCE (Fast Italian Line.)
†ITALIA Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
To Naples and Genoa direct.
†STAMPALIA................MARCH 11, 11 A. M.
*America.Mar. 25, 11 AM | ‡Ancona..Apr. 11, 11 AM
†Europa..Apr. 4, 11 AM | *Verona..Apr. 18, 11 AM
New large twin-screw steamers, all outside rooms.
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., 24 Whitehall St.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
21-24 STATE ST., N. Y.
LONDON—PARIS—ROTTERDAM.
Twin-Screw Sailings Tuesday.
*Ryndam.Mar. 10, 10 am | †N.Amst'm.Mar. 31, 10 am
*Potsdam.Mar. 24, 10 am | *Noordam.April 7, 1 am
*Via Boulogne. †Plymouth and Boulogne.

FABRE LINES
THE SOUTHERN ROUTES TO THE AZORES, LISBON, BARCELONA AND MARSEILLES, AND TO ALGIERS, NAPLES, NICE AND MARSEILLES.
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Cruises Every Saturday
To the WEST INDIES and PANAMA CANAL
Cuba, Jamaica, Costa Rica, Nicaragua
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BOOK NOW! "PRINZ JOACHIM"
MARCH 14, 2 P. M.
11 to 18 DAYS............$85.50
25 DAY CRUISES.....$150 and up
PANAMA CANAL (round trip) $142.50
Write for information.
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FRENCH LINE
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Direct Line to Havre-Paris (France)
SAILINGS EVERY WEDNESDAY AT 10 A. M.
NEXT SAILING *La Savoie, Wed., Mar. 11.
*LA LORRAINE........Mar. 18 | †FRANCE (New).......April 8
*LA TOURAINE........Mar. 25 | *LA LORRAINE.......April 15
*LA PROVENCE........April 1 | *LA SAVOIE.............April 22
*Twin-screw steamer. †Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK 3 P. M.
ONE CLASS CABIN (II) AND THIRD CLASS Passengers Only.
*CHICAGO ....Mar. 14 | †ROCHAMBEAU..Thur., Mar. 26
Pier 57, North River, ft. of W. 15th St. General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y.

CUNARD
FASTEST STEAMERS IN THE WORLD
Liverpool Service
NEXT SAILINGS
LUSITANIA - - Mar. 10, 6:00 P. M.
MAURETANIA - Mar. 17, 6:00 P. M.
QUICKEST ROUTE via FISHGUARD for LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
*Carmania.Mar. 25, 3 pm | *Campania.Apr. 14, 8 pm
Lusitania Mar. 31 6 P. M. | Lusitania Apr. 21 6 P. M.
Mauretania Apr. 7 6 P. M. | Mauretania Apr. 28 6 P. M.
*Franconia.Ap. 11, 10 am | *Campania.May 5, 6 pm
*Calls at Queenstown East Bound.
THE NEW, MAGNIFICENT
"AQUITANIA"
JUNE 10, JULY 1, JULY 22, AUGUST 26,
Great Britain's Largest Ship
The Embodiment of the Proved Qualities of the "Lusitania" and "Mauretania"; an Improvement upon Contemporaneous Practice in Ship Construction.
MEDITERRANEAN—ADRIATIC SERVICE
Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Monaco, or Genoa, Naples, Patras, Alexandria, Trieste, Fiume. Sailings noon. See Itinerary.
PANNONIA.March 10 | CARPATHIA..Mar. 28
CARONIA....Mar. 17 | LACONIA.......April 11
SPECIAL SPRING SAILING
MEDITERRANEAN
S. S. "Laconia," Sat., April 11
GIBRALTAR, MONACO, NAPLES, PATRAS, TRIESTE, and FIUME.
Round the World Trips, $474.85 and up.
Special through rates to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, and South America. Independent tours in Europe, etc. Send for booklet Cunard tours.
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¶ Climate like a June day at its very best—warmth, brightness and sunshine—all outdoors to play in—Tennis, Golf, Walking, Horseback Riding, Driving and Bathing in warm surf on glistening sands.
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New London (Norwich) Line via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 6:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 23d St., 6:30 P. M.; Strs. CHESTER W. CHAPIN and MAINE.
New Haven Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.
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Tickets, etc., at 171 Broadway, Transfer Tourist Offices and at Piers.
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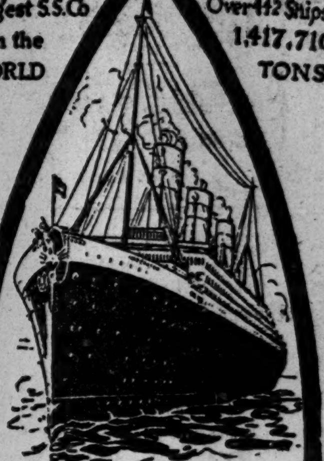
Over 412 Ships 1,417,710 TONS



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March 21, June 6,
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and regularly thereafter.
"VATERLAND"
(950 feet—58,000 Tons)
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LONDON, PARIS, HAMBURG
and the
Kais'n Aug. Vic..Mar. 12, 10 A. M.
†§Graf Wald'see..Mar. 14, 11 A. M.
*†§Pretoria.......Mar. 19, 3 P. M.
Imperator ....Mar. 21, 1 P. M.
Amerika..........Mar. 26, 10 A. M.
§2d cabin only. †Hamburg direct.
*Will leave from Brooklyn Pier.
MEDITERRANEAN
Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
S. S. Hamburg..April 4, 3 P. M.
S. S. Moltke.......April 16, 3 P. M.
*S. S. Hamburg.....May 19, 3 P. M.
*S. S. Moltke.......June 2, 3 P. M.
Steamers leave from Br'klyn Pier.
*Will not call at Madeira or Algiers.
From BOSTON to London, Paris, Hamburg
Rhaetia.....March 18, 10 A. M.
Cleveland....April 30, 10 A. M.
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Around the World
Through the
PANAMA CANAL
From N. Y. JANUARY 31, 1915,
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135 DAYS { Cost, including shore trips and necessary expenses, $900 and up
In order to secure choice location, rooms should be booked now.
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THE BUSINESS WORLD

Commercial Paper.

Yesterday ......4 @4¼% for the best paper
Saturday ....3¾@4¼% " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

⁂

Good Business in Shirtings.

Manufacturers of shirtings report good business, especially in novelty effects. The finer grades in silks and crêpes are favored.

⁂

Commercial Paper Discussion.

An open meeting, to discuss the character of commercial paper which shall be available for rediscount by Federal reserve banks, has been called for tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock in the assembly room of the Merchants' Association in the Woolworth Building. Not only members of the association, but other business men or bankers who may be interested in the subject are invited to attend and express their views. The meeting has been called by the association's Committee on Commercial Law, which desires to obtain as complete an expression as possible of the representative opinion in this city, before taking up the matter with the Federal authorities.

⁂

Mr. Cunningham's Visit Postponed.

Edwin S. Cunningham, United States Consul General at Singapore, Straits Settlement, who was to have visited New York yesterday for the purpose of conferring with business men interested in trade with his district, was unable, on account of illness, to keep his engagement. George W. Doonan, in charge of the local bureau of the Department of Commerce in the Custom House, received a telegram from the Department of State saying Mr. Cunningham will arrange his New York visit for a later date. As soon as Mr. Doonan is advised of the Consul General's plans he will notify merchants who had engagements for yesterday.

⁂

Quick-Fitting Corset Device.

One of the prominent corset companies is now distributing to its customers a patented device for the quick adjustment of corsets in the store fitting rooms. The device is said to be a great time saver, as it does away with continual lacing and unlacing in the course of making a sale to a customer. The device consists of two steels, similar to those used in the back of a corset, in which the lace is inserted. To these steels, spaced so that they enter every third eyelet of the corsets, are attached a number of hooks. When a corset is to be fitted these steels are attached to the corset, from which the lace has been withdrawn, by means of the hooks. The lace in the device is then drawn up to make the corset fit the figure. It is made in two sizes, is said to save a great deal of trouble in fitting, and to increase sales by making the fitting easier for the customer.

⁂

Gray Goods Market Weaker.

There was a slightly weaker tone to the gray goods end of the local cotton goods market yesterday, and, as a result, spot sales of 38½-inch, 64-56s, were put through on the basis of 5 cents. This was the figure that buyers had been trying to obtain on spot deliveries of these goods, but until yesterday the mills had been firm in their demands for 5 1-16 cents. There were no other sales of print cloths recorded that had any direct bearing on the position of the market. There was some call for reps reported, and the better grades of sateens were fairly active. Buyers are now showing some disposition to place forward contracts on these goods. Aside from the good mail business that was received over Sunday, there was little worth noting in other quarters of the cotton goods trade.

⁂

Silks Reign Supreme.

If the approval of Paris counts for anthing at all, silks are here to stay for a long time. Reports from that city received in this market yesterday say that never has the demand been so great there for silks of all kinds. Taffetas top the mode there, according to the report, with the demand divided between effects in plain moiré, glacé, broché, jacuard tinsel brocade, embroidered; chiné, and Roman and Bayadere stripes. Printed silks in the modern art conception of flowers, fruits, and stripes are also good, as are crêpes, crêpon, silk eolienne, charmeuse, and crêpe meteor. For evening wear, brocades are being taken well there, while the tendency in tailored silk garments runs strongly toward gabardines, glacé bengaline, epinglé, and Ottoman faconné. Shantung and pongee prints also share in the demand, as do silk serges, foulards, and libertés. In the colorings, tango shades lead, with tans, yellow, sapphire, porcelain and old blues, lavender, and greens following.

⁂

Buyer and Merchandise Man.

In reply to recent criticism of the arbitrary power given the merchandise man, an executive in one of the large department stores in this city said yesterday that the part really played by the merchandise man is that of an overseer. "If the buyer," he remarked, "wants a markdown, and has good reasons for making the reductions, the merchandise man will always authorize the markdown. But where, for instance, a new buyer is engaged and wants to make a wholesale reduction on the stock laid in by his predecessor, his desire is in most cases prompted by the feeling that the merchandise can be no good—because he didn't buy it. The duty of the merchandise man is to advise and recommend, and the buyer, if he has good logical reasoning behind his request, will never be hampered in his operations. Again, a merchandise man will never designate certain houses from which a buyer must make his purchases unless he has found that other concerns are unreliable. After all the merchandise man wants to make as good a showing as he can, and if he pursues a policy that is arbitrary and illogical the result will scarcely be in accordance with his desire."

⁂

Fur Manufacturers Marking Time.

The larger fur manufacturers of this city are now marking time, preliminary to the next fur sale in London. This sale will open on March 16, and active trading in raw furs is looked for in this market after it is finished. It was said yesterday that the quantity of furs to be offered at the coming sale will be several times larger than that usually offered, and that, as a result, a sharp downward revision in prices is looked for. The only thing to steady the price trend of the sale, manufacturers say, is the fact that the European manufacturers are reported hungry for stock, their goods having been cleaned out as a result of the cold weather that has prevailed on the other side of the Atlantic this Winter. Not much buying for American account is expected at the sale, and it is thought that this will have a weakening influence on prices. While the opinion is expressed that skunk will again be in demand this year, none of the manufacturers is willing to commit himself as to style tendencies of the coming season.

⁂

Effect of Paquin's Show.

Other than the surprise created by the breadth of the skirt bottoms and the fact that none of the gowns shown had the voluminous hip draperies which have been the feature of American dress styles for Spring, the showing of a large number of Paquin models in this city last week had no marked effect on the local garment trade. A number of manufacturers attended the show with their designers, but they brought away with them few, if any, specific points that might be introduced into later lines of Spring dresses. While it was said that the opinions of many buyers who attended the show did not favor the features mentioned above, it was intimated yesterday by a well-known manufacturer that the showing might have the effect of bringing back plain "tube" dresses for Fall, as well as dresses with more liberal widths at the bottom.

⁂

Settling on a Better Basis.

Some time ago there was published in THE TIMES a report from New Orleans telling of the financial embarrassment of the Baltimore Shoe & Clothing Company of that city. At the time of the report, it was said, the firm was about to file a voluntary petition in bankruptcy, with a schedule showing assets of $5,039.09, and liabilities amounting to $24,190.63. A study of the assets at that time showed that at forced sale they could hardly bring more than $2,200, and that from this amount would have to be deducted a lease amounting to $1,575 and costs, totaling $300. In other words, the report said that there would be $325 left for the creditors, or a dividend of about 1 per cent., if the matter were put through the bankruptcy courts. On top of a suggestion to the debtors that settlement be effected on the basis of 25 per cent. by a sale of the assets to a new firm, came a letter saying that the bankrupt firm was about to dispose of the contents of the store, evidently by bulk sale, for $1,293. However, checks are now being received by local creditors in settlement of their accounts on the 25 per cent. basis suggested.

⁂

The Credit Man's Viewpoint.

A credit man connected with a large commission house is of the opinion that a change from the present open account system in general use to the acceptance in the form of a draft or negotiable paper would put credit on a firmer basis and reduce speculation. "A man if he had to tender a draft or make out his note for a bill of goods," he said, "would not be inclined to buy beyond his needs. At present nothing prevents him from returning what he doesn't want. If the acceptance form were used, as it is abroad and in Canada with great success, the bill would be payable to the bank. This would remove a great burden from the seller's shoulders." As far as the possible effect this system would have on the commission house, he had this to say: "While the manufacturer, who now has to have his accounts financed in order to pay his bills, would by means of the acceptance system, be able to turn in these acceptances to the credit of his account at his bank, the commission house would still play an important part in this man's business. There would be merchandise for delivery at some distant period to tie up capital unless money were advanced on it. There would be the selling and distributing ends as well as credits and collections."

THE RIGHT PACKING BOX.

A Matter Attracting Much Attention in Divers Industries.

Although the matter of deciding on a proper packing box seems a simple one, it is interesting to note how much attention is given to it in very many industries. The growers and shippers of fruit are among those who have been forced by the circumstances of their business to give much thought to the selection of proper containers which shall meet the demands of customers and the transportation companies, and which, at the same time, shall be economical in cost.

Among the latest to attempt to make standard cases are the apple men, who have agreed upon certain dimensions and forms of construction which they are trying to have made standard by legislation.

Another body which is taking up the matter earnestly is the National Canners' Association. This organization has begun the work by trying to get the results of the experience of its members, and with this end in view has sent out a list of specific inquiries. This is because of the complaints received from the railways and the retail distributors of canned goods as to the boxes the packers use in shipping their products that the association is also making a vigorous inquiry into the kind of boxes used.

It takes more than 55,000,000 boxes a year to carry the products of the canning and food preserving factories. The cost of high class lumber makes it necessary to use waste and the lower grades of lumber for shooks. Even with this, the cutting has been made so thin, the association asserts, and the stock is so inherently poor that the boxes will not stand the ordinary handling necessary in hauling and transportation. The claims for damages to canned foods in transit have been constantly increasing until they have almost reached the point where the carriers will fix the specifications for the package. The point has already been reached, it is said, where it has been found necessary to make tentative recommendations concerning the thickness of the parts of the boxes used.

In an endeavor to save time and labor before undertaking some proposed coöperative experiments to determine the strength of boxes of various kinds, the following questions have been sent to members:

What kind or kinds of lumber do you use?

What kind of lumber has given the best results?

What kind of lumber has given the poorest results?

What is the thickness of the ends of the boxes?

What is the thickness of the sides of the boxes?

Do you use lumber of full width for ends and sides?

Are the ends and sides built up by means of steel "joiners"?

Do you use green lumber?

Do you use dead lumber?

Do you use lumber which has been properly dried?

Do you give the dry shooks a preliminary steaming in order to avoid nail splitting before making up boxes?

Do you use a nailing machine?

How many nails are used on a side?

Are the best results obtained by using three or four rather than large nails, or a greater number (six or seven) small nails?

Is there an advantage in using cement or other coating on the nails?

Have you used inside lining as corrugated paper to hold the cans tight? Has it paid?

Have you found an advantage in strap or wire binding?

Are dovetailed boxes enough stronger to warrant the additional cost?

Have fibre packages proven satisfactory for packing two dozen cans? For one dozen cans?

Has the veneer box with reinforced ends proven satisfactory?

Kindly give the name of some local shook maker?

These questions are given principally to show the thoroughness with which such matters are considered.

Big Decrease in Idle Freight Cars.

Another decrease in the number of idle freight cars on the railways of this country and Canada was reported yesterday. The semi-monthly bulletin of the American Railway Association's census of March 1 shows that the net surplus of freight cars on that day was 153,907, as compared with 197,052 on Feb. 14, a decrease of 43,145 in the number of cars out of use.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Forecasts:

N. Car.—Fair, warmer Tu. W., fair; lt. w. winds.

S. Car., Ga., Fla.—Fair, warmer Tu. W., fair; lt., var. winds.

Ala.—Fair, warmer Tu. W., fair; lt. to mod. s. winds.

Miss., La.—Fair Tu. W., fair; colder in n.; mod. s. winds.

E. Tex.—Fair Tu. W., fair; colder in n.; mod. to brisk s. winds.

W. Tex.—Fair Tu.; cooler in Pan Handle. W., cloudy, colder.

Utah—Fair Tu., W.

Okla.—Fair Tu. W., cloudy, colder.

Ark.—Fair Tu. W., fair, colder.

Tenn., Ky.—Fair, warmer Tu. W., prob. fair.

Ohio—Fair, warmer Tu. W., cloudy; lt. to mod. var. winds.

Ind.—Fair, warmer Tu. W., cloudy.

Ills.—Fair Tu. W., cloudy, prob. rain or snow in n.; mod., var. winds, bec. e. and s. e.

Lower Mich.—Fair Tu. W., unsetl.; lt. to var. winds.

Upper Mich.—Cloudy Tu., W.

Wis.—Cloudy Tu. W., unsetl.; prob. snows; mod. e. winds.

Minn.—Snows Tu. W., cloudy.

Iowa—Cloudy Tu., prob. rains or snows at night. W., cloudy, colder.

Mo.—Fair Tu.; warmer in e. W., unsetl.; colder in n. w.

N. Dak.—Snows Tu. W., fair.

S. Dak.—Snows, colder Tu. W., prob. fair.

Neb.—Cloudy, colder Tu. W., fair.

Kan.—Cloudy Tu.; colder by night. W., fair, colder.

PROFITS IN CAULIFLOWERS.

Long Island Growers' Association Sold $500,000 Worth in 1913.

Efficiency methods are helping the farming sections of Long Island, to judge by the work of the Long Island Cauliflower Growers' Association, of which C. M. Aldrich and J. F. Dimon, of Riverhead, are President and Secretary. The association helped farmers last year to sell $500,000 worth of cauliflowers last year, and upon a capital of only $6,000 has built up in two years a $25,000 surplus. Probably it will pay an extra 15 per cent. dividend this year, and the officers charged only $65 for their services during the year.

"If there is another organization in New York State which can boast of such a showing, please wire me at once, for I want to buy some stock in it," said a Riverhead farmer yesterday.

The St. Gall Embroideries.

The members of the special Treasury commission which recently returned to this country after making an investigation of conditions at St. Gall yesterday began in the Custom House the preparation of an official report on the Swiss embroidery situation, which when completed will be laid before the Secretary of the Treasury. Whether any changes in the present stitch rate used as a basis for the levying of duty on goods are to be made as a result of the investigation will, it is said, depend entirely upon the character of the forthcoming report.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ALTOONA—Wm. F. Gable & Co.; Mrs. Vanzoff, toys; J. G. Anspach, furn. goods; 2 Walker.
ALTOONA—Kline Bros.; J. H. Moser, domestics, linens; 214 Church.
AMSTERDAM—Walsh, Hartigan & Dwyer; M. G. Walsh, gen'l mdse; 33 Union Square.
ATHENS—Zenner & Co.; T. W. Craig, ready to wear; 116 W. 32d.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; J. Wolf, cloaks, suits; Pierrepont.
BALTIMORE—Bon Ton; G. Kuhn, coats, suits; 34 W. 15th.
BALTIMORE—J. E. Hurst & Co.; J. H. Wells, Fall coats, ladies', misses', children's, infants', juniors' wear; 15 E. 26th.
BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; S. D. Lampson, cloaks, suits, dresses; I. I. Wolf, clothing; 470 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Cahn-Coblens Co.; W. P. Jester, jobs, seconds, men's shirts; 1,199 B'way.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; F. Quellmalz, dry goods; H. W. Reed, dress goods; C. B. Henderson, cloaks, suits; 354 4th Av.
BOSTON—Magrane-Houston Co.; Miss Gately, muslin underwear, petticoats; Great Northern.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; D. MacKenzie, linens; 55 White.
BOSTON—W. Filene's Sons Co.; C. A. Biederman, ladies' suits; F. M. Dutch, flowers, feathers; F. Phillips, ladies' bathing suits; H. H. Ellis, hosiery; F. M. Spear, misses' suits; Miss F. Webb, misses' dresses; Mrs. Busby, millinery trimmings; Mrs. Langtry, knit goods; Miss O'Neil, children's millinery, basement buyers; S. Koenigsthal, men's, boys' clothing; H. Levy, waists; V. P. Ring, house dresses; C. O. Cooper, ladies' coats, suits; A. C. Smith, petticoats, corsets, infants', children's, juniors' coats, dresses; H. W. Childs, millinery; H. Schroeder, muslin underwear, kimonos, dressing sacques; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss Hankap, laces, ribbons, neckwear, handkerchiefs; 60 W. 33d.
BRIDGEPORT—Caesar Misch; H. Walder, cloaks, suits; 33 Union Square.
BRIDGEPORT—Smith-Murray Co.; H. B. Kaim, linens; 55 White.
BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; W. H. Caine, silks; C. E. Stock, cloaks, suits, dresses; 214 Church.
BUFFALO—W. Hengerer Co.; O. J. Dietsche, toys; 214 Church; Prince George.
BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; L. J. Wagner, toys; A. Z. Armstrong, clothing; H. J. Ellsworth, dress goods; T. Moffat, men's furn. goods, hosiery, gloves, umbrellas; B. C. Burlingame, linens, white goods; 214 Church.
BUFFALO—H. A. Meldrum Co.; E. Shanks, notions, fancy, leather, toilet goods; 60 W. 33d.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; C. Davies, dress goods; G. Busch, wash goods; 115 Worth.
CHICAGO—Strauss Millinery Co.; M. S. Oppenheim, hats; Cumberland.
CHICAGO—Philipsborn Outer Garment House; Miss Marks, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 132 W. 21st.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; J. Dumaine, silks, (retail;) W. R. Bettcher, silks, (wholesale;) 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—Hillman's; G. Trimmer, silks, dress goods; 116 W. 32d.
CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; Mrs. M. G. Love, dressmaking; 200 5th Av.
CLEVELAND—Halle, Schwartz & Skall Co.; S. M. Skall, domestics, hosiery, gloves, underwear; J. M. Halle, dry goods; 71 Worth; Claridge.
CLEVELAND—Root & McBride Co.; J. A. Holm, notions; 72 Leonard.
CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; W. Pope, toys; 214 Church; Prince George.
COLUMBUS—Federmen & Levy; C. Melancon, jobs ladies' Spring suits, coats, dresses; 15 E. 26th.
COLUMBUS—Graves Cloak House; E. R. Graves, cloaks, suits; Breslin.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Morehouse-Martens Co.; Mrs. Evans, ladies', misses' ready to wear; 60 W. 33d.
DAYTON—Elder & Johnston Co.; C. H. Reilling, toys; L. Hunkler, housefurn. goods; 2 Walker.
DANVILLE, Ill.—Emery D. G. Co.; W. E. Emery, domestics; 60 W. 33d.
DAVENPORT, Iowa—Harned & Von Maur; H. Von Maur, domestics, knit goods; 31 Union Square.
DENVER—Neustetter Co.; M. Neustetter, ready to wear; 225 5th Av.
DENVER—Neustetter Co.; Meyer Neustetter, waists, skirts, petticoats; 320 5th Av.
DETROIT—Edson, Moore & Co.; F. N. Culver, ladies', children's wear, ladies' sweaters; 51 Leonard.
DETROIT—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; Miss A. McGlogan, muslin underwear; Miss McCarthy, waists; Miss Oppenheimer, corsets; 200 5th Av.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; O. Webber, general mdse.; H. C. Bach, dry goods; 50 Union Square.
GRAND RAPIDS—Spring D. G. Co.; J. Pearce, upholstery goods; 214 Church; Prince George.
GRAND RAPIDS—C. Trankla & Co.; F. Kerr, linens; 55 White.
GRAND RAPIDS—Spring D. G. Co.; C. J. Stanker, underwear; 214 Church.
HARRISBURG—Kaufman's; D. Kaufman, silk, cloth dresses, skirts; 15 E. 26th.
HOLYOKE—McAuslan & Wakelin Co.; Miss A. Collins, waists; Navarre.
LANCASTER—Watt & Shand; P. Watt, linens; 55 White.
LAWRENCE—Robertson-Sutherland Co.; J. R. Stafford, linens; 55 White.
MEMPHIS—Wm. R. Moore D. G. Co.; S. S. Shepard, hosiery, knit goods; 258 Church.
MONTGOMERY—J. L. Cobbs & Co.; J. F. Doyle, cloaks, suits, waists; 69 5th Av.
NASHVILLE—Castner, Knott D. G. Co.; T. H. Starr, ready to wear; 214 Church.
NASHVILLE—Cain, Sloan & Co.; P. L. Sloan, dry goods; 353 4th Av.
NORWICH—Porteous & Mitchell Co.; A. Mitchell, 4th, linens; 55 White.
PHILADELPHIA—P. Horn & Co.; P. Horn, waists, dresses; Albert.
PHILADELPHIA—Millington, Boehm & Co.; G. H. Millington, kimonas, house dresses; Grand.
PHILADELPHIA—Snellenberg Clothing Co.; J. E. Oppenheimer, woolens; B. Bloch, trimmings; 200 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—Berg & Berg; B. Berg and Miss Glickfield, lingerie dresses, coats, suits; 200 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—Berg Bros.; Miss R. Parness, ready to wear; 71 W. 23d.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Miss A. Nagle, cloaks, suits; C. M. R. Whitely, linings; Mrs. A. L. Wilkinson, skirts; Miss N. W. McCann, misses' cloaks, suits; Miss L. Acery, ribbons; G. R. Dunn, art needlework; Mrs. L. B. Walter, jewelry; Miss A. Guggenheim, umbrellas; E. Bohn, leather goods; J. Scammell, books; Miss F. Aultschuler, ready to wear, (basement;) Miss E. Evans, waists; Miss Atkinson, skirts; E. Goldman, mdse. mgr.; Broadway and 32d.
PITTSBURGH—L. Braun & Co.; L. Braun, laces, muslins; Arlington.
PITTSFIELD, Mass.; J. Micherlman & Co.; A. Micherlman, cloaks, suits; S. Micherlman, cloaks, suits; Hoffman House.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann, Baer & Co.; M. Kaufmann, dry goods; 95 Madison Av.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; Miss S. Jacobs, coats; P. Hirsch, coats; 470 4th Av.
PORTLAND, Me.—Porteous, Mitchell, & Braun Co. A. L'Homme, linens; 55 White.
PORTLAND—J. E. Palmer Co.; D. B. Burgess, waists, kimonos, wash dresses; Breztell.
PROVIDENCE—Caesar Misch; C. E. Cohen, ready to wear; 33 Union Square.
PROVIDENCE—B. H. Gladding D. G. Co.; P. H. Burke, upholstery goods; 200 5th Av.
PROVIDENCE—Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; J. J. Shaw, hosiery, gloves, furn. goods; 2 Walker.
READING—Kline, Epplhimer & Co.; R. T. Lenhart, domestics; 315 4th Av.
READING—Lord & Gage; Miss L. Burbaker, corsets; 214 Church.
RICHMOND—Miller & Rhoads; W. R. Scott, dress goods, silks; Miss N. C. Dinan, representing; Miss T. Conall, representing; 55 Worth.
RICHMOND—Miller & Rhoads; W. C. Chenault, linens; 55 White.
RICHMOND—Wilkinson, Williams & Reed; C. C. Reed, white goods, linens; 258 Church.
RICHMOND—Cohen Co.; I. Cohen, ready to wear; 60 W. 33d.
ROANOKE—G. MacBain Co.; G. H. Campbell, linens; 55 White.
ROCHESTER—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; W. N. Baxter, knit underwear; 432 4th Av.; Belmont.
SAN FRANCISCO—S. Meyer & Co.; S. Meyer, ready to wear, petticoats; Netherland.
SCHENECTADY—Hartigan, Dwyer & Hartigan; E. Hooley, gen'l mdse.; J. E. Dwyer, gen'l mdse.; 33 Union Square.
SCRANTON—Clarke Bros.; J. W. Penny, carpets; 41 Union Square; Herald Square.
SPOKANE—Kemp & Herbert; Miss N. E. Dyer, notions; 16 E 18th; Navarre.
SPRINGFIELD—Smith & Murray; P. Murray, linens; 55 White.
SPRINGFIELD—Forbes & Wallace; W. Muir, dress goods, silks; A. Alexander, domestics; 2 Walker.
STEUBENVILLE—Jones-Munker Co.; Mr. Weber, ready to wear; 116 W. 32d.
ST. LOUIS—Crone & Co.; J. Crone, millinery; Navarre.
ST. LOUIS—Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Co.; M. G. Wiener, silks, laces; 621 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Addison Cloak Co.; S. Gilston, silk dresses, coats, suits; 39 W. 32d.
ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; W. J. Cardie, corsets, ladies' neckwear, notions, jewelry; 258 Church.
ST. LOUIS—Rice, Stix D. G. Co.; Ed R. Gans, Fall coats; D. Eisemann, Jr., Fall coats; 377 Broadway.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; W. H. Wingfield, silks, dress goods; 37 W. 26th.
ST. PAUL—Field, Schlick & Co.; F. G. Winter, silks, ribbons; 45 E. 17th.
SYRACUSE—Panard Mfg. Co.; Mr. Pannell, ladies', misses', children's Fall coats; 37 W. 28th.
TOLEDO—La Salle & Koch Co.; A. M. May, gloves; Wallick.
TROY, N. Y.—Wm. H. Frear & Co.; A. J. Reno, furn. goods; W. E. Scoles, china; Herald Square.
TROY—Hartigan & Dwyer; M. H. Hartigan, gen'l mdse; 33 Union Square.
TUPPER LAKE—Leonard & La Rogue; Mr. La Rogue, general merchandise; 320 Church.
UTICA—R. Fraser; J. T. McDermott, waists, ribbons, jewelry; Herald Square.
WASHINGTON—S. Kann Sons & Co.; Mrs. M. G. Hoitt, ladies' neckwear; 215 4th Av.; Mrs. Nohe, millinery.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; Mrs. J. C. Nourse, notions, art goods, trimmings; Miss S. Ever, millinery; Mrs. Johnson, ladies' hosiery, knit underwear; 334 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—S. Kann, Sons & Co.; Miss G. Liebert, art goods½ 215 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—M. Goldenberg; D. Frank, suits, waists, dresses; 15 W. 26th.
WATERBURY—Reid & Hughes D. G. Co.; A. E. Woods, cloaks, suits; W. Wallace, domestics; 75 Spring.
WATERBURY—Scott Cloak House; W. D. Scott, cloaks, suits; Grand.
WORCESTER—Jasper Bros.; M. Jasper, woolens; Arlington.
WORCESTER—Caesar Misch; S. Elias, ready to wear; 33 Union Square.
WORCESTER—J. C. MacInnes Co.; T. J. Fitzpatrick, linens; 55 White.
YORK—J. McLean & Sons; C. Chambers, linens; 55 White.

Business Notices.

40 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

WANTED—TO BUY LADIES' SPRING COATS, SUITS, AND DRESSES, SAMPLES, JOBS, AND REGULAR STOCK GOODS, FOR SPOT CASH.
B. F. LEVIS,
15 EAST 26TH ST.

Fifty ladies' Gabardine cravanette Raglan long coats, $4 net to close. Andrews, 4 W. 22d St.

House Dress Kimonos manufacturers interested in proper representation, address R. W., 104 E. 14th St.

Jobber looking at wash and cotton dresses. Ascot Mfg. Co., 11 West 25th St.

SALESMAN
To handle our popular line of children's and young men's clothing in the following States: Illinois, Iowa, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Minnesota; only those with established trade will be considered; commission basis. Nifty Clothing Co., 625 Broadway, city.

FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
ZUCKER & JOSEPHY,
715-727-719 BROADWAY.

American Consul, Retired

After 16 years in South America and Europe, desires position either in home office or in Europe with firm looking for foreign trade. Speaks and corresponds fluently in French, German, Spanish and English.—Dry goods business connection before entering Consular service. Has broad general knowledge of business as transacted in different parts of the world. Could act as purchasing or selling agent abroad. Willing to work hard for concern which would appreciate results. Moderate salary expected at start. Y 305 Times.

JOBBER

looking at Wash and Cotton Dresses. All week between 9 and 12 A. M.
A. FRANKEL,
10 West 29th St.
Ask for Mr. Leibowitz.

AUCTION SALES.

MERCHANDISE.

SPECIAL PEREMPTORY AUCTION SALE without Limit or Reserve,
THURSDAY, MARCH 12TH,
10:30 A. M., ON THE PREMISES,
174-176 Canal St., near Mott St., N. Y.,
BY ORDER OF
SACKS & LEVY, Retiring,
$20,000.00 Jobbers' Stock
MEN'S, LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S
Hosiery, Underwear,
Bathing Suits,
UNION SUITS, SWEATERS,
ALSO LARGE LINES OF
MEN'S OVERALLS, JUMPERS,
Working Shirts and Flannel Shirts.
DAVID W. BIOW & CO., Auctioneers
Tel. 2436-2437 Franklin. 13-15 Lispenard St., N. Y.
DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE AT SALE.

David W. Biow & Co.
Tel. 2436-2437 Franklin. 13-15 Lispenard St.
To-day, Tuesday, Mar. 10, at 10:30 A. M.,
SPECIAL PEREMPTORY AUCTION SALE.
1,000 LOTS OF
CLOAKS, SUITS
MOSTLY SPRING WEIGHTS.
Shirt Waists, Petticoats, Silk Kimonos,
Cotton & Dress Goods
200 Doz. Ladies', Misses', and Children's
Lingerie Dresses,
LACES and EMBROIDERIES,
Also a Retail Stock of
Ladies' Suits, Dresses, etc., etc.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.
Very Fine, Staple Stock of
Woolens, Silks, Trimmings,
Fixtures and Machinery,
Formerly Peerless Ladies' Tailoring Co.
Henry B. Singer, Assignee.
SAMUEL MARX, Auctioneer, sells
WEDNESDAY, March 11th,
At 10:30 A. M.,
on Premises, No. 138 West 25th Street, entire stock, etc., of above without reserve.
Auctioneer's Office, Woolworth Building.
Tel., Barclay 6911-12.

Bankrupt Sale of a Very Large
DEPARTMENT STORE
Will be sold at auction to-morrow (Wednesday), March 11, 1914, at 10:30 A. M. on premises, 1029 Broadway, Brooklyn, at Willoughby Av., by Michael M. Weisz, Auct'r, Ladies', Misses', Children's and Infants'
FURNISHINGS,
COATS AND SUITS,
Dresses & Skirts. A very large stock of above. For further particulars watch tomorrow's Times. Auctioneer's office, 7 Lispenard St. Telephone Franklin 2847.

BUSINESS LOCATIONS.

STORES
491 Broadway
Store B. & Sub. B. & loft.
35 ft. frontage on B'way, with entrance on Broome St.
Suitable Jobbers and Hosiery trade.
Possession at once. Rents Reasonable.
E. S. Willard & Co.
52 William St. Tel. 6087 John.

The Eastern Mfg. Co.
576-578 B'way.
Headquarters for
BED SPREADS.

FINE COMBED
45 IN. VOILE 10 cents PER YARD
Silk and Cotton Crepe, Transparent Organdie.
SEA ISLAND MILLS.
STANDARDIZED MERCHANDISE
Tel Franklin 561 53-55 WORTH ST.
H F. WESTHEIMER, Sales Manager

This shows the expression on the face of the Dress Buyer who did not buy my line. He went home and found his competitor had.
PHIL S. GILL,
39 West 32d St.

BUYERS, ATTENTION!
DRESSES Jos. Wien has winners in Silks, Challis and Wool Crepes $3.75 up. Washable Dresses $1.50 up. The only place that has values. Don't miss us. You cannot afford to do so. 1,200 Fall dresses to be closed out, consisting of Woolen, Evening, Velvet and Corduroy Dresses, at sacrifice prices.
JOS. WIEN, 129-133 WEST 27TH ST.

ART LINENS NEW STAMPED LINE SHOWN FOR FIRST TIME. ALSO THE NEW INITIALS WITH CLOTH COVERING AND GUMMED BACK. PATENT JUST GRANTED
REIS-TEX
G. Reis & Brother, 640 Broadway, N. Y.

See Edwin A. Mayers
about HOSIERY SECONDS AND JOBS! He will show you the greatest line of money makers on the market.
EDWIN A. MAYERS, 229 4th Ave.
Telephone Gramercy 3355.

DRESSES Buyers, attention! Dresses of latest styles, in silk, chiffon and crepe, to close out at low price.
LEICHTER BROS., 13 East 8th St.

NOVELTY COTTONS
SPECIAL SALE—SPECIAL PRICES.
MOORE MANUFACTURING CO., 81 Worth.

Pleatings 25 cent Retailers, in Lots Assorted, $1.25.
Oppenheim, Stern & Hacker, 4 W. 16th St.

BATHING APPAREL
Milbury Atl. Mfg. Co.,
543 Broadway. Phone 7475 Spring.

DRESSES Sizes 2-6—$1.55 to $3.75 per doz. Sizes—6-14—$3.12 to $7.50 per doz.
ROMPERS, $1.65 to $3.75 per doz.
M. KABAT & SON. 452 B'way. Phone 6186 Spring.

Ruchings 12-HOUR DELIVERY. Laces & Embroideries.
GREENSTEIN & PELZ, 16-20 W. 19th St.

RAINCOATS RAINCAPES — Before placing your orders call or send for samples to save money. Jobs always on hand. SCHWARTZ BROS., 3 East 17th St.

Dresses 1,000 for immediate delivery. All prevailing styles in silk, chiffon, taffeta, crepes, etc. $3.50 to $10.00.
GLOBE DRESS CO., 91 BLEECKER ST.

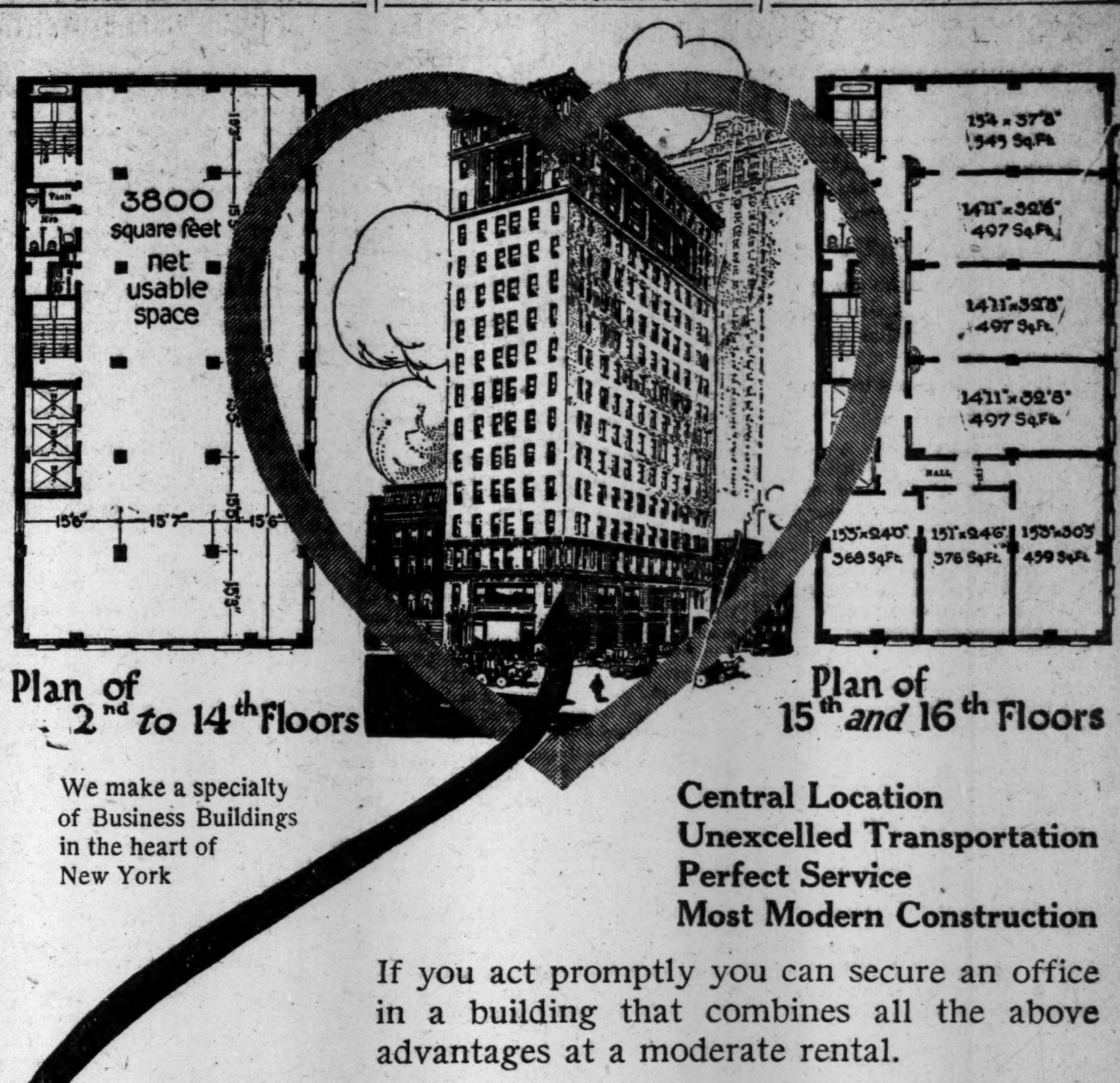
TRANSPARENT ORGANDIES
COTTON NOVELTIES
FRANKEN & FRANK, 111 FIFTH AVE.

The Kaufmann and Baer Co.
Announce the
Opening
of their
New Store
Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street
Pittsburgh, Pa.
On Wednesday March 18th
Nineteen Hundred Fourteen

TRADE-MARK MERCHANDISE

ARTICLE.	TRADE MARK.	SOLD BY.
Boys' Wash Suits	'Gotham' Hydegrade	M'f'd by Gotham Novelty Co., 193 Mercer St. N. Y.
MEN'S POCKET-BOOKS	Masterpiece TRADEMARK	A. Steinhardt & Bro., 491 Broadway, N. Y.
TRADE MARKS	We undertake the registration of Trade Marks in the United States Patent Office.	MUNN & CO. PATENTS 361 Broadway N. Y.
WAISTS	Geisha	Frankenthal Bros. Co. 10-16 W. 3d St. N. Y.
English Mesh Underwear	CELLULAR CLOTHING CO. AERTEX LONDON	A. Kuehnert & Co. Wholesale Distributors 315 4 Av., N. Y. C.
House Dresses, Kimonos, Sacques	N.B.	142-144 W. 26 St. New York City Hamburger Bros.
BRUSHES	"Zel"	Holten & Adams Distributors 29-31 East 22d St. NEW YORK
LINGERIE	Amifrench	French Lingerie Co. 320 Fifth Ave. at 32d St.
BRUSHES ETC.	Parisian Ivory London, France	Geo. E. Gibson Co. Distributors 1107 B'way
STERLING SILVER HOLLOW-WARE	Commonwealth	INTERNATIONAL SILVER CO.

BUSINESS LOCATIONS. BUSINESS LOCATIONS. BUSINESS LOCATIONS.



3800 square feet net usable space
Plan of 2nd to 14th Floors
Plan of 15th and 16th Floors

We make a specialty of Business Buildings in the heart of New York

Central Location
Unexcelled Transportation
Perfect Service
Most Modern Construction

If you act promptly you can secure an office in a building that combines all the above advantages at a moderate rental.

Locate in the Heart of New York

THE BURRELL BUILDING
33d St. and Madison Ave.

This building was opened Feb. 1, and, judging from the rapidity with which it is being filled with high-class tenants, the space now unoccupied will not be on the market long.

In this strictly fireproof building all offices front on the street—there are no courts. Noiseless elevators are equipped with every known safety device. Access may be had to offices at all times—nights, Sundays and holidays. The accompanying list of railways is sufficient comment on the convenience of location.

Be sure to get terms on this space before you sign a lease for any other.

TRANSPORTATION
SUBWAY—
Fourth Ave.—1 block east
Hudson Tunnels—2 blocks west
ELEVATED—
Sixth Ave.—2 blocks west
Third Ave.—2 blocks east
SURFACE LINES—
4th & Madison—1 block east
Lexington Ave.—2 blocks east
5th Ave. Stage—1 block west
Broadway—2 blocks west
Sixth Ave.—2 blocks west
34th St. Crosstown—1 block north
RAILROAD TERMINALS—
Pennsylvania—3 blocks west
Grand Central—9 blocks north
Long Island—3 blocks west

Loton H. Slawson Company, 17 Madison Ave. Telephone 8680 Mad. Sq.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PATRICK J. BYRNES, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, March 10th, 1914, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of all the right, title, and interest of the Trustee in and to the following property:

All those certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land situate at Westhampton, County of Suffolk, State of New York, and known and designated as Lots Numbers 7 to 30, inclusive, and 151 to 175, inclusive, in Block C, on a certain map entitled "Plan of Property at Westhampton, Suffolk County, Long Island."

Certificate No. 41,173 for $2,000 of Knights of Honor, standing in the name of Charles Neuendorfer.

Certificate No. 206 for 80 shares of Gold Point Hydraulic Mining Company standing in the name of Charles Neuendorfer.

Certificate No. 149 for 10 shares of Gold Point Hydraulic Mining Co. standing in the name of Louis Wendell, Jr.

Note bearing date December 28th, 1908, signed by Elizabeth Appleton, to the order of Patrick J. Byrnes, in the sum of $100; note dated May 5, 1906, signed by J. A. Spitz, to the order of Patrick J. Byrnes, for $35; note dated May 25, 1906, signed by Henry F. Kainsberg for $100 to the order of Patrick J. Byrnes; note dated May 25, 1906, signed by Henry F. Kainsberg, to Patrick J. Byrnes, for $110; note dated April 28, 1906, signed by Jeremiah J. Hurley, to the order of Patrick J. Byrnes for $175.

All the book accounts set forth in the schedules of the bankrupt.

CHARLES BROOKHEIM,
100 Broadway, New York City,
Attorney for Patrick J. Byrnes, Bankrupt.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Esq.,
67 Wall Street, Referee.
HOUSE, GROSSMAN & VORHAUS, Esqs., 115 Broadway, New York City, Attorneys for Trustee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of IMPERIAL CHAIR FRAME COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, March 10th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 816 East 5th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of lumber, chairs in the process of manufacture, machinery, safe, pictures, &c.

HARRY A. GOIDEL, Receiver.
OTTERBOURG, STEINDLER & HOUSTON, Attorneys for Receiver, 200 5th Av., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ARISTOS COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, March 10th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 250 West 54th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of automobile sundries, partitions, office fixtures, &c.

C. A. BROOKS, Trustee.
CRANE, WOODWARD & SHONK, Attorneys for Trustee, 2 Rector St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BERNARD RAPP, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, March 10, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of coats, piece goods, trimmings, buttons, mirrors, typewriter, desk, machine, machine stand, fixtures, &c.

LOUIS LANDE, Receiver.
EUGENE L. BONDY, Attorney for Receiver, 366 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 19,362.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of IMPERIAL CHAIR FRAME COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1914, the said Imperial Chair Frame Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1914, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
March 9, 1914. Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALBERT PARDI, Bankrupt.—No. 19,549.

To the creditors of Albert Pardi of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 2d day of March, A. D. 1914, the said Albert Pardi was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1914, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated March 9th, 1914.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ABRAHAM N. JABALIE, bankrupt.—Notice.

To FADWA JABALIE: Take notice, that Irving N. Dittenhoefer, the Trustee in Bankruptcy of Abraham N. Jabalie, now has in his possession and claims to own as such Trustee eleven (11) certain promissory notes as follows:

	Date.	Maker.	Payee.	Amount.
NOTE NO. 1	May 6, 1913	John & Sarkis Peters & Bro.	A. N. Jabalie	$39.55
NOTE NO. 2	April, 1913	Alley Bossiff & Bros.	A. N. Jabalie	173.70
NOTE NO. 3	April 7, 1913	George R. Shama	Fadwa A. Jabalie	1,250.00
NOTE NO. 4	April 14, 1913	George R. Shama	Fadwa Jabalie	1,250.00
NOTE NO. 5	April 21, 1913	George R. Shama	Fadwa A. Jabalie	1,250.00
NOTE NO. 6	April 28, 1913	George R. Shama	Fadwa A. Jabalie	750.00
NOTE NO. 7	April 28, 1913	George R. Shama	Fadwa Jabalie	750.00
NOTE NO. 8	April 28, 1913	George R. Shama	Fadwa A. Jabalie	750.00
NOTE NO. 9	May 19, 1913	Asmar & Salloum	Fadwa Jabalie	200.00
NOTE NO. 10	May 19, 1913	Asmar & Salloum	Fadwa Jabalie	200.00
NOTE NO. 11	May 19, 1913	Asmar & Salloum	Fadwa Jabalie	200.00

All of which notes are indorsed by the payees and by Mouracade, Dargham & Cie. and the National City Bank, and in the case of Notes "No. 1" and "No. 2," likewise indorsed by Fadwa Jabalie.

Take further notice that on the 18th day of February, 1914, the said Trustee filed in the office of the Clerk of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, his petition praying that title to the said notes be decreed to be in him, and on the same day an order was made by the said court requiring you and all other persons claiming any right, title, interest, equity, or lien in and to the said eleven (11) notes or any of them, or having any cause to object to the title to said notes being declared in the said Trustee, to file duly verified proof of their claim or written objections as such cause in the office of Honorable Stanley W. Dexter, Referee in Bankruptcy, at 71 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 17th day of April, 1914, or to be forever barred and foreclosed of and from any right, title, interest, or equity in the said notes or any of them, and forever restrained from asserting any such right, title, interest, or equity.

The said petition and order are now on file in the office of the Clerk of said court.

The foregoing notice is served upon you by publication, pursuant to the said order of said court.

Dated New York, February 18, 1914.
FERRIS, DANNENBERG & ANSBACHER,
Attorneys for Trustee in Bankruptcy, 2 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN E. MILLER, Bankrupt.—No. 19,557.

To the creditors of John E. Miller of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1914, the said John E. Miller was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 30th day of March, A. D. 1914, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated March 9, 1914.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of RAYMOND WALTERS, Bankrupt.—No. 19,272.

Notice is hereby given that Raymond Walters, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 5th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 13th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated March 9th, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of CHARLES NEUHAUS, Bankrupt.—No. 19,436.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Neuhaus, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated February 20th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 13th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated March 9th, 1914.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.

CONFIDENCE

in a security can only be attained through an understanding of the factors which go to make up its real value. Our booklet,

"Judging Securities"

shows some of the points we consider when deciding upon the real value of a stock or bond.

It helps investors to help themselves.

Prepared by our Statistical Department and sent to those interested on request.

Eastman, Dillon & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Investment Bankers
71 Broadway New York

FARSON

We own and offer
Orange, Texas
Improvement 5s
Due April 1, 1953
Opt. April 1, 1933
To NET 5%

Acceptable to secure Postal Savings Bank Deposits
Exempt From Income Tax
Price and Particulars on request.

Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
New York Chicago
115 Broadway First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

Our
March Bond Circular
presents a variety of carefully selected bonds—

	Yielding
Municipal	4.05% to 5.37%
Railroad	4.15% to 5.30%
Public Utility	4.75% to 6.00%

We invite consultation to assist in making selections adapted to the various needs of bankers, insurance companies, trustees and individuals.

Circular AG-27 on Request

N. W. Halsey & Co.
49 Wall Street, New York
Philadelphia Chicago San Francisco

March Offering
OF
High Grade Bonds
Legal Investments
for
SAVINGS BANKS
and TRUSTEES
Send for Circular No. 73G.

A.B.Leach&Co.
Investment Securities
149 Broadway, New York
Chicago Philadelphia Buffalo
Boston London, Eng. Baltimore

Harris, Forbes & Co
Successors to N. W. Harris & Co., N. Y.
Pine Street, Cor. William
NEW YORK

Government
Municipal
Railroad and
Public Utility

Bonds
for
Investment

Investment Securities

We shall be glad to submit information and suggestions regarding the proper investment of funds; also lists of securities best suited for the requirements of each individual investor.

Redmond & Co.
33 Pine St., New York

First Mortgage Street Railway Bond
To net
5.30%

Property established as to value and earnings. Population served 250,000. Company paying dividends on its preferred and common stocks

Particulars on application.

HORNBLOWER & WEEKS
42 Broadway, New York.
BOSTON CHICAGO DETROIT
NEWPORT PROVIDENCE HARTFORD

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Move Irregularly, Closing for Most Part Little Changed —Gold Exports Halt.

Opposing forces in the stock market became so nearly balanced for the time being yesterday that the average level of fifty leading issues showed no net change for the day. St. Paul made a net gain of over a point, after the severe test to which it was put by the publication of the Commerce Commission strictures on the road's accounting methods; Chesapeake & Ohio lost further ground in the afternoon, on a renewal of selling for the reasons which were operative in the market for that stock last week; United States Express advanced sharply, in the belief that the rumored liquidation, if resorted to, would justify a higher price than the stock has lately maintained, and there were still other wide movements in stocks governed by special influence. The stocks governed by more general considerations, United States Steel, Union Pacific, Reading, Amalgamated Copper, and others, showed only minor net changes where they showed any. The market was irregular, but steadier than during the closing days of last week.

The latest Mexican developments were not seriously regarded by the market, and there was a disposition to interpret favorably the news from London in respect to the Ulster situation. Prices were weak on the chief Continental Bourses, and London sold here to some extent, but the selling was not heavy enough to prevent higher opening prices here. Freight car and copper trade statistics were favorable in at least some of their aspects. The recent blockade of traffic caused by storms doubtless contributed to the large decrease reported in the number of idle cars, but even after making allowance for this factor the inference to be drawn from the showing made by this measure of trade volume was favorable. The copper statement showed consumption in February about equal to that of the same month last year. Reduced production accounted for a decrease of close to 9,000,000 pounds in the stocks of the metal in the hands of producers. The monthly statement of the United States Steel Corporation's unfilled orders is due to-day. It is expected to show a substantial increase, although the figures will be affected by the fact that during the closing days of last month orders again fell below current output.

In view of the recent decline in the surplus reserve of the banks at this centre the announcement that no further gold exports were likely to be made to Paris for some time to come was favorable news. The smallness of the supply of gold in bars, which would have forced the shippers of gold on any further large exports to resort to coin, may have contributed to the decision to await a more favorable time for any additional drafts on this market's gold for the purpose of strengthening the French gold reserve.

COPPER STOCKS DECLINES.

The Refinery Output for February Falls Off Also.

Stocks of copper in the hands of refiners at the close of February amounted to 78,371,852 pounds, a decline in the month of 8,924,833 pounds. The refinery output in February was 122,561,007 pounds, as compared with 131,770,274 pounds in the preceding month, a falling off of 9,209,267 pounds. As there were three days less in February to be accounted for, the rate of production was really greater than in January, a feature of the report which attracted comment in the trade, as the mines had to contend with severe weather. The metal was refined at the rate of about 4,337,000 pounds a day, as compared with 4,250,000 pounds daily in January. Foreign deliveries aggregated 83,899,183 pounds, a decline of 4,056,318 pounds. Sales in this country amounted to 47,586,657 pounds, a recession of 370,298 pounds.

N. Y. SECURITY EARNINGS.

Net Profits for Last Year Were $240,359.

Net earnings of the New York Mortgage and Security Company last year were $240,359. After paying 12 per cent. in dividends on the capital stock and writing off $50,204 for depreciation of stocks held in the treasury, the profit and loss account was increased by $10,154.

President Kahler announced at a meeting of stockholders yesterday that guaranteed mortgages aggregating $8,916,202 were sold in the year, while guarantees canceled by mortgages paid off amounted to $6,580,094. The total of outstanding mortgages guaranteed by the company was $37,651,845 on March 1.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l.
On call	2	1¾	1⅞	2
A year ago	4½	2½	4	4½
Since Jan. 1	10	1½	..	..
Same Period 1913	5	2¼	..	..

	60 days.	4 mos.	6 mos.
On time	2¾@3	3¼@3½	3¼@3½
Commercial paper (prime bills)	....	4@4¼	4@4¼

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$197,271,955	$9,194,818
Sub-Treas. credit balance		1,343,231
Banks lose since Friday		1,630,000

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on London.
Berlin	3½	2⅞	20 m 43½ pf
Paris	2⅝		25 f 21c
London	2½@2⅝	1½@2	

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High.	Low.	Last.
Yesterday	$4.8590	$4.8580	$4.8590
A year ago	4.8780	4.8775	4.8780
Since Jan. 1	4.8695	4.8535	......
Same period 1913	4.8790	4.8570	......

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8590	$4.8610
Paris	5.18¾—1-32	5.18¾+1-32
Berlin	95 1-16+1-32	95⅛+1-32
Switzerland	5.18¾—1-16	5.18¾
Holland	40.25	40.27
Belgium	5.21¼	5.20⅝—1-16

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.8375	$4.8275
Paris	5.21¼—1-16	5.22½—1-16
Berlin	94½	94¼

Commercial Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.83⅜	$4.82½
Paris	5.21⅞	5.23⅛
Berlin	94 7-16	94 3-16
Amsterdam	39.90	39.79

Domestic Rates.

Rates on New York were:

	Prem.		Prem.
Chicago	*5c	San Francisco	45c
St. Louis	25c	Montreal	62½c
Boston	Par	St. Paul	50c

*Discount.

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 26 13-16d per ounce, off 1-16d; New York, 58⅛c, off⅛c.

STOCKS EX DIVIDEND TO-DAY.

The following stocks listed on the New York Stock Exchange are quoted ex dividend to-day:

American Car and Foundry common and preferred.
Central Leather preferred.
Rubber Goods Manufacturing preferred.
Tennessee Copper.
Woolworth, F. W., preferred.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

L. & N. Losses Slight.

The Louisville & Nashville has issued a detailed report for the first half of this fiscal year which makes a better showing than most of the railroad exhibits which have been coming to hand. The company's loss in surplus by comparison with the first half of the previous year was small, and the margin earned over dividend needs, large. Yet the L. & N. was a victim of the increased cost of operation; its gain of $1,644,000 in revenues was earned at an increased cost of $1,611,00, so that the gain in net earnings from the larger amount of business handled was very small. There was an increase of about $300,000 in interest charges, and the loss in surplus was only slightly more than that amount, or $363,000. The balance of $4,937,000 remaining after deductions was equivalent to 6.8 per cent. on the $72,000,000 of stock, or almost twice the 3½ per cent. paid in dividends during the period.

⁂

More Rock Island Liquidation.

The Rock Island Company shares lost slightly in yesterday's market, both issues being so low that dealings in them now are of small consequence. Some of the bonds were marked down rapidly, however. The debenture 5's of the old company sold from 73½ down to 69½, establishing there a new low record, and afterward rallied almost as easily as they had slumped, closing at 73. The general 4's sold from 87⅝ down to 82, where they ended the session. The refunding 4's dropped from 76⅛ to 74 and closed only ¾ above that figure, while the railroad collateral 4's established a new low figure at 41. The declines were said to be due to a fuller realization of the operating company's needs, as set forth in the chairman's letter last week.

⁂

Plenty of Money on the Exchange.

The shrinkage of reserves among Clearing House banks last week was not reflected in Stock Exchange loans yesterday. All of the banks which put out money on the board offered funds in quantity at 2 per cent.

⁂

An Old Story from China.

Wall Street has learned through bitter experience that most Pittsburgh stories must be discounted to a large extent, Chicago stories still more, and all reports from Omaha and points beyond almost ignored. The West is a great breeder of tales that would mean much to the stock and money markets if true. Yesterday a story from the Far East received a flat and official denial. A dispatch from Shanghai said that an agreement had been signed between the Chinese Government and the Bethlehem Steel Company for a loan of $25,000,000.

A director of the Bethlehem said the report was absolutely without foundation, and had probably grown out of a revival of Mr. Schwab's contracts made in 1911. It will be recalled that Mr. Schwab arranged to supply $20,000,000 worth of good, serviceable battleships and guns and to take his payment therefor in bonds. The upset in Chinese politics which followed soon afterward put an end to this project, at least for the time, and it is understood that the Chinese have since decided not to become a naval power, but to spend their money on small gunboats and torpedo boats suited to river operation.

⁂

One Gold Movement Ends.

Unless another banking house than the one recently engaged in the movement of gold to Paris enters the field, there will be no shipment this week. In consignments of $2,000,000 each $16,000,000 has been sent to France this year, and it was expected that another $2,000,000 would go on Wednesday until announcement was made yesterday that the transfer was at an end. The reasons given was that France had taken all the metal needed at this time.

⁂

Small Domestic Copper Buying.

The copper trade would have felt greater contentment if domestic consumption had made a better showing in yesterday's statement of the Copper Producers' Association. Deliveries in February were greater than in January by about 275,000 pounds a day, but this fact did not appear in the total for the month, as February sales for domestic use dropped behind January's by nearly 400,000 pounds. With full allowance made for the shorter month, the trade decided that the aggregate of distribution into domestic channels, a little more than 47,500,000 pounds, showed business to be far less active than it might be. In copper circles sales of 20,000,000 pounds more than were reported for February are considered about right as a signboard pointing toward rapid consumption and satisfactory prices.

⁂

Express Stock Rises Swiftly.

United States Express stock stood head and shoulders above everything else on the list and retained at the close nearly all of its gross gain. An advance of 8¾ points in a stock, which for many months before the present tended downward, called for considerable comment in the Street. The rumors of last week that the company would shortly be liquidated gained credence in many quarters where they had been received with indifference before, and there was much speculation about the possible extent of the rise, provided no information appeared of an authoritative sort in denial of the expected action. The value of the shares in liquidation has been variously estimated from $75 to $100 each, with the tendency upward as the stock has climbed. At the top price yesterday the stock sold at 80¼. Last year it sold down as low as 38.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Electric Power	14	16
Adirondack Electric Power pf	44	47
American Light & Traction	359	363
American Light & Traction pf	107	109
American Gas & Electric	84	87
American Gas & Electric pf	47½	49½
American Power & Light	70	72
American Power & Light pf	82	84
Am. Public Utilities	50	53
Am. Public Utilities pf	74	77
Appalachian Power Co	7	10
Appalachian Power Co. pf	20	30
Cities Service	95½	97½
Cities Service pf	75	77
Commonwealth P. R. & L	58	60
Commonwealth P. R. & L pf	80	82
Colorado Power Co	14	16
Colorado Power Co. pf	89	92
Denver Gas & Elec. Gen. 5s	93	95
Electric Bond Deposit pf	66	70
*Electric Bond & Share pf	98½	100
Empire District Electric 5s	77	82
Empire District Electric pf	74	77
Federal Light & Traction	22	24
Federal Light & Traction pf	71	73
Gas & Electric Securities	110	125
Gas & Electric Securities pf	83	86
Lincoln Gas & Electric	29	32
Montana Power Co	44	45
Montana Power Co. pf	101½	103½
Northern Ontario Light & Power	14	18
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf	60	64
Northern States Power Co	15	17
Northern States Power Co. pf	75	77
Ozark Power & Water	32	39
Pacific Gas & Electric	40	42
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	86	87½
Republic Ry. & Light Co	18	20
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf	74	76
Southern California Edison	87	88½
Southern California Edison pf	98	99½
Standard Gas & Electric	8¾	9¾
Standard Gas & Electric pf	26	29
Tennessee Ry., Lt. & Power Co	15	16
Tennessee Ry., Lt. & P. Co. pf	69	70
*United Light & Rys	80	82
*United Light & Rys. 1st pf	76½	78½
United Light & Rys. 2d pf	73	74½
United Utilities Co	25	30
*United Utilities Co. pf	97½	101
Utah Securities	18	19
Western Power	21	22½
Western Power pf	60	62

*Ex dividend.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Sharp Advances in Several of the Oil Stocks Lend Interest to the Trading.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 100,039 shares of stock and $14,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 7,142 (not including rights;) oils, 4,117; mining, 88,780. The Curb transactions which appeared in Sunday's paper were only in part those of Saturday, and included dealings of an earlier date, which were reprinted by mistake. The changes in the oil stocks yesterday compared with the correct figures for Saturday are shown below. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were reported was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am. D. Synd.	14	14	14	14
200	Am. D. S. rts.	1	1	1	1
200	Brit.-A. Tob.	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼
2,000	B.-A.Tob., new	23⅝	23⅝	23⅛	23¼
500	Lig. & M. rts.	2¼	2¼	2	2
100	Man. Tran.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
522	Max. M. com.	5½	5¾	5½	5⅝
160	M. M. 1st pf.	28	28	27½	27½
50	M. M. 2d pf.	9	9	9	9
375	Pueb. S. & R.	2⅜	2½	2⅜	2½
3,000	Riker-Heg'mn	8⅛	8⅜	8⅛	8¼
500	U.C.S.Co., Am.	89⅝	90¼	89⅝	90¼
160	U. S. L. & H.	7	8	7	8
25	U.S.L.&H.pf.	30	30	30	30

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
1,000	Anglo-Am. Oil	17¼	17	17⅛	..
25	Atl. Refining	710	704	706	— 2
25	Buckeye P. L.	158	158	158	+ 1
35	Continen'l Oil	256	254	254	— 1
10	Eureka P. L.	305	305	305	+ 4
10	Galena-S. Oil	175	175	175	— 1
15	Indiana P. L.	136	136	136	+ 1
200	Nat. Transit.	40½	40	40	..
20	N. Y. Transit.	310	305	305	— 5
1,000	Ohio Oil	188	174	176	+ 4
250	Pierce Oil	115	105	108	+ 2
175	Prairie O.&G.	576	562	575	+16
31	Solar Ref.	376	365	370	+ 5
10	So. Pipe Line	233	233	233	..
21	S. W. P. L.	152	151	152	— 1
50	South P. Oil	390	385	387	— 2
325	S. O. of Cal.	340	335	340	+ 2
35	S. O. of Ind.	550	545	547	— 8
35	S. O. of Kan.	538	523	530	+ 1
60	S. O. Ky., new	285	282	285	+ 1
5	S. O. of Neb.	440	440	440	— 7
150	S. O. of N. J.	412	408	411	..
300	S. O. of N. Y.	221	215	220½	+ 4½
45	S. O. of Ohio	460	440	460	+15
10	Swan & Finch	230	230	230	+14
150	Un. Tank L.	95	94	94	— 1
125	Vacuum Oil	214	212	214	+16

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	Un. Pac. rts.	27¾	28	27¾	27⅞

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
45,800	*Atlanta	20	26	20	25
100	*Beaver Con.	30	30	30	30
400	Boston Mont.	6⅝	6¾	6⅝	6¾
200	Braden Cop.	7½	7⅝	7½	7⅝
2,360	Br.- Col. Cop.	1⅜	1½	1⅜	†1⅜
200	Buffalo M.	1⅝	1 11-16	1⅝	1 11-16
100	*Butte & Lon.	34	34	34	34
1,600	Caribou Cblt.	73	73	71	73
100	Cop. M. Con.	2 13-16	2 13-16	2 13-16	2 13-16
1,700	Con. Ariz. S.	7-16	½	7-16	½
500	*C. O. D. Con.	4½	4½	4½	4½
500	Crown Res've.	1 27-32	1 27-32	1 27-32	1 27-32
500	El Paso Con.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,100	*Ely Con.	4½	4½	4½	4½
5	First Nat'l	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
800	Foley O'Brien.	18½	20	18½	20
700	*Florence	58	60	58	60
1,500	*Gold Hill	47	48	47	48
1,000	*Gold. B. Bull.	5	5	5	5
500	Goldf. Merger	12½	12½	12½	12½
500	Goldfield Con.	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 13-16
100	*Gould Con.	3½	3½	3½	3½
15	Gr.-Can. new.	37	37	37	37
500	*Greenwater.	6½	6½	6½	6½
3,500	*Jumbo Ext.	28	28	27	27
100	Kerr Lake	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
500	La Rose Con.	1 11-16	1¾	1 11-16	1¾
100	Mason Valley.	3	3	3	3
3,000	Man. Big F.	14	14	14	14
400	Nevada Hills.	33	34	33	34
1,500	*New U. B.	9-16	9-16	9-16	9-16
200	Nipissing M.	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
7,200	*Oro	13	13½	13	13
1,000	*Peterson L.	42½	43	42½	43
500	*Silver Pick.	7	7	7	7
100	S. S.-L.	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16
500	Stewart	1 7-16	1 7-16	1 7-16	1 7-16
1,000	*Temiskaming	18	18	18	18
500	Tonopah Ex.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
1,000	*Tonopah M.	57	57	57	57
200	Tonopah M.	45	45	45	45
600	Tuolumne C.	45	55	45	52
4,500	W. E. Con.	90	90	87	88
1,600	*W. E. Ex.	3	3	3	3

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$12,000	C. P. 6% n.	104⅛	104½	104⅛	104⅛
2,000	West. P. 5s.	66	66	66	66

*Sells cents per share.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	17	17½	17	17½
Atlantic Refining	700	710	700	710
Borne-Scrymser	300	310	300	310
Buckeye Pipe Line	156	159	156	159
Chesebrough Mfg.	665	675	670	680
Colonial Oil	110	120	110	120
Continental Oil	250	255	253	258
Crescent Pipe Line	55	60	55	60
Cumberland Pipe L.	55	60	55	60
Eureka Pipe Line	300	310	300	310
Galena-Signal Oil	172	176	175	180
Galena-Sig. Oil pf.	138	142	138	143
Indiana Pipe Lines	133	136	132	136
National Transit	39	41	40	42
New York Transit	300	310	303	310
Northern Pipe Line	117	121	117	121
Ohio Oil	175	177	171	174
Prairie Oil & Gas	573	578	558	562
Solar Refining	365	375	370	380
Southern Pipe Line	228	232	228	232
South Penn. Oil	385	390	385	390
S. W. Penn. Pipe L.	150	155	150	150
Standard Oil (Cal.)	340	342	322	324
St. Oil (Cal.) rts.	25	28	..	..
Standard Oil (Ind.)	548	553	547	553
Standard Oil (Kan.)	520	530	525	533
Standard Oil (Ky.)	280	285	280	285
Standard Oil (Neb.)	435	445	435	440
Standard Oil (N. J.)	409	412	411	413
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	219	221	214	216
Standard Oil (Ohio)	450	460	435	440
Swan & Finch	225	235	230	245
Union Tank Line	94	96	94	96
Vacuum Oil	213	216	213	216
Washington Oil	57	61	58	62
Waters-Pierce Oil	3,600	..	3,600	..

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	March 9. Bid.	March 9. Asked.	March 7. Bid.	March 7. Asked.
American Cigar	145	147	143	147
American Cigar pf.	98¾	99¾	98½	99½
Am. Mach. & Fdy.	80	90	80	90
British-Am., new	23¼	23¾	23	23¼
Conley Foil	270	290	270	290
Johnson Tin & M.	175	195	175	195
J. S. Young	135	150	135	140
MacA. & Forbes	183	187	183	187
MacA. & Forbes pf.	95	100	95	100
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	225	235	225	235
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip.	130	140	130	140
R. J. Reynolds	260	280	260	280
R. J. Reyno. 6% scrip.	101	103	101	103
Tobacco prod. pf.	83	84½	83	84
United Cigar Stores	90	90½	90	90½
Un. Cigar Stores pf.	111	113	111	113

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.	Rate.	Maturity.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Amal. Copper	5	Mar.15,'15	100⅜	100½	4.50
Am. Locomo.	5	July, 1915	99⅞	100¼	4.60
Austrian Gov.	4½	July,'14-15	99⅞	100¼	4.30
Balt. & Ohio	5	July, 1914	100⅜	100½	3.30
Boston & Me.	6	June 2,'14	..	96	22.25
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	99⅜	99½	5.15
Can. Pacific.	6	Mar. 2,'24	104½	104⅞	5.40
Chatt. R. & L.	5	June, 1915	96	97¾	7.00
Ches. & Ohio.	4½	June, 1914	100⅛	100¼	3.35
Chi. & W. Ind.	5	Sep., 1915	99⅝	99⅞	5.10
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1914	97	98	11.60
Con. P.(Minn.)	6	May, 1917	96½	98	6.65
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	99⅝	99⅞	5.60
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1914	100⅛	100¼	4.05
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1915	99¼	99¾	5.20
Fed. Sugar.	5	Nov. 1,'14	99¼	99⅞	5.55
Gen. Electric.		Apr.16,'14	3.75%	..	..
Gen. Mot. Co.	6	Oct., 1915	100¼	101	5.30
Gen. Rubber.	4½	July, 1915	98¾	99	5.20
Hock. Valley.	5	Nov., 1914	100¼	100⅜	3.85
Ill. Central.	4½	July, 1914	100¼	100½	2.90
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug., 1914	96½	97	14.00
Int. Harvester.	5	Feb.15,'15	100	100⅜	4.35
Lack. Steel.	5	Mar., 1915	97¾	98¼	6.40
Mich. Cent.	4½	Mar. 2,'15	99⅞	100¼	4.37
Minn. & S. L.	6	Feb., 1916	97¼	98	7.00
Mo., K. & T.	5	May, 1915	96½	98	6.50
Mo. Pacific.	5	June, 1914	96½	97½	15.00
M. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	99¼	100¼	5.80
N.Y.C. & H.R.	5	Sep.15,'14	100⅜	100⅝	3.75
N.Y.C.& H.R.	5	Nov. 5,'14	100⅛	100⅜	3.95
N.Y.C. & H.R.	4½	May, 1915	99⅞	100⅛	4.40
N.Y.N.H.&H.	6	May 18,'14	97	97½	18.50
Nor. Pacific.	6	July 9,'14	100¾	101	3.00
Seaboard A.L.	5	Mar., 1916	99⅛	100	5.00
So. Pacific.	5	June15,'14	100¼	100½	3.05
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	99¼	100	5.00
So. Railway.	5	Mar., 1917	98⅞	99	5.30
Sulz. & Sons.	6	June, 1916	99⅞	100¼	5.95
State of Tenn.	5	July, 1914	100⅛	100½	3.30
U.S.S.,R.&M.	5	Aug., 1914	100	100⅜	4.20
Union Typew.	5	Jan. 15,'16	97½	98	6.05
United Fruit.	6	May, 1917	101¾	102½	5.15
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	99½	100¼	5.85
West.E. & M.	6	Aug., 1915	101¼	101½	4.95
Western Md.	5	July, 1915	95	98¼	6.15
Western Pow.	6	July, 1915	97	100	6.00

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Balt.&O.eq.tr. 4½	Apr.,	1914-23	4.65%	4.45%
C.&N.W.eq.tr. 4½	July,	1914-23	4.65%	4.45%
Erie eq. tr. 5	July,	1914-23	4.95%	4.75%
H. Val. eq.tr. 5	Aug.,	1914-23	4.95%	4.75%
Ill. C. eq. tr. 4½	Aug.,	1914-23	4.55%	4.40%
I.&Gt.N.eq.tr. 5	Aug.,	1914-23	5.75%	5.25%
N.Y.C.L.eq.tr. 4½	Jan.,	1915-28	4.70%	4.60%
Penn. eq. tr. 4½	Apr.,	1914-23	4.50%	4.35%
S. A. L.eq.tr. 5	Feb.	15,14-22	4.95%	4.80%
So. Pac. eq.tr. 4½	Mar.,	1914-23	4.55%	4.45%

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Adventure	1¾	1¾	1¾
20	Algomah	1½	1½	1½
33	Allouez	40	40	40
50	American Zinc	19	19	19
2,705	Arizona Com'l	6	5¾	5¾
258	Butte & Superior	34¾	34¼	34¾
189	Calumet & Arizona	66½	66¼	66½
12	Calumet & Hecla	425	425	425
50	Centennial	16¾	16¾	16¾
41	Copper Range	37½	37	37
135	East Butte	11½	11½	11¾
55	Franklin	6¼	6	6
200	Granby	83	83	83
70	Greene-Cananea	36½	36½	36½
30	Hedley Gold	28½	28½	28½
100	Helvetia	45c	45c	45c
90	Indiana	5	5	5
25	Isle Royale	20¼	20¼	20¼
10	Kerr Lake	4¾	4¾	4¾
25	Lake	8¾	8½	8½
10	Mason Valley	3¼	3¼	3¼
20	Mass. Con	3	3	3
20	Mayflower	6¾	6¾	6¾
929	New Arcadian	5	4¾	5
150	Nipissing	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
226	North Butte	28¼	28	28¼
115	Old Dominion	53	52½	52½
65	Osceola	81	78	78
110	Pond Creek	18¾	18½	18½
170	Quincy	63½	61	61½
90	Shannon	6¾	6½	6½
105	Shattuck	28½	28	28
100	South Utah	21c	21c	21c
15	St. Mary's Land	38	38	38
5	Superior & Boston	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
55	Superior Copper	28½	28½	28½
135	Tamarack	39¾	39½	39½
5	Trinity	4	4	4
50	Tuolumne	43c	43c	43c
185	U. S. Smelting	41	40¾	41
168	U. S. Smelting pf.	48¾	48¼	48⅝
242	Utah Con	10½	10	10
55	Victoria	1⅛	1	1⅛

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Boston & Albany	186½	186½	186½
30	Boston Elevated	82	82	82
1,328	Boston & Maine	38	35	35
82	Mass. Electric pf.	63	62	63
52	West End St. Ry.	72	71½	71½

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Am. Agr. Chem	54	54	54
90	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	95¾	95¼	95¼
55	Amoskeag pf.	100	100	100
10	Am. Pneu. Service	3½	3½	3½
120	Atl. G. & W. I. pf.	16	16	16
190	Edison	263	263	263
20	Ga. Ry. & Elec. pf.	87½	87½	87½
188	Mass. Gas	94	93¾	94
50	Mass Gas pf.	94½	94	94½
61	McElwain pf.	101½	101	101½
8	Mergenthaler	215	214⅛	214⅛
100	Mexican Tel.	3	3	3
5	North Texas Elec.	105	105	105
100	Pacific Mills	112	112	112
250	Reece Folding	4½	4¼	4½
96	Swift & Co.	107¾	107½	[illegible]
5	Torrington	28½	28½	28½
191	United Fruit	166⅞	165½	165½
885	United Shoe Mach.	54½	54	54⅜
280	United Shoe M. pf.	28½	28¼	28½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	A. G. & W. I. 5s.	67¼	67⅛	67¼
1,000	Conn. & M. 1st 4s.	93½	93½	93½
1,000	N. E. Tel. 5s, 1932	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
3,000	Pond Creek 6s	106	106	106
5,000	U. Fruit 4½s, 1923	95¾	95¾	95¾
1,000	Western Tel. 5s	96½	96½	96½

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Amer. Radiator pf.	132	132	132
20	Chicago Brewing	1	1	1
90	Chic. Ry., Series 2	32	31¾	32
798	Com'wealth Edison	137½	136¾	137½
10	Hart, S. & M., pf.	105	105	105
10	M'tgomery Ward pf.	112	112	112
20	National Carbon	155	155	155
10	Quaker Oats	106¼	106¼	106¼
214	Swift	107½	107¼	107¼
227	Union Carbide	149	148	149

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$7,000	Chi. Ry. inc. 4s	52	52	52
2,000	Com. Edison 5s	101¾	101¾	101¾
1,000	Diamond Match 6s	105	105	105
10,000	Swift, new	96⅛	96	96⅛

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
400	Am. Milling	15-16	15-16	15-16
23	Am. Railways	38¼	38	38
10	Anaconda	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝
1	Cambria Iron	44	44	44
469	Cambria Steel	50	49¾	49¾
105	Elec. Storage Bat.	53⅝	53⅝	53⅝
15	Elmira & W'msport	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞
200	General Asphalt	40½	40½	40½
10	Hunt. & Broad Top	5¼	5¼	5¼
27	Ins. Co. of N. A.	22⅝	22⅛	22⅛
8	Keystone Tel. pf.	56¾	56¾	56¾
40	Lake Superior	22	21¾	21¾
12	Lehigh Nav. ctfs.	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞
10	Leh. Val. Transit	19	19	19
40	Leh. Val. Tran. pf.	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝
56	Penn. Salt Mfg.	106½	106½	106½
5	Penn. Steel pf.	66	65½	65½
75	Phila. Co.	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝
10	Phila. Co. 5 p. c. pf.	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛
95	Phila. Electric	27	26¾	26¾
100	Phila. R. T. ctfs.	18¼	18¼	18¼
51	Phila. Traction	83¼	83	83
305	Union Traction	44⅞	44¼	44¼
73	United Gas Imp.	85	84½	84½
11	W'moreland Coal	63½	61½	63½
147	York Rys. pf.	32⅞	32⅞	32⅞

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$6,000	Am. Gas & Elec. 5s.	85¾	85¾	85¾
9,000	Bald. Loco. 5s	104¼	104¼	104¼
2,000	City 4s, '42	101	101	101
2,000	Con. Trac. N. J. 5s.	103¼	103¼	103¼
2,300	Elec. & Peo. 4s	85¼	85¼	85¼
1,000	Harwood Elec. 6s.	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛
2,000	Keystone Tel. 5s	91	91	91
2,000	L. V. con. 4½s, '23	102	102	102
5,000	L. V. con 4½s, 2003	99¼	99¼	99¼
7,000	L. V. Tran. 1st 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼
1,000	Peo. Pass. Ry. 4s	86½	86½	86½
1,000	Phila. Co. 1st 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
5,000	Phila. Co. con. 5s	90	90	90
9,000	Phila. Elec. 4s	81⅝	81½	81½
200	Phila. Elec. 4s	82	82	82
1,000	Phila. & Erie 5s	103½	103½	103½
1,000	Reading gen. 4s	95	95	95
3,000	Span.-Am. Iron 6s	101½	101½	101½
5,000	United Rys. inv. 5s	76	75¾	75¾
3,000	Welsbach 5s	89½	89½	89½

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
55	Caney River	24	24	24
225	Crucible Steel	16¾	16⅜	16¾
85	Crucible Steel pf.	94½	94¼	94¼
25	Harbison Walker pf.	99	99	99
250	Ind. Brewing	5	5	5
45	Ind. Brewing pf.	24	24	24
15	LaBelle	43¼	43¼	43¼
84	Mfrs. Light	52	51¾	51¾
10	Nat. Fireproof	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜
50	Nat. Fireproof pf.	26¾	26¼	26¾
85	Ohio Fuel Supply	43	43	43
70	Ohio Fuel Oil	16	16	16
100	Osage & Oklahoma	53	53	53
10	Pgh. Brewing	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
35	Pgh. Brewing pf.	27	27	27
10	Pgh. Plate Glass	105½	105½	105½
900	Pure Oil	16⅜	16⅛	16⅛
35	Union Switch	145	145	145
394	Westinghouse A. B.	130	130	130

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$7,000	Pgh. Coal deb. 5s.	92½	92½	92½

BANKS

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Bank of Pittsburgh	120	120	120
4	Safe Deposit	242	242	242

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.10	Hale & Norcross	.05
Alpha Con	.02	Julia	.03
Andes	.04	Kentucky Con	.02
Belcher	.04	Mexican	1.10
Best & Belcher	.04	Occidental Con	.70
Bullion	.02	Ophir	.47
Caledonia	.58	Overman	.27
Challenge Con	.10	Potosi	.02
Chollar	.02	Savage	.08
Confidence	.40	Seg. Belcher	.08
Con. Cal. & Va.	.18	Sierra Nevada	.14
Con. Imperial	.02	Union Con	.13
Crown Point	.56	Utah Con	.02
Gould & Curry	.04	Yellow Jacket	.51
TONOPAH.		Comb. Fraction	.07
Belmont	7.75	Diamondf'ld Daisy	.03
Jim Butler	.95	Diamondf'ld B. B.	.02
McNamara	.08	Florence	.57
Midway	.37	Goldfield Con. M.	1.75
Mizpah Ext.	.42	Goldfield Merger	.12
Montana	1.00	Jumbo Ext.	.26
North Star	.36	Lone Star	.01
Rescue Eula	.12	Silver Pick	.06
Tonopah Ext.	1.57½	Vernal	.06
Tonopah Merger	.56	Nevada Hills	.35
West End	.90	Round Mountain	.38
GOLDFIELD.		MANHATTAN.	
Atlanta	.23	Manhattan Con.	.04
Booth	.05		
C. O. D.	.04		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	6	7	Jackpot	6	7
Elkton	45	46	McKinney	54	55
El Paso	190	220	Old Gold	1	2½
Findlay	..	2½	Portland	102	110
Gold Dollar	2⅝	3¼	Vindicator	88	89¾
Isabella	9	10	Rav. B. H.	..	3¾

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., March 9.—Weekly statement of national banks:

	Mar. 7, '14.	Inc. for Week.	Mar. 8, '13.
Loans	$229,750,000	*$907,000	$225,870,000
Circulation	9,889,000	14,000	8,057,000
Deposits	179,516,000	296,000	186,644,000
Due banks	88,108,000	2,042,000	74,482,000
U. S. dep.	1,373,000	*217,000	1,002,000
Res. agents	37,915,000	887,000	34,739,000
Exc. cl.	14,191,000	574,000	13,862,000
Due from banks	25,948,000	352,000	26,642,000
5 p. c. fund	500,750	......	410,500
Legal tend.	3,611,000	3,000	3,159,000
Specie	24,865,000	157,000	24,294,000
Surplus	1,681,429	83,572	1,132,857
Sur., N. Y.	11,120,429	800,572	8,418,857

*Decrease.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

A part of the $12,000,000 first mortgage 6 per cent. gold bonds issued recently by the J. I. Case Threshing Machine Company is being offered to investors at par and interest by Potter, Choate & Prentice of this city and the First Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago. The company has agreed to keep net quick assets on hand of not less than 150 per cent. of the total amount of the bonds outstanding.

The Fifth Avenue Bank has prepared a pamphlet containing advice on letters of credit, foreign money orders, and other financial conveniences for prospective travelers.

BOURSES OF EUROPE

London Market Shows Much Depression—Weakness in Paris and Berlin.

LONDON, March 9.—Money was dearer and discount rates were steady to-day.

The stock market was depressed, and further liquidation reduced quotations in most directions. Brazilian issues were flat, on the continued decline in exchange rates and consols and Irish stocks were affected by politics. Mining stocks, in which the settlement commenced, sagged under Paris and local offerings.

American securities opened easy, and most of the list declined, under the lead of Canadian Pacific, during the forenoon. Later, a better tone prevailed and stocks hardened, in sympathy with the strength in St. Paul and Chesapeake & Ohio, which were bought by New York. The closing was steady.

PARIS, March 9.—Prices were weak on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 88f 20c for the account.

BERLIN, March 9.—Trading was dull and prices were weak on the Boerse to-day.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money.	74⅝	..	..	—3-16
Consols, acc't.	74⅝	..	..	— ⅛
Amalgamated	75¼	73⅛	73⅛	..
Atchison	98½	95¾	95¾	..
Balt. & Ohio	90¾	88⅛	87⅞	+ ¼
Canadian Pac.	213	206⅞	208	— 1⅛
Ches. & Ohio	56	54⅝	53½	+ 1⅛
Chi. Gt. West.	12	11¾	12⅛	— ⅜
St. Paul	100⅞	98⅛	97⅛	+ 1
Denver	12¼	12	..	..
Erie	28⅞	28⅛	28¼	— ⅛
Erie 1st pf.	45½	44¼	44	+ ¼
Illinois Central.	112¼	109¼	109½	— ¼
Louis. & Nash.	139	135¼	135½	— ¼
Kan. & Texas.	17½	17	17⅝	— ⅝
N. Y. Central.	91⅛	88½	88¾	— ¼
Norfolk & W.	105	102⅛	102½	— ⅜
Ontario & W.	27¾	27	27¼	— ¼
Pennsylvania	57	111	110½	+ ½
Reading	83⅝	162⅜	162⅞	— ½
Southern Ry.	25½	24¾	25	— ¼
Southern Pac.	95⅞	93⅛	93⅛	..
Union Pacific.	161	156¼	156½	— ¼
U. S. Steel.	65½	63⅝	63⅞	— ¼
Wabash	2	1⅞	2	— ⅛

Statement of Bank of Germany.

BERLIN, March 9.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes: Cash in hand increased 16,941,000 marks; loans decreased 51,272,000 marks; discounts increased 21,113,000 marks; Treasury bills decreased 16,859,000 marks; notes in circulation decreased 97,119,000 marks; deposits increased 92,178,000 marks; gold in hand increased 6,681,000 marks.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday and of these two groups of stocks combined, with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Railroads	78.95	78.06	78.48	— .07
Industrials	59.87	59.27	59.65	+ .07
COMBINED AVERAGE.				
March 3	70.20	69.87	70.01	— .06
March 4	70.63	70.00	70.51	+ .50
March 5	70.70	69.03	70.28	— .23
March 6	70.13	69.19	69.23	—1.05
March 7	69.45	68.67	69.06	— .17
March 9	69.42	68.66	69.06	..

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.		Low.		Last.
Mar., 1913	74.53	Mar. 5	70.99	Mar. 19	73.85
Mar., 1912	81.74	Mar. 27	76.29	Mar. 1	80.81
Mar., 1911	80.72	Mar. 28	78.04	Mar. 4	79.82
Year to date	73.30	Jan. 31	67.50	Jan. 3	69.06
Year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.06
Year 1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.20
Year 1911	84.41	Jan. 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

In contrast to special weakness which developed on the Consolidated Stock Exchange in Lehigh Valley early in the day, and in Chesapeake & Ohio later, St. Paul displayed decided firmness, and there was a sharp advance in Westinghouse Electric.

The market developed an improved tone, following the publication of the monthly Copper Producers' statement. The 9:30 o'clock call prices reflected irregularity, although there were more declines, compared with Saturday's closings, than advances.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,780	Amal. Copper	73⅛	73½	72⅝	73¼
10	Am. Beet Sug.	21½	21½	21½	21½
190	Amer. Can.	29¼	29⅝	29⅛	29½
10	Am. Car & Fy.	49⅞	49⅞	49⅞	49⅞
110	American Ice.	30	30½	29⅝	30⅜
10	Am. Loco.	34¼	34¼	34¼	34¼
50	Am. Smelting.	67	67	67	67
220	Amer. Sugar	101⅝	101⅝	101¼	101¼
50	Am. T. & T.	121⅝	121⅝	121⅜	121½
10	Anaconda Cop.	35⅛	35½	35⅛	35½
70	At. F. & S. F.	95¾	96	95¾	96
280	Balt. & Ohio	87⅝	88⅝	87⅝	88½
200	Beth. Steel	42	42	40⅞	40⅞
290	Brklyn R. T.	92	92⅝	91½	92¼
1,180	Can. Pacific	207⅝	207⅝	206⅝	206⅝
170	Cent. Leather	33	33⅛	32½	32¼
1,950	Ches. & Ohio	53½	54⅛	51⅜	52
720	C. W. M.&St.P.	97	98⅝	97	98⅛
70	Col. F. & I.	31½	32	31⅛	32
40	Del. & Hud.	150	150	150	150
110	Dist. Sec.	18⅝	19	18½	19
280	Erie	28⅝	28⅞	28¼	28⅞
10	Gen. Motors	76⅜	76⅜	76⅜	76⅜
170	Gt. North. pf.	126½	127⅛	126½	126⅝
180	Int. Met. pf.	58⅞	59⅛	58½	59
4,560	Leh. Valley	145¼	146⅛	143⅞	144⅞
30	Mex. Pet.	65	65½	65	65½
20	Mo., K. & T.	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
140	Mo. Pacific	24⅝	25	24⅛	24⅝
50	Nat. Biscuit	132	132	132	132
1,120	N. Y. Central	88⅛	89⅛	88⅛	88⅝
620	N.Y.N.H.&H.	66⅞	68⅞	66⅞	67⅞
20	Norf. & West.	102⅛	102⅛	102	102
140	North. Pac.	110⅛	110⅛	109⅝	109⅝
280	Pennsylvania	110⅞	111	110⅞	111
10	Ray Copper.	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
10,560	Reading	162¾	163½	161⅞	163
10	Rep. Iron & S.	25	25	25	25
100	Rock Island.	4¾	5	4¾	4¾
10	Rock Isl. pf.	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
500	Southern Pac.	93⅝	93⅛	92⅝	93¼
30	Southern Ry.	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞
20	Texas Co.	149⅛	149⅛	148⅞	148⅞
60	Third Ave.	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛
10	Un. Bag & P.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
4,790	Union Pac.	156⅛	157⅛	155⅛	156⅞
330	U. S. Rubber.	61	61⅛	60⅛	61
12,220	U. S. Steel	63⅝	64	63⅛	63⅞
10	U. S. Steel pf.	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞
60	Utah Copper	53	53	52⅞	53
100	Va. Caro. Ch.	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛
60	West. Un. Tel.	63⅛	63⅛	63⅛	63⅛
420	Westing. El.	71⅝	74⅛	71⅝	74⅛
44,440					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
400	Jim Butler	.96	.96	.96	.96
1,100	Jumbo Extra.	.26	.27	.26	.27
400	Mexican	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10
100	Ophir	.43	.43	.43	.43
700	Ton. Mer.	.57	.57	.56	.56
600	West End	.89	.90	.89	.90
3,750	Atlanta	.19	.25	.19	.25
500	Goldf'ld Con.	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
1,000	Goldf'ld Mer.	.12	.12	.12	.12
400	Isabella	.10	.10	.10	.10
8,950					

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange trading was dull, with prices unchanged from Friday, with the exception of tin, which eased off .10.

The closing bid and asked prices were as follows:

Standard copper—	Bid.	Ask		Bid.	Ask.
Spot	13.50	14.00	Spelter	5.25	5.30
March	13.50	14.00	Zinc	5.25	5.30
April	13.50	14.00	Lead	3.95	4.05
			Tin	37.40	37.75

In the London market spot copper declined 5s., to £64, and futures 3s. 9d., to £64 8s. 9d. Spot tin closed unchanged, at £171 17s. 6d., while futures declined £1 5s., to £17 12s. 6d.

The market finished easy. Spanish pig lead £20, unchanged. Spelter, £21 10s., unchanged. Cleveland warrants, 50s. 4½d., down 1½d.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Receipts and expenditures:

	March 7.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,572,182	$6,801,416	$206,415,944
Int. rev., ord.	1,843,417	5,960,724	215,816,227
Corp. and income tax.	66,027	343,283	4,438,659
Miscel'n	108,819	519,170	36,234,787
Ttl. rcts.	$3,590,447	$13,624,595	$462,905,619
Expenditures.	2,367,637	11,976,308	488,335,174
Surplus	1,222,810	1,648,286	......
Deficit	......	......	25,427,554

Allow B. & M. Rate Increases.

CONCORD, N. H., March 9.—Small increases in maximum rates on various commodities are allowed the Boston & Maine Railroad by the Public Service Commission, which announced several new schedules to-day. Among the commodities affected are coal, ice, oil, pulp wood, leather board, excelsior, ale, and beer.

TOBACCO CO. NEEDS CAPITAL

Liggett & Myers Stockholders Asked to Authorize a New Preferred Issue.

Announcement was made yesterday that a special meeting of the Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company is to be called to authorize an additional issue of $7,376,100 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock. This is on the basis of 20 per cent. of the $15,383,800 preferred and $21,496,400 common stock outstanding and the new shares will be offered for subscription by stockholders of either class at the rate of one share of the new to five shares of the old. President C. C. Dula made the following explanation to stockholders:

"A year ago I called your attention to the fact that the company commenced business on Dec. 1, 1911, with an amount of cash which seemed hardly sufficient for the needs of a business that would likely to show a material increase. Another year's experience has served to confirm this opinion.

"Notwithstanding the conservative policy of the company in the declaration of dividends on the common stock, it still finds its cash resources inadequate for the needs of the business. The amount withheld from net earnings applicable to dividends upon the common stock in the two years of the company's operations is equal to more than one-half of the total amount of the outstanding preferred stock. Even with this addition to its resources, the company has found it necessary to borrow considerable amounts of money with which to make its necessary purchases during the early part of the year, which is the leaf-buying season.

"These purchases necessarily call each year for the investment of large amounts of money, which are released only by degrees, as sales of the manufactured products are made later in the year.

"The cash working capital being inadequate to meet these demands without excessive borrowing, sound business policy requires that it be increased. The Directors feel that it would be unjust to the common stockholders to push to an extreme the policy of accumulating these additional resources from earnings which are fairly distributable as dividends upon the common stock, and the only alternative is to procure the necessary money through increased capitalization.

"While it is important that action be taken in the near future by which the necessary authority for the new issue may be obtained, it is not expected that it will be necessary to make actual issue of the new stock until the next leaf-buying season, which will be late in the present year. In order to procure this authority, a special meeting of stockholders has been called.

"In view of the continued needs of cash working capital, the Directors do not feel that it would be for the best interests of the company that the extra dividend this year should be in excess of that paid last year. Accordingly, they have declared this day an extra dividend of 4 per cent. on the common stock, payable April 1 to stock of record March 21."

$50,000,000 GREEK LOAN.

Subscriptions to be Taken Here for English Allotment.

The first large loan to be put out as a result of the enormous debts caused by the Balkan war was announced yesterday, when it was learned that Greece had arranged with bankers in Paris to take $50,000,000 of an issue of $100,000,000 of 5 per cent. fifty-year Government bonds. J. P. Morgan & Co. are to receive subscriptions in this country, but have not participated in the loan agreement, and the bonds subscribed for through them will be credited to the portion of the loan allotted to British bankers.

The terms for the new loan have not been announced, but it is expected that the price will be 92 or 93. Servia, Rumania, and Bulgaria have been trying to make arrangements to fund their war indebtedness, and Turkey has been attempting for some weeks to float a big issue, part of which would be placed here.

Of the $50,000,000 Greek bonds now to be issued $5,000,000 have been bought in Athens and $35,000,000 will be offered in Paris. The other $10,000,000 will be sold in London. The following explanation of the loan was made by a representative of the bankers:

"Owing to the fact that during the recent Balkan war many Greek residents of the United State volunteered for service at the front, and since for a number of years past the remittances to Greece from this country have been very large the National Bank of Greece has felt that there might be considerable interest in the United States in the forthcoming issue, and upon the request of the National Bank of Greece Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co. have consented on its behalf to receive subscriptions in this country and allottments on subscriptions received will be made from the London issue.

"The issue in London will be made by C. J. Hambro & Son, E. Erlanger & Co., and the London County and Westminster Bank, Limited, and in Paris by the Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas, Paris; Société Générale pour favoriser le developpement du Commerce, &c., and Banque l'Union Parisienne.

"The payment of interest and repayment or principal is secured by the excess of the revenue conceded to the International Financial Commission, including the additional tax on tobacco and the revenues of four custom houses in Greece, as well as the customs receipts at Salonica and Cavalla. The total receipts of the revenues mentioned, after deductions for the service of previous loans guaranteed thereby, will amount to 54,280,000 francs, leaving an excess of 26,800,000 francs over and above the amount required for the service of the present loan."

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the fourth week of February show these aggregated changes in gross earnings, those reporting gains and those reporting losses being stated separately:

Three roads	$406,975	+ $14,292
Thirteen roads	8,536,116	—1,551,651
Fifteen roads	8,943,091	—1,537,359

BANGOR & AROOSTOOK for January—

	1914.	1913.	Increase.
Gross	315,647	213,091	102,556
Net after tax	94,754	27,948	66,806
Def. aft. chg.	23,906	63,274	†39,368
7 mos. gross	2,097,964	1,809,532	288,432
Net aft. taxes.	708,581	580,646	127,935
Surp. aft. chgs	26,260	*55,231	81,491

*Deficit. †Decrease.

NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA & ST. LOUIS for January—

	1914.	1913.	Decrease.
Mileage	1,231	1,231	......
Gross	1,101,252	1,139,167	37,915
Net after tax.	183,313	205,330	22,017
7 mos. gross	7,625,293	7,769,687	144,394
Net after tax.	1,410,230	1,590,834	180,604

PERE MARQUETTE for January—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Gross	1,261,603	1,415,192	1,157,198
Def. aft. tax	38,302	*185,301	85,205
7 mos. gross	10,087,629	10,665,041	10,250,924
Net after tax	846,019	2,084,605	1,968,774

*Surplus.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN CITIES COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Divs. on sec. owned.	$1,809,162	$1,832,336	*$23,174
Int. on bk. bal.	10,448	18,446	*7,998
Int. on bills received	30,700	30,806	*106
Total receipts	1,850,310	1,881,588	*31,278
Op. exp. & tax.	57,624	55,093	2,531
Net earnings	1,792,686	1,826,494	*33,808
Int. on bonds	500,000	500,000	......
Net income	1,292,686	1,326,494	*33,808
Pfd. div. (6%).	1,223,210	1,233,210	......
Surplus	59,476	93,284	*33,908
Previous surp.	135,518	42,233	93,285
Prof. & l. sur.	194,994	135,518	59,476

CORN PRODUCTS REFINING COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	Year ended Dec. 31, 1913.	10 mos. ended Dec. 31, 1912.	Increase.
Profit from op.	3,579,668	2,692,915	886,753
Int. divs., &c.	86,044	136,744	*50,700
Total income	3,665,712	2,829,669	836,043
Int., taxes, &c.	631,089	554,241	76,848
Add., rep'e, &c.	305,517	201,556	103,961
Depreciation	444,251	359,028	85,223
Total	1,380,856	1,114,825	266,031
Surplus	2,284,855	1,714,835	570,020
Pfd. dividend.	1,500,000	1,250,000	250,000
Balance	784,855	464,835	320,020
Prev. surplus	7,080,505	6,615,670	464,835
Total surplus	7,865,361	7,080,505	784,856

*Decrease.

LAKE SHORE ELECTRIC for January—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Gross	105,488	100,992	87,153
Net aft. tax	37,009	35,705	31,696
Surp. aft. chg.	1,951	767	*2,895

*Deficit.

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As the most important of all the Standard Oil Group, they show enormous earnings and are paying large dividends.

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AHB
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A. H. Bickmore & Co.
111 Broadway, New York

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy
25 Adams Express Stock
25 Belding Bros. Com. and Pfd. Stock
200 Electric Properties Com. Stock
25 Globe & Rutgers Insurance Stock
10 Home Insurance Stock
25 Porto Rican-Am. Tobacco Stock
100 Royal Baking Powder Com. Stock
100 St. Joe & Grand Isl. (all classes) Stock

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell
100 American Chicle Pfd. Stock
50 American Coal Products Com. Stock
25 Cook & Bernheimer Com. Stock
20 Home Title Insurance "Rights"
100 Hudson & Manhat'n Com. & Pfd. Stock
120 Lord & Taylor Com. & Pfd. Stock
100 New Central Coal Stock
25 Old Dominion Steamship Stock
50 Pocahontas Cons. Collieries Com. Stock
100 Westchester Insurance "Rights"
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J.K.Rice, Jr.& Co
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issued by successful Public Service Corporations which have been financed by us, and which operate in substantial and growing cities.

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Rensselaer County, N. Y.
4½% Highway Bonds
Due $3,000 annually Feb. 1, 1930 to 1942 Incl.
EXEMPT FROM FEDERAL INCOME TAX
Tax Exempt & Legal Investment for Savings Banks, Trustees, Etc., in N. Y. State.
Financial Statement
Assessed valuation. . . . $89,124,389.39
Bonded Debt 1,208,000.00
Population 122,276
Takes in Cities of
Troy & Rensselaer, N. Y.
Price to Yield 4⅛%
Descriptive Circular on Request.
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25 Galena Sig. O. Pfd.
25 New York Transit
50 North'n Pipe Line
20 South'n Pipe Line
25 So. W. Pa. P. L.
15 S. O. of Kentucky
WILL SELL
10 Atlantic Refining
25 Continental Oil
15 Eureka Pipe Line
25 Ohio Oil
10 South Penn. Oil
15 S. O. of Kansas
50 Union Tank Line
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DUE FEBRUARY 16, 1915.
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No. 20 Nassau St., New York
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, MARCH 9, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)	
Total sales March 9, 1914	335,665	
Same day last year	467,875	
Total year to date	18,153,683	
Same period last year	17,783,112	
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	69.06	..
Same day last year	72.18	—.57

	High.		Low.	
This year's range	73.30	Jan. 31	67.50	Jan. 3
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	71.51	Feb. 25
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
21⅝	22	400	Alaska Gold Mines	21¾	21¾	21½	21½	...
12¾	13¼	500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	13	13	12⅝	12⅝	— ½
47½	47¾	200	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	48	48	48	48	+ ⅝
73⅛	73⅜	17,950	Amalgamated Cop.	73⅝	73⅞	72¼	73¼	+ ⅛
21½	22	400	Am. Beet Sugar	21½	21⅝	21½	21½	+ ⅛
141½	143¼	300	Am. B. S. & Fy. pf.	142½	142½	142	142	—1⅝
29⅝	29⅞	2,970	Am. Can	29⅞	29⅞	29½	29⅝	+ ½
49⅝	50	800	Am. Car & Fdry.	50	50⅛	49⅝	49⅝	— ½
118	120	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf.	118	118	118	118	+ ⅝
36	36½	100	Am. Cities	36	36	36	36	...
105	108	100	Am. Express	108	108	108	108	...
30	30⅜	1,900	Am. Ice Securities	30	30½	29¾	30⅜	+ ⅛
10⅛	11½	100	Am. Linseed	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅞
33½	34½	550	Am. Locomotive	34⅛	34⅛	34	34	— ¼
66½	67	700	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	67¼	67¼	66⅞	66⅞	+ ⅝
102	103	10	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	103	103	103	103	...
101½	103	200	Am. Sugar Ref.	101⅛	101½	101½	101¼	— ¾
121	121¼	900	Am. Teleph. & Tel.	120⅞	121⅛	120⅞	121⅛	+ ⅞
245	248	500	Am. Tobacco	250⅝	250⅝	248	248	—2⅝
15¼	16½	100	Am. Woolen	15⅛	15¼	15¼	15¼	+1⅝
74	75	11	Am. Woolen pf.	73½	73½	73½	73½	...
35¼	35⅜	1,910	Anaconda Cop. Co.	35¼	35¼	35⅛	35⅛	...
96⅛	96½	500	Atch., Top. & S. F.	96⅜	96⅜	96	96	+ ¼
100¼	101	200	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	101	101	101	101	+ ⅞
120	122	100	Atlantic Coast Line	120¼	120¼	120¼	120¼	—1⅝
50⅝	51	500	Baldwin Loco	50½	50½	50½	50½	— ⅛
88¼	88⅜	4,900	Baltimore & Ohio	87⅞	88⅞	87⅝	88⅜	+ ½
80½	81½	60	Baltimore & O. pf.	81½	81½	81½	81½	...
..	..	10	Bank of Commerce	178	178	178	178	...
41½	41⅝	3,600	Bethlehem Steel	41⅛	42½	40½	41½	— ½
81½	82	1,018	Bethlehem Steel pf.	82	82	81	82	+ ⅝
91⅞	92	5,000	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	92⅛	92⅜	91¼	92	— ⅝
125½	126½	200	Bklyn Union Gas	125⅝	125⅝	125½	125½	+ ⅛
24¾	26	100	California Petrol'm.	25	25	25	25	— ⅛
207	207⅛	12,640	Canadian Pacific	207¼	207⅝	206⅜	207⅛	+ ⅛
32⅝	32⅞	2,200	Central Leather Co.	32⅝	33⅛	32⅝	32⅝	—1¼
100	101	1,000	Cent. Leath. Co. pf.	100¼	100½	100	100	—1⅝
52	52¼	14,365	Chesapeake & Ohio	53¼	54	51⅞	51⅞	— ½
11⅝	12	300	Chi. Gt. Western	12	12	11⅞	12	+1⅛
98⅛	98¼	10,972	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	98¼	98⅝	97⅞	98¼	+ ¼
138	139	200	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	137½	138	137½	138	+ ⅛
133	133½	100	Chi. & Northwest	133⅞	133⅞	133⅛	133¼	+ ¼
40¼	40½	1,200	Chino Copper	40⅞	40½	40⅝	40⅝	+ ⅝
31⅞	32	200	Col. Fuel & Iron	32	32	32	32	...
133½	134	50	Consolidated Gas	133¾	133¾	133¾	133¾	— ⅛
10⅝	11⅛	100	Corn Products Ref.	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	...
95½	96⅛	100	Deere & Co. pf.	96⅛	96⅛	95¼	95¼	—2
149½	152	300	Del. & Hudson	149⅞	150	149⅞	150	—2
395	397	438	Del., Lack. & West.	395	395	395	395	— ⅛
18½	18¾	1,800	Distillers' Secur.	18⅞	19	18¼	18¾	...
28⅜	28½	6,500	Erie	28¼	28½	28	28¼	— ¼
43¾	44½	600	Erie 1st pf.	44½	44½	43¾	43¾	— ¼
36	37	200	Erie 2d pf.	37	37	37	37	...
108½	109⅛	10	General Chem. pf.	108½	108½	108½	108½	+1⅛
147¼	147⅞	600	General Electric	147¼	147½	147	147⅞	+1
77	78⅛	1,100	General Motors	76½	79	76½	78	+ ½
92½	93	600	General Motors pf.	93	93	92⅞	93	— ⅛
22¾	23¼	100	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	+ ⅛
126⅜	126½	2,500	Great Northern pf.	127	127	126½	126½	...
35½	36¼	200	G. N. certs. ore prop.	35¾	35¾	35⅝	35⅝	+ ⅝
52⅞	53¾	600	Guggenheim Explor.	53¼	53⅝	52½	53⅝	...
82½	86	8	Hav. El. Ry. & L. pf.	82½	82½	82½	82½	— ⅝
108¾	109¼	600	Illinois Central	109⅛	109⅛	108⅝	108⅝	— ⅛
14½	14⅞	100	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	14½	14½	14⅛	14½	+ ⅝
59	59¼	1,000	Inter.-Met. pf.	59	59½	58⅝	59⅛	...
102¾	103¼	900	Int. Harvester, N. J.	102⅞	103	102¾	103	— ¼
102¾	103¼	400	Int. Harvester Corp.	103	103	102⅝	102¾	— ⅝
24⅛	25	400	Kan. City Southern	25	25	24⅞	24⅞	...
60	61	200	Kan. City South. pf.	60⅛	60⅛	60	60	— ⅝
144½	144⅞	29,450	Lehigh Valley	145	146⅞	143⅝	145	—1½
224½	225	550	Liggett & Myers	229	229	224½	224½	—2
112	115	400	Liggett & Myers pf.	116	116	115	115	— ⅝
135	135½	800	Louis. & Nash.	135	135	134⅞	134⅞	— ½
9½	10⅛	100	Mer. Marine pf.	10	10	10	10	+ ⅛
66	66½	1,100	Mex. Petroleum	65	66½	65	66⅛	...
22½	22¾	700	Miami Copper	22⅝	22⅝	22½	22½	— ½
16¾	17	3,000	Mo., Kan. & Texas	16¾	17⅛	16⅛	17⅛	+1
50	51½	200	Mo., Kan. & T. pf.	52	52	52	52	+ ⅛
24⅛	24⅝	1,700	Missouri Pacific	25	25	24	24¾	— ⅝
131	134	200	Nat. Biscuit Co.	132	132	131⅞	131⅞	— ¼
15¼	15½	100	Nevada Con. Cop.	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼	+ ⅛
88⅞	89¼	7,022	N. Y. Central	88½	89½	88⅛	88⅞	+ ¾
67¼	67⅞	3,991	N. Y., N. H. & H.	68	68½	67	67½	— ⅝
27	27½	200	N. Y., Ont. & West.	26⅞	26⅞	26⅛	26⅞	...
31⅛	34	100	Norfolk Southern	35	35	35	35	+ ¼
102½	102¾	500	Norf. & Western	102⅞	102¾	102	102¾	...
86½	88½	11	Norf. & Western pf.	86½	86½	86½	86½	+ ⅛
110½	111	2,090	Northern Pacific	110	110½	110	110½	—2
80	90	100	Pac. Coast 2d pf.	80	80	80	80	+ ½
110⅞	111	2,600	Penn. R. R.	111	111¼	110⅛	111	+ ¼
20½	21¼	100	Pitts. Coal	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	— ½
42¼	42½	200	Pressed Steel Car	42½	42½	42¼	42¼	...
103½	104	100	Pressed Steel C. pf.	103½	103½	103½	103½	—2
2	2⅛	750	Quicksilver pf.	2⅞	2⅞	2	2	...
27½	28	410	Railway Steel Sp.	27½	27½	27⅜	27½	+ ⅝
19⅞	20	1,900	Ray Con. Copper	19⅛	19⅞	19¼	19⅞	...
162⅞	163	56,500	Reading	163⅜	163¾	161¾	162⅞	— ⅝
25¼	25½	200	Rep. Iron & Steel	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	+ ¼
89½	90	400	Rep. Lron & S. pf.	90	90	89¾	89¾	— ⅛
4⅞	5	1,800	Rock Island Co.	5	5	4¾	4⅞	— ⅜
7⅝	8	1,551	Rock Island Co. pf.	7¾	8	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
13½	14	500	Rumely, (M.,) Co.	14⅛	14⅛	13¾	13⅞	— ½
31½	33	200	Rumely, (M.,) Co. pf.	33	33	33	33	— ½
24	25¼	100	St. Louis Southwest.	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾	—1
19½	20	100	Seaboard Air Line	19½	19½	19½	19½	— ¼
53½	54	525	Seab. Air Line pf.	54⅛	54⅛	53¾	53¾	...
31	34	100	S.-S. S. & I. Co.	32	32	32	32	...
93⅛	93¼	7,812	Southern Pacific	93⅛	93⅝	92½	93⅛	—1½
..	..	100	So. Pacific t. r.	100⅜	100¾	100⅜	100⅝	—1⅛
..	..	100	S.P. t. r. 1st ins. pd.	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	— ⅛
24⅞	25⅛	1,100	So. Railway ext.	24⅞	25	24¾	24⅞	...
83	83¼	300	So. Ry. pf. ext.	83	83	83	83	...
64	66	10	Standard Mill. pf.	64½	64½	64½	64½	+ ⅛
35⅛	35¼	900	Tennessee Copper	35¼	35¼	35⅛	35⅛	— ½
147½	148	2,950	Texas Co.	148¾	149¼	147½	147½	— ⅛
43⅛	43¼	1,025	Third Avenue	43½	43½	42¾	43	— ¾
105¼	106¼	100	Twin City R. T.	105½	105½	105½	105½	— ⅛
6⅞	8	400	Union B. & P. Co.	7¼	7¼	7	7	— ⅛
156¾	156⅞	25,800	Union Pacific	156½	157⅛	155½	156⅜	—1½
46½	48	200	United Cigar Mfrs.	47	47	46½	46½	— ½
20½	21½	100	United Rys. Inv.	21	21	21	21	— ½
44	45½	300	Un. Rys. Inv. pf.	43¾	44½	43½	44½	—1¼
10	12	100	U. S. C. I. P. & F.	11	11	11	11	+8¾
79	80	3,950	U. S. Express	70	80½	70	78½	+1½
57½	58½	400	U. S. R. & Imp. Co.	57	58	57	58	+ ¼
60⅝	61	900	U. S. Rubber	61	61	60¾	61	...
102	102¼	900	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	102	102⅛	102	102	— ⅛
63⅝	63¾	44,000	U. S. Steel	63⅝	64⅛	63⅛	63⅝	...
109¾	110	100	U. S. Steel pf.	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾	...
53	53⅛	1,900	Utah Copper	52⅞	53¼	52⅝	53	+ ¾
31	31½	1,000	Va.-Car. Chemical	30½	31½	30½	31	+ ⅛
2⅛	2⅜	300	Wabash	2	2⅛	2	2⅛	+ ¼
6¾	7	100	Wabash pf.	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	+1
90½	95	600	Wells-Fargo Exp.	90	91	90	91	— ⅛
63¼	63⅝	600	West. Union Tel.	63½	63¾	63½	63⅝	+ ⅜
73⅞	74	9,200	Westingh. E. & M.	71	74	70⅝	74	+ ⅛
4	4¼	100	W. & Lake Erie	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	— ⅝
15	16	430	W. & L. E. 1st pf.	16½	16½	16	16	...
6½	8	71	W. & L. E. 2d pf.	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	—1
97	98	300	Woolw., (F. W.,) Co.	98	98	97½	97½	

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	98¾	99¼
2s, c, 1930	98¾	99½
3s, r, 1918	102	103
3s, c, 1918	102	..
4s, r, 1925	112	112¾
4s, c, 1925	112½	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	98⅛	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	98⅛	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	101¾	102¾
Pan 3s, c, 1961	102	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	106⅛	110
Am Ag C.	53	55
Do pf.	95	96
A B S pf.	..	70
A B S & Fdy.	92	96
Am C pf.	92½	94
Am Cit pf.	61½	62¼
Am Coal.	80	110
Am C Pr.	83	84½
Do pf.	105	106
Am Cot O.	43¼	44½
Do pf.	95	97
A H & L.	4⅝	5
Do pf.	21¾	23¼
Am L pf.	28	29
A Loc pf.	102	104
Am Malt.	7⅝	8
Do pf.	48¼	49¾
A S pf, B.	82	84
Am Snuff.	160	165
Do pf.	102½	104
Am St Fd.	34	35½
A S R pf.	111¼	112
A T & C.	55	59
A T pf, n.	105½	105¾
A W P pf.	13	15
Assets R.	16	20
Bald L pf.	106½	..
Batop M.	1	1⅛
Bruns Ter.	7	7½
B, R & P.	107⅝	113⅛
Do pf.	116¼	135
But'k Co.	27¼	27½
Calif P pf.	..	65
Canada So.	60¼	65
Case (J I) pf.	85	88
C R R of N J.	305	325
C & S A Tel.	108	109
Chi & Alt.	10	12
Do pf.	15	18½
Chi Gt Wn pf.	28	30
C, I & L pf.	50	80
C & N W pf.	171	180
Chi, St P, M & Om.	125	130
Do pf.	155	155
C, C, C & St L.	..	88
Do pf.	60¼	70
Cluett-P.	66½	70
Do pf.	103	103¼
Col F & I pf.	..	160
Col & So.	21	22
Do 1st pf	51½	54
Do 2d pf.	40	48
Corn P R pf.	67½	69
Crex Carp	70	80
Cub-Am S.	..	30
Do pf.	..	84
D & R G.	12	13
Do pf.	22	22¾
D M & Ft D	3	10
Det Edison	114	116
Det & M.	85	..
Do pf.	85	..
Det U R.	70	76
D, S S & A	4	6
Do pf.	9	12
Du P de N Pow pf.	87½	88
F M & S.	12	15
Do pf.	35	41⅞
Gen Ch.	..	178
G'drich (B F) Co pf.	86	90
Granby C.	82	88
Hack W.	110	..
Hav E Ry, L & P pf	94	97
Helme (G W) Co.	160	180
Do pf.	110	116
Hock Val.	136	..
Homest'ke.	117	..
Inger-R	120	..
Do pf.	92	..
Insp C C.	16½	16¾
Int Agric.	7	9
Do pf.	25	36
Int H pf.	117½	..
Int H Corp pf.	115½	..
Int Paper.	8¾	9
Do pf.	35	37
Int St P.	6½	9½
Do pf.	22½	29
Iowa Cent.	5	7
Do pf.	13	18
K C, Ft S & M pf.	66	70
Kayser (J) & Co.	80	86
Do 1st pf	104	108½
K & D M.	4	8
Do pf.	40	..
Kresge (SS) Co.	98	100
Do pf.	104	106
Lack Steel	35	39
Lacl Gas.	96	100
L E & W.	5	7
Do pf.	15	20
Lake Sh.	475	500
Long Isl'd.	32	37
L-W Bis.	31⅝	32½
Do 1st pf	103	105
Do 2d pf.	90	99
Lorill Co.	172	176
Do pf.	112½	116
M'kay Cos.	84	85
Do pf.	69	70
Man Elev.	130	[illegible]
M Dep Sts.	62	65
Do pf.	100¼	101
Mer Mar.	2⅛	3
Mex P pf.	79	80
Mich Cent.	..	190
M & St L.	12	14
Do pf.	28	40
M, St P & S S M.	131	133
Do pf.	142	150
Do l l.	83½	85
M. Wd. pf.	110	115
N, C & St L	136½	140
Nat B pf.	121	124
Nat Enam.	11¼	12
Do pf.	84	88½
Nat Lead.	49½	50½
Do pf.	106¼	109
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	28	32½
Do 2d pf.	11¼	12
N O, M & C pf.	..	25
N Y A B.	60	65
N Y, C & St L.	36	39
Do 1st pf	92	..
Do 2d pf.	72	85
N Y Dock.	5	20
Do pf.	24¾	42
N & W pf.	70½	73¼
N O T & Light	62	63
Ont Min.	2½	3
Pabst B pf, ex div.	102	104
Pac Coast.	80	90
Do 1st pf	80	95
Pac Mail.	23¼	23¾
P T & T.	28	30
Do pf.	87	91
Peo G, C.	120½	122½
Peo & E.	6	10
Pett-Mull.	26	29
Do 1st pf	90	99
Phelps-D.	183	..
Phila Co.	85	90
Do 6 p c pf.	88	92
P, C, C & St L.	85	90
Do pf.	101	108
Pitts C pf.	90¼	91
Pitts S pf.	91¼	92½
Pub Serv.	111½	113½
P'man Co.	152½	154
Quicksilver	2	2½
R R Sec I C stk c.	..	78
Ry S S pf.	94	97
Rdg 1st pf	88	90
Do 2d pf.	89	90
St L & S Fran	3½	4
Do 1st pf	12	20
Do 2d pf.	7	8
St L S W pf.	59	66¼
Sears-R	184	186
Do pf.	123½	124
S-S S & I pf.	91	97
So P R S.	..	63
Do pf.	..	106
So R, M & Ohio ctfs.	73	77
Stand M.	31	34¼
Studeb Co.	22½	24
Do pf.	79	81
Tex Pac.	14	16¼
T P L Tr.	94	..
T, St L & West	9	10¾
Do pf.	19	20½
T C R T pf.	127	..
Und Type.	80	90
Do pf.	108	111
U B & P pf.	25	31
Un Pac pf.	82	83¾
Un Cig M pf.	100	102½
U Dry G.	..	90
Do pf.	99¾	100
U S C I P pf	40	45
Vand R R.	..	85⅛
Va-Car Ch pf.	104¼	108
Va I, C & Coke	50	55
Va R & P.	53	55½
Do pf.	95	..
Vul Detin.	6	14
Do pf.	20	40
West Md.	30⅛	30½
Do pf.	52	60
W E & M 1st pf.	116¼	119½
Weym-B.	215	300
Do pf.	114	120
Wis Cent.	42¼	48
W'wth (F W) pf.	116½	119

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday.		Saturday.	
4½s..March, 1963	105¾	106	106	106¼
4½s..May, 1957	105¾	106¼	105¾	106¼
4½s..Nov., 1957	105¾	106¼	105¾	106¼
4½s..May, 1917	101½	102	101½	102
4s ..Nov., 1917	101½	102	101½	102
4¼s..March, 1930-60	100¾	101	100¾	101¼
4¼s..March, 1962	100⅝	100¾	100⅝	100⅞
4¼s..Sept., 1960	100⅝	100¾	100⅝	100⅞
4s ..May, 1959	96¾	97⅛	96¾	97⅜
4s ..Nov., 1958	96¾	97⅛	96¾	97⅜
4s ..May, 1957	96¾	97⅛	96¾	97⅜
4s ..Nov., 1956	95½	96¼	95½	96¼
4s ..Nov., 1955	95½	96¼	95½	96¼
4s ..Nov., 1936	96½	97½	97	..
4s ..1918-1919	99½	..	99¾	..
3½s..Nov., 1954-5	86¼	86¾	86¼	86¾
3½s..May, 1954	86¼	86¾	86¼	86¾
3½s..1950-54	85¾	86¼	85¾	86¾

Bank's Stockholders Must Pay.

LOWELL, Mass., March 9.—H. G. Murray, receiver of the Traders' National Bank, which was closed by the Controller of the Currency last October, notified shareholders to-day of an assessment of 100 per cent. on the bank capitalization of $200,000. A close relationship existed between the institution and the suspended Atlantic National Bank of Providence, R. I.

OPPOSES ADOPTION OF TWO-NAME PAPER

Chairman Nash of Corn Bank Says Change from Present System Will Bring Confusion.

NEW PLAN DISCARDED ONCE

European Method Was Found Inadequate for Our Growing Business and Hampered Trade Relations.

William A. Nash, Chairman of the Corn Exchange Bank, believes that the present practice in this country in respect to the issuance of commercial paper should not be disturbed. He deprecates the suggestion that in defining commercial paper for the purposes of the Federal reserve banks the Federal Reserve Board should undertake to substitute two-name paper for the single-name paper which is the standard now. Mr. Nash said yesterday:

"The tendency to make an interpretation of commercial paper unfavorable to the existing system will, I think, result in confusion to say the least. It is difficult to stop the reformers who are acting on the principle that whatever is, is wrong.

"Our custom as to commercial paper has grown by a slow process of evolution. As such the system is thoroughly understood by the business public, and experience has proved that with the safeguards around it it is an easily workable plan.

"Trade bills, so-called two-name paper, were formerly in common use. They were gradually discarded when it was found that they were less practicable than the system of promissory notes, and trade discounts, which have come to be the universal practice in the United States. This is our commercial paper, as distinctive as any European paper which there is a decided leaning to adopt to the discouragement of our own. The old system was abandoned for very good reasons. It was inadequate for our growing business and hampered rather than helped trade relations. Why after these years of constructive work in business instruments we should be urged to go back to what we have left, merely it seems in imitation of a European system, entirely unfamiliar to us, is what some bankers cannot understand.

"The tendency to uproot the old and tried has become almost a hysteria. When practised toward business customs it has an element of the gravest danger, and I do not expect from the reforms suggested anything that will help or settle business. The credit system of the country is a delicate machinery, and is easily affected by natural causes. When an academic disturbance is threatened by men with small banking experience I have grave fears for the results. We should take American methods of business as we find them and not attempt to graft on to them foreign styles that may be excellent where they grew and were developed, but if transplanted are sure to die and cause disappointment.

"It will not escape public attention that any ruling as to commercial paper as is foreshadowed will not affect the negotiability of the existing style of paper with the 22,500 State institutions which control fifteen billions of deposits. It would seem that the availability of these banks and trust companies as discounters and purchasers, must effect either a modification or an abandonment of the proposed creation of new commercial instruments.

"You will not find European countries adopting our banking methods. England has still its archaic currency and stubbornly clings to it. The use of checks in the United States is infinitely larger than in foreign countries. Our use of paper money is at once convenient and safe. We do not carry around coins except the smaller ones. In brief, our American habits are as fitted to us as those of other nations, and it is common sense, if not patriotism, not to disturb them.

"I cannot too much admire the lucid statement of Mr. James B. Forgan on this whole matter. He unfortunately is an intelligent and experienced banker, and such men are at a discount in this reconstructing season."

Make Plans for Bankers' Convention.

The committee having in charge the arrangements for the next convention of the American Bankers' Association has fixed the week of Oct. 12 as the date for the meeting. The Executive Council and committees will meet on Monday, Oct. 12, and the sections and the convention on following days.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales March 9, 1914	$2,807,500	
Same day last year	2,086,000	
Total year to date	176,697,000	
Same period last year	117,219,000	
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	88.26	—.15
Same day last year	90.32	—.18

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	89.42	Feb. 4	86.40	Jan. 3
Same period last year	92.31	Jan. 10	90.53	Feb. 25
Range year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

Chinese Ry 5s
5,000.......... 89
City of Tokio 5s
5,000.......... 88
Jap Gov 4½s, ster l
500.......... 89
2d Series
5,000.......... 87½
4s, sterl loan
1,000.......... 79¼
Rep of Cuba 5s
1,000..........100⅛
N Y State 4½s
56,000..........108⅝
N Y Canal 4½s
50,000..........108⅜
registered
6,000..........108⅝
N Y City 3½s, 1954
2,000.......... 86½
4s, 1957
2,000.......... 97⅝
4s, 1958
7,000.......... 97⅜
4s, 1959
1,000.......... 97⅜
4½s, 1960
9,000..........101
4½s, 1963
7,000..........106
Adams Expr 4s
1,000.......... 79
Alb & Susq 3½s
13,000.......... 85⅝
5,000.......... 85½
Am Ice Secur 6s
1,000.......... 88
Am Sm Secur 6s
1,000..........104¾
1,000..........104⅞
Am T & T col 4s
1,000.......... 88½
conv 4½s
29,000.......... 96¼
1,000.......... 96⅜
9,000.......... 96¼
20,000.......... 96⅜
15,000.......... 96½
80,000.......... 96⅝
Armour & Co 4½s
1,000.......... 92⅞
A, T & S F gen 4s
10,000.......... 95¼
3,000s5f.......... 95¼
3,000.......... 95⅜
1,000.......... 95¼
5,000.......... 95⅜
conv 4s, 1960
1,000.......... 96½
At, T & S Fe 5s
1,000..........101¾
Atl Coast Line 4s
1,000.......... 93¼
L & N col 4s
1,000.......... 93
B & O gold 4s
4,000.......... 94⅛
conv 4½s
2,000.......... 92
17,000.......... 92⅛
14,000.......... 92¼
2,000.......... 92⅜
11,000.......... 92¼
14,000.......... 92¼
registered
1,000.......... 91½
S W Div 3½s
18,000.......... 90¾
Beth Steel 5s
10,000.......... 99½
1st & ref 5s
4,000.......... 87½
5,000.......... 87⅛
11,000.......... 87
B R T 5s, 1918
13,000.......... 99⅜
22,000s10f.......... 99⅜
14,000.......... 99⅝
ref conv 4s
10,000.......... 91¾
5,000.......... 91½
10,000.......... 92
10,000.......... 91⅞
1,000.......... 91¾
2,000.......... 92⅛
Bush Term Bldgs gtd 5s
11,000.......... 88
Cal G & Elec 5s
3,000.......... 94¼
C of Ga Ry con 5s
5,000..........104½
Cent Leather 5s
4,000.......... 99⅛
6,000.......... 99¼
2,000.......... 99
6,000.......... 99⅛
C of N J gen 5s
4,000..........116⅝
Cent Pac gtd 4s
2,000.......... 92¾
2,000.......... 92⅝
C & O gen 4½s
1,000s20f.......... 94¼
4,000s20f.......... 94⅛
conv 4½s
1,000.......... 82⅛
4,000.......... 82¼
5,000.......... 82⅜
2,000.......... 82¼
1,000.......... 82¼
7,000.......... 82
Chi & Alton 3s
1,000.......... 63
C, B & Q gen 4s
5,000.......... 93⅜
2,000.......... 93⅞
8,000.......... 93¾
joint 4s
27,000.......... 96½
5,000s20f.......... 96⅛
42,000.......... 96½
Ill Div 4s
1,000.......... 94⅝
Ill Div 3½s
10,000.......... 83⅜
Nebr ext 4s
2,000.......... 96¾
1,000.......... 97
Chi Gt Westn 4s
5,000.......... 74⅛
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4s, Ser A
6,000.......... 94½
4,000.......... 94
gen 4½s
1,000..........102⅜
5,000..........102½
conv 4½s
45,000..........100¾
2,000..........100⅝
10,000..........100½
5,000..........100⅝
1,000..........100⅝
26,000..........100½
5,000..........100⅝
10,000..........100⅜
C, M & P Sd 4s
1,000.......... 93
Chi Rwys 5s
1,000.......... 98⅝
1,000.......... 98⅝
C, R I & P gen 4s
2,000.......... 87⅝
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s
5,000.......... 76⅛
5,000.......... 75⅝
5,000.......... 75⅛
8,000.......... 75
5,000.......... 74⅝
3,000s20f.......... 74½
4,000 c.......... 74
1,000.......... 74⅛
5,000.......... 74¼
20,000.......... 74⅛
C, R I & P deb 5s
21,000.......... 73½
1,000.......... 73⅜
5,000.......... 73
15,000.......... 72½
2,000.......... 71¾
5,000.......... 69⅞
12,000.......... 69½
10,000.......... 70
1,000.......... 70¼
1,000.......... 70½
1,000.......... 70¾
1,000.......... 71
30,000.......... 73
C, R I & P R R 4s
19,000.......... 42
33,000.......... 42¼
8,000.......... 42
10,000.......... 41⅞
21,000.......... 41¾
2,000.......... 41⅞
19,000.......... 41⅛
10,000.......... 41⅜
7,000.......... 41¼
2,000.......... 41⅜
13,000.......... 41¼
5,000.......... 41⅛
1,000.......... 41¼
32,000.......... 41
13,000.......... 41⅛
12,000.......... 41¼
15,000.......... 41⅛
2,000.......... 41¼
6,000.......... 41⅛
Chi, St P, M & O deb 5s
1,000..........102⅛
C, H & D 2d 4½s
5,000.......... 90⅝
Colo Industrial 5s
5,000.......... 79
Cumberld Tel 5s
1,000.......... 98
D & H 1st & ref 4s
1,000.......... 96
1,000.......... 96¼
1,000.......... 96
deb 4s, 1916
1,000.......... 98⅝
Denv & Rio Gr 1st & ref 5s
6,000.......... 67⅝
4,000.......... 67½
1,000.......... 67¼
1,000.......... 67½
Dist Sec Corn 5s
15,000.......... 65
7,000.......... 64½
10,000.......... 65
Du P de N P 4½s
5,000.......... 88
East Tenn, Va & Ga con 5s
7,000..........107⅝
Edison Elec Ill of Bkl con 4s
3,000.......... 88
Erie 1st con 4s
5,000.......... 84¼
1,000.......... 84
1,000.......... 83½
1st gen 4s
5,000.......... 74
4,000.......... 74⅛
cv 4s, Ser A
10,000.......... 75¼
cv 4s, Ser B
10,000.......... 74¾
3,000.......... 74⅝
3,000.......... 74¾
Gen Elec 3½s
1,000.......... 80¼
deb 5s
5,000s10f..........104⅝
Gen Motors 6s
10,000..........100⅝
Ga Pac 1st 6s
3,000..........108½
Insp Con C cv 6s
1,000..........100½
Inter-Met 4½s
1,000.......... 77½
2,000.......... 77¼
12,000.......... 77⅛
15,000.......... 77
Int Rap Tran 1st & ref 5s
32,000.......... 98⅝
4,000.......... 99
Internatl Nav 5s
1,000.......... 78½
Int Paper conv 5s
2,000.......... 80
K C, Ft S & M 6s
2,000..........111¼
K C, Ft S & M 4s
15,000.......... 75
Kan City Gas 5s
1,000.......... 93
Kentucky Cent 4s
2,000.......... 90
Lack Steel 5s, 1915
5,000.......... 98½
1950
1,000.......... 77½
1,000.......... 77
Lacl Gas Lgt of St L 1st 5s
1,000..........101¼
3,000..........101¼
L S & M So 3½s
7,000.......... 84¼
4s, 1928
15,000.......... 91¾
1931
5,000.......... 92
2,000.......... 91⅞
Leh Val con 4½s
1,000.......... 99⅜
Ligg & Myers 5s
4,000..........100⅜
6,000..........100¼
Long Dock 6s
7,000..........123
L Isl Ferry 4½s
6,000.......... 95
Lorillard Co 7s
3,000..........121⅞
6,000..........122
Lorillard Co 5s
11,000..........100¼
Lou & Nash, S & N Ala 5s
5,000..........107
L & N unifd 4s
4,000.......... 94⅞
Lou & J Brdge 4s
5,000.......... 84½
Manhat Con 4s
1,000.......... 91¼
tax exempt
5,000.......... 91½
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
5,000.......... 90⅝
2,000.......... 90½
Mo, K & T of T 5s
1,000.......... 96
Mo Pac conv 5s
1,000.......... 71¾
Mo Pacific 4s
1,000.......... 59¼
1st con 6s
1,000..........104¼
5s, 1917
2,000.......... 97¼
Mob & O new 6s
4,000..........115¼
500..........114
Nash, Ch & St L 1st con 5s
1,000..........107
Nassau El R R 4s
2,000.......... 80
N Y Cent gen 3½s
2,000.......... 82¼
23,000.......... 82
1,000.......... 82½
1,000.......... 82¼
registered
11,000.......... 81½
N Y, L & W 1st 6s
1,000..........109⅜
N Y, N H & H conv 3½s
2,000.......... 71⅝
500.......... 73
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
12,000..........111⅝
5,000..........111¼
1,000..........111¼
N Y Rys ref 4s
18,000.......... 78¼
adj 5s
1,000.......... 61⅛
4,000.......... 61⅜
1,000.......... 61½
12,000.......... 61¼
14,000.......... 61⅛
16,000.......... 61
2,000.......... 61¼
N Y Tel 4½s
6,000.......... 97½
N Y, Westchester & Boston 4½s
4,000.......... 74
Norf & Wn conv 4½s
10,000..........103¼
North Pac 4s
4,000.......... 95
1,000.......... 95¼
registered
5,000.......... 94½
Nor Pac gen 3s
2,000.......... 68
Oreg & Cal 1st 5s
1,000..........101⅛
Oregon Short Line 1st 6s
3,000..........110¼
Oregon Short Line 1st con 5s
2,000..........107⅛
Oregon Short Line gtd refg 4s
2,000.......... 92¼
Oregon-Wash R R & Nav 1st & ref 4s
13,000.......... 91⅝
Pac T & T 5s
1,000.......... 97⅞
1,000.......... 97⅞
Penn conv 3½s
10,000.......... 98⅝
Philippine Ry 4s, registered
1,000.......... 60
Public Serv Corp sink fund 5s
5,000.......... 90⅝
Ray Cons 1st 6s
11,000..........109¼
Reading gen 4s
5,000.......... 95¼
Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940
70,000.......... 96¼
Rio Grande West 1st 4s
7,000.......... 83
St L, I M & So unif & ref 4s
1,000.......... 78
River & G 4s
7,000.......... 78
St L & S F R R gen 5s
3,000.......... 49½
6,000.......... 49
Tr Co ctfs
1,000.......... 49¼
8,000.......... 48
St P & Sioux City 1st 6s
1,000..........107⅝
San A & A P 4s
10,000.......... 83½
Seaboard Air Line ref 4s
5,000.......... 77
adjustment 5s
25,000.......... 77½
So Pac conv 4s
8,000.......... 86¾
6,000.......... 86⅞
So Pac col 4s
10,000s4f.......... 91¼
So Pac conv 5s, when issued
61,000..........102
500..........102¼
82,000..........102
10,000..........101⅞
1,000..........102
50,000..........101⅞
25,000..........101¾
56,000..........101⅞
1,000..........102
28,000..........101⅞
So Pac 1st ref 4s
5,000.......... 92⅛
1,000s6f.......... 92
2,000.......... 92
5,000.......... 92¼
So Ry 1st 5s
1,000..........105⅝
So Ry gen 4s
21,000.......... 74⅝
2,000.......... 74½
Tex Co conv 6s
1,000..........104½
14,000..........104¼
1,000..........104
Third Av ref 4s
5,000.......... 83
2,000.......... 82¾
8,000.......... 82⅞
7,000.......... 83
37,000.......... 83¼
Third Av adj 5s
11,000.......... 83¼
7,000.......... 83
4,000.......... 83¼
12,000.......... 83
Tol, St L & Wn 4s
1,000.......... 55
Un Pac 1st 4s
28,000.......... 97
2,000.......... 97¼
24,000.......... 97
Un Pac 1st & ref 4s
6,000.......... 93⅜
500.......... 93
Un Pac conv 4s
15,000s15f.......... 90½
21,000.......... 90⅜
10,000.......... 90⅜
5,000.......... 90⅝
5,000.......... 90½
United Railroads of St L 4s
5,000.......... 70
U S Rubber 6s
2,000..........102⅞
33,000..........102¾
U S Steel Corp s fund 5s
27,000..........102½
1,000..........102⅜
1,000..........102¼
3,000..........102⅜
5,000..........102¼
1,000..........102⅜
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s
1,000.......... 96½
Va Iron, C & C 5s
1,000.......... 93¼
5,000.......... 93
Va & S W 1st 5s
4,000..........105
Va Ry 1st 5s
2,000.......... 99¾
2,000.......... 99⅝
2,000.......... 99⅞
Wabash 1st 5s
2,000..........103¾
Wabash 2d 5s
1,000.......... 97
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s
4,000.......... 55¼
1,000.......... 55½
1,000.......... 55⅜
1,000.......... 56
1,000.......... 56⅛
1,000.......... 56½
2,000.......... 56⅝
6,000.......... 57
2,000.......... 56¾
8,000.......... 57
2,000.......... 56⅞
18,000.......... 57
Equit Trust Co ctfs of depos stamped
2,000.......... 53¼
Wab, P Ter 1st 4s
68,000.......... 10
Cent Tr ctfs
5,000.......... 10½
1,000.......... 9⅞
10,000.......... 9⅝
West Shore 4s
5,000.......... 92¼
Westingh E & M 1st cv s f 5s
1,000.......... 94
3,000.......... 94¼
Wis Cent gen 4s
4,000.......... 87¼

St. Louis, Springfield & Peoria Railroad
First & Refunding 5% Gold Bonds, Due 1939
Guaranteed unconditionally as to principal and interest by the Illinois Traction Company.
Price 95 and interest, to yield 5⅜%
GEO. S. HAUCK
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Are There Seven Forms of
EXPANSION
OR
INFLATION
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Every Merchant, Investor and Banker Should Understand
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No Financial Office Complete Without Them
No such presentation or analysis of the Federal Reserve Act has been attempted in this country as is given in the 28 articles written by C. W. BARRON and issuing in the
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and
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Opposite Penna. R. R. Ferry and Exchange Place Station, Hudson Tunnels, Jersey City.
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No exchange in New York City for checks drawn on this Company
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$12,000,000
First Mortgage 6% Serial Gold Bonds
ISSUED BY THE
J. I. Case Threshing Machine Company
OF RACINE, WISCONSIN
Dated February 1, 1914. Payable in series as below.

Redeemable or purchasable, at the option of the company, on any interest date at 103 and interest, but if less than the entire issue is called the last maturing bonds shall be redeemed first.

Coupon bonds, denomination $1,000 each, excepting those maturing 1923 which are in $500 denomination; or fully registered bonds in denominations of $1,000 and $10,000. Coupon bonds and registered bonds interchangeable. Principal and semi-annual interest June 1 and December 1 payable at the First Trust & Savings Bank of Chicago and the First National Bank of New York.

FIRST TRUST & SAVINGS BANK, CHICAGO, TRUSTEE

Amount	Maturity	Amount	Maturity	Amount	Maturity
$1,500,000	Dec. 1, 1914	$500,000	Dec. 1, 1918	$1,000,000	Dec. 1, 1922
1,000,000	Dec. 1, 1915	1,000,000	Dec. 1, 1919	1,000,000	Dec. 1, 1923
500,000	Dec. 1, 1916	1,000,000	Dec. 1, 1920	1,000,000	Dec. 1, 1924
500,000	Dec. 1, 1917	1,000,000	Dec. 1, 1921	1,000,000	Dec. 1, 1925
		$1,000,000	Dec. 1, 1926		

Having placed over two-thirds of these bonds, we offer, subject to prior sale, the unsold portion at,

100 and interest, yielding 6%

We summarize from the letter of Frank K. Bull, President of the Company, copies of which may be had upon application:

(1) The bonds are secured by a closed first mortgage on the real property of the Company, including the manufacturing plant at Racine, Wis., and valuable land and buildings in other cities.

(2) Further secured by pledge with the Trustee of $12,000,000 of Notes received in the ordinary course of business in payment for agricultural implements. Only after $2,500,000 of the bonds have been paid can the Company withdraw notes against the payment of bonds, so that after two years the amount of notes will be at least 125% of bonds outstanding.

(3) The Company's experience since its organization in the collection of the notes taken in its business similar to those deposited to secure these bonds, shows that 97% of the principal of such notes has been paid.

(4) The Company obligates itself to keep net quick assets of not less than $18,000,000, or 150% of the total amount of bonds issued under this mortgage.

(5) Earnings of the Company for the year 1913 applicable to the payment of interest on its debts were $2,002,278.

(6) Proceeds of the sale of these bonds will be used for the sole purpose of reducing the current loans of the Company.

(7) This Company and its predecessor have been engaged in the manufacture of threshing machines and other farming implements for over seventy-two years, and have never had an unprofitable year.

(8) The issue is followed by $12,150,000 7% Preferred Stock and $8,300,000 Common Stock.

Pending the engraving of the definitive bonds, interim certificates of the First Trust & Savings Bank will be issued in denominations of $500, $1,000, $5,000 and $10,000, exchangeable for bonds when ready for delivery. Delivery will be made at any bank desired, express prepaid, payable in Chicago or New York funds at par. Orders may be telephoned or telegraphed at our expense.

Potter, Choate & Prentice
55 Wall Street,
New York

First Trust & Savings Bank
First National Bank Building,
Chicago

DIVIDENDS.

American Can Company

A quarterly dividend of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. has been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable April 1st, 1914, to Stockholders of record at the close of business March 17th, 1914. Transfer Books will remain open. Checks mailed.
R. H. ISMON, Secretary & Treasurer.

THE TEXAS COMPANY.
Houston, Texas.

A dividend of $2.50 per share on the outstanding capital stock of this Company has been declared by the Board of Directors, payable March 31st to stockholders of record March 19th. W. A. GREEN, Treasurer.
New York, March 9th, 1914.

DIVIDENDS.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company.
St. Louis, Mo., March 9th, 1914.

An extra dividend of Four (4%) Per Cent. was this day declared upon the Common Stock of Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company, payable April 1st, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 21st, 1914. Checks will be mailed.
T. T. ANDERSON, Treasurer.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company.
St. Louis, Mo., March 5th, 1914.

A dividend of One and Three-quarters (1¾%) Per Cent. has been declared upon the Preferred Stock of Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company, payable on April 1st, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 21st, 1914. Checks will be mailed. T. T. ANDERSON, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

BETHLEHEM STEEL CORPORATION
Notice of Dividend on Preferred Stock

The first instalment of 1¼% of the five per cent. dividend which was declared upon the preferred stock of Bethlehem Steel Corporation on January 19, 1914, will be payable on April 1, 1914, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. on March 16, 1914. The second instalment of the dividend will be payable on July 1, 1914, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. on June 16, 1914; the third on October 1, 1914, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. on September 15, 1914; and the fourth on January 2, 1915, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. on December 15, 1914. Checks will be mailed.
Dated, March 2, 1914.
H. H. JONES, Secretary.

Your Securities

Are they tax exempt?
What are dividend and price records?
What are company's obligations and when due?
What are company's earnings?
When do directors meet to declare dividends and when are dividends payable?

Answers to these and hosts of other important questions are given in simple form, convenient for reference and comparison, in

Year Book of American Securities Financial Diary 1914
Price $10.00
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Corner William and Cedar Sts.

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We offer Public Utility Bonds secured by valuable properties in a prosperous and growing community.
To Yield Over 6½%
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Specialists in Unlisted Securities.
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50 Int'l Educational Pub. Pfd.
20 International Textbook
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GUARANTEED TAX-EXEMPT ON IMPROVED NEW YORK CITY REAL ESTATE.
KINGS COUNTY MORTGAGE CO.,
185 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Federal Income Tax Law
Inconvenience attending the collection of coupons thereunder may be obviated by appointing this Company as Agent.
United States Mortgage & Trust Company
B'way at 73d St. 55 Cedar St. 125th St. at 8th Av.

DIVIDENDS.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY

DIVIDEND NO. 30.

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND of One Dollar and Fifty Cents ($1.50) per share on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared payable at the Treasurer's Office, No. 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., April 1, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business, (12 o'clock noon,) Saturday, February 28, 1914. The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend. Cheques will be mailed only to stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders.

A. K. VAN DEVENTER, Treasurer.
New York, February 11, 1914.

NORFOLK & WESTERN RAILWAY CO.

The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-half Per Cent. upon the Common Stock of the Company, payable at the office of the Company, Commercial Trust Building, Philadelphia, Pa., March 19, 1914, to the Common Stockholders as registered at the close of business February 28, 1914.

E. H. ALDEN, Secretary.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., March 5, 1914.

A Dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid April 1, 1914, to the registered holders of March 10, 1914. Transfer books will be closed on the 10th inst., and will be reopened March 16, 1914.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by this Company on Saturday, March 14, 1914, to be opened in the Secretary's office at 11:30 A. M. of that date, to cover all stevedoring work in connection with the loading and discharge of the company's steamers at Piers 52 and (new) 67, North River, or elsewhere in the Harbor of New York as required by the company.

Circular and full information may be obtained at the office of the Secretary, Panama Railroad Company, 24 State St., New York.

SEALED PROPOSALS, INDORSED "PROPOSALS for Structural Steel for Marine Railway," will be received at the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., until 11 o'clock A. M., April 4, 1914, and then and there publicly opened, for fabrication and delivery of structural steel and miscellaneous metal work for a marine railway at the U. S. Naval Station Pearl Harbor, Hawaii. Plans and specifications can be obtained on application to the Bureau.

H. R. STANFORD, Chief of Bureau.
March 5, 1914.

FORT HAMILTON, N. Y., FEB. 20, 1914.—Sealed proposals in triplicate will be received here until 12 M., March 11, 1914, and then opened, for Steam Heating Plant. Information furnished on application. Envelopes containing proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Heating Plant," and addressed to Quartermaster.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, NEWPORT, R. I., Feb. 9, 1914.—Sealed proposals for dredging in harbors at Hyannis and Nantucket, Mass., will be received here until 12 o'clock noon, March 12, 1914, and then publicly opened. Information on application.

JOHN MILLIS, Col. Engrs.

FAIL TO AGREE ON SAVINGS BANK BILL

Meeting of State Association at Odds Over Question of Surplus Increase.

ALBANY HEARING TO-DAY

Opposition to Basing Surplus on Securities Market Value the Cause of Deadlock.

The New York State Savings Bank Association held a special meeting yesterday at the Biltmore to discuss the changes in the laws affecting savings banks proposed by the Van Tuyl Commission and attempt to present a united front at the hearing to be held by committees of both houses in Albany to-day. As has been the case in former years, the meeting ended in a general disagreement and the prospect is that the legislative committees will again be confronted with several delegations arguing from different standpoints.

The question at issue is the proposal to require the savings banks to establish surpluses based on the market value of their securities. While this seems to be in accord with the majority sentiment, there is a large element, both within and without the association, that contends that a savings bank buys bonds to hold to maturity, that its condition is not affected if these bonds go below par in the stock market, and that the assets of the bank should be calculated on the investment or amortization value of the securities.

The shrinkage in the market price of bonds in the last few years has resulted in diminishing the surpluses of savings banks, when figured on market value, and the agitation for requiring the establishment of larger surpluses on that basis has been on for several years. This year it was taken up by a sub-committee of the Van Tuyl Commission, which was appointed to prepare a general revision of the banking laws.

There was much difference of opinion even in the sub-committee, but a basis was finally reached that was agreed on by all factions. This is incorporated in the bill now before the Legislature. It calls for the gradual accumulation of a surplus by each bank, based on market value, amounting to 10 per cent. of the deposits. This is to be effected by setting aside each year a percentage of the earnings, increasing gradually from 5 per cent. this year to 10 per cent. in 1919 and 10 per cent. each year thereafter until the surplus has been established. The concession was made that these requirements should not be enforced in any case where they would make necessary the reduction of the interest paid on deposits below 3½ per cent.

This compromise was agreed to by the Executive Committee of the Savings Bank Association, which was brought into conference by the sub-committee of the Van Tuyl Commission, and for this reason it was hoped that the association as a whole, at its meeting yesterday, would either agree to the provisions or at least unite on what the provisions ought to be.

William Felsinger, President of the New York Savings Bank, who is President of the Savings Bank Association, presided, and about 125 representatives of savings banks all over the State were present. After some discussion William H. Hotchkiss, ex-Superintendent of Insurance and a trustee of a savings bank in Buffalo, moved that a committee be appointed to find a common ground on which all could stand. The motion was carried, and in order that light might be obtained on the sentiment of the meeting the question was opened to general discussion.

Those who were opposed to the provisions of the bill made themselves heard vigorously and declared that they would not agree to any declaration the committee might formulate unless it adopted certain of their views. It soon developed that an impossible task had been assigned to Mr. Hotchkiss's peace committee, and a motion was put and carried to rescind the resolution for its appointment. Soon after Mr. Hotchkiss left the meeting and it subsequently adjourned without having taken any action.

REPORT ALASKA COAL BILL.

Maximum Lease to be 2,560 Acres, Minimum Royalty 2 Cents a Ton.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Representative Scott Ferris of Oklahoma, Chairman of the Committee on Public ands, reported favorably to-day the Administration bill for leasing coal lands in Alaska. Officials of the Interior Department and the Chairmen of six Congressional committees drafted the measure in conference—Secretary ane, the Directors of the Geological Survey and the Bureau of Mines, and the Chairmen of the Senate and House Committees on Territories, Mines and Mining and Public Lands.

The bill authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to lease the coal lands of Alaska in areas of forty acres or multiples thereof, up to 2,560 acres. In the Bering River and Hatauska fields, which are near the coast, only small areas will be leased. Larger areas will be leased in the interior, where the coal is of low grade. The Secretary of the Interior is to fix the royalty, which must not be less than 2 cents a ton, and coupled with this is a competitive feature that Secretary Lane regards as an added safeguard.

In a letter to Chairman Ferris urging the early passage of the bill Secretary Lane said:

"The coal is needed for domestic use by residents and for local industries, including the development of low-grade ores, and the immediate opening and development of coal deposits is necessary for the construction and ultimate success of the Alaskan Railroad. The bill will permit of leasing Alaska's coal in areas of sufficient size to warrant the installation of large and modern equipment and the mining and marketing of coal upon payment of a reasonable royalty, while at the same time small areas may be developed and mined without charge for domestic needs."

The bill contains provisions which the authors of the measure believe will prevent monopoly. The known area of coal-bearing lands in Alaska, according to the Geological Survey, is 16,000 square miles, of which 1,210 are pretty definitely known to be underlaid with workable coal. All coal lands in Alaska were withdrawn from entry Nov. 12, 1906. Since then Alaska has been at a standstill, according to the report filed with the House to-day.

Bank at Canton, Miss., Closes.

CANTON, Miss., March 9.—The Mississippi State Bank, one of the oldest financial institutions in the State, did not open for business to-day. A notice signed by the Directors said depositors would be paid in full. It is said the closing was prompted by the new State law providing for guarantee of deposits. The bank was capitalized at $100,000, with a surplus of $50,000. According to the last statement its total resources were $673,599.28 and deposits $434,000.

Corn Products Shows Gains.

The Corn Products Refining Company earned in the fiscal year ended on Dec. 31 a net income of $2,284,855, as compared with $1,714,835 in the preceding year. Of the $784,855 surplus left after paying preferred dividends and interest, $621,186 was paid into the sinking fund, leaving a net surplus of $163,669. The balance sheet showed assets of $98,064,-836, including a total surplus of $7,865,-360.

ARGENTINA'S TRADE.

The Principal South American Country for American Products.

That Argentina is the foremost South American country as a market for products of the United States is demonstrated in a statement issued yesterday by the Department of Commerce. American sales to that country in the last calendar year had a value of $55,000,000, compared with $40,000,000 to Brazil and $52,000,000 to the remaining twelve countries of that continent.

This trade shows constant and rapid expansion, exports from the United States having grown from $5,000,000 in 1893 to $14,000,000 in 1903 and $55,000,000 in 1913. Imports from Argentina rose from $5,000,000 in 1893 to $9,000,000 a decade later and $27,000,000 in 1913. Thus it is shown exports to Argentina quarupled while imports from that country trebled during the last decade. The American sales in Argentina include many articles of wide use in an agricultural and developing country. Exports of farming implements, for example, the last fiscal year reached a total of $6,333,000; twine, $2,000,000; traction and stationary engines, $1,000,000, and windmills, $500,000.

The use of the American automobile is increasing in Argentina, as the fiscal year's exports were valued at $1,250,000, and other cars and carriages, $3,000,000. The popularity of the American sewing machine is evidenced by the last fiscal year's sales, which aggregated $880,000, while typewriter exports reached $355,000; cash registers, $261,000, and miscellaneous machinery, $1,750,000.

Other articles exported last year in large quantities included boards and planks worth $5,666,000; shooks, $2,333,000; furniture and other wood manufactures, $1,000,000; gasoline and naphthas, $2,333,000; illuminating oil, $2,125,000; cottonseed oil, $1,000,000; leather manufactures, including boots and shoes, $2,125,000; chemicals, drugs, and medicines, $1,125,000, and cotton goods and electrical appliances, each about $500,000. Musical instruments, clocks and watches, glassware, wheelbarrows, soap, blacking, firearms, scales, and balances are other exports.

Corn and beef show greatly increased imports from Argentina in the period following the enactment of the new tariff law, which placed these articles on the free list. In the fiscal year 1912 only 23,909 bushels of corn arrived from the southern republic, while in the same period of 1913 the arrivals reached 879,822 bushels. Of meat and meat extracts (exclusive of sausage casings) the imports during 1912 were but $2,929 and $7,395, respectively. In the three months October, November, and December of last year, however, imports of Argentine corn rose to 4,102,598 bushels and those of Argentine beef to 6,606,886 pounds, while unofficial reports indicate even larger arrivals during January and February of the present year.

Imports of cattle hides from Argentina in the last fiscal year aggregated 67,000,000 pounds, valued at $12,500,000. Argentine goatskins aggregated 4,125,000 pounds, valued at $1,250,000; wool, 25,125,000 pounds, worth $5,000,000, and quebracho wood and extract, used in the tanning industry, $3,125,000.

In general terms, Argentina takes about 15 per cent. of its imports from the United States, compared approximately with 31 per cent. from England, and 17 per cent. from Germany. Of its exports, it sends about 7½ per cent. to this country, a portion of the shipments being consigned directly to the United States, and a portion leaving Argentina "for orders," but eventually sold in the American market. Consular advices indicate that its total imports in 1913 were valued at $406,605,200, and the country's total exports, $466,581,888.

The report says that Argentina's present foreign commerce of $873,000,000 a year is an indication of what may before long be expected of a country possessing its wealth in the basic factors of economic progress.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

At the close of the day prices were ¼c higher for May and unchanged for July. The very favorable prospects for the new crop had undoubtedly a strong influence on sentiment, and offset any bullish influences which might have arisen from the Government report. World's exports were 12,336,000 bushels, against 13,776,000 bushels last year.

In the local cash market No. 2 hard Winter wheat was quoted at $1.00½, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive; No. 2 red, $1.04½, elevator, domestic; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.03¼, free on board, afloat, opening navigation; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.03⅝, free on board, afloat.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May—	101⅝	101 3-16	101⅝	101⅛	97 11-16
July—	96 11-16	96¼	96 9-16	96⅝	96⅝
Sept.—	..	..	93¾	94 3-16	..

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	93¼	92⅝	93	92⅝	91⅝
July	87⅞	87⅜	87⅝	87⅝	90

CORN.

The market developed weakness under heavy selling of the near positions and at the close was ⅜c net lower to ⅛c higher. The cash markets in the West were weak. World's exports were 1,280,000, compared with 1,609,000 last week and 4,035,000 last year.

In the local cash market No. 3 yellow corn was quoted at 70c c. i. f. to arrive.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	66⅞	66⅛	66¼	66⅝	52⅝
July	66¼	65½	65⅞	66	53¾
Sept.	65½	64⅞	65¼	65⅛	

OATS.

The oats market broke sharply under heavy selling, and closed at a net decline of ⅝c. The visible supply showed an increase for the week of 88,000 bushels, compared with an increase of 492,000 last year.

The local cash market was quiet, standard white being quoted at 46 to 46½c; No. 2, 46½ to 47c; No. 3, 45½ to 46c; No. 4, 45 to 45½c; ordinary clipped white, 45 to 47½c; fancy clipped white, 46 to 48½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	39⅞	39	39⅝	40	34½
July	39⅝	39	39¼	39⅞	34⅛

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was steady around the opening, but prices gave way sharply under active liquidation and closed at about the bottom. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 30,000, estimated for Tuesday 16,000; Kansas City received 6,000 and Omaha 4,400.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	10.90	10.75	10.75	10.87	10.77
July	11.07	10.92	10.92	11.07	10.70
Ribs—					
May	11.62	11.50	11.52	11.57	10.80
July	11.70	11.60	11.62	11.67	10.70
Pork—					
May	21.72	21.52	21.52	21.65	20.80
July	21.77	21.57	21.60	21.70	20.40

COTTONSEED OIL.

Quotations sagged off and closed at a net decline of 2 to 4 points. About 1,000 barrels were tendered on March contracts.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	7.22@7.30	7.15
March	7.21	7.20	7.20@7.21	7.20
April	..	..	7.24@7.26	7.24
May	7.34	7.33	7.32@7.34	7.35
June	..	..	7.42@7.44	7.44
July	7.55	7.52	7.52@7.53	7.54
August	7.64	7.61	7.60@7.61	7.64
September	7.66	7.65	7.65@7.66	7.67
October	..	..	6.95@7.15	7.00

COTTON.

After making new low ground during yesterday's early trading, the cotton market rallied sharply, and closed firm at a net advance of 4 to 15 points.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 13c for middling upland; sales nil; delivered on contract, 800 bales.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	12.27	12.06	12.25@12.26	12.11
April	11.74	11.74	11.85@11.90	11.70
May	11.71	11.53	11.70@11.72	11.58
June	..	..	11.64@11.66	11.54
July	11.62	11.48	11.62@11.63	11.54
August	11.55	11.39	11.54@11.55	11.47
September	11.27	11.27	11.34@11.36	11.30
October	11.30	11.19	11.29@11.30	11.25
December	11.34	11.26	11.34@11.35	11.29
January	11.26	11.22	11.29@11.31	11.25

COFFEE.

While the volume of business was small, new low records were again established and the market closed at the lowest point of the day, with net losses of 3 to 9 points. The cash demand was small.

The local spot market was barely steady, with Rio 7s quoted at 9 cents.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	8.58	8.55	8.55@8.56	8.58
April	....	....	8.62@8.64	8.66
May	8.78	8.68	8.68@8.69	8.74
June	....	....	8.77@8.79	8.83
July	8.92	8.86	8.86@8.87	8.93
August	9.00	9.00	8.94@8.96	9.01
September	9.13	9.01	9.01@9.02	9.09
October	9.17	9.15	9.06@9.08	9.15
November	....	....	9.11@9.13	9.19
December	[illegible]	9.17	9.15@9.16	9.24
January	....	....	9.19@9.21	9.27
February	....	....	9.24@9.26	9.31

TEXAS DIVIDEND INCREASED.

Stock Goes Up on Expectation of a Ten Per Cent. Annual Rate.

Directors of the Texas Company declared a dividend of 2½ per cent yesterday, as compared with 1¾ per cent. three months ago. It was not announced that the dividend would be continued with this as a quarterly basis, but it was believed in financial circles that a 10 per cent. annual rate was implied by the vote of the Directors. Payment will be made on March 31 to stockholders on the books on March 10.

In the first eight years of its existence, from 1902, the company paid 12 per cent. a year. The dividend fell to 5 per cent. in 1911, with an advance to 7 per cent. toward the close of last year. Influenced by reports of a dividend increase, the shares of the Texas Company climbed above 149 last week, a high record price.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

KOERBER NUT MEAT COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Koerber Nut Meat Company of 199 Franklin Street by these creditors: Wilbur F. Bruce, $600; Frank A. Tupper, $600, and Frederick De Sousa, $300. The liabilities are $10,000 and assets $5,000.

CARRIE SUSMAN, shoe dealer, 127 First Avenue has filed a petition with liabilities of $2,932 and assets of $1,750.

JOSEPH ABO, dealer in dry goods, 95 Washington Street, has filed a petition with liabilities of $8,621 and assets of $13,702.

NATHAN GROSSMAN, watchmaker, 179 Third Street, has filed a petition with liabilities of $855 and no assets.

EMMA W. CHAMBERLAIN.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition filed on May 28 against Emma W. Chamberlain, real estate operator, Stoneleigh, Croton Falls. William H. Willis, special master, reported that the petition filed by Henrietta Ingber had been withdrawn, and the withdrawal was consented to by all the intervening creditors.

SEYMOUR STERM, pawnbroker, 2,271 Eighth Avenue, has filed schedules with liabilities $30,162 and assets $1,629. Among the creditors are Dina Stern, $8,200; Frankie Weil, $5,446; Alfred Lewin, $3,669; Julie Bierman, $3,500, and Rose Wolff, $2,000.

COMMERCIAL HAT MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—Judge Hough has appointed Frederick W. Stelle receiver for Bernard Krulewitch, trading as the Commercial Hat Manufacturing Company, 12 Washington Place. Mr. Stelle was the assignee. A committee of creditors has recommended a settlement at 25 cents on the dollar. The assets are estimated at from $10,000 to $15,000.

W. C. DAVIS & CO., INC.—Judge Hough has appointed Thomas W. de Kross receiver for W. C. Davis & Co., Incorporated, painting and decorating, 234 West Twentieth Street, bond $2,000, with authority to carry on business thirty days. There are outstanding contracts for $13,000, which will require $4,000 to complete.

M. ROSENBLAT & SONS.—Judge Hough has confirmed a composition of M. Rosenblat & Sons, manufacturers of furs, 135 West Twenty-sixth Street, with stores in Buffalo and Chicago, with creditors at 30 cents on the dollar, payable 15 cents cash and 15 cents in three notes due Oct. 1, Nov. 1, and Dec. 1. The liabilities were $61,457.

SELIG HANDEL.—Judge Hough has confirmed a composition of Selig Handel, manufacturer of furs, 238 Sixth Avenue, with creditors at 10 cents on the dollar, payable 5 cents cash and 5 cents note at six months. The liabilities were $16,484.

BAUM DRY GOODS COMPANY.—Judge Hough has confirmed a composition of Henry Baum of 15 Walker Street and 487 Broadway, who did business as the Baum Dry Goods Company, with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar, payable 15 cents cash and 10 cents in two notes at three and six months. The liabilities were $49,215.

WILLIAM LANIGAN.—Judge Hough has confirmed a composition of William Lanigan, dealer in cloaks and suits, 379 East 138th Street, with creditors at 100 cents on the dollar, payable 25 cents cash, 25 cents note at thirty days, and 50 cents note at sixty days. The liabilities were $4,858.

SAMUEL DAVIS.—Judge Hough has confirmed a composition of Samuel Davis, dealer in gas and electric fixtures, 2,640 Broadway, with creditors at 20 cents on the dollar, payable 10 cents cash and 10 cents in two notes at two and four months. The liabilities were $3,569.

HOLT BROTHERS, INC., printers, 17 to 27 Vandewater Street, have made an assignment to John A. Morison. The deed was signed by Charles E. Knowles, Vice President. The business was started in 1866 by Holt Brothers, was incorporated in June, 1895, with capital stock of $10,000, and has since passed into the hands of other persons.

Special Dispatches to The Times.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.—Frank W. Thornton, dry goods, shoes, men's furnishings, &c., has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities are over $40,000, and assets about $20,000. There are fifty-three New York creditors.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—The Heffron Company, mail order business; petition filed in the U. S. court at Utica; liabilities, $229,132; assets, $220,136. There are more than 1,000 creditors in all parts of the country, and the schedules contain hundreds of pages. They are the largest ever filed here. Of the assets $143,482 are in unpaid stock subscriptions.

GAINESVILLE, Texas.—S. Zacharias, dry goods business; voluntary petition filed following the beginning of involuntary proceedings in the Federal court; liabilities, $44,658; assets, $48,044.06.

Discharges in Bankruptcy.

Judge Hough in the United States Court yesterday granted the following discharges in bankruptcy:

JOSEPH B. REICHMANN, formerly President of the Carnegie Trust Company; liabilities $11,101,728.

FRANZ FELTMAN, shipping and commission merchant, 17 Battery Place; liabilities $317,447.

OTTO HERSCHMAN, toys and stationery, 135 West 125th Street; liabilities $30,647.

HARRY JANOWITZ, jewelry, 12 East 125th Street; liabilities $15,448.

CAESAR D. ABDEL-NOUR of White Plains, formerly importer of Oriental goods; liabilities $3,175.

FRANK BARBIERI, waiter, 233 West Fifty-second Street, formerly restaurant; liabilities $11,439.

PAUL J. BULTMANN, liquors, 194 Pearl Street; liabilities $5,029.

SAMUEL COHEN, furs, 44 East Tenth Street; liabilities $2,834.

EDWARD P. DANGLER, tailor, 4 Barclay Street, liabilities $2,943.

CHARLES W. DRAKE, 758 West End Avenue, formerly President of a navigation company; liabilities $4,370.

SOL JURMAN of Felzman & Jurman, human hair goods, 89 East Tenth Street; liabilities $3,882.

THOMAS F. MARTIN, magazine circulator, 40 East Twenty-third Street; liabilities $4,838.

SAMUEL H. RICHMOND, general merchandise, 22 East Twenty-first Street; liabilities $13,908.

LOUIS RIEGER, dresses and cloaks, 143 Avenue B; liabilities $7,734.

MAX SPURGIR, salesman, 991 Union Avenue; liabilities $1,230.

ISAAC WEINBERG, clerk, formerly restaurant, 354 Grand Street; liabilities $10,138.

JOHN C. WILLENBROCK, 722 Columbus Avenue, formerly liquors; liabilities $1,825.

NORRIS ZEITLER, tailor, 154 Nassau Street; liabilities $1,225.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday, in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Benguiat, Benjamin—G. A. Tournier, $279.
Barrymore, Emmett—O'Neill-Adams Co., $131.
Blatt, Louis—A. Gordon, $180.
Blanck, Isaac—W. Silver, $116.
Brown, Alfred H.—J. Brinckheim et al., $171.
Bickerton, Joseph P., Jr.—D. T. Bennett Co., $320.
Barrale, Peter—Atlantic Macaroni Co., $106.
Bannister, Henry J. and Edward—H. E. Weinberger, $353
Canfield, Francis C.—C. E. Braasch, $144.
Carey, Charles—O'Neill-Adams Co., $269.
Costantino, Giuseppe or Joe—H. Cohen et al., $104.
Cook, Ramson—N. Y. Tel. Co., $168.
Cohen, Harry and Louis—People, &c., $500.
Claster, Louis—Wm. A. White & Sons, $143.
Dolan, Daniel J.—G. C. Wedekind et al., $122.
Deiches, Elkan—M. Wormser et al., $1,168.
Dykeman Conrad V.—J. W. Cleary, $193.
Eicke, Edward—National Park Bank of New York, $2,602.
Eckert, Thomas J., Jr., and Richard G. Page, Jr.—J. C. Eckert, costs, $271.
Farley, Anne—J. Mitchell, $226.
Fleischer, Harry—Lowenthal Co., $1,050.
Grisez, Xavier—E. Spencer Hall & Co., $420.
Gimbel, Ernst—L. Bronner, $186.
Gens, Frank—E. Reibstein et al., $329.
Gold, Samuel, and Louis Cohen—People, &c., $443.
Goldfinger, Marcus—R. P. Leube, $443.
Goodman, Edmund L., and Henry C. Hershfield—Shatz Cantow Realty Co., Inc., $273.
Haight, Allen T.—W. N. Commil, $3,915.
Herzog, Alexander and Wendel and Solomon—M. Besunfer, $268.
Hellman, Joseph—L. Kommel et al., $480.
Hennessy, Rebecca J., guardian—Armour & Co., costs, $108.
Kennedy, Katharine—H. Held, $215.
Kerewsky, Philip—S. Karganow, $216.
Kaufman, Louis J.—Geiger & Braverman Furniture Co., $257.
Latimer, Isabella M.—J. Talcott, $558.
Mackenzie, George R.—J. Reynolds, $637.
Magono, Christina—R. Bonzzoni, $112.
Maurice, Joseph and Lillian Wiener—M. N. Tischler, $112.
Plax, Israel—D. Belais et al., $387.
Pannaci, Alfred D.—Foster Debevoise, $1,444.
Post, August T.—E. C. Post, costs, $130.
Pope, Charles R.—C. W. Cutler, $154.
Rein, Harry—A. Aronowitz et al., $100.
Reberwitz, Alexander, and Louis Cohen—People, &c., $500.
Richman, Reuben—M. Aisenstein, et al., $124.
Schwab, Robert L., and George Le Prevost—S. Kaplan et al., $541.
Sobin, Benjamin—J. Rabinowitz, $123.
Smith, Madison W.—E. B. Atterbury, $176.
Schneider, Barnet S.—A. Schlang, costs, $165.
Schwab, Edward H.—E. M. Auer, $106.
Stutz, William and Charles—Sperry and Hutchins Co., $125.
Simms, James—M. D. Roogan Co., $170.
Trefurth, Richard L.—H. C. A. Qissman, $2,563.
Shelby, Sylvia and James Turner—People, &c., $2,000.
Same—Same, $2,000.
Ventrice, Maria J. and Peter N.—S. L. Newman, $228.90.
Wittemann, Rudolph W.—National Park Bank of New York, $2,602.
Same—Same, $9,136.34.
Witteman, Jacob F.—Same, $2,602.17.
Wittman, Samuel—H. Ginsberg, $134.72.
Wiesemann, Carl—L. Bronner, $176.
Weil, Edw. A.—J. Montgomery, $122.69.
Weaver, Joseph—W. J. McCahill, $102.31.
Zweibel, Isidor—A. Kornbluth, $224.50.
Zibbelli, Gastano—J. Hogan et al., $117.81.
American Exchange National Bank—A. A. Goubert et al., costs, $121.
Caesar Realty and Construction Co. and Thomas Florio—E. B. Atterbury, $412.75.
Carrier Air Conditioning Co. of America—City of New York, $575.64.
Cross Magill Motor Truck Co.—Same, $224.65.
Charles A. Brady & Co.—J. J. Hagan, $1,078.74.
Frank Louda Co., Inc.—C. Bahnsen, $227.06.
Hansel Construction Co.—H. Rossman, $138.90.
Metropol Motors Corporation—F. F. Mahler, $273.
Midtown Contracting Co., Inc.—M. R. Vickers, $5,107.32.
Pittsburgh Contracting Co.—H. W. Lloyd, $743.
P. A. Werbeck Co.—City of New York, $130.69.
Sixty-Seventh Street Realty Co.—Kroywen Realty Co., $722.93.
S. A. Whisten Construction Co.—Cerusi Marble Works, $909.82.
Schwartz & Steiner Iron Works—I. Levin, $270.
Thomas J. Stern Co.—A. Accia, $750.
Universal Talking Machine Mfg. Co.—M. Landay, costs, $112.
Unexcelled Sales Corporation—G. H. Taylor, $229.
Theatrical Costume Co., Inc.—I. Finkelstein, $584.
Werner & Sommer Co.—L. Pierce, $268.

In Bronx County.

Louda, Frank—J. Kucera, $453.
Massari, Antonio—J. Saccomanna, $443.
Penfield, William W.—H. Wetherhorn et al., $170.
Sapirman, Jacob—Chicago Varnish Co., $240.
Simon, Isidore—B. Koplin, $794.
Tesoro, Joseph—Hudson Woodworking Co., $227.
Westerberg, Oscar—E. Mullen, $584.
Wittman, Samuel—H. Ginsberg, $134.
Crotona Parkway Co., Inc.—M. Zimet, $1,590.
Mazza Construction Co.—Bleecker Lumber Co., Inc., $136.
Unexcelled Sales Corporation—G. H. Taylor, $229.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed in New York County:

Schongood, Charles—I. L. Bamberger, April 13, 1905, $126.
Zoref, Samuel—Morris Park Estates, Nov. 21, 1913, $1,318
Black, Louis—M. Rappoport, Dec. 11, 1912, $122.
Black, Louis, and Nathan Yankolvick—M. Moles, Dec. 4, 1913, $112.
Dyer, Frank L.—W. A. Mertens et al., Feb. 7, 1914, $6,674.
East Side Fire Proof Stabling and Storage Co.—A. Wilmot, Feb. 20; Herman Loden. J. F. Conran, April 17, 1913, $208.
Loden, Herman—J. F. Conran, April 17, 1913, $208.
Mann, John—E. F. D'Ziuba, Jan. 11, 1913, $11,844.
Finkelstein, Max—City of N. Y., April 11, 1913, $264.
Galinger, Harry H.—I. B. Clark, Oct. 31, 1912, $589.
Howe, Sam—F. St. Clair, Feb. 21, 1914, $127.

In Bronx County.

Hall, Walter J.—J. C. Watson, Jan. 22, 1914, $139.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.

NOTICE OF MEETING.
165 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Southern Pacific Company will be held at the office of the Company in Beechmont, Jefferson County, Kentucky, on Wednesday, April eighth, 1914, at twelve o'clock, noon, standard time, for the election of Directors and the transaction of all such other business as may legally come before the meeting, including the question of amending the said Company's Charter, changing the principal office or place of business from Beechmont, Jefferson County, Kentucky, to Anchorage, in said County and State, and also the approval and ratification of all action of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last annual meeting of the stockholders of the Company.

For the purposes of the meeting the books for the transfer of stock will be closed at three o'clock P. M. on Monday, March 9th, 1914, and will be reopened at ten o'clock A. M., April 9th, 1914.

By order of the Board of Directors.
HUGH NEILL, Secretary.
Dated January 8th, 1914.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company.

St. Louis, Mo., March 5th, 1914.

A special meeting of the stockholders of Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company will be held at No. 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J., on the 15th day of April, 1914, at 11 o'clock A. M., to take action upon the following resolution which was adopted by the Board of Directors at a meeting duly held on March 5th, 1914, to wit:

"RESOLVED, That it is advisable to increase the capital stock of this Company from thirty-six million eight hundred and eighty thousand two hundred dollars ($36,880,200) to forty-four million two hundred and fifty-six thousand three hundred dollars ($44,256,300) by adding seven million three hundred and seventy-six thousand one hundred dollars, ($7,376,100,) divided into seventy-three thousand seven hundred and sixty-one (73,761) shares of the par value of one hundred dollars ($100) each, of preferred stock, in form identical with and in all respects of the same class, character, and parity, entitled to the same preferences and subject to the same terms and conditions as the preferred stock of the Company now outstanding, to be issued and sold by the Board of Directors of this Company at any time or from time to time."

The Transfer Books of both preferred and common stock will be closed at 12 o'clock M., on the 21st day of March, 1914, for the purposes of this meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors.
E. H. THURSTON, Secretary.

UNITED STATES RUBBER CO.

New Brunswick, New Jersey, Feb. 6th, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that the Twenty-second Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the United States Rubber Company will be held at the principal office of the Company, in the City of New Brunswick, New Jersey, on Tuesday, March 17th, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of any and all business that may properly come before the meeting, including considering and voting upon the approval and ratification of all purchases, contracts, acts, proceedings, elections and appointments, by the Board of Directors or the Executive Committee since the Twenty-first Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Company on May 20th, 1913, and of all matters referred to in the Twenty-second Annual Report to Stockholders, which will be sent to Stockholders before the meeting, and in the proceedings of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee, which, until the meeting, will be open to examination by Stockholders of record during business hours at the New York Office of the Company, 1,790 Broadway.

The Transfer Books will not be closed, but the New Jersey Corporation Law will not allow to be voted any share of stock which shall have been transferred after February 25th, 1914.

By order of the Board of Directors.
SAMUEL NORRIS, Secretary.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING.
165 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

After the ANNUAL MEETING, a SPECIAL MEETING of the stockholders of the Southern Pacific Company will be held at the office of the Company, in Beechmont, Jefferson County, Kentucky, on Wednesday, April eighth, 1914, at 3 o'clock P. M., standard time, for the following purposes, namely:

1. To authorize, approve and consent to an increase of the capital stock of this Company by the amount of $20,000,000, by issuing 200,000 additional shares of common stock of the par value of $100 each, and to authorize, approve and consent to the issue and use of such additional stock, and take all suitable action in the premises.

2. To transact all such other business as may legally come before the meeting.

For the purposes of the meeting, the books for the transfer of stock will be closed at three o'clock P. M. on Monday, the 9th day of March, 1914, and will be reopened at ten o'clock A. M. on the 9th day of April, 1914.

By order of the Board of Directors.
HUGH NEILL, Secretary.
Dated February 5, 1914.

Rubber Goods Manufacturing Co.

Jersey City, New Jersey, March 10th, 1914.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the Rubber Goods Manufacturing Company for the election of Directors and for the transaction of any other business which may properly be brought before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, New Jersey, on Thursday, April 9th, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon.

The Transfer Books will not be closed, but the New Jersey Corporation Law will not allow to be voted at said meeting any share of stock which shall have been transferred after March 20th, 1914.

By order of the Board of Directors.
SAMUEL NORRIS, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF

Computing-Tabulating-Recording Company.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Directors and the approval of the acts of the Directors, Executive Committee and Officers during the past year, and for such other business as shall come before said meeting, will be held at its office, No. 25 Broad Street, New York, N. Y., at Noon on the 17th day of March, 1914.

Computing-Tabulating-Recording Co.,
H. M. SADLER, Secretary.
Dated New York, N. Y., March 3rd, 1914.

FINANCIAL.

TO HOLDERS OF THE AMERICAN TUBE AND STAMPING COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE 5% 30-YEAR GOLD BONDS, DATED OCT. 1, 1902:

This is to certify that in accordance with Mortgage or Deed of Trust of The American Tube and Stamping Company to Colonial Trust Company, now The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated October 1st, 1902, Bonds, Nos.:

46, 62, 183, 309, 334, 407, 425, 497, 508, 723, were this thirteenth day of February, 1914, at the office of The Equitable Trust Company of New York, designated for redemption at 105% and interest on the first day of April, 1914, upon presentation and surrender thereof, with all unpaid coupons, to said Trustee.

Interest on the above bonds will cease on April 1st, 1914.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, by J. N. BABCOCK, Assistant Secretary.
THE AMERICAN TUBE AND STAMPING COMPANY, by C. D. S. MILLER, President; SCHUYLER MERRITT, Director.

I hereby certify that the above bonds were drawn as stated. Witnessed my hand and seal this thirteenth day of February, 1914.

MYLES M. BOURKE,
Notary Public, New York County.

In accordance with the foregoing certificate the undersigned will redeem the above numbered bonds at 105 and accrued interest to April 1st, 1914, on or after that date, when presented with all unpaid coupons at its office, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
by LYMAN RHOADES, Vice President.
New York, N. Y., March 2d, 1914.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS
THE CHICAGO JUNCTION RAILWAYS AND UNION STOCK YARDS COMPANY
First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Twenty-Year Real Estate Improvement Bonds.

New York, March 6, 1914.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned, Guaranty Trust Company of New York, successor to the Standard Trust Company of New York, Trustee under the Mortgage and Deed of Trust of March 1, 1908, securing the issue of Three Million Dollars ($3,000,000) First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Twenty-Year Real Estate Improvement Bonds of the Chicago Junction Railways & Union Stock Yards Company, hereby invites proposals for the sale of as many of the bonds above described as can be purchased for the sum of Fifty-two Thousand One Hundred and Seventy-five and 95-100 Dollars, ($52,175.95,) now in the Sinking Fund under said Mortgage and Deed of Trust. Sealed proposals will be received at the Office of this Company, No. 140 Broadway, New York City, until 10 o'clock A. M., Monday, March 16th, 1914, when the same will be opened and bonds offered at the lowest price (not exceeding 105 and accrued interest) to the extent necessary to exhaust said fund will be accepted in the order that proposals are received. All bonds accepted will be paid for upon delivery with interest accrued to March 18th, 1914.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By A. J. HEMPHILL, President.

THE COLORADO FUEL AND IRON CO. invites proposals in writing, to be sent to the Metropolitan Trust Co., City of New York, on or before April 5, 1914, for the sale to it of forty (40) outstanding 6% bonds of The Colorado Fuel Co., due 1919. Such bonds to be delivered and paid for May 1, 1914, at the Metropolitan Trust Co., 49 Wall St., New York City.

Denver, Colo., Feb. 28, 1914.
L. M. BOWERS, Treas.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

General Office, Broad Street Station,
Philadelphia, 17th February, 1914.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Company will be held on Tuesday, the tenth day of March, 1914, at 11 o'clock A. M., in Horticultural Hall, Broad Street below Locust Street, Philadelphia, at which meeting there will be submitted for consideration and action by the Stockholders, the Annual Report of the Board of Directors for the year ended 31st December, 1913; an agreement for the acquisition by this Company of the franchises, corporate property, rights, and credits of the Hollidaysburg, Bedford & Cumberland Railroad Company; the authorization of a mortgage to secure bonds to be issued from time to time when and as approved by the Stockholders to an amount not in excess at any time of the then outstanding capital stock; and other appropriate subjects.

Stockholders may obtain copies of the Annual Report of the Company and the necessary tickets of admission to the meeting on and after the 3d day of March next by personal application, or by letter, at the Secretary's office, Room 269, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

LEWIS NEILSON, Secretary.

CITY INVESTING COMPANY,

165 Broadway, New York.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, the following gentlemen were named as the Executive Committee:

Robert Goelet. Henry D. Hotchkiss.
George C. Clark. Samuel T. Peters.
Robert E. Dowling. Lewis B. Preston.

Mr. Robert E. Dowling was elected President and Mr. Lewis B. Preston Vice President. George F. Gunther and Frederic J. Halliday were appointed as Secretary and Treasurer, respectively.

GEORGE F. GUNTHER, Secretary.
Dated, March 9th, 1914.

FINANCIAL.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE

Five Per Cent. Mortgage Gold Bonds

OF THE

CENTRAL ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY

(of Kansas City, Missouri),

DUE MAY 1, 1914:

In view of the maturity on May 1, 1914, of the above-mentioned Bonds, and of the fact that there have already matured large issues of bonds and notes of the Kansas City Railway and Light Company and of its controlled company, the Metropolitan Street Railway Company of Kansas City, Missouri, secured in part upon the same property as that upon which the above-mentioned Bonds of the Central Electric Railway Company are secured (such property being now owned by said Metropolitan Street Railway Company and operated by its Receivers), and in view of the pending negotiations for a new street railway franchise in Kansas City, the conditions whereof may vitally affect the interests of all holders of securities resting upon the properties belonging to the companies mentioned, the undersigned, holding and representing a large amount of the Bonds (certain of the undersigned being also members of committees representing said bonds and notes of the Kansas City Railway and Light Company and of said Metropolitan Street Railway Company and being familiar with the affairs and properties of all said companies), believe it of importance that the holders of the Bonds of the Central Electric Railway Company above-mentioned be in a position for prompt and concerted action, and have therefore consented to act as a Committee for the protection of the interests of the holders of these Bonds.

Holders of the Bonds are requested to deposit their Bonds on or before **APRIL 15, 1914**, with THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, 26 Broad Street, New York City, the Depositary under an agreement dated March 10, 1914, providing for such deposits. Transferable certificates of deposit will be issued therefor. Deposits may also be made with the OLD COLONY TRUST COMPANY, 17 Court Street, Boston, the Agent of the Depositary. The Committee will endeavor to arrange for the payment of the May 1, 1914, coupons direct to the holders thereof. To avoid complications resulting from the income tax law and regulations, these coupons should be detached and retained by the holders of the Bonds for collection in the usual manner when due. The Committee will collect the interest maturing on the Bonds after May 1, 1914, if and as paid, and when received will promptly pay such interest to the holders of certificates of deposit representing the Bonds in respect whereof such payments of interest shall be made.

Copies of the Deposit Agreement may be obtained by application either to the Depositary or to its Agent above mentioned. More detailed information may be obtained by application to the Secretary of the Committee.

Dated March 10, 1914.

JOHN B. DENNIS,
JAMES J. STORROW,
PAUL M. WARBURG,
W. K. WIGHAM,
Committee.

C. M. TRAVIS, Secretary,
24 Broad Street, New York City.

BYRNE & CUTCHEON,
New York City,
ROPES, GRAY, BOYDEN & PERKINS,
Boston.
Counsel.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

ROSENDORF, DANIEL.—IN PURSUANCE of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against DANIEL ROSENDORF, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of Messrs. Kantrowitz and Esberg, No. 320 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of June next. Dated New York November 26th, 1913. Hugo D. Rosendorf, Samuel Rosendorf, Jennie Myers, Florence Altman, and Lillie Bischoff, Administrators. KANTROWITZ and ESBERG, Attorneys for Administrators, No. 320 Broadway, New York City

The New York Times

Only morning newspaper in New York which gained advertising last month

The New York Times is the only New York *morning* newspaper which published more paid advertising in February, 1914, than in February, 1913.

Leader in volume of general advertising for fourteen months

The Times is New York's foremost morning newspaper in general advertising. From January 1, 1913, to February 28, 1914, its volume of paid advertising, excluding help, situation and medical advertisements, exceeded that of any other New York morning newspaper.

The total volume of *all* advertisements published by The New York Times in January and February exceeded that of any New York or Brooklyn newspaper, with one exception.

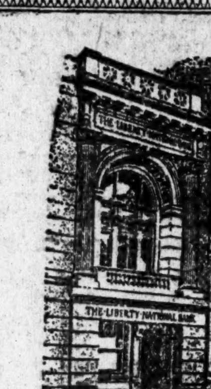
The net paid circulation of The New York Times—both daily and Sunday—is greater than that of any other New York morning newspaper, The World and The American only excepted.

The advertising rate of The New York Times, 40 cents per agate line, with circulation daily and Sunday exceeding 200,000, makes the cost less than one cent for each 5,000 circulation—the cheapest, as it is the best, newspaper advertising in the world.

REPORTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

THE-LIBERTY NATIONAL-BANK OF-NEW-YORK

139 BROADWAY



RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	$21,804,899.82
U.S. Bonds to secure Circulation	500,000.00
U.S. Bonds to secure U. S. Deposits	1,000.00
Bonds, Securities, etc.	3,608,832.58
Due from Banks	1,318,912.18
Exchanges for Clearing House	1,978,938.53
Cash	6,788,498.39
	$36,001,081.50

LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock	$1,000,000.00
Surplus Fund	2,000,000.00
Undivided Profits	828,046.76
Circulation	484,600.00
Deposits	31,665,169.20
Reserve for Taxes	23,265.54
	$36,001,081.50

DIRECTORS

UNION N. BETHEL
Vice-Pres. American Tel. and Tel. Co.
NEWCOMB CARLTON
Vice-Pres. Western Union Telegraph Co.
EDMUND C. CONVERSE
New York
OTIS H. CUTLER
Pres. American Brake Shoe and Foundry Co.
HENRY P. DAVISON
J. P. Morgan & Co.
ZOHETH S. FREEMAN
Vice-President
SAMUEL L. FULLER
Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co.
THOMAS A. GILLESPIE
President The T. A. Gillespie Co.

FRANCIS L. HINE
President First National Bank, New York
EDWARD E. LOOMIS
Vice-Pres. Del. Lack., and West. R. R. Co.
ARTHUR F. LUKE
Luke, Banks & Weeks
HOWARD W. MAXWELL
Vice-Pres. Atlas Portland Cement Co
AMBROSE MONELL
President International Nickel Co.
EDWARD S. MOORE
Vice-Pres. Chic., Rock Island & Pac.Ry.Co.
DANIEL E. POMEROY
Vice-Pres. Bankers Trust Co.
SEWARD PROSSER
President

DANIEL G. REID
Member Executive Committee L.V.R.R.Co.
CHARLES W. RIECKS
Vice President and Cashier
CHARLES H. SABIN
Vice-President Guaranty Trust Co.
CHARLES H. STOUT
New York
HENRY C. TINKER
New York
CHARLES H. WARREN
Treasurer Mutual Life Insurance Co.
ALBERT H. WIGGIN
President Chase National Bank.

MERCANTILE ACCOUNTS INVITED

[NO. 1461.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$175,015,984.87
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		3,647.37
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		3,138,700.00
U. S. bonds to secure circulation purchased with agreement to resell		1,000,000.00
U. S. bonds loaned		3,063,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand		310,050.00
Premium on U. S. bonds		9,350.18
Bonds, securities, etc		27,574,027.67
Securities purchased with agreement to resell		533,255.00
Customers' liability under letters of credit		8,678,290.74
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		5,000,000.00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		5,843,645.79
Due from State banks and bankers		12,379,819.79
Checks and other cash items		946,672.70
Exchanges for Clearing House		42,262,958.80
Notes of other national banks		292,190.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		136.92
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$44,833,061.27	
Legal-tender notes	2,750,000.00	
		47,583,061.27
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		206,935.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer		161,000.00
Total		$334,002,726.10
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$25,000,000.00
Surplus fund		25,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		8,141,813.30
National bank notes outstanding		3,721,000.00
Letters of credit		8,720,437.60
Due to other national banks	$61,236,179.87	
Due to State banks and bankers	25,194,338.37	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	31,857,279.48	
Dividends unpaid	865.00	
Individual deposits subject to check	124,895,070.96	
Demand certificates of deposit	309,025.00	
Foreign Government funds	804,594.78	
Certified checks	5,028,895.40	
Cashier's checks outstanding	6,482,126.42	
		255,808,375.28
U. S. bonds borrowed		5,646,750.00
Securities sold with agreement to repurchase		1,654,025.00
Reserved for taxes		121,000.00
Other liabilities		189,324.92
Total		$334,002,726.10

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, ARTHUR KAVANAGH, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. KAVANAGH, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March, 1914.
EDWIN F. COREY, Notary Public, N. Y. Co.
Correct—Attest:
EDWIN S. MARSTON,
M. TAYLOR PYNE,
G. H. MILLIKEN, } Directors.

[No. 9,717.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE GOTHAM NATIONAL BANK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$1,428,948.67
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		168.29
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		200,000.00
Other bonds to secure U. S. deposits, $100,000; to secure postal savings, $11,000		111,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c		285,145.00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		137,212.47
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks		14,344.49
Checks and other cash items		24,525.82
Exchanges for Clearing House		103,874.67
Notes of other national banks		4,415.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		1,870.54
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$419,994.05	
Legal-tender notes	25,000.00	
		444,994.05
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		10,000.00
Total		$2,766,499.00
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$200,000.00
Surplus fund		100,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		65,734.23
Reserved for improvements		5,579.17
National bank notes outstanding		197,700.00
Due to other national banks		104,898.85
Due to State and private banks and bankers		18,584.45
Due to trust companies and savings banks		1,007.56
Individual deposits subject to check		1,833,214.57
Demand certificates of deposit		108,247.95
Certified checks		9,804.99
Cashier's checks outstanding		10,524.31
United States deposits		100,5[illegible]6.46
Postal savings deposits		8,341.67
Reserved for taxes		1,155.74
Liabilities other than those above stated		1,109.05
Total		$2,766,499.00

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, THOMAS C. FRY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
THOMAS C. FRY, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March, 1914.
[Seal.] J. JOSEPH KIERAN,
Notary Public, N. Y. Co., No. 2,020. N. Y. Reg. No. 5,123.
Correct—Attest:
H. H. BIZALLION,
FRED'K FOWLER,
THOMAS KELLY, } Directors.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

REY.—GEORGE W.—Whereas, Anna V. Rey of Maspeth, Queens County, New York, has applied, under the provision contained in Section 2664 of the Code of Civil Procedure, to the Surrogate's Court of the County of Queens for letters of administration with the will annexed of the goods, chattels, and credits which were of GEORGE W. REY, deceased; Now, Therefore, Pursuant to an order of Hon. Daniel Noble, Surrogate of the County of Queens dated February 26, 1914, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of said GEORGE W. REY, deceased, to present the same to the Surrogate of the County of Queens, State of New York, at his office in Jamaica, in said county, on or before the 10th day of April, 1914.
Dated February 26th, 1914.

[No. 2,370.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4th, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$83,734,199.65
Overdrafts, secured		17,196.35
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		450,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		50,000.00
U. S. bonds loaned		1,150,000.00
Loans for account of customers		4,150,000.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		142,333.72
Bonds, securities, etc		21,709,446.31
Foreign bills purchased		203,869.49
Customers' liability under letters of credit		1,095,236.00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$3,421,634.47	
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks	2,855,418.34	
Checks and other cash items	1,076,853.42	
Exchanges for Clearing House	11,002,105.16	
Notes of other national banks	42,400.00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	7,006.48	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	30,175,231.90	
Legal-tender notes	3,180,859.00	
		51,761,508.77
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		22,500.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer		161,000.00
Total		$164,647,290.29
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$5,000,000.00
Surplus fund		5,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		5,158,295.39
National bank notes outstanding		450,000.00
Income tax withheld		997.47
Due to other national banks	$52,773,685.25	
Due to State and private banks and bankers	12,770,874.99	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	34,860,620.12	
Individual deposits subject to check	33,321,032.45	
Demand certificates of deposit	251,370.49	
Certified checks	4,091,028.75	
Cashier's checks outstanding	5,600,069.38	
		143,668,681.43
United States deposits		100,000.00
Letters of credit		1,104,316.00
Loans for account of customers		4,150,000.00
Reserved for taxes		20,000.00
Total		$164,647,290.29

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, HENRY M. CONKEY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
HENRY M. CONKEY, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March, 1914.
GEORGE E. SCHOEPPS, Notary Public.
County of New York, Number 49.
Commission Expires March 30, 1914.
Register's Office Number 4,104.
Correct—Attest:
ALBERT H. WIGGIN,
JOHN I. WATERBURY,
FRANCIS L. HINE, } Directors.

[No. 1,370.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Merchants National Bank of the City of New York

FOUNDED 1803

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4th, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$17,356,089.02
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		1,950,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		76,000.00
Other bonds to secure U. S. deposits		40,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand		50,000.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		45,252.91
Bonds, securities, &c		1,550,671.21
Banking house		995,257.34
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		1,347,011.78
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks		593,723.56
Checks and other cash items		138,443.21
Exchanges for Clearing House		3,796,213.96
Notes of other national banks		10,000.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		1,621.84
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$5,696,249.15	
Legal-tender notes	590,000.00	
		6,286,249.15
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		97,500.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer		50,010.00
Total		$34,384,043.98
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$2,000,000.00
Surplus fund		1,500,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		690,076.06
National bank notes outstanding		1,866,157.50
Due to other national banks	$7,312,451.07	
Due to State and private banks and bankers	2,197,500.45	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	7,373,027.10	
Dividends unpaid	617.50	
Individual deposits subject to check	9,629,678.57	
Demand certificates of deposit	146,712.46	
Certified checks	1,366,884.73	
Cashier's checks outstanding	179,960.33	
United States deposits	104,978.21	
		28,311,810.42
Reserved for taxes		16,000.00
Total		$34,384,043.98

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, R. M. GALLAWAY, President of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
R. M. GALLAWAY, President.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March, 1914.
HENRY D. HOLLOWAY,
Notary Public, New York County.
Residing and certificate filed in Bronx Co.
Correct—Attest:
JOS. W. HARRIMAN,
GUSTAV SCHWAB,
GEORGE ZABRISKIE, } Directors.

[No. 1,290.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The CITIZENS CENTRAL National Bank of New York

at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4th, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$20,769,820.18
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	$1,655,100.00	
Other bonds to secure U. S. deposits	100,000.00	
Bonds, securities, etc.	378,500.00	
		2,133,600.00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$2,046,158.60	
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks	1,425,145.26	
Checks and other cash items	530,171.34	
Exchanges for Clearing House	1,751,341.31	
Notes of other national banks	31,000.00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	893.33	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	5,163,509.50	
Legal-tender notes	608,603.00	
		11,556,822.34
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		82,755.00
Customers' liability under letters of credit		46,087.31
Due from U. S. Treasurer		152,000.00
Total		$34,741,084.83
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$2,550,000.00
Surplus fund		1,500,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		684,458.77
Reserved for interest unearned on bills discounted		200,000.00
Reserved for depreciation in securities		60,000.00
National bank notes outstanding		1,638,697.50
Due to other national banks	$5,927,536.29	
Due to State and private banks and bankers	1,084,914.04	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	1,702,028.33	
Dividends unpaid	108.00	
Individual deposits subject to check	18,361,163.67	
Demand certificates of deposit	165,882.93	
Certified checks	284,688.51	
Cashier's checks outstanding	419,535.59	
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	105,983.89	
		28,051,841.25
Reserved for taxes		10,000.00
Letters of credit and foreign accounts		46,087.31
Total		$34,741,084.83

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, ALBION K. CHAPMAN, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. K. CHAPMAN, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March, 1914.
WM. V. A. POE, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
AMBROSE R. ADAMS,
CHARLES ALLEN MUNN,
EDWIN S. SCHENCK, } Directors.

[No. 82.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

SECOND NATIONAL BANK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$11,534,951.79
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		10,080.46
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		685,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		50,000.00
Other bonds to secure U. S. deposits		50,000.00
U. S. bonds loaned		200,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c		1,465,491.82
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		1,172,024.86
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		259,448.57
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks		5,660.94
Checks and other cash items		155,202.53
Exchanges for Clearing House		589,769.50
Notes of other national banks		25,060.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		5,109.92
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$2,988,323.50	
Legal-tender notes	131,361.00	
		3,119,684.50
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		34,250.00
Total		$19,361,734.89
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000.00
Surplus fund		2,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		846,007.12
National banknotes outstanding		678,197.50
Due to other national banks	$108,217.12	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	855,292.34	
Individual deposits subject to check	12,909,117.12	
Demand certificates of deposit	177,548.94	
Certified checks	139,705.90	
Cashier's checks outstanding	30,115.60	
United States deposits	91,288.61	
		13,811,280.63
Bonds borrowed		885,000.00
Reserved for taxes		17,328.55
Liabilities other than those above stated:		
Real estate liability		123,000.00
Income tax withheld		821.[illegible]
Total		$19,361,734.89

State of New York, County of New York, ss.
I, WILLIAM PABST, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. W. PABST, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March, 1914.
JOHN H. SAMUELSEN, Notary Public.
New York County, No. 3,413.
Correct—Attest:
H. B. DOMINICK,
LOUIS MORRIS STARR,
D. S. RICHARDSON, } Directors.

REPORTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

ESTABLISHED 1784.
[No. 1,393.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Bank of New York

National Banking Association

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4th, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$19,306,857.89
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		194.26
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		800,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits, $70,000; to secure postal savings, none		70,000.00
Other bonds to secure U. S. deposits, $40,000; to secure postal savings, $95,000		135,000.00
Bonds, securities etc		3,456,403.29
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		250,000.00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$1,207,814.29	
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks	199,869.83	
Checks and other cash items	368,189.31	
Exchanges for Clearing House	8,493,872.99	
Notes of other national banks	8,500.00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	508.27	
		10,278,254.19
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$4,013,927.75	
Legal-tender notes	1,989,051.00	
		6,002,978.75
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		40,000.00
Customers' liabilities on time drafts and letters of credit		673,338.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer		33,000.00
Total		$41,046,026.38
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$2,000,000.00
Surplus fund		3,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		1,325,395.97
National banknotes outstanding		767,800.00
Due to other national banks	$8,101,530.76	
Due to State and private banks and bankers	2,242,054.88	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	2,092,562.04	
Dividends unpaid	1,605.00	
Individual deposits subject to check	13,810,686.98	
Demand certificates of deposit	817,974.95	
Certified checks	5,148,870.20	
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,354,181.37	
United States deposits	81,041.77	
Postal savings deposits	64,534.45	
		33,215,042.40
Reserved for taxes and dividend		64,450.01
Liabilities other than those above stated: Time drafts and letters of credit		673,338.00
Total		$41,046,026.38

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, JOSEPH ANDREWS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
JOSEPH ANDREWS, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March, 1914.
HANSON C. GIBSON, Notary Public,
[Seal.] N. Y. Co. No. 39.
Correct—Attest:
S. T. HUBBARD,
JAMES BROWN,
HERBERT L. GRIGGS, } Directors.

[No. 29.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4th, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$84,175,452.61
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		16,292.34
U.S. bonds to secure circulation		5,077,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		1,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand		111,750.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		2,726.17
Bonds, securities, etc		37,676,407.20
Bonds loaned		820,202.37
Banking house		1,750,000.00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$2,215,625.16	
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks	317,565.50	
Checks and other cash items	190,888.16	
Exchanges for Clearing House	12,741,811.50	
Notes of other national banks	16,455.00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	722.78	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	22,061,834.10	
Legal-tender notes	592,009.00	
		38,136,911.20
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		253,850.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer		57,249.29
Total		$168,078,841.18
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$10,000,000.00
Surplus fund		15,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		8,374,802.90
National banknotes outstanding		5,018,000.00
Due to other national banks	$39,742,779.29	
Due to State and private banks and bankers	1,536,856.01	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	33,986,075.60	
Dividends unpaid	880.00	
Individual deposits subject to check	48,598,960.38	
Demand certificates of deposit	9,450.45	
Certified checks	1,054,472.98	
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,935,563.57	
		126,860,038.28
United States deposits		1,000.00
Bonds borrowed		2,825,000.00
Total		$168,078,841.18

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, C. D. BACKUS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
C. D. BACKUS, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March, 1914.
WOOLSEY A. SHEPARD, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
GEO. F. BAKER,
A. C. JAMES,
THOMAS W. LAMONT, } Directors.

[No. 9,939.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE NATIONAL NASSAU BANK OF NEW YORK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4th, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$9,915,036.68
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		1,497.45
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		400,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		85,000.00
Other bonds to secure U. S. deposits		19,975.00
U. S. bonds on hand		1,000.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		3,918.75
Bonds, securities, etc		87,849.33
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		25,000.00
Other real estate owned		152,851.53
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		991,939.96
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks		173,447.29
Checks and other cash items		65,580.96
Exchanges for Clearing House		463,222.99
Notes of other national banks		5,000.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		6,038.94
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$2,546,376.85	
Legal-tender notes	670,410.00	
		3,216,786.85
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		20,000.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer		33,000.00
Total		$15,667,140.73
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000.00
Surplus fund		400,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		11,531.68
National bank notes outstanding		387,050.00
Due to other national banks		1,577,510.65
Due to State and private banks and bankers		122,588.65
Due to trust companies and savings banks		783,149.06
Dividends unpaid		106.00
Individual deposits subject to check		10,478,850.89
Demand certificates of deposit		350,025.49
Certified checks		160,473.67
Cashier's checks outstanding		282,304.64
United States deposits		113,550.00
Total		$15,667,140.73

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, A. W. GILBART, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. W. GILBART, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March, 1914.
JOHN A. MORISON, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
AUGUSTINE J. SMITH,
MARSHAL STEARNS,
EDWARD EARL, } Directors.

REPORTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

[No. 1,250.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE MECHANICS AND METALS NATIONAL BANK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4th, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$50,537,231.40
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		37.44
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		3,000,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		49,500.00
Other bonds to secure U. S. deposits, $59,937.50; to secure postal savings, $519,207.81		579,145.81
Bonds loaned		183,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c		5,730,561.81
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		1,460,342.85
Other real estate owned		23,900.00
Due from national banks, (not reserve agents)	$1,954,754.87	
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks	4,109,668.14	
Checks and other cash items	432,120.78	
Exchanges for Clearing House	15,074,748.53	
Notes of other national banks	20,000.00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	2,769.54	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	12,712,074.00	
Legal-tender notes	2,981,000.00	
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, (5% of circulation)	150,000.00	
Due from U. S. Treasurer	170,144.44	
		37,607,280.30
Total		$99,170,999.11
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$6,000,000.00
Surplus fund		6,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		2,854,166.06
National bank notes outstanding		2,955,500.00
Due to other national banks	$14,868,125.96	
Due to State and private banks and bankers	6,337,434.84	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	12,568,933.81	
Dividends unpaid	4,854.75	
Individual deposits subject to check	38,392,611.81	
Demand certificates of deposit	1,094,295.22	
Time certificates of deposit	1,000,000.00	
Certified checks	10,068,344.32	
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,274,659.75	
United States deposits	173,843.00	
Postal savings deposits	379,997.80	
		81,163,100.76
Bonds borrowed		158,000.00
Reserved for taxes		40,232.29
Total		$99,170,999.11

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, JOSEPH S. HOUSE, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
JOSEPH S. HOUSE, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March, 1914.
HENRY AUMANN, Jr., Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
JOHN D. RYAN,
H. H. ROGERS,
G. W. McGARRAH, } Directors.

[No. 1,231.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE IMPORTERS & TRADERS NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4th, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$26,828,045.09
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		169.86
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		50,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		1,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c		517,000.00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		700,000.00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		1,429,310.54
Due from State banks and bankers		139,067.76
Checks and other cash items		164,666.93
Exchanges for Clearing House		2,163,149.76
Notes of other national banks		585.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		4,170.00
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$3,787,800.00	
Legal-tender notes	1,696,436.00	
		5,484,236.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		2,500.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5 per cent. redemption fund		256,000.00
Total		$37,739,900.94
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$1,500,000.00
Surplus fund		6,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		1,851,677.75
National bank notes outstanding		46,600.00
State bank notes outstanding		5,678.00
Due to other national banks	$9,998,133.54	
Due to State banks and bankers	1,428,371.93	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	2,865,676.55	
Dividends unpaid	10,813.00	
Individual deposits subject to check	12,485,435.38	
Demand certificates of deposit	590,000.00	
Time certificates of deposit	700,000.00	
Certified checks	161,922.11	
Cashier's checks outstanding	67,982.22	
United States deposits	1,000.00	
		28,309,334.68
Reserved for taxes		26,610.51
Total		$37,739,900.94

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, H. H. POWELL, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
H. H. POWELL, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March, 1914.
CHAS. E. McCARTHY,
Notary Public, N. Y. Co., No. 12.
Correct—Attest:
EDWARD TOWNSEND,
JOHN J. WALTON,
CHAS. F. BASSETT, } Directors.

[No. 341.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FIFTH NATIONAL BANK,

at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$3,114,876.40
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		4,355.45
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		250,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		1,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand		4,000.00
Safe deposit vault		50,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c		536,172.40
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		38,193.13
Other real estate owned		136,456.00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		226,802.87
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks		13,917.20
Checks and other cash items		41,486.81
Exchanges for Clearing House		166,076.10
Notes of other national banks		8,340.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		2,880.08
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$577,033.67	
Legal-tender notes	526,570.00	
		1,103,603.67
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		12,500.00
Total		$5,710,160.11
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$250,000.00
Surplus fund		250,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		250,562.65
National bank notes outstanding		236,100.00
Due to other national banks	$107,387.81	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	260,885.75	
Dividends unpaid	3.00	
Individual deposits subject to check	4,149,245.15	
Demand certificates of deposit	57,881.87	
Certified checks	95,464.91	
Cashier's checks outstanding	52,129.47	
United States deposits	1,000.00	
		4,723,497.46
Total		$5,710,160.11

State of New York, County of New York, ss:
I, W. S. BECKLEY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. S. BECKLEY, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March, 1914.
WM. M. CHRISTIE.
Notary Public, No. 331, New York County.
Reg. Office No. 5,125.
Correct—Attest:
DANIEL D. WYLIE,
JOHN BYRNS,
S. KELLY, } Directors.

REPORTS OF STATE BANKS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE PUBLIC BANK OF NEW YORK CITY

at the close of business on the 2d day of March, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Stocks and bonds, viz.:		
Public securities, market value		$802,340.33
Other securities, market value		964,518.67
Real estate owned		379,138.62
Mortgages owned		30,650.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		190,940.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		1,661,972.00
Loans and discounts without collateral		4,681,644.98
Overdrafts		816.19
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		2,634,656.36
Specie		1,038,001.36
Legal-tender notes and notes of national banks		448,480.82
Cash items		119,251.20
Furniture and fixtures		69,682.51
Accrued interest entered		10,517.07
Accrued interest not entered		29,549.43
Total		$13,062,210.44
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$750,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		302,781.93
Unpaid dividends, reserved for taxes, &c., viz.:		
Reserved for taxes	$1,000.00	
Contingent fund	5,395.14	
Unpaid dividends	40.00	
		6,435.14
Preferred deposits	$280,000.00	
Deposits not preferred	11,462,928.33	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	144,536.70	
Total deposits		11,887,465.03
Cashier's checks outstanding	$56,228.34	
Mortgages on real estate owned	41,000.00	
Accrued interest not entered	18,300.00	
		115,528.34
Total		$13,062,210.44

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
EDWARD S. ROTHCHILD, President, and CHAS. H. BALDWIN, Cashier, of The Public Bank of New York City, a bank located and doing business at Nos. 89 and 91 Delancey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him, designating the 2d day of March, 1914, as the day as of which such report shall be made. I hereby certify that at the time when I signed my name hereto the Notary Public whose name is attached to the certificate hereinbelow contained asked me the question, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and I replied, "I do."
EDWARD S. ROTHCHILD, President.
CHARLES H. BALDWIN, Cashier.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, WM. J. BROWN, a Notary Public in and for the county above named, do hereby certify that on the 9th day of March, 1914, there appeared before me Edw. S. Rothchild, whose signature is appended to the statement hereinabove contained, and at the time when he signed such statement I asked him, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and he replied, "I do."
[Seal of Notary.] WM. J. BROWN,
Notary Public Kings County.
Certificate filed in N. Y. County.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, WM. J. BROWN, a Notary Public in and for the county above named, do hereby certify that on the 9th day of March, 1914, there appeared before me Chas. H. Baldwin, whose signature is appended to the statement hereinabove contained, and at the time when he signed such statement I asked him, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and he replied, "I do."
[Seal of Notary.] WM. J. BROWN,
Notary Public Kings County.
Certificate filed in N. Y. County.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

TWENTY-THIRD WARD BANK

at the close of business on the 2d day of March, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Stocks and bonds, viz.:		
Public securities, market value		$1,000.00
Real estate owned		211,650.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		66,175
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		340,415.14
Loans and discounts without collateral		1,403,808.89
Overdrafts		270.68
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		370,343.81
Specie		232,181.70
Legal tender notes and notes of national banks		96,950.00
Cash items		172,015.39
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$5,000.00	
Accrued interest not entered, (estimated)	1,000.00	
		6,000.00
Total		$2,900,810.01
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$200,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		108,944.71
Reserved for taxes		660.00
Preferred deposits	$87,809.89	
Deposits not preferred	2,389,641.62	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	11,053.99	
Total deposits		2,488,505.50
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Cashier's checks outstanding	$20,199.80	
Mortgages on real estate owned	81,500.00	
Accrued interest not entered, (estimated)	1,000.00	
		102,699.80
Total		$2,900,810.01

State of New York, County of Bronx, ss.:
CHARLES W. BOGART, President, and CHARLES P. BOGART, Cashier, of Twenty-third Ward Bank of the City of New York, a bank located and doing business at No. 2,869 Third Avenue, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law, (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him, designating the 2d day of March, 1914, as the day as of which such report shall be made. I hereby certify that at the time when I signed my name hereto, the Notary Public whose name is attached to the certificate hereinbelow contained asked me the question, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and I replied, "I do."
CHAS. W. BOGART, President.
CHARLES P. BOGART, Cashier.

State of New York, County of Bronx, ss.:
I, C. WM. MONTGOMERY, a Notary Public in and for the county above named, do hereby certify that on the 9th day of March, 1914, there appeared before me Charles W. Bogart, whose signature is appended to the statement hereinabove contained, and at the time when he signed such statement I asked him, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and he replied, "I do."
[Seal of Notary.] C. WM. MONTGOMERY,
Notary Public.

State of New York, County of Bronx, ss.:
I, C. WM. MONTGOMERY, a Notary Public in and for the county above named, do hereby certify that on the 9th day of March, 1914, there appeared before me Charles P. Bogart, whose signature is appended to the statement hereinabove contained, and at the time when he signed such statement I asked him, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and he replied, "I do."
[Seal of Notary.] C. WM. MONTGOMERY,
Notary Public, Westchester County.
Certificate filed in Bronx County No. 11.
Bronx County Register's No 507. Commission expires March 30, 1915.

REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

HUDSON TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 2d day of March, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, market value		$934,486.60
Other securities, market value		246,680.87
Real estate owned		86,938.58
Mortgages owned		131,000.00
Loans secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		197,470.06
Loans secured by other collateral		999,098.58
Bills purchased not secured by collateral		1,067,020.33
Overdrafts		1,933.28
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		908,956.29
Specie		272,705.79
Legal tender notes and notes of national banks		40,198.00
Cash items		123,766.91
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$7,000.00	
Accrued interest entered	13,166.53	
Accrued interest not entered	460.00	
		20,626.53
Total		$5,031,481.22
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$500,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		628,468.47
Reserve for contingencies		90,849.49
Unpaid dividends; reserved for taxes, &c., viz.:		
Taxes	$5,052.23	
Unpaid dividend	355.50	
		5,407.73
Preferred deposits	$485,689.34	
Deposits not preferred	2,945,361.42	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	166,320.28	
Total deposits		3,597,371.04
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Income tax account	$21.83	
Officers' checks outstanding	2,868.95	
Teller's and accepted checks	193,907.21	
Accrued interest entered	12,320.50	
Accrued interest not entered	266.00	
		209,384.49
Total		$5,031,481.22

Amount of investments held as executor administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or as depositary of moneys deposited on order of the court, for which the trust company is liable because the same are not legal for savings banks, nor permitted in and by the respective instruments or words creating or defining the trusts, $5,396.53.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
HY. C. STRAHMANN, Vice President, and RICHARD A. PURDY, Secretary, of Hudson Trust Company, located and doing business at No. 1,411 Broadway, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law, (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him designating the 2d day of March, 1914, as the date of which such report shall be made. I hereby certify that at the time when I signed my name hereto the Notary Public whose name is attached to the certificate hereinbelow contained asked me the question, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and I replied, "I do."
HY. C. STRAHMANN, Vice President.
RICHARD A. PURDY, Secretary.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, WM. J. HOLLOWAY, a Notary Public in and for the county above named, do hereby certify that on the 9th day of March, 1914, there appeared before me HY. C. STRAHMANN, whose signature is appended to the statement hereinabove contained, and, at the time when he signed such statement, I asked him, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and he replied, "I do."
WM. J. HOLLOWAY, Notary Public,
[Seal of Notary.] New York County.
N. Y. Co. 1,735, N. Y. Reg. 5,240.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, WM. J. HOLLOWAY, a Notary Public in and for the county above named, do hereby certify that on the 9th day of March, 1914, there appeared before me RICHARD A. PURDY, whose signature is appended to the statement hereinabove contained, and, at the time when he signed such statement, I asked him, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and he replied, "I do."
WM. J. HOLLOWAY, Notary Public,
[Seal of Notary.] New York County.
N. Y. Co. 1,735, N. Y. Reg. 5,240.

REPORTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

EAST RIVER NATIONAL BANK, NEW YORK CITY.

Statement of condition March 4, 1914.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	$1,289,066.84
U. S. bonds	50,000.00
Other bonds	61,674.12
Banking house	150,000.00
Other real estate	6,934.35
Due from banks	477,572.71
Cash and reserve	378,766.76
	$2,414,014.78
LIABILITIES.	
Capital	$250,000.00
Surplus and profits	57,794.58
Circulation	49,400.00
Deposits	2,056,820.20
	$2,414,014.78

OFFICERS.
VINCENT LOESER, President.
OSCAR STINER, Vice President.
GEO. E. HOYER, Cashier.
H. V. E. TERHUNE, Asst. Cashier.

LONG ISLAND BANKS.

Commercial National Bank Of Long Island City

March 4, 1914.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	$635,034.44
Furniture and fixtures	7,734.96
Cash and due from banks	144,875.90
United States and other bonds	50,593.75
Total	$838,239.05
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock	$200,000.00
Surplus and profits	106,184.15
Reserve for taxes	503.38
Circulation	49,450.00
Deposits	482,101.52
Total	$838,239.05

Pres., E. V. CONNOLLY.
Vice Pres., HORACE HAVEMEYER.
Cashier, J. WILSON JONES.

NEXT SUNDAY

Out-of-town National bank statements will be published in The New York Times, next Sunday.

The New York Times aims to present a complete record of bank statements. Thirty-four of the thirty-six National banks in New York City, in addition to banks in other cities, published statements in The New York Times at the last National bank call.

PENNSYLVANIA BANKS.

The Philadelphia National Bank

Philadelphia, March 4, 1914.

RESOURCES		
Loans and Discounts		$38,238,953.56
Due from Banks		10,588,341.54
Exchanges for Clearing House		2,600,498.64
Cash and Reserve		14,059,390.59
		$65,487,184.33
LIABILITIES		
Capital Stock		$1,500,000.00
Surplus and Net Profits (Earned)		4,853,283.25
Circulation		643,797.50
Deposits:		
Individual	$34,154,296.64	
Bank	24,335,806.94	58,490,103.58
		$65,487,184.33

REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 2d day of March, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, market value		$582,398.75
Other securities, market value		7,111,779.05
Real estate owned		2,320,541.42
Mortgages owned		10,194,793.33
Loans secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		2,398,122.28
Loans secured by other collateral		7,771,695.75
Bills purchased not secured by collateral		3,842,219.63
Overdrafts		930.52
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		7,037,854.10
Specie		1,922,383.82
Legal-tender notes and notes of national banks		987,354.00
Cash items		1,829,257.23
Other assets, viz.:		
Premiums, examination and search fees due	$209,559.27	
Other outstandings	7,910.51	
Suspense	1,000.00	
Accrued interest entered	368,167.02	
Accrued interest not entered	6,000.00	
		592,636.80
Total		$46,591,966.68
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$5,000,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		11,736,145.85
Unpaid dividends; reserved for taxes, &c., viz.:		
Unpaid dividends	$5.00	
Reserve for taxes	141,600.00	
Reserve for accrued expense	43,909.62	
		185,514.62
Preferred deposits	$2,681,591.93	
Deposits not preferred	24,669,610.27	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	817,497.16	
Total deposits		28,168,699.36
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Officers' checks outstanding	$1,256,461.34	
Mortgages on real estate owned	105,726.82	
Accrued interest entered	137,418.69	
Accrued interest not entered	2,000.00	
		1,501,606.85
Total		$46,591,966.68

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
CLARENCE H. KELSEY, President, and J. WRAY CLEVELAND, Secretary, of Title Guarantee & Trust Company, located and doing business at No. 176 Broadway, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law, (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him designating the 2d day of March, 1914, as the date of which such report shall be made. I hereby certify that at the time when I signed my name hereto the Notary Public whose name is attached to the certificate hereinbelow contained asked me the question, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and I replied, "I do, to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief."
CLARENCE H. KELSEY, President.
J. WRAY CLEVELAND, Secretary.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, ALFRED C. BACHMAN, a Notary Public in and for the county above named, do hereby certify that, on the 6th day of March, 1914, there appeared before me CLARENCE H. KELSEY, whose signature is appended to the statement hereinabove contained, and, at the time when he signed such statement, I asked him, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and he replied, "I do, to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief."
ALFRED C. BACHMAN,
[Seal of Notary.] Notary Public, No. 156,
New York Co.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, ALFRED C. BACHMAN, a Notary Public in and for the county above named, do hereby certify that, on the 6th day of March, 1914, there appeared before me J. WRAY CLEVELAND, whose signature is appended to the statement hereinabove contained, and, at the time when he signed such statement, I asked him, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and he replied, "I do, to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief."
ALFRED C. BACHMAN,
[Seal of Notary.] Notary Public, No. 156,
New York Co.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 2nd day of March, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, market value		$9,515,516.96
Other securities, market value		23,964,081.56
Real estate owned		3,647,831.72
Mortgages owned		5,802,929.98
Loans secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		52,000
Loans secured by other collateral		81,642,811.17
Bills purchased not secured by collateral		20,708,462.29
Overdrafts		844.84
Overdrafts secured		187,417.13
Advances to trusts secured		153,481.60
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		20,005,994.65
Specie		11,550,094.87
Legal tender notes and notes of national banks		467,100
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered	$786,511.29	
Accrued interest not entered	19,086.92	
		805,598.21
Total		$128,503,964.98
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$1,000,000.00
Undivided profits		6,559,480.15
Unpaid dividends	$86.75	
Reserve for taxes	80,500.00	
Reserve for unearned interest	203,429.47	
		284,016.21
Preferred deposits	$6,795,491.47	
Deposits not preferred	103,799,629.79	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	9,135,953.45	
Total deposits		119,731,074.7
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered	$911,111.04	
Accrued interest not entered	18,282.86	
		929,393.9
Total		$128,503,964.98

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
EDWIN S. MARSTON, President, and AUGUSTUS V. HEELY, Secretary, of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, located and doing business at No. 22 William Street, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him designating the second day of March, 1914, as the date of which such report shall be made. I hereby certify that at the time when I signed my name hereto the Notary Public whose name is attached to the certificate hereinbelow contained asked me the question, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and I replied, "I do."
EDWIN S. MARSTON, President.
AUGUSTUS V. HEELY, Secretary.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, LESLIE M. McCRUM, a Notary Public in and for the county above named, do hereby certify that on the 9th day of March, 1914, there appeared before me Edwin S. Marston, whose signature is appended to the statement hereinabove contained, and, at the time when he signed such statement, I asked him, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and he replied, "I do."
LESLIE M. McCRUM,
Notary Public No. 80, New York County.
[Seal of Notary]

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, LESLIE M. McCRUM, a Notary Public in and for the county above named, do hereby certify that on the 9th day of March, 1914, there appeared before me Augustus V. Heely, whose signature is appended to the statement hereinabove contained, and, at the time when he signed such statement, I asked him, "Do you solemnly swear that the statements contained in the foregoing report are true?" and he replied, "I do." LESLIE M. McCRUM,
Notary Public No. 80, New York County.
[Seal of Notary]

SURROGATE NOTICES.

ROSENTHAL, HENRY.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY ROSENTHAL, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of their attorney, Benjamin Scharps, at No. 32 Broadway, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the 28th day of March next.
Dated New York, the 20th day of September, 1913.
HERMAN RAWITSER,
HENRY M. TOCH,
Executors.
BENJAMIN SCHARPS, Attorney for Executors, 32 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Sumner Gerard Enlarges Thirty-first Street Plot for Twenty-Story Building—Eleventh Avenue Sale—Deal in Produce District—Fifth Avenue Lease Tangle—Active Leasing Market.

Sumner Gerard has increased his holdings in Thirty-first Street between Madison and Fourth Avenues by purchasing from Henry McBurney the two old dwellings at 36 and 38 East Thirty-first Street, having a combined frontage of 40 feet by 98.9. They adjoin the 75 feet frontage at 40 to 46 recently acquired by Mr. Gerard in the name of the Aeon Realty Company from M. Kroenke in exchange for the apartment house at 562 to 568 West End Avenue.

His recent purchase gives Mr. Gerard a frontage of 175 feet, and plans have been prepared by the architect, Walter Haefeli, for a twenty-story loft structure to cost $850,000. The plot at 32 and 34 East Thirty-first Street, 45 feet, owned by the Adroit Building Company, Joseph M. Brody, President, is to be improved with a twelve-story commercial building costing $225,000, plans for which were filed a few days ago.

Deal on Eleventh Avenue.

George R. Read & Co. have sold for the Central Assets Corporation to Arthur K. Ware the two-story and basement brick garage and warehouse 617-619-621 Eleventh Avenue, between Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth Streets, on plot 75.3 by 100. The buyer will occupy the building.

Loft in Produce Section Sold.

The Lichtenstein estate has sold to an investing client of Robert E. Rainey the five-story building at 297 Washington Street.

Adjoining the southwest corner of Reade Street the building occupies a plot 26.5 by 55.1 by 24.6 by 48.4.

Broadway Apartments Transferred.

The Pullman Holding Company is the new owner of the two apartment houses known as the Saxony and the De Witt, on the southwest corner of Broadway and Eighty-second Street, 90.4 on Broadway by 157 on the street, reported sold last month by Robert B. Dula to an investor. Loton H. Slawson, who acted as one of the brokers in the deal, is President of the Pullman Holding Company. Title passed yesterday, the new owners giving back mortgages of $570,000. Mr. Dula bought the houses from Bing & Bing, who took them in January in part payment from Mrs. Morris K. Jesup for the seventeen-story apartment house on the northeast corner of Park Avenue and Seventy-ninth Street.

Buyers for Tenements.

Robert F. Erts has sold to Joseph B. Peck, for investment, 271 West 140th Street, a five-story double flat, on a plot 25 by 99.10. Paul A. McGolrick acted for the buyer and Nicholas Lopard for the seller.

Morris Rose and Lewis Norman have sold 88 and 90 Second Avenue, northeast corner of Fifth Street, a six-story new-law tenement, on plot 48.6 by 75.

A Recent Buyer.

George W. McAdam is the purchaser of the plot, 112.4 by 138, at the southwest corner of Jerome Avenue and 176th Street, sold recently by John F. Kaiser.

Fifth Avenue Plot Twice Leased.

Some difficulty seems to have arisen over the property at 418 Fifth Avenue, which has been held under lease by E. M. Gattle from Dr. Austin Flint at $11,500 a year from Sept. 1, 1906, to 1930. It was included a few days ago in the plot leased by Mr. Gattle, with the Gattle Building, on the southwest corner of Thirty-eighth Street, to Franklin Simon & Co. On Saturday a lease of the 418 Fifth Avenue plot was recorded from Dr. Flint to M. I. Stewart & Co., now at 404 Fifth Avenue, for twenty-six and one-half years from March 1, 1914, at $16,000 a year.

Bronx Sales.

Kurz & Uren, Incorporated, has sold for Morton M. Green the vacant plot of land, 33.6 by 101.6 by 52 by 100, on the northeast corner of Poplar Street and Paulding Avenue, to a builder. The same firm of brokers, in conjunction with Arthur Weyl & Co., have sold for Thomas H. Roff the eight and one-half lots on the northwest corner of 184th Street and Park Avenue to the Winnie Realty and Construction Company, Maurice Muller President, which will improve the property with a row of five-story new-law apartment dwellings.

The J. Romaine Brown Company has sold for the Eberhardt Realty Company to an investor the new six-story apartment house, on plot 42 by 100.11, on the west side of Hoe Avenue, 42 feet south of Aldus Street, in the Simpson section.

Staten Island Sale.

Cornelius G. Kolff has sold for the heirs of Isaac Florence two lots on Maryland Avenue, Rosebank, to John and Mary Bocca.

Violin Makers Move Uptown.

Edgar A. Manning, in conjunction with George A. Bowman, has leased the third floor of 141 West Forty-second Street for a term of years to Aug. Gemunder & Sons, makers of violins, who have been located on East Twenty-third Street for the past twenty-five years.

Commercial Leases.

M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company has leased for the Sixth Avenue and Twenty-third Street Corporation the corner store at the northwest corner of Sixth Avenue and Twenty-second Street. This is the property formerly occupied by the department store of Ehrich Brothers and afterward by Kessners. The new tenants are Brier & Schill, who will occupy the store for their retail cloak and suit business.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased the store and second floor at 255 and 257 West Fifty-seventh Street to the Stewart Auto Academy for a term of years.

George R. Read & Co. have leased for P. Ballantine & Sons the five-story and basement building 130 to 134 Cedar Street, corner Washington Street, to Geisenheimer & Co., for Horace S. Ely & Co., and the store at 127 and 129 Water Street to the Chicago Belting Company for Smith & Hemenway.

Camman, Voorhees & Floyd have leased the building at 57 and 59 Front Street for J. Archibald Murray to Wolf, Sayer & Heller; also the building at 243 Water Street for Baldwin & May, as attorneys, to the Atlantic Bag Company; a store at 27 South William Street for the Hermanos Realty Company to the Alcohol Utilities Company, and in conjunction with Horace S. Ely & Co. the building at 159 South Street to Nicola Delia & Co., and the store at 95 and 97 Front Street to Edward Bleecker.

Apfelbaum & Apfelbaum, Inc., have leased the store on the southeast corner of Broad and Cedar Streets, Newark, N. J., for Mrs. Sarah H. Holt to Arthur L. Braus of New York City for a long term of years, for ladies' cloaks, suits, and wearing apparel.

Pease & Elliman have leased a store at 1,123 Park Avenue to B. McKeon; one at 1,125 Park Avenue to I. Schulman, and one at 565 West 181st Street to A. Kampsera.

Moss Estate Buyers Organize.

At a meeting of the Moss Estate Taxpayers' Association, a body organized among the purchasers at the recent auction sale of the Moss estate property conducted by Joseph P. Day and J. Clarence Davies, James R. Murphy was elected President, E. J. Redington Vice President, and William L. Sayers Secretary and Treasurer. The Directors elected are Mr. Pleuger, George H. Tindall, John E. Bennett, Alfred Fergess, John Schrempf, Mrs. Martha Miller, John Joseph Lord, Laurence J. Kelly, and Leon Dashew.

At the close of the meeting President Murphy announced that plans had been filed for the improvement of the plot, 75 by 100, on Grand Avenue, located 50 feet south of 174th Street, with a five-story duplex apartment house, and that several operators were contemplating the improvement of their Jerome Avenue plots purchased at the sale.

Poor Building Record.

According to figures gathered in sixty large cities of the United States by The American Contractor there was a gain of 1 per cent. in new buildings projected during January and February over the same months in 1913.

In Greater New York, however, the industry suffered severely, as the following figures will show:

	1914. Feb.	1913. Feb.	G'n Per	L's Ct.
Manhattan.	2,761,042	9,160,535	..	70
Bronx.....	1,286,311	2,422,185	..	47
Brooklyn..	3,435,465	2,298,850	49	..
Boro. of Queens...	681,915	1,253,084	..	45
Boro. of Richmond.	92,380	87,295	6	..
Total....	8,257,113	15,221,949	..	45

Real Estate Notes.

Suit has been started by City Chamberlain Bruere through Corporation Counsel Polk to foreclose a mortgage on the Thames building, at the northeast corner of Thames and Greenwich Streets. The interest on the mortgage, which is for $125,000, is overdue. The building is a seven-story structure on a plot 56.10 by 74 by irregular. This is the first foreclosure that has been brought against real estate by the new Chamberlain.

Hellen & Sussman negotiated the sale of the three Marble Hill apartment houses sold last week to the Johanna Realty Company.

A meeting of the United Real Estate Owners' Association will be held this evening at the Grand Union Hotel.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

The Auction Offerings of Real Estate Yesterday Were as Follows:

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

123d St, 124 to 128 East, s s, 240 ft e of Park Av, 75x100.11, 3 five-story tenements; adjourned to March 23.

Madison Av, 1,629, e s, 25.6 ft s of 109th St, 25x95, five-story tenement and stairs; Florence Levy against Sarah Jackson and others; Stoddard & M., attorneys; E. E. McCall, referee; partition; to Louis Levy for $25,300.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By D. P. Ingraham & Co.

Seton Av, e s, 125 ft n of Strang Av, 87x100x—x100 to Amundson Av x150x200; withdrawn.

TO-DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

Local and Suburban Realty Offerings in the Salesrooms.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By D. P. Ingraham & Co.

130th St, 223 West, n s, 262.6 ft w of 7th Av, 18.9x99.11, three-story dwelling; M. S. Thompson and others, trustees, against Elizabeth Atkinson; G. F. Warren, Jr., attorney; Phoenix Ingraham, referee; due, $10,799.83; taxes, &c., $217.73.

By M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co.

131st St, 9 East, n s, 175 ft e of 5th Av, 25x99.11, five-story tenement; A. R. Spring against C. W. Conner and others; Wilson, B. & W., attorneys; L. L. Leventritt, referee; due, $17,765.74; taxes, &c., $536.50.

By Henry Brady.

Cherry St, 277 to 281, s w corner of Jefferson St., 75x94.8x75x94, three and six story loft and store building; M. E. Hazelton, individually against J. M. Dempsey and others; Alexander Thain, attorney; Louis Wendel, Jr., referee; partition.

By Joseph P. Day.

Tratman Av, s s, 99.7 ft e of Zerega Av, 167.10x110; J. J. Paulsen against Sarah Browning and others; Friend & F., attorneys; R. M. Robinson, referee; due, $1,718.70; taxes, &c, $1,226.47; subject to first mortgage of $5,000.

Guion Place, s s, 120 ft e of St. Lawrence Av, 50x80; M. B. Society of M. E. Church against Margaret Sullivan and others; Jerome Eisner, attorney; S. J. Wagstaff, referee; due, $1,415.92; taxes, &c., $21.72.

139th St, East, 128 ft e of Southern Boulevard, 25x100, vacant; Joseph Margoles against Junction Realty Co. and others; A. & H. Bloch, attorneys; Warren Leslie, referee; due, $2,174.75; taxes, &c, $600.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

No plans for new structures were filed yesterday in Manhattan. The following were filed in the Bronx:

Clinton Av, w s, 57.8 ft s of 176th St, for two five-story brick tenements, 50x88, each; The Hargton Building Co., Adela M. Harrington, 1,478 Vyse Av, President, owner; Harry T. Howell, 3d Av and 149th St, architect; cost, $100,000.

Avenue St. John, e s, corner of Beck St, for two five-story brick tenements, 58x93x67x100; Normal Construction Co., John Brown, 661 Tinton Av, President, owner; Charles B. Meyers, 1 Union Square, architect; cost, $130,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, MARCH 9.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, s w corner of 82d St, 90.4x128.7x irregular x157; Robert B. Dula to Pullman Holding Co., 17 Madison Av., March 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co. 176 Broadway....$100

CLINTON ST, 14, e s, 20x100.2; Beni Faden to Hyman Goldstein, 111 2d Av, (mtg $30,000,) March 9; attorney, S. G. Litwin, 233 Broadway....$1

MADISON AV, s e corner of 105th St, 17.7x45; Aaron Smith to Sarah Smith, 980 Prospect Av, Feb. 27; attorney, Leo Lerner, 80 2d Av....$100

4TH AV, e s, 532 ft s of 27th St, 22.7x60.4; Elizabeth A. Cuskley to Patrick J. Cuskley, 22 West 91st St, ½ part, (mtg $15,000,) March 25, 1913; subject to ½ mtg; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St....$1

15TH ST, 482 East, s s, 25x103.3, (foreclosure March 4;) Edward L. Parris, referee, to Sarah Kohn, 569 West 150th St, (mtg $24,000,) all liens, March 9; attorneys, Fischer & R., 115 Broadway....$1,000

SAME PROPERTY; Sarah Kohn to Nathan Kohn, 569 West 150th St, (mtg $24,000,) March 9; attorneys, same....$1

34TH ST, 448 West, 20.10x98.9; Harriet S. James to Louis M. Alofsin, 448 West 34th St, March 7, (mtg $12,000;) attorney, David Goldfarb, 35 Nassau St....$100

52D ST, s s, 370 ft e of 8th Av, runs s 118 x e 60 x n 17.7 x w 30 x n 100.5 to street x w 30 to beginning; Leon Alland and others to Alland Realty Corporation, 65 Bleecker St, (mtg $40,000,) all liens, Feb. 21; attorney, Maurice S. Hyman, 55 Liberty St....$1

60TH ST, n s, 43 ft w of Lexington Av, 21x100.5; Nathan and Moses Herrman to Hannah J. Herrman, New York, 1-9 part, Feb. 28, 1910; attorney, C. A. O'Neil, 293 Broadway....$1

65TH ST, 304 East, s s, 18x79x18.2x76.2; Kate F. O'Meara to James J. O'Meara, 311 East 124th St, (mtg $5,000,) all liens, March 6; attorney, H. A. Cook, 38 Park Row....$1

77TH ST, 351-353 East, 40x—; Alonzo G. Oakley to Rachel Gottfried, 351 East 77th St, March 6; attorney, W. Lesser, 320 Broadway....$1

87TH ST, 302 to 308 W., s s, 67x100.8; Coast Realty Company to Frank D. Lyman, 346 7th St, Brooklyn, all liens, Jan. 9; attorney, B. H. Stern, 149 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Frank D. Lyman to Coast Construction Company, Inc., 149 Broadway, all liens, Feb. 17; attorney, same....$100

99TH ST, 51 East, n s, 25x100.4; Value Realty Co. to Fred and Jno. Yockel, 1,058 Washington Av, all liens, Feb. 27; attorney, Jno. P. Everett, 32 Liberty St....$100

100TH ST, 413-415 East, 37.1x100.11; 100th St 401 East, 50x63.5; 100th St, 409 East, 37.1x100.5; Annie Nathanson to Manhattan Holding Co., 89 Delancey St, March 18....$100

100TH ST, s s, 200 ft w of West End Av, 80x100.11; Maryland Mortgage Co. to Isaac Simons, 230 Riverside Drive, Nov. 29, 1913; attorneys, Weschler & Kohn, 141 Broadway....$100

117TH ST, n s, 76.8 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18.4x100.11; Mary L. Albee to Helen H. Jenkins of Norfolk, Conn., (mtg $15,000,) March 6; attorney, Stanley H. Molleson, 42 Broadway....$1

25TH ST, 29 West, n s, 20x99.11; Mary A. Grace to Millicent S. Denton of Avon-by-the-N. J., (mtg $35,000,) March 6; attorney, Hy M. Denton, Avon-by-the-Sea, N. J....$100

128TH ST, s s, 273.9 ft e of 3d Av, 18.9x99.11; Annie Aaron to Andrew J. McKegney, 2,486 De Voe Terrace, Feb. 25....$100

Bronx.

ARTHUR AV, w s, between 178th and 179th Sts, being Lot 33, Blk 3,068, tax map; Ray M. Robinson, referee to Realty Redemption Co., 68 William St, March 4; attorney, Aug. Weymann, 68 William St....$12,000

AUSTIN PLACE, e s, 37.6 ft s of 147th St, 37.6x100; Harlem Bottling Works to Irene E. Riessick, 2,064 Valentine Av., Feb. 28, (mtg $13,500;) attorneys, Clocke, K. & R., 391 East 149th St....$100

BARRETTO ST, w s, 386 ft n of 165th St, 75x100; Rosa Weisman to Thos. W. Weisman, 108 Bay 31st St, B'klyn, March 3; attorneys, Feiner & M., 100 B'way....$100

CARROLL PLACE, s s, Lot 214, map of Section 3 of St. Raymond Park; Phelan Bros. Constr. Co. to Pasquale Angarola, 1,098 Franklin Av, Jan. 14; attorney, D. A. Trotta, 391 East 149th St....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Pasquale Angarola to May Sanna, 801 East Tremont Av, Jan. 16; attorney, same....$100

SAME PROPERTY; May Sanna to Dominic A. Trotta, 2,159 Mapes Av, Jan. 20; attorney, same....$100

CATHARINE ST, n w s, e ½ of Lot 280, map East Tremont; Julius Buchalter to Steinmetz Constn Co., 1,416 Glover Av; mtg $5,000, March 7; attorney, Jos. T. Hanlon, 1,009 East 180th St....$100

CEDAR AV, w s, 100 ft s of Chester Av, 25x100; Henry Schunke to Jos Schunke, 3,435 Tieman Av, (mtg $3,780,) March 6; attorney, party of the second part....$1

DE KALB AV, s w corner of 212th St, 25x100; James R. Foster to Patrick H. Comerford, 1,656 2d Av, March 6, (mtg $4,000;) attorney, L. Siegel, 302 Broadway....$1

FRANKLIN AV, n w, 214 ft s of 168th St, 126.6x193x123x227.5; Henry Goeltz to John H. J. Ronner, 1,278 Fulton Av, Dec. 10, 1903, (mtg $20,000;) attorneys, Gerlich & S., 1,511 3d Av....$1

FRANKLIN AV; same property; same to same, Jan. 20, 1904, (mtg $20,000;) attorney same....$1

HOE AV, n w corner of 174th St, 80x15.4x80.1x20.3; 174th St, n s, 20.2 ft w of Hoe Av, 60.8x—; Boston Road, s e s, at n s of 174th St, 47.4x—; Hoe Av Realty Co., Inc., to American Real Estate Co., 527 5th Av, (mtg $35,000,) March 7; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way....$1

JACKSON ST, w s, Lot 438, Unionport; also Gore Z, same map; Emil Roedel to John H. J. Ronner, 1,278 Fulton Av, March 20, 1905; attorneys, Gerlich & S., 1,511 3d Av....$100

JENNINGS ST, s s, 100 ft e of Wilkins Place, 78x129.10x60x126; Max H. Joseph to Thomas W. Weissman, 108 Bay 31st St, Brooklyn, March 3, (mtg $3,500;) attorneys, Feiner & M., 100 Broadway....$100

JEROME AV, s w corner of 176th St, 138x100x112.3x103.3; John F. Kaiser and others to George W. McAdam, Jr., 20 West 90th St, (mtg $13,450,) Feb. 26....$100

SAME PROPERTY; George W. McAdam, Jr., to George W. McAdam, 20 West 90th St, March 7; attorney, same....$100

KEPPLER AV, e s, 40 ft s of 238th St, 72x100; Howard Hayes and ano. to Benj. J. Kline, 926 West Front St, Plainfield, N. J., March 7, (mtg $22,000;) attorneys, McKennell & A., 111 B'way....$1,549

LOTS 136 and 137, map 369, Lots Hunts Point Realty Co.; Steinmetz Construction Co. to Cilia Buchalter, 2,071 Daly Av, March 7; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

LOTS 30 and 31, 44 to 46, map of part of Trask estate; Edgar J. Lauer to Hoe Ave. Realty Co., Inc., 36 West 59th St, Feb. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

LOTS 214 and 215, map of Samler estate; Evangeline M. Therry to Victor K. Oetfen, 1,205 Tinton Av, Feb. 13; attorney, S. Herschman, 200 Broadway....$100

LOT 224, same map; same to same, Feb. 13; attorney, same....$1

LOTS 97 and 99, same map; same to same, Feb. 13; attorney, same....$1

LOTS 166 and 167, same map; same to same, Feb. 13; attorney, same....$1

LOT 133, Map Bronx Terrace; Fred'k C. Stork to Realty and Commercial Co., 30 Church St., and ano; Jan. 14; attorney, Title Guaranty and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

LOT 290, Blk H, amended map Mapes Estate; Ellen F. Gahagan to Adelaide Gahagan or Gaghan, 1,437 St. Lawrence Av, Oct. 24, 1913; attorney, Theo. J. Schwartzman, 44 Court St, Brooklyn....$1

LOTS 10 and 11, map of Seton Homestead; Delia Moynihan to Mary A. Moynihan, 1,489 Fort Schuyler Road, March 5, (mtg $1,000;) attorney, Timothy Power, 2,758 Walker Av....$1

OPDYKE AV, n e corner of 3d St, 100x100; Howard Hayes to Benj. J. Kline, 926 West Front St, Plainfield, N. J., March 7; attorneys, McKennell & A., 111 B'way....$1

TINTON AV, 680, e s, 20x125; Frank R. Leary to Richard P. Sefferien, 161 East 89th St, (mtg $5,500,) March 4; attorney, A. M. Kirtland, 81 East 125th St....$100

VYSE AV, w s, 100 ft s of Jennings St, 50x100; Henry M. Goldfogle, referee, to Rosina Baldo, 2,472 Arthur Av, Feb. 28; attorneys, Bergman & D., 3,219 3d Av....$4,700

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, n e corner of Burke St, 75x100; Geo. Hill to American Real Estate Co., 527 5th Av, March 3; attorney, J. C. Meyers, 527 5th Av....$100

169TH ST, 1,289 East, n e s, 25.7x73x26.6x72.2; Giovanni Quartana to Ambleto Quartana, 2,007 Vyse Av, March 7, (mtg $3,000;) attorney, A. H. Vitale, 1,044 East Tremont Av....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, s w corner of 82d St, 90.4x—; Pullman Holding Co., to Robert B. Dula, Tarrytown, N. Y., March 2, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$435,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, prior mtg $435,000, March 2, due April 1, 1918, 6 p. c.; attorney, same....$135,000

MADISON AV, 801, e s, 18x84; 56th St, 76 East, 18x100.5; James A. Hawes to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St, March 6, due Sept. 18, 1914; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place..$5,000

1ST AV, 233, w s, 20x60; Harris Lurrie to Henry Katzenberg, 206 East 60th St, March 9, prior mtg $11,500, due as per bond; attorney, Moses Goodman, 287 Broadway....$4,000

28TH ST, 340 West, s s, 21.5x98.9; James J. Buckley to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, March 7, due and interest as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$10,500

34TH ST, 448 West, 20x98.9; Louis M. Alofsin to Harriet S. James, 859 Riverside Drive, March 7, prior mtg $12,000, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$5,000

127TH ST, n s, at s s of Manhattan St, runs w 42.7x n e 19.7x s e 38; Kunigunda Windolph to John Claflin and others, 15 Washington Square North, March 9, prior mtg $6,000, due Feb. 18, 1918; attorneys, Butler, B., W. & C., 54 Wall St....$1,000

141ST ST, 610 to 618 West, 135x99.11; Ess En Construction Co. to Franklin Savings Bank, 656 8th Av, March 9, 5 years; attorney, W. M. Powell, Jr., 7 Wall St....$159,000

Bronx.

JEROME AV, s w corner of 176th St, 112.3x100; George W. McAdam, Jr., to John F. Kaiser and another, Mount Vernon, N. Y., (prior mtg $13,440,) Feb. 26, due Sept. 2, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Todd & St. John, 258 Broadway....$7,000

LOTS 136 and 137, map of Hunt's Point Realty Co.; Lelia Buchalter to John W. Muth, 643 Hudson St, March 7, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$2,000

MAYFLOWER AV, e s, 25 ft s of Wilkinson Av, 25x100; Salvatore Chiovatto to Chas. F. Halsted, 174 Prospect Place, B'klyn, prior mtg $1,500, March 3, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$750

SAME PROPERTY; same to Albert H. Marckwold et al, (trustees,) Short Hills, N. J., March 3, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$1,500

WEBSTER AV, e s, 432.10 ft s of 182d St, 37.6x105; Mathilde Bosselman to Mary Trotter, 83 Grand Av, Englewood, N. J., prior mtg $20,000, March 9, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$2,500

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, n e corner of Burke Av, 75x100; American Real Estate Co. to George Hill, 63 Beechwood Road, Summit, N. J., March 9, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$20,000

8TH AV, n s, being e 25 ft, Lot 602, Map of Wakefield; John E. Shannon and ano. to Geo. H. Lawrence, 324 West Lincoln Av, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., March 6, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, United States Title Guarantee Co., 51 Chambers St....$3,000

174TH ST, n s, 20.2 ft w of Hoe Av, 60.8x82.4; American Real Estate Co. to Hoe Avenue Realty Co., Inc., 36 West 59th St, March 7, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$12,500

174TH ST, n s, at s e s of Boston Road, 47.4x—; American Real Estate Co. to Hoe Avenue Realty Co., Inc., 36 West 59th St, March 7, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$17,000

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

ALLEN ST, 204, stoop store; Jerome J. Wilson and another to Isidore Rosen, 192 Allen St, 3 years, from Oct. 1, 1914....$2,520

BAYARD ST, 83, all; Israel Wischanski to Maria M. De Rosa, 83 Bayard St, 5 years, from March 1, 1915; attorney, D. Naimoli, 246 West Broadway....$2,870

CHRISTOPHER ST, 162 to 174, all; New York Railways Co. to Samuel Berman, 146 Henry St, 5 years, from May 1, 1914; attorney, Samuel Hallinger, 309 Broadway....$8,000

VESEY ST, 84 and 86, store; Morris Fatman to Henry Freund, 2,340 Madison St, Brooklyn, 1 year, from May 1, 1914; attorneys, Shiland & H., 149 Broadway....$2,000

9TH AV, 463, store and floor; Katharina Mesner to Joseph A. Foss, on premises, 3 years, from May 1, 1914....$960

26TH ST, 521 and 523 West, seventh floor; Harris H. Uris to Commercial Utilities Manufacturing Co., on premises, 3 years, from Feb. 1, 1914....$1,300

119TH ST, 66 East, all; Triumph Holding Co. to Morris Faigenbaum, 66 East 119th St, 3 years, from Sept. 1, 1913....$2,280

Bronx.

FOX ST, corner of 163d St, store, &c; Simpson-Fox Realty Corporation to Louis Horowitz, 63 East 121st St, 5 4-12 years from Jan. 1, 1914; attorney, S. Honig, 280 Broadway....$1,632

MELROSE AV, 689, n w corner of 154th St, store; Freda Solter to Charles Schmidt, 689 Melrose Av, 3 years from Feb. 1, 1913; attorney, O. A. Deffaa, 3,013 3d Av....$960 to $1,080

VAN NEST AV, n s, 70 ft e of Victor St, basement and first floor; Otto Hassold to Joseph O. Endrich and another, 681 Van Nest Av, 7 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, O. A. Deffaa, 3,013 3d Av....$840

3D AV, 3,052, store, &c; Adam Stein to Charles Kern, 3,052 3d Av, 6 3-12 years from Feb. 1, 1914; attorney, Charles Kern, 3,052 3d Av....$1,272 to $1,368

3D AV, 2,827, all; Samuel Campbell to Catharine A. Weiner, 276 East 200th St, 5 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, A. Weiner, 2,827 3d Av....$2,800

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

PARK AV, s e corner of 153d St, 54.6x87.6; Charles Schlesinger against Meyer Friedlander, owner; Supreme Building Company and Joseph Popkin, contractors, (renewal,)....$512

5TH AV, 424 to 438; New York Foundry Company against Frank V. & J. H. Burton, owners; Standard Plunger Elevator Company. W. Howard W. Williams, receiver, contractor....$928

12TH ST, 19 East, Henry & Baham against Light Car Corporation, owner; James L. Lowry, contractor....$95

46TH ST, 46 West; George H. Storm & Co. against Arthur Brisbane, owner; Anton Strand, contractor....$217

46TH ST, 46 West; Gustav B. Geiger against Brisbane, owner; Anton Strand, contractor....$365

138TH ST, s s, 175 ft e of Lenox Av, 50x99.11; Wakeham & Miller against African Methodist Episcopal Church of Harlem, owner, (renewal)....$20,815

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

BROOK AV, 1,502; Samuel Plotnick against James S. Bryant and others, Nov. 19, 1913....$125

CLAY AV, 1,755; Daniel A. Lerman against Bell C. Hard, Jan. 23, 1913....$135

FORT WASHINGTON AV, s w corner of 169th St; Star Fireproof Door & Sash Co. against Riverside Viaduct Realty Co., Oct. 17, 1913....$150

46TH ST, 46 West; Fireproof Products Co., Inc., against Arthur Brisbane and others, Feb. 4, 1914....$395

58TH ST, 308 and 310 West; Vacuum Engineering Company against Bernard Reich and others, Feb. 6, 1912....$1,000

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

8TH AV, 2,445 to 2,449; Benjamin Frankfeld against Belle G. Frankfeld and others, (partition;) attorneys, Meighan & Necarsulmer.

120TH ST, n s, between 3d and 2d Avs, Lot 7; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Mary A. Meager and others, (amended foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.

124TH ST, n s, 283 ft e of Broadway, 52x100.11; Karl Stein against Solomon Nargarelen and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Reeves.

128TH ST, s s, 130 ft e of 5th Av, 20x99.11; Emma C. Stuart, trustee, against Isaac E. Wright and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Emmet & Parish.

144TH ST, 305 West; Hannah Harrison against Harvey Thompson and others (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. M. Tully.

Bronx.

BOSTON ROAD, 1,351 and 1,353; Franciska Barbara Hohmann against Jacob Kronenberger and others, (action to foreclose mortgage;) attorney, R. Loewenthal.

FOX ST, e s, 420.9 ft s of Westchester Av, 226.11x105x227.1x107.11; Consolidated Industrial Co. against Julius Gottlieb and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Brown & G.

LA FONTAINE AV, 2,014; Thomas Walsh against Rose Kinkle and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. R. Jones.

ROGERS PLACE, e s, 492.3 ft n of Westchester Av, 30x90x22.1x89.3; Construction, Material and Coal Co. against Guiseppina Le Monte and others, (action to declare a certain deed fraudulent;) attorneys, Thompson & F.

WHITE PLAINS ROAD and n s of 221st St, between White Plains Road and Barnes Av, 114.3x80; Bernhard Frankenfelder and others against John B. Lazzari and others, (action to foreclose transfer of tax lien;) attorney, E. Jacobs.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

BUSINESS ESTABLISHED JULY, 1847
BRYAN L. KENNELLY
REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEER, BROKER AND APPRAISER,
156 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Telephone Cortlandt 1547.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BACK RENTS Collected No Charge Unless Successful
STANDARD ADJUSTMENT CO.
Flatiron Building. Tel. 5534 Gramercy

ESTABLISHED 1867
DUFF & CONGER
REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT, SALES AND APPRAISALS
Madison Ave.-Corner 86th St.
TELEPHONE LENOX 1258

"The One Best Way" in Real Estate.
Loton H. Slawson Company, 17 Madison Av., N.Y.

East Side.

16 East 71st St.
A NEW FIREPROOF RESIDENCE
on the most prominent RESIDENTIAL BLOCK in the city, which is RESTRICTED to private dwellings.
OPEN FOR INSPECTION.
C. W. Luyster, Jr., 35 Nassau St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A Lovely Home.
Semi-detached brick, 7 rooms and bath, steam heat, parquet floors, hardwood trim; elegantly decorated, electric lights; sewer; $5,500 and up; small payments; 20 years' time; FEW FOR RENT. $25 to $35; everything desirable; photos and details mailed upon request. MANAGER, 60-A Liberty St., New York. Phone, Cortlandt 2552.

New 1 & 2 Family, Stone & Brick
hardwood; $4,675 to $6,500; no assessments; will take single lot free and clear part payment. 372 Enfield St., Brooklyn. Rent 1-fam., $35; 2-fam., $22-$24. FLEER BROS. Write

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

STYLISH DETACHED HOMES
Restricted Jamaica Section.
WILLIAM P. RAE CO.
Jamaica Office, Hillside Av., Cor. Grand.
APPRAISERS AND AUCTIONEERS.
Main Office, 190 Montague St., Brooklyn.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Long Experience and Strong Financial Connections
are potent influences in placing a satisfactory mortgage loan. There is practically no feasible loan that cannot be promptly obtained through this office at reasonable fixed charges.
A. W. McLAUGHLIN & CO.,
128 Broadway, corner Cedar.
Only office in New York engaged exclusively in mortgage negotiation on an extensive scale ensuring the advantage of a broad market.

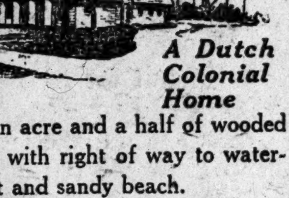
BUILDING MATERIALS.

The Consolidated Chandelier Co.
Have removed their factory from 132 West 14th St. to their new
Six Story Building,
Glenmore Ave., Brooklyn, on account of increasing business.
Their Showrooms and Offices Will Still Remain at
132-136 West 14th Street,
New York.

FLOORS WITHOUT FLAWS.
(Registered.)
Before installing new floors, see us.
DIAMOND COMPOSITION FLOORS
are sanitary, fireproof, waterproof, and resilient. They possess the flexibility of wood, the stability of concrete, and the attractiveness of tiling. They are ideal for stores, offices, bathrooms, kitchens, etc. Send for estimate.
American Magnesia Cement Co., Inc.,
322 East 34th St., N. Y. Murray Hill 2728.

EDWARD CORNING CO.
BUILDERS
100 William St. NEW YORK

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.



A Dutch Colonial Home
on an acre and a half of wooded land with right of way to waterfront and sandy beach.
Grenwolde
Great Neck, Long Island
The living and dining rooms with large open fireplaces are well ventilated, well lighted, the former opening on a tiled pergola; four master bedrooms, two baths, and large attic. Servants' rooms are isolated with own bath and stairway. Hardwood floors, every modern convenience and improvement. Surroundings are delightful, with extensive views. Electric train service; 29 minutes to Pennsylvania Station. Send for photographs and complete information.
Paul V. Shields, Phone 4123 John. 129 Front Street.

ARTISTIC MODERN HOUSE (3 baths)
Garage; Beautiful Views; Private bathing beach; Pier; 22 miles out; accessible. Exceptional surroundings & neighborhood.
RIGHT PRICE AND TERMS.
S. Osgood Pell & Co.
Tel. 5610 Bryant. 542 5th Av., N. Y.

BUNUGALOW
6 rooms and bath; hardwood trim; large, dry cellar; gas and electricity; waterfront privileges; 42 minutes from city; $150 cash; balance very easy terms. Address Bargain, 73 Times Downtown.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

3 Briarcliff Manor Homes
$6500 Each. Terms at Your Convenience. They are new, appointments perfect & complete; 8 rooms, bath; located on high ground near station, public & private schools.
UNUSUALLY ATTRACTIVE BARGAINS
BRIARCLIFF REALTY Co. 12 East 48th st. OWNERS. Tel. 7070 Murray Hill

Attractive Modern Residence with Garage
Nine rooms; tiled bath; hot water heat; sun parlor; gas, electricity; parquet floors; every improvement; nicely situated; high grounds, large plot; restricted section; reduced to $7,800; will be sold on easy terms, if desired. NEASON JONES, 16 East 1st St., Mount Vernon.

ALONG THE SOUND & HUDSON
and Throughout Westchester County,
PARTICULARLY BRONXVILLE, SCARSDALE, BRIARCLIFF, ETC.
Fish & Marvin 527 Fifth Ave., New York. Phone: 6526 Murray Hill.

Attractive FURNISHED & UNFURNISHED **Homes,**
Situated on high elevations, commuting distance.
BRIARCLIFF MANOR, CHAPPAQUA & PLEASANTVILLE.
BRIARCLIFF REALTY CO. 12-B East 48th St. Tel., 7070—Murray Hill.

A Self-Supporting Home
For sale, on easy terms; four-family house, (brick,) in fine residential neighborhood; price, $16,750; income, $1,800; cash, $3,000; investigation invited. Ludlow Park, B 68 Times Annex.

MARYLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
An ideal location for a Panama Canal trade terminal, distributing station, or manufacturing site; one of the best water front properties in
BALTIMORE, MD.
Lot contains some 45,000 square feet, improved with modern warehouse or factory buildings, yard, &c.; wharf facilities right on harbor, with 24 feet of water, and both B. & O. and Pennsylvania railroad tracks at door. For full particulars, address Y 244 Times Annex.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

ADIRONDACKS. LONG LAKE.
For Sale.—A newly built 14-room 2-story bungalow; large porch; hot, cold water; all in good condition, situated on high elevation, commanding view of 9 miles of Long Lake. Also for sale or rent, a 10-room furnished cottage, large living porch, and lawn, complete, bath, furnace, and lights. Situated in village ¼-mile from Lake. Address Box 567, Mohawk, N. Y.

100 ACRES OF GROVES.
2,500 feet elevation. Immediately accessible; all improvements and exceedingly healthful. Asa F. Smith, 44 Court St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

250 West 54th St.
STORE,
Loft & Offices
FOR RENT,
Between Broadway & 8th Av.
Opposite Automobile Club of America.
Heavy Floor Construction.
2 Large Automobile Lifts.
Sprinkler System. High Class Service.
Lowest Insurance. Moderate Rents.
Ewing, Bacon & Henry
101 Park Av. Tel. Murray Hill 2500.
Full Commission to Brokers.

114 Fulton St.
Very attractive Store and Basement; immediate possession; for almost any business;
RENT REASONABLE.
LIGHT LOFT,
116 Fulton St., first floor, front, suitable showroom or light manufacturing;
RENT REASONABLE.
BERT G. FAULHABER & CO., Broadway and 156th St.

39 West 38th St.
STORE FOR RENT
Between Lord & Taylor's new store and the new 6th Av. Elevated & Tube Stations.
Ewing, Bacon & Henry
101 Park Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 2500.
Full commission to brokers.

41 Park Row & 147 Nassau St.
Junction Park Row, Spruce and Nassau Sts., Opposite City Hall Park.
OFFICES TO LET. Bldg. 16 stories high, 3 sides open on 3 streets.
Modern Building. Continuous Service
Apply E. A. TREDWELL, on premises.

OUTSIDE OFFICES
Subway Entrance. 36 EAST 23D ST.
Rents $20 and upward; modern fireproof building. Superintendent, on premises, or
GOODALE, PERRY & DWIGHT,
Mad. Sq. 3434. 1,133 B'way.

LOFTS 40 x 90 ALL LIGHT
FIREPROOF BUILDING
521-523 West 26th Street.
All Improvements. Low Rent.
Apply to HARRIS H. URIS, 531 West 26th St., or your own broker.

4-5 SOUTH ST.
ENTIRE BUILDING TO LET
six-story and cellar; size 20x79; rent low; possession May 1.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

STORE — 118 NASSAU ST.
Near Beekman St., with Basement and sub-cellar; size 19x75; steam heated; possession May 1
Wm. H. Whiting & Co.
41 PARK ROW. TEL. 5900 CORT.

913 BROADWAY.
ENTIRE BUILDING TO LET,
25x100, Five Story and Basement; Centre of New Wholesale Lace District; Steam Heat, Electric Light and Elevator.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 BROADWAY.

APARTMENTS TO LET.—Unfurnished
MANHATTAN—East Side.

PARK AVE. & 55TH ST.
SOUTHWEST CORNER.
NEW 12-STORY APARTMENT HOUSE.
READY FOR OCCUPANCY. AUGUST 1ST.
OWNED BY THE
ESTATE OF OGDEN GOELET
LEASES NOW BEING MADE. PLANS ALTERED TO SUIT.
12, 14 & 19 ROOMS
WITH
3, 4 & 8 BATHS
RENTS $4,000 TO $11,000.
Booklet Showing Floor Plans Mailed Upon Request.
Estate of Ogden Goelet, **Moore & Wyckoff, Agents,**
9 West 17th St., Dept. 2 546 Fifth Ave., Dept. 2
TELEPHONE 3460 CHELSEA COR. 45th ST. TEL., 1263 BRYANT

HIGH CLASS APARTMENTS
$32-$38 Monthly ONLY FOUR LEFT
The 86th Street Chambers
151 East 86th Street, at Lexington Avenue
APARTMENTS OF 3 AND 4 ROOMS AND BATH
STEAM HEAT HOT WATER ELECTRIC LIGHT

MANHATTAN—West Side.

The Langham
73d to 74th St. and Central Park West
has
For Rent for a Tenant
the
Fifth Floor, South Corner Apartment,
consisting of
ELEVEN ROOMS AND THREE BATHS.
ALL LARGE, LIGHT, SUNNY ROOMS.
CAN BE SEEN BY APPOINTMENT ONLY.
Apply to the Superintendent.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

These be (which follow) some of the features
of the fine, newly completed loft building, 8 stories and basement, 66 x 100, at 155 to 159 Perry St., near Washington St. Two large elevators; 100% automatic sprinklers; thoroughly fireproof; light, bright and airy; carrying capacity of 200 pounds per sq. foot; three safe stairways; lowest insurance rates; immune from fire risk; near North River piers. Whatever is needful for the welfare, comfort and convenience of business is in this building. It is to lease as a whole to one tenant or in lofts at from $175 to $200 monthly. See this building. It is always open for inspection. Ask for pamphlet of James H. Cruikshank, owner, 55 Liberty St.

Fine Large Hall Stand
in large downtown office building, suitable for first-class cigar business; reasonable rent; possession immediately.
Apply Room 904, 93 Nassau St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

To sublet, at attractive rental, small
Housekeeping Apartment
of six rooms, furnished or unfurnished, for the season or year; also hotel apartments, one to four rooms, with one or more baths, furnished or unfurnished, for long or short periods. Madison Square Apartments, 40 East 26th St.

GAINSBOROUGH STUDIOS,
222 West 59th Street.
Artists' studios to sublet, furnished or unfurnished; north light; very desirable.
JAMES BALL.

TO SUBLET FOR ONE OR MORE MONTHS
AT THE LORRAINE
2 EAST 45TH STREET,
An apartment of parlor, bedroom, and bath; beautifully furnished; at liberal reduction.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW York County.—ANNA A. GILLIES, Plaintiff, against T. R. SMITH REALTY & CONSTRUCTION CO., INC., EUGENE LOEB, MITRAL REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION CO., LOUIS STARR, ABRAHAM A. LEVY, HARRY HERZOG, RACHEL SHWEITZER, MICHAEL LINSALATI, FRANK GROPPA, CHARLES MORRISON, LOUIS SLATEN, HARRY HILSMAN, EDWARD McGRATH, LEO SHERRY, THOMAS KIERNAN, MAX GRODINSKY, MICHAEL McGRATH, MICHAEL SETTEDUCALI, JOHN WILSON, MARTIN FENNELLY, JOSEPH McSORLEY, the last fourteen named defendants being tenants of the said premises, Defendants.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants and each of them:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated December 29th, 1913.

L. & A. U. ZINKE,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
Office & P. O. Address, 290 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

To the above-named defendant, EUGENE LOEB:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of HON. LEONARD A. GIEGERICH, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 6th day of February, 1914, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, Manhattan, New York City, the original complaint having been filed in said office on the 29th day of December, 1913.

Dated, N. Y., February 6th, 1914.

L. & A. U. ZINKE,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Office & P. O. Address, 290 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

ASSIGNEE SALES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the general assignment for the benefit of creditors of PEERLESS LADIES' TAILORING COMPANY.

Please take notice that I will offer for sale, by Samuel Marx, Auctioneer, at No. 138 West 25th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 11th day of March, 1914, at 10:30 o'clock, all my right, title, and interest in and to the trade name and good-will of Peerless Ladies' Tailoring Company, together with list of customers of said company.

HENRY B. SINGER, Assignee,
55 Liberty Street, New York City.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

PASADENA
Broadway at 61st St.
4 Rooms, 1 Bath
10 Rooms, 3 Baths
ON BROADWAY CORNER: One apartment, 5 rooms, bath, kitchenette.
OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK.
Resident Manager.

To Sublet to Oct. 1,
306 WEST 102d ST.
Between West End Av. & Riverside Drive. Eight rooms and bath; unusually large; all outside rooms; conveniently arranged, overlooking the Drive.
Present Rent, $1,300.
Liberal Concessions.
APPLY SUPT., ON PREMISES.

38 West 59th Street
New twelve-story Apartment Building, opposite Central Park. Contains studio and housekeeping apartments of two, three, five, and six rooms and baths. Just completed, ready for immediate occupancy.
FURNISHED IF DESIRED.
Exclusive, beautiful, unique; has every known improvement. Ideal home for small families and bachelors. Doctor's suite on ground floor. Concessions to October 1. Agent on premises.

94th St. *NEAR RIVERSIDE* 314 311 325
BIG CONCESSIONS
High class elevator apts.; all improvements. Large, light rooms. 4, 5, 6, 7 rooms & bath, $46.00 to $87.50.

THE LORINGTON,
1 West 70th St., corner Central Park West; overlooking the natural beauty reserve of Manhattan; most modern of exclusive Apartments; 10, 11, 12 rooms, three baths. Resident superintendent. 'Phone, 1930—Columbus.

BRONX.

THE MERRELL APARTMENTS,
1,933-1,939 Daly Av., (177th St. Subway.)
Superior in all appointments.
Restricted above the average, but just right for quiet, refined people.
Owner resides on premises.
3 AND 4 ROOMS, $21 TO $30.

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale.

West Side.

29 West 84th.—Five-story brownstone single flat, 25x100; excellent condition; $38,000; easiest terms; no exchange. Kerker, 115 Manhattan Av.

Owner, going abroad, will sell 20-foot private house; West 15th St.; rented for $2,100 per year; want offer.
ASHFORTH & COMPANY, 11 EAST 42D ST.

East Side.

37th St., 162 East.—4-story, 16 rooms, furnished; little cash required above $20,000 mortgage; rooms occupied; good proposition to quick buyer. Owner, premises.

33 First St.—This entire loft building to let or for sale. Apply to EDWARD T. HORWILL, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

$8,750.—Modern brownstone residence; if you want fine house, choice location, 25 minutes to Manhattan, examine 684 Greene Av., near Sumner Av., BROOKLYN; 12 rooms and bath; location and inside of this house will please any one. Owner, 700 Greene Av.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

Young lady not in position to continue with payments on very handsome bungalow, consisting of living room, dining room, kitchen, 2 bedrooms and bath, electric light, telephone, open fire place, also furnace heat; on large plot of ground; 3 minutes from bathing and boating; near trolley and depot; price, $2,700; will take $150 down; $15 month. Mrs. B. Dayton, 395 Bridge St., Brooklyn.

$600 with convenient terms buys ¼ acre water front; 40 minutes Pennsylvania or Flatbush station; good roads; deep water; sandy bottom; near train and trolley. Address Waterfront, 74 Times Downtown.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE.
Ossining, Westchester County, a corner property, adapted for business; location good. Thomas Leary, 160 Main St., Ossining.

New Rochelle.

AT NEW ROCHELLE.
Am anxious to sell my attractive home in the best residential park, 11 rooms, 3 baths, all improvements, large piazza; large garage; acre of ground; beautiful shade trees; all kinds of shrubbery; station 1 mile; trolley 2 blocks. Owner, Box 93 Times.

White Plains.

Best list of houses, lots, farms, and country estates for sale or rent at White Plains, Hartsdale, Scarsdale, and the better sections of Westchester County. Chauncey B. Griffen, Depot Square, White Plains, N. Y.

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

To rent to small family for three months, near South Bay, at East Moriches, L. I., a bungalow with four good-sized rooms, two small ones; awnings, telephone; near Tuthill Point Hotel; also not far from Post Office; reasonable terms. Further particulars inquire of Mr. Jacob Miller, Real Estate Agent, or of owner, Miss Nannie Smith, East Moriches, L. I., N. Y.

For Sale or Rent—Fishers Island, New York. Splendid Linderman mansion, Little Hay Harbor; furnished; 18 master's rooms; tennis courts; dock; boating; stable, coachman's house. Apply to W. F. Ingold, Arlington, 18 West 25th St.

Beautiful village residence; 14 rooms; every improvement; electric light; about five acres; 100 miles from city.
ASHFORTH & COMPANY, 11 EAST 42D ST.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

Beautiful New California Bungalow, 6 rooms and bath; all improvements; beam ceiling, panel dining room, restricted neighborhood; beautiful location; 30 minutes New York, West Shore Railroad; trolley to New York passes property; small payment down, balance as rent. Owner, Box L 148 Times.

WATERFRONT FARM, 225 acres; 8 room house; barn; orchard; 15 miles to sail to Atlantic City; fine roads; schools, churches; salt water fishing; choice land for market gardener or small fruits; price, $3,500; terms, $1,250 cash. Risley, 18 Broadway.

Lady owning five acres choice garden land near Atlantic City will sell at sacrifice; high, dry, level, covered with thrifty growth wood; fine roads, schools, churches, adjoining town 5,000; fine for poultry, fruits, vegetables; terms, $1 weekly; price, $225. Risley, 18 Broadway.

RIDGEWOOD, NEW JERSEY.
1,000 satisfied commuters, 80 daily trains; homes for rent and for sale. Ask for booklet.
S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN, Ridgewood, N. J. Fone 555.

Bungalows and cottages, artistic, complete, 6 to 10 rooms; large plots, near station; best section of N. J.; photographs on request. Smith-Singer Company, Ridgewood, N. J.

For HUDSON COUNTY real estate write to Board of Real Estate Brokers of HUDSON COUNTY, N. J.
P. O. Box 57, Jersey City, N. J.

Summit, N. J.—Gentleman's fine old country home; large residence, modernized; extensive grounds, large barn, gardens, fruit. Owner, 666 Springfield Av.

71 ACRES; near Freehold; 7-room house; barn; 500 bearing fruit trees; bargain, $5,500; terms, $3,500 cash; balance mortgage. Risley, 18 Broadway.

New England—For Sale or To Let.

PARIS HILL, MAINE.
Furnished bungalow, 8 rooms and bath; furnace and fireplace; large piazzas; housekeeping optional. V 295 Times Annex.

Farms.

LADY will sell balance of her plantation, containing 52 acres, fine land, in Virginia, at a bargain; some timber; two railroads; 65 miles Richmond; good apple land; no malaria; fine drinking water; schools, churches; no rocks; running stream; price, $100; terms, $10 monthly. Risley, 18 Broadway.

FARMS FOR SALE.
Niagara County, New York, the World's Greatest Fruit and Farming Belt. Here are located the biggest and best Money-making Farms to be found in America to-day. For further particulars address.
W. J. MULLETT, Lockport, N. Y.

Real Estate.

100-ACRE FARM; 11-room house; two barns; 2½ miles station; 7 miles Westerly, R. I.; good roads; price, $1,650; $650 cash; balance $100 yearly. Risley, 18 Broadway.

Real Estate Wanted.

Want to rent, with buying option, about 15-acre farm within 30 miles from New York; free from mosquitos. R 63 Times.

Wanted, genuine bargain in suburban land. W. B. McLain, 47 West 34th St.

Mortgage Loans.

Have funds for building loans not exceeding $5,000 in any borough for people considering building their own homes; also trust funds in any amount for New York and elsewhere. Ernest M. Vickers and Polizzi & Co., Germania Bank Building, corner of Spring St. and Bowery.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents a line.

BROADWAY OFFICE; LIGHT BUSINESS REQUIRING MODERN ACCOMMODATIONS. PHILLIPS, 3,785 BROADWAY.

Elegant parlor floor for business and living; service and meals if required; all modern comforts. 50 West 36th St.

Moving-picture men, attention; excellent 6th Av. store to let, near 28th St.; long lease; reasonable. P 143 Times.

Will build 75x100 for tenement, 11th Av. corner, near new docks, railroad connections. Duross, 155 West 14th.

Office to sublet, 170 Broadway, entirely separate; immediate possession; reasonable. Apply Room 1,713.

Desk room; good light, telephone, stenographic service, stock facilities; 59th, B'way. L 137 Times.

223 West 120th St.—Four very attractive basement rooms; hot water supply; $12.

Offices.—Light, clean, newly renovated; $15 month up. Apply 109 Broad St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted—Office space by engineering company, neighborhood Cortlandt and Church Sts.; about 5,000 square feet; must have good light for large force draughtsmen; give particulars. B 375 Times Downtown.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway, references; special rates on lease.

Three-room suite, southern exposure; monthly or yearly basis; superior hotel service; home cooking; also single room or en suite; with private baths; rooms $1 and $1.50 up; dancing on special evenings. Hotel Royal, 535 West 112th St. Phone 684 Morningside. Special attention given to transient guests.

610 WEST 116TH STREET.
Three and five room apartments, high-class house, between Broadway and Riverside Drive; balcony; beautiful view; immediate possession. Rent $600 to $900. Concessions. Telephone Morningside 3040. Thompson.

44th St., 142 West, (Opposite Hudson Theatre.)—Sub-lease from March 20 to June 30 large front room with bath for gentleman or couple; attractively furnished; all conveniences; $60 per month; references required. Inquire at store.

Beautiful new modern apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths; only occupied 6 months; owing to change in business will rent, furnished or unfurnished; concession. Phone 3575 Schuyler.

Refined fellow can secure excellent accommodations in small bachelor apartment, upper west side; modern; all conveniences; very moderate. B 372 Times Downtown.

79th Subway; 6-room apartment, beautifully furnished; immediate possession, 3 months, longer, $125. Clark & De Florez, 30 E. 42d, Phone Murray Hill 5392.

Corner apartment at 1 West 69th, corner Central Park West; six rooms, every room light and sunny; $100 per month. S. J. Wise, 1 West 69th.

Bachelor (30) will share five-room apartment, 115th St., near Riverside, with congenial man; cost each about $35. Phone Morning 3673.

Furnished apartment, six rooms, bath, in the Creston, 839 West End Av., southwest corner 101st St.; $125 month. Apply Superintendent.

Beautifully furnished; Belnord, 86th and Broadway; 8 rooms, 2 baths; Apt. 1,110; until October. Phone Madison Square 6257.

98TH ST., 251 WEST.—Sublet 6 rooms, 2 baths; new building; beautifully furnished; immediate possession. Apt. 5 C, or Supt.

3-room suite; Southern exposure; piano; telephone; independent entrance; maid service. Burchell, 159 West 80th St.

High-class completely furnished apartments; choice localities; long, short lease. Apply Clark & De Florez, 30 East 42d St.

Attractive list of furnished apartments mailed on request; all sizes; all prices. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

307 West 98th St., 4 room front apartment, completely furnished; immediate possession; short lease. Phone Murray Hill 5392.

51ST, 72 WEST.—Two rooms and private bath; all improvements; business people.

85th St., 1 West.—Beautifully furnished four rooms in a high-class apartment. 3F.

East Side.

Apartments to sublet; handsomely furnished 2 rooms and bath; southern exposure; great bargain; 2 blocks from Broadway; call and be convinced. Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th St.

A few desirable apartments, 3 to 5 rooms; hotel service; reasonable weekly rates; also moderate-priced restaurant. Hotel St. Lorenz, 127 East 72d.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Following Page.

Lost
Thirty-five cents a line

LOST—Friday night, Feb. 27, between 59th St. Subway Station and taxi, dark blue leather purse, with clasp in shape of star; purse contains one diamond dinner ring, one turquoise, and one cameo ring; also letter addressed to Louise Grassler. Reward if returned to 200 Cathedral Parkway. Grassler.

LOST—In Altman's store on Saturday, square black leather pocketbook, with pink enamel clasp, containing gold watch, ticket to Dobbs Ferry, and about $2. Finder please return to 28 East 64th St., New York City.

LOST—Emerald ring, surrounded with diamonds, Wednesday evening, March 4, in or near Metropolitan Opera House. Liberal reward offered if returned to the office Hotel St. Regis; no questions asked.

DIAMOND CROWN BROOCH, lost March 6, between 93d-Riverside Drive, by Subway to Times Square, 42d to Stern's, and Manhattan Hotel. Reward if returned to Hallett, 202 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Saturday afternoon, on 167th St. crosstown car, from Webster Av. to Amsterdam Av., photo and document, No. 0845136; useless to finder; reward. Return Marx, 20 Greene St., New York.

LOST—March 6, diamond crown brooch, between 93d, Riverside Drive, by Subway to Times Square, 42d St., to Sterns, and Manhattan Hotel. Reward if returned to 202 Riverside. Hallett.

LOST.—Lady's gold watch, with gold pin attached, monogram M. T. M. on back, between Sterns, 42d St., 37th St., 5th Av.; reward. Smith, 245 West 104th St.

LOST—Gentleman's gold ring, set with two diamonds, Terrace Garden, Central Opera House, 3d Av. surface car; reward. Mrs. George Schuler, 52 East 82d.

LOST—March 9, Long Island train or Subway, Atlantic Av. Station, purse, containing tickets, cash, ring; reward for ring. Lynde, 32 Nassau St., New York.

LOST—Sunday night, vicinity 39th, 46th, and Broadway, platinum gold cuff link set with three diamonds. Suitable reward if returned to Weber, 23 West 42d St.

LOST—Diamond barpin, between Broadway and Riverside Drive on 100th St., March 8, reward. Return Miss Enger, 823 Park Av.

LOST—Friday morning, March 6, at Flatbush Station of L. I. R. R., or on Subway, skunk muff; reward. C 207 Times Downtown.

LOST—Flexible gold bracelet, marked Henrietta, Sunday, on 72d, 5th Av., or 42d. Reward, return 56 East 72d St.

LOST—Between 11th-13th Sts., on Greenwich Av., bank book, bills, check; reward. Address B., 153 6th Av.

LOST—Gentleman's ring, setting, opal and two diamonds; reward. Stieglitz, 411 West End Av.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, Waltham movement, monogram "R. F.," 2,540 Bedford Av., Brooklyn; reward.

LOST—At Audubon Theatre, Sunday night, mink scarf; liberal reward; phone where to call. Rockaway, 601 West 180th St.

LOST—On Washington Bridge, Monday evening, a skunk scarf; liberal reward. Grimes, 1,455 Undercliff Av., Bronx.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, Thursday night; liberal reward. Room 8-J St. George Hotel, Brooklyn.

LOST—Wallet with money and cards; reward. Zipser, 30 West 36th St.

$150 REWARD.
Bar pin, containing 11 diamonds, lost in the Sans Souci Club Friday evening, Feb. 20; no questions asked. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST — Scotch Irish collie, Saturday, Feb. 21; tan and white, without collar; reward; no questions asked. E. Tripp, 416 West 18th St.

LOST—White, small female poodle dog. Reward, if left with John Downey, care of Gimbel's Big Store.

LOST—Yellow coon cat; had collar with address plate, "Mutz, 31 East 65th." Suitable reward if returned. Mrs. Sands.

LOST.—Airedale terrier, 11 months; answers to Paddy; long tail, black back; liberal reward. 352 West 16th St.

LOST—White, small, female poodle dog. Reward if left with John Downey, care of Gimbel's Big Store.

Public Notices
Forty cents a line.

ROBERT NEWBERRY will call at hotel on a matter of great importance.

Schools.
Thirty cents a line.

Class for the improvement of the speaking voice every Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock, beginning March 11, Carnegie Hall Studio 115. Theodora Urfula Irvine.

INSTRUCTOR —American young man desires to exchange English for Spanish. Address W. C. Gardener, care Yore, 67 West 87th St.

Dancing.

PROF. WAY'S Economical Private Dancing Studio, 236 West 14th St.—Waltz, two-step specialty; be wise my motto; give satisfaction.

DANCING.—Miss Arthur and Mr. Margraff, 180 Madison Av., one block west Vanderbilt Hotel. Telephone Murray Hill 3493.

Dogs, Birds and Poultry.
Forty cents a line.

ATTENTION! REOPENING—Broadway Pet Dog Palace. All breeds of dogs for sale and at stud. If I have not what you want, will secure it. Alice L. Simpson, 229 West 60th St. 10,156 Columbus.

Dressmakers—Milliners.
30 cents a line.

DRESSMAKER, stylish, desires engagements; $3 a day; references. Mrs. Gardner, 339 East 32d St.

Apartments to Let
Unfurnished.
West Side.

89th, 52 West.—Entire second floor, two rooms, bath; electricity; telephone extension; suitable studio, bachelor quarters; immediate possession.

228 West 120th St.—Five very large, light rooms and bath; steam heat, hot water; $26.

180th, 202 West.—Modern apartments; seven light rooms, bath, $45; private block.

47th, 16 West.—Small kitchenette apartment; heat, hot water; good service; references.

29 West 84th St.—Eight all light rooms, bath, and servants' toilet; $70.

East Side.

DOCTOR'S APARTMENT TO SUBLET.
Absolutely modern, six large, light rooms, occupied by doctor past five years.
DR. A. STEPHENS, 51 East 117th St.

1,761 Madison Av.—Six large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $22.

181st St., 565 West, (near St. Nicholas Av.)—Five large, light rooms and bath; all improvements; electric light; $30.

A few desirable apartments, 3 to 5 rooms and bath; hotel service; reasonable weekly rates. Hotel St. Lorenz, 127 East 72d.

Manhattan Av., 26.—Eight exceptionally attractive rooms and bath; very light; steam heat and hot water; $41.

109th St., 249-51 West, (near Broadway.)—Six large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $31-$33.

Madison Av., 1,787, (near 118th St.)—Seven rooms, bath; steam heat and hot water; $31.

85 Old Broadway.—Four large, light rooms, bath; hot water supply; $17.

Brooklyn.

$40 Corner Apartment Reduced to $34.
704 8th Av., corner 7th St.; six light, large rooms; steam heated, hot water; newly decorated. Wm. Reitman, 1,448 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

$42 HIGH-CLASS END APARTMENT $42
6 light rooms; tiled bath; parquet floors; electric lights; walking distance Subway. Golden Realty, St. James's Pl., near Fulton.

Bronx.

Anthony Av., 1,911, (cor. Tremont Av.)—Four large, light rooms and bath, all improvements, $25.

Clinton Av., 2,136.—Near 180th cars; 4 rooms, bath, improvements; $18-$20.

Storage
Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2667 Bryant.

ANSONIA STORAGE CO.
Moving, packing, and shipping; automobile vans for long-distance moving; let us estimate. Send postal 137-139 West 99th St., or Telephone 3052 or 3053 Riverside.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Preceding Page.

Boarders Wanted
Twenty cents a line.
East Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Beautiful, large front room; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

29TH ST., 38 EAST.—Rooms, with large closets; hot, cold water; parlor dining room.

34TH, 117-119 EAST.—Double and single rooms, with board.

53D ST., 37 AND 52 EAST.—Large front room; references.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms, private baths; excellent board; phone.

MADISON AV., 193.—Large, single rooms; superior house, table; transients accommodated; references.

West Side.

5TH AV., 47—Suite, private bath; single room; steam; table guests; references.

39TH STREET, 49 WEST.
One room and bath; excellent board.

47TH, 110 WEST.—Desirable furnished large, small rooms; French cuisine; table guests accommodated.

47TH, 41 WEST.—Splendid, large-sized, single front room; steam, running water; select.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
large, small rooms; first-class; references.

57TH, 359 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, back parlor; excellent cuisine; moderate; telephone.

57TH, 411 WEST.—Accommodations unsurpassed; double rooms, (board two,) $16; single, $8.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

69TH, 111 WEST.—Elegant, large, small rooms; connected private bath; table guests.

70TH ST., 30 WEST.—Large and small rooms; every convenience; board; select location; refined surroundings.

71ST, 62 WEST.—Exceptional board; luxuriously furnished rooms; suitable two; private beds and dressing room; steam heat; electricity; also small rooms; running water; reasonable.

71ST, 62 WEST.—Exceptional board; large, small rooms; private baths; steam; electricity.

71ST ST., 130 WEST.—Desirable accommodations for gentlemen; refined, homelike; Subway, "L"; references.

72D, 266 WEST.—Attractive sunny rooms, refined home; excellent table; few guests accommodated.

74TH, 131 WEST.—19th year; large, sunny room, near bath; excellent table; references.

75TH, 139 WEST.—Second-floor front, sunny rooms, with board; references.

76TH, 303 WEST.—Beautifully furnished back parlor; small room; electricity; owner's home.

76TH, 174 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; references; also physician's office.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.
Norece Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat; telephone in every room; booklet on request.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Sunny second floor rooms, private bath; electricity; French cooking.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Large, sunny room; also medium; refined, homelike; reasonable; references.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Exceptional rooms, unexpectedly vacated; electricity; reasonable; generous table; references.

81ST 129 WEST.—Elegantly furnished room; running water; suitable two; moderate; telephone.

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Large, comfortable room, with table board. Telephone Schuyler 8397.

82D ST., 54 WEST.—Sunny, single rooms; bath; excellent table; best references.

83D, 5 WEST.—Suites, singly; private baths; electricity, steam; table guests; references.

85TH, 333 WEST.—Two large, attractive, front rooms; southern exposure; private family; conveniences; good home table; references; board optional.

86TH, 23 WEST.—Excellent table board; high-class private house. Phone Schuyler 8197.

93D, 122 WEST.—Desirable room; conveniences; well-appointed house; excellent board; references.

94TH, 50 WEST.—32 extravagantly furnished rooms, 16 on one floor, each with running water or bath adjoining. Smith.

103D, 250-252 WEST.—Desirable rooms; superb accommodations bachelors, couple; unsurpassed table; references.

103D, (corner West End Av., 879.)—Bright room; excellent meals; moderate; references.

113TH ST., 560 WEST.—Elegant Rooms; southern exposure; suitable one, two; excellent cuisine.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Attractive large and small connecting front rooms; exceptional table.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Large room, well heated; electricity; adjoining bath; references.

149TH, 512 WEST.—Select private boarding house; magnificent parlor floor; also one, two, three rooms; private baths; select parties; moderate rates. Telephone 4825 Audubon.

155TH ST., (882-888 St. Nicholas Av.)—Large light rooms; excellent table; congenial people.

A.—25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week, one or two persons; rooms and suites with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

Charming Permanent Home,
Away from city and noise,
yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan;
grand location, overlooking city, country, sea;
cool in Summer, warm in Winter;
"THE EVELYN LODGE."
Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables; everything sweet and clean; very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals. Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents.
71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

CONVENT AV., 336.—Beautiful rooms, $10 upward one; $16 two; references.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, (overlooking Washington Square.)—Excellent table; rooms, single and en suite.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103, Hotel Earle.—A newly furnished room to rent, with private bath, including meals.

Country Board
Thirty cents a line.
Long Island.

GARDEN CITY, L. I.
Double front room; twin beds; vacant the middle of March; near hotel and station; references given and required. Box 16, Garden City.

New Jersey.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Invalids, convalescents, and the infirm given every comfort and attention in refined, attractive home; expert masseur; graduate nurses; excellent table; special diets; mechano-therapy, physical culture, saddle horses. X 1,014 Times.

EAST ORANGE—LENOX MANOR
New throughout; large, sunny rooms; private baths; special rates for March; excellent table. Telephone 5075—Orange.

Country Board Wanted
Thirty cents a line.

BOARD wanted by April 15 for the Summer season in private family for three adults; modern conveniences and plenty of ground essential. B 40 Times.

For Sale—Miscellaneous
Thirty cents a line.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
TYPEWRITERS RENTED
4 months for $5 and upward.
4 months for $5 and upward.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc.
345 Broadway, at Leonard St. Tel. 5408
956 Broadway, at 23d St. Franklin
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane.
10 Barclay St. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

OLIVER FLORAL CO., INC.,
Proprietors Imperial Flower Co.—Fragrant cut flowers, 50c per box, delivered. Telephone 7818 Madison Square. Address 28 West 31st St.

Oak office partitions; reasonable prices. Fisher, 227 Mercer St. Telephone 3128 Spring.

Pianos and Organs.

USED PIANOS.

Chickering	$120
Weber	125
Behr Bros	75
Schubert	100
James & Holmstrom	120
Player-Pianos	$375 up

Small Pianos rented.
JAMES & HOLMSTROM,
23 East 14th St.

Steinway upright piano, cheap; stored; elegant mahogany; $90. George Schleicher, 37 West 14th St., near 6th Av., New York.

STEINWAY upright piano in excellent condition, will sell $115. ANGUERA, 316 W. 42d.

Horses and Carriages.

Atlas Trucking Company will sell 8 horses or mares, choice of 40, all in first-class condition, suitable farmers, express, coal, ice, trucking, delivery business; weight from 900 to 1,600 pounds, from 6 to 9 years old; bought green within last two years; among them several matched teams; some a little pavement sore; 30 days' trial allowed purchaser. Call to-day 154 East 27th St. Telephone 3782 Madison Square.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.
East Side.

5TH AV., 25.—Large front room; second floor; references; breakfast optional.

11TH ST., 15-19 EAST.—Rooms, with private bath and meals; $14 per week; rooms without bath and meals, $12 per week; hotel service.

15TH ST., 210 EAST.—Desirable large rooms, every convenience; home cooking; references telephone.

17TH, 130 EAST.—Large and small well-furnished rooms; private house; reasonable.

17TH, 108 EAST.—Large room; private bath; $6; other rooms, $3.50 up.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.) Suite, two rooms and bath.

27TH, 200 EAST.—Parlor, 1 or 2, bath, elevator; steam heat. Apartment 51.

29TH, 118 EAST.—Private house; large, attractive double rooms; telephone; all conveniences; comfortable; reasonable; near Subway.

34TH and 4th Av., at 18 Park Av.—Large and small handsomely furnished clean rooms, $4 up.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Nicely furnished room; select house; breakfast optional; references; telephone.

45TH, 19 EAST.—Room and bath; gentleman only; reference; $6.50.

48TH ST., 19 EAST.—Large, small rooms; all improvements; very fine house and location.

53D, 61 EAST.—Beautifully furnished large room in private house; connecting bath; telephone.

86TH, 58 EAST.—Large rooms; board; physician's office; also accommodations for couple.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

IRVING PLACE, 55.—Single and en suite; steam heat; telephone; convenient; transit.

LEXINGTON AV, 586, (52d.)—Homelike room; bath; breakfast; scrupulously clean; references; select; telephone.

MADISON AV., 527.—Large furnished room; 3 windows; electricity; adjoining bath.

West Side.

9TH, 17 WEST.—Private residence, charming single and double room for gentlemen; electricity, telephone; references.

10TH ST., 17 WEST.—Bedroom and sitting room in southern exposure apartment; electric light, running water, telephone, piano; meals optional; reference; gentlemen. Mrs. Bean.

13TH, 136 WEST.—Nicely furnished room for gentleman; reference; refined home; owner.

15TH, 240 WEST.—Bright room, well kept; modern apartment; small family; gentleman. Greenslade.

23D ST., 423 WEST.—Select house, large and single rooms; hot water, baths, electricity; reasonable rates.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable large, small rooms; running water, bath; $8, $4.50.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large, light, airy rooms; private bath; newly furnished; gentlemen.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single; private table; board optional. 4,589 Bryant.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished room; steam heat, porcelain bath; telephone; select.

48TH ST., 28 WEST.—Neat, clean furnished rooms; north and south; telephone. Write A. WATSON.

48TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large rooms, north and south; private bath; furnished to suit. Write A. WATSON.

48TH ST., 28 WEST.—Dining room, kitchen, suitable for caterer. Write A. WATSON.

48TH, 28 WEST.—Back parlor, suitable for doctor; service. Write A. WATSON.

48TH ST., 65 WEST.—Small furnished rooms; quiet residence.

50TH, 70 WEST.—Two light rooms, private bath; $9; steam; hall room; telephone.

51ST, 25 WEST.—Single and double rooms; suite two rooms; also studio. Plaza 1972.

52D, 200 WEST.—Attractive, light, warm rooms; no other roomers; $4, $6. Rousseau.

55TH, 329 WEST.—Clean, quiet house; warm, light, comfortable room; telephone, references.

56TH ST., 125 WEST.—Attractively furnished parlor bedroom and bath; every convenience; references. Gray.

57TH ST., 155 WEST.—Large, bright room for gentleman; hot and cold water; large closets; convenient location; terms reasonable.

58TH ST., 328 WEST.—Attractive room; clean house; every convenience. Phone 8533 Columbus.

65TH, 132 WEST.—Comfortable large, small rooms; also beautifully furnished suite; warm; homelike.

68TH ST., 70 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, small rooms with running water; telephone; references.

69TH, 50 WEST.—Attractive, well-furnished front room; conveniences; electricity; gentlemen; refined surroundings.

69TH, 65 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; well ventilated inside room, $2.50 weekly.

69TH ST., 61 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, medium room; all modern conveniences; telephone; references.

70TH, 51 WEST.—Large, sunny room, with bath, in private family; gentlemen; references.

71ST, 165 WEST, (off Broadway.)—Small rooms; immaculately clean home for refined business people; continuous hot water; telephone.

71ST, 220 WEST.—Just opened, newly furnished and decorated large and small rooms; beautiful home for refined people; hot water heat; telephone. Gentlemen only.

71ST ST., 71 WEST.—Pleasant, small room; also housekeeping suite; reasonable. Telephone 3614 Columbus.

71ST, 163 WEST.—Just opened, newly furnished and decorated; large, small rooms, beautiful home for refined people; telephone.

71ST, (226 West End Av.)—Comfortable large, sunny rooms; suitable two; telephone; reasonable.

73D, 115 WEST.—Handsomely appointed large front rooms suitable for two; southern exposure; with or without private bath; references.

73D ST., 142 WEST.—Refined house; handsome, large front room, all improvements; references.

73D, 255 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms; convenient to Subway; telephone.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Warm, handsomely furnished rooms; exclusive neighborhood; breakfast; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Attractive large rooms; all conveniences; twin beds; gentlemen; references.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable small rooms; references; reasonable; gentlemen.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Desirable rooms; refined home; shower bath; phone; perfect service; references.

78TH ST., 203 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom; suitable for one or two persons; meals optional; telephone. Tucker.

78TH ST., 136 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms, well heated; light housekeeping; $7-$10.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful room, private bath; housekeeping privileges; small room; subway.

80TH, 162 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, all improvements; board optional; telephone; Spanish family.

82D, 152 WEST.—Attractive room; all conveniences; southern exposure. Telephone 3750 Schuyler.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large and small; reasonable; private house; telephone; reference.

82D, 56 WEST.—Large, well furnished room; private both; electric light; references.

83D, 11 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; parlor floor; quiet, refined, homelike; reasonable.

85TH, 120 WEST.—Elegantly furnished front parlor, private bath; telephone; private house.

85TH, 134 WEST.—Large room, suitable two; running water; private house; phone.

86TH, 302 WEST.—Select accommodations; quiet, refined home; continuous hot water; parlor.

86TH, 341 WEST.—Large, well furnished sunny room; unusually desirable; references.

87TH, 55 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room, bath adjoining; references; reasonable; gentlemen; private house.

87TH ST., WEST.—Two-room suite; private house; gentleman; exceptional references. Schuyler 4347.

89TH ST., 102 WEST.—Three handsomely furnished; all complete for housekeeping; also single room. Trolly.

91ST, 163 WEST.—Attractive rooms, double and single; heat, hot water; telephone; southern exposure.

91ST, 74 WEST.—Large, well-kept room for one or two; all conveniences; reasonable.

93D, 69 WEST, (Apartment 42.)—Dainty furnished room, $3.50; gentleman; telephone; elevator.

93D ST., 63 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; running water; closets; telephone.

95TH ST., 255 WEST.—Exceptionally large, comfortably furnished, sunny room, adjoining bath. Linz.

97TH, 121 WEST.—Front, back, sunny rooms, suitable gentlemen; housekeeping conveniences; residence.

109TH, 229 WEST.—Attractive room; gentleman; $30 monthly; breakfast optional. Apt. 82. Riverside 1374.

INDEXING BUREAU,
47 West Thirty-fourth Street.

New York, March 6, 1914.

The New York Times:

Permit me to congratulate you on the high standard of The New York Times readers, which I have discovered through the new business I have obtained through my advertising in The Times, which has been most satisfactory.

M. HULL.

Telephone advertisements to The Times—1000 Bryant.

The New York Times rejects all unworthy or doubtful advertisements, and welcomes information from its readers in aid of its efforts to keep its advertising columns absolutely clean.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.
West Side.

107TH, 237 WEST.—Immaculate front sunny rooms; running water; moderate. Apartment 16.

107TH ST., 233 WEST, (Apt. 6.)—Two beautifully furnished outside rooms; also single room.

107TH, 220 WEST.—Large, comfortable home rooms; modern elevator apartment; subway. Mears.

111TH, 605 WEST. — One, two attractive rooms corner Riverside, block Subway; references. Vollum.

111TH, 611 WEST.—Apartment 27; newly furnished light, sunny room; near Subway.

113TH, 541 WEST, (Apt. 3.)—2 adjoining rooms, suitable two gentlemen; very desirable; moderate.

115TH ST., 419 WEST, (Columbia University.)—Outside rooms; electricity, bath, shower, elevator. Lyman.

116TH, (Broadway.)—Attractive front room; private family; elegant house; references. White, 4834 Morningside.

119TH, 121 WEST.—Elegant parlor floor; private bath; other beautiful room; refined home.

120TH ST., 423 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms, southern exposure; single, en suite; elevator, telephone. Apt. 83.

120TH, ST., 423 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; Columbia College vicinity. Apt. 23.

121ST ST., 523 WEST.—Double room, adjoining bath; private family. Morningside—5271. Follis.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Large, homelike corner rooms. Telephone Morningside 4880. Apartment 51.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Choice connecting rooms, bath, kitchen; single room, $3.50. Sherman.

122D, 416 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms in high class elevator apartment. Apt. 51.

124TH, 524 WEST.—Comfortable room; electricity, all conveniences; subway; reasonable. Hughes.

124TH, 542 WEST.—Comfortable room; conveniences; refined lady; $2.50. Apt. 48.

126TH ST., 78 WEST.—Pleasant, sunny front room; reasonable; phone; Subway.

127TH, 65 WEST.—Single room, modern elevator apartment; private family; moderate. Apartment 32.

135TH, 601 WEST.—Attractive, newly decorated room; independent entrance; private family; must be seen to be appreciated. Carroll

138TH, 612 WEST.—Large front room, private house; suitable for gentleman.

139TH, 601 WEST.—Outside, sunny room, next bath; elevator; reasonable. Apt. 31.

A.—25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week, one or two persons; rooms and suites with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

AMERICAN FAMILY offers small, comfortable room, private bath; also large room; excellent home cooking. 6645 Morningside, Apt. 41.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 65.—Couple having handsome apartment, would rent large, light room adjoining bath, to gentleman, with references; $9. 7th floor (s. c.)

LADY contemplating taking a house in best residential quarter Manhattan wishes to secure doctor or dentist for parlor floor before signing least. R 72 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 464.—Apt. 21; near 116th St. Subway; private family will rent one room and bath; gentleman or lady; references. Telephone between 9 and 10 A. M., Morningside 7339.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 244.—Single, en suite; all conveniences; 96th express, Subway. Meek.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (near Grant's Tomb.)—Attractive front room; breakfast optional. Morning 9576W.

WASHINGTON SQUARE WEST, 85.—A room and bath, without meals, $9 per week upward; including meals, $16 per week upward.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103, Hotel Earle.—A newly furnished room, with private bath, phones, &c., to rent.

WEST END, 738, (96th.)—Complete home, two rooms; modern; moderate; subway. Baron.

WEST END, 611.—Beautiful room, private bath, electricity; private family; 91st subway

You must stop somewhere—why not at
HOTEL FREDERICK,
210 West 56th St. We believe our furnished suites of 2 rooms and bath are the best accommodations in New York at the price. Single rooms with or without bath.

Brooklyn.

ONE ROOM, Flatbush; private family; steam heat, electric light; references. Y 271 Times.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished
Twenty cents a line.

YOUNG MAN wants room, vicinity of Times Square; must be nicely furnished; moderate price. R 75 Times.

Rooms Wanted—Unfurnished
Twenty cents a line.

Lady and daughter want three rooms and bath; private house. Address Havelock, Box 25 Times.

Help Wanted Female
Fifteen cents a line.

A CORRESPONDENT inspector in a mail order house; state particulars as to salary to start. Y 306 Times Annex.

ALTERATION hand, experienced, on ready-to-wear dresses. Apply La Vogue Shop, 1,048 Southern Boulevard, Bronx.

DANCER.—Refined young lady to teach the modern dances. Apply 12:30 to 2 P. M., 104 West 75th.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO.,
BROOKLYN,
Require thoroughly experienced
SALESWOMEN FOR THEIR
SHOE AND BOOK DEPARTMENTS.
Apply to Superintendent, fourth floor, after 4 P. M.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO.,
BROOKLYN,
Require a thoroughly competent
HEAD OF STOCK
FOR THEIR BOOK DEPARTMENT.
Apply to Superintendent, fourth floor, after 4 P. M.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF AN EXPERIENCED SALESWOMAN
FOR THEIR
OPTICAL SECTION.
Apply at Employment Office, Fifth Floor 32d St. Side.

HOUSEKEEPER. — An experienced housekeeper wanted for a boarding school. Address Box E, Morristown, N. J.

HOUSEWORKER. — General houseworker wanted with good city references. Apartment 2 East, 315 Central Park West.

NEAT, COMPETENT white women, half-time, prepare light breakfast, dust, mend, and care for clothes; for 2 women; small apartment. Apply Thursday, Friday, and Saturday. Miss Hunt, 180 Madison Av., near 34th St.

SECRETARY wanted by busy lawyer; young lady as private secretary; good stenographer, experienced in cataloguing and filing papers. Address R. B. T., 205 Times Downtown, giving in detail, (a) age, (b) previous training, (c) previous experience, (d) references, and (e) salary expected.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Help Wanted Female
Fifteen cents a line.

The Educational Society wants a refined woman, over 25, teacher preferred. 225 5th Av.

WAIST FITTER wanted for out-of-town position; only experts need apply, at 9:30 A. M. 22 West 34th St. B. C.

YOUNG LADY to do typewriting and billing; beginner. Address R 70 Times.

Instruction.
Thirty cents a line.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, AEOLIAN HALL, 33 WEST 42D ST. SECRETARIAL COURSES ONLY; STENOGRAPHY, SECRETARIAL, ENGLISH, ACCOUNTANCY, AND SOCIAL AMENITIES. V. M. WHEAT, DIRECTOR.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES at a reliable school. Registered and Inspected by the Regents of the University of the State of New York. Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Known throughout the country for thorough work.

SCHOOL of COMMERCIAL FILING and INDEXING, in connection with the INDEXING BUREAU, M. HULL, GRADUATE CATALOGUER. Original School. Four months' course, 3 months technical training, 1 month practical. 617 Marbridge Bldg., Broadway and 34th.

Help Wanted, Male
Fifteen cents a line.

ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVE who has plenty of ambition and energy; man with acquaintance among bankers, brokers, end executives of corporations preferred; excellent opportunity for right man. E 1 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR.—Official Progressive Party weekly newspapers; metropolitan district opportunity; one-third commission. Bloomer, 10th floor, 220 West 42d St.

ART WORK.—Make money in spare time. Room 900, 110 W. 34th.

BOOKKEEPER, with a little knowledge of typewriting; state age and salary expected. E 288 Times Downtown.

DANCING INSTRUCTOR with experience and following. Call 3 to 6 P. M., 2 East 33d St.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO.,
BROOKLYN,
Require a number of thoroughly experienced
SALESMEN FOR THEIR
SHOE AND BOOK DEPARTMENTS.
Apply to Superintendent, fourth floor, after 4 P. M.

MANAGER.—OPENING FOR HIGH-CLASS MAN POSSESSING EXECUTIVE ABILITY AND EXPERIENCE AS GENERAL MANAGER OF HIGH-CLASS DRESSMAKING ESTABLISHMENT; LARGE SALARY AND GOOD PROSPECTS FOR RIGHT MAN; NONE OTHER NEED APPLY; ANSWER, STATING EXPERIENCE, &c., IN DETAIL, P. 135 TIMES.

MANAGER, &c.—Competent young man wanted to assist in management and buying for a 5c and 25c store, in Erie, Penn.; profit sharing and salary. Apply the Jay Co. 116 W. 32d St., New York City.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN.—Intelligent men to learn the real estate business; will be given an exceptional opportunity and receive a thorough sales training by an old-established firm; commission. Apply Rickert-Finlay Realty Co., 1 West 34th St., New York.

SALESMEN.
Experienced men wanted to respresent our magnificent line of fancy novelties in cotton goods, to sell big retail trade in city and out of town; only those experienced need apply; big chance to make money for right party; salary or commission. B 312 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN
To handle our popular line of children's and young men's clothing in the following States: Illinois, Iowa, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Minnesota; only those with established trade will be considered; commission basis. Nifty Clothing Co., 625 Broadway, city.

SALESMAN.—For ladies' neat, cheap muslin drawers, skirts; to jobbers, large retailers as side line; 15 samples; experienced, make good; state line carrying and territory; references; commission; well known. Y 288 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—A salesman with real selling ability for a specialty; fine oportunity; chances for advancement on proved ability; drawing account; full particulars in your application. R 61 Times.

SALESMAN for New York and Eastern States; high-class efficiency apparatus used by all large concerns; liberal commission; advances. F 241 Times, 2 Rector St.

SALESMAN wanted, from St. Paul to coast, to sell line of Pile fabric coats; only men with established trade need apply; commission basis. Y 299 Times.

SALESMAN.—Brassiere house wants salesman, side line, calling on office trade; commission basis. Address Box 392, Station D, Brooklyn.

SALESMEN.—Live salesmen to take orders for advertising calendars; big commission; state experience, references. Y 277 Times Annex

SALESMAN with good following, infants', children's coats; popular prices; good future to right party. A., 268 Columbus Av.

SOLICITOR.—Advertising solicitor, special edition; call, 1 to 5 afternoons. 1 East 42d St. Room 32.

TWO YOUNG MEN TO LEARN PUBLISHING BUSINESS. WRITE, STATING EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE, SALARY EXPECTED, AMERICANS, E 301 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Instruction.
Thirty cents a line.

SALESMEN WANTED—Experience unnecessary; easy work, big pay; write (or call) for particulars and large list of openings offering opportunities to earn $100 to $500 a month while you learn. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 1,001 C Candler Building, Times Square, New York.

Situations Wanted
Fifteen cents a line.
Female.

BOOKKEEPER.—College education; experienced; single and double entry; controlling accounts; moderate compensation; best references. Gorodiz, 2,009 Bergen St., B'klyn.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant; knowledge stenography, typewriting; experienced; high school education; moderate salary. L. Lehman, 479 Pennsylvania Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, several years' experience; A1 references; reasonable salary. B 367 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (20,) experience, accurate A1 reference; high school education; moderate salary. B 363 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert; competent manager; controlling accounts, voucher system; $14. B 129 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert; controls accounts; capable manager; penman; stenographer; $15. B 306 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Expert; financial statements; opens, closes books; modern methods; $18. Q 57 Times.

CHAMBERMAID and WAITRESS.—Young girl wishes position. 871 Columbus Av.; ring Melican's bell; city references.

CHIROPODIST.—First-class lady chiropodist for private party home. Address by letter, R. T., Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted
Fifteen cents a line.
Female.

COLORED LAUNDRESS, Tuesday, Wednesday out; take home. 117 West 60th St., care Connor.

COMPANION, &c.—By a woman of refinement and education, a position as companion, assisting in sewing and light household duties in exchange for comfortable home; small compensation; interview given. R 59 Times.

COOK.—Competent American woman to take full charge of kitchen or managing housekeeper, if necessary; gentleman's country place preferred; good references. Address F. Peake, 262 West 24th St.

COOK.—German girl, English speaking, wishes position in small private family; references. 174 Chambers St.

CORRESPONDENT.—I want position as correspondent; I have been stenographer for six years in various commercial lines, including machinery; references; salary, $20. B 376 Times Downtown.

DRESSMAKER.—Artistic French dressmaker, diesigner, wishes engagements by day private families; $5. Mlle. Marguerite, 173 West 88th St. 501 River.

DRESSMAKER.—New customers; dresses, coats, remodeling, $2.50 daily. Hensley, 509 West 144th St.

HOUSEKEEPER. — Refined middle-aged American wishes position as working housekeeper in adult family; city or suburbs; no incumbrance; good, plain New England cook; no washing or ironing; reference. Mrs. B. M., 319 West 33d St.

HOUSEKEEPER wishes position; city or country; good manager; excellent references from last employer. R 54 Times.

HOUSEWORK.—A woman wants home in a thoroughly modern house among refined educated people in exchange for light household duties and small compensation; willing to go anywhere; interview given. R 60 Times.

LAUNDRESS, cleaner, by day; personal reference. 123 West 133rd St., care Dowie.

MASSEUSE will give ladies' treatment at residence. Telephone Morningside 5360.

SECRETARY, experienced bookkeeper and stenographer, possessed of unusual ability, tact, initiative, desires executive position; exceptional references. W 208 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, experienced, exceptionally competent, neat, refined; references. P 169 Times.

SOCIAL SECRETARY.—Young college woman with secretarial training desires employment by the hour or portion of the day; highest references. B 295 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—If you have an extraordinary stenographic position which you wish satisfactorily filled, please telephone Hollis 6275 W or address F. S., 324 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST.—Aged 18, with a year's business experience, desires permanent position where strict attention to the duties assigned will merit appreciation and advancement; Underwood typewriter preferred. B 231 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, telephone operator, general assistant; quick, comprehensive; good mathematician, grammarian; $10; age 22; unquestionable references. B 355 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; electrical engineering experience; highly educated; broad technical experience; $15; unquestionable references. B 353 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, confidential assistant; 5 years' machinery experience; neat, accurate, punctual; $12; good references. B 356 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Several years' experience, various lines; rapid typist; assist filing, billing, &c.; excellent references; $15. B 373 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—One year's experience, law and commercial, wishes position busy office; excellent references; salary, $8. B 374 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST, 17, with knowledge of bookkeeping; some experience; can operate plug switchboard; $7. C 208 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—One year's experience; knowledge bookkeeping; 4 years' high school education; $7; references. Miss Underhill, 411 West 128th St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires position where good work will secure advancement. Ada Seidenberg, 605 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Expert executive; constructive ability; technical dictation; charge correspondence; $15-$18. Q 121 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; capable of taking full charge; excellent qualifications. Miss M., 532 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Clean cut; high school graduate; legible penman; two years' experience; $8; references. B 354 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat American girl desires downtown position; 3 years' law, banking experience; $10. B 328 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Accustomed quick, original thinking; references; reliability; efficiency; willingness. B 317 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, ASSISTANT BOOKkeeper.—Good grammarian punctuate, paragraph; neat; $10. B 130 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; miscellaneous dictation; charge correspondence; accurate; quick transcriber; $12. Q 142 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER, TYPEwriter.—Neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 410 Grand St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' practical experience; thoroughly competent, reliable; references. B 321 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Fluent correspondent, well educated, and thoroughly experienced. $15. B 377 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; academic education; technical dictation; correspondent; $12-$14. B 131 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Educated young girl; quick, accurate; reads notes correctly. B 322 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; accustomed difficult dictation; references; $12. B 278 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; conscientious, neat, rapid typist; $8. B 132 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 18; two years experience; neat, accurate; $8. Miss Frances Ahearn, 351 45th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; capable, reliable; references; wishes position with reliable firm. R 40 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' practical experience; business school graduate; $10. B 365 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wide-awake, ambitious beginner, business school graduate; $6. B 364 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Eight years' experience law, commercial; first-class references. B 368 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner, high school graduate, wishes position; $6; references. B 369 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience; rapid dictation; desires permanent position. B 359 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—American; experienced; hard worker; accurate transcriber; obliging; $8-$10. Q 32 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—$6; capable, business school graduate; earnest and willing. B 323 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience, familiar filing, billing, &c.; $12. B 370 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, six years' law experience; energetic, accurate. B 366 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Typist, three years' experience; references; $12. Rosa Lereine, 1 W. 112th St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Expert; any standard machine; A1 references; $15. B 333 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Accustomed to busy board; very dependable; $8. B 297 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted
Fifteen cents a line.
Male.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT CERTIFIED. Simplified systems installed; books opened, closed, audited, written up; investigations, financial statements rendered, personal service; rates moderate. Louis Gross, 132 Nassau St. Telephone 2730 Beekman.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert; installs simplified systems, opens, closes, audits, systematizes books; financial statements; investigations; work confidential; charges moderate; personal service. W. H. Smith, 149 Broadway. Tel. 2141 Cortlandt.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT. — Installs simplified systems that give you exact information required to intelligently plan the development of your business; audits, investigations, reports. Fleming, 35 Nassau St. Telephone Cortlandt 1330.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR. —Books opened and closed, financial statements, accounts of importers, exporters, and manufacturers thoroughly understood; terms reasonable. J. F. Murphy, Notary Public, 10 Wall St.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, RESULTS CERTIFIED.—Books, opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly upward; trial balance; financial statements. Friedlander, 878 Broadway. Telephone 4376 Gramercy.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced and reliable monthly auditing and special investigations; cost and accounting systems, charges moderate. Stevens, 10 Wall. Phone Rector 928.

Situations Wanted
Fifteen cents a line.
Male.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, formerly with public accountants, will accept any kind of accounting work for reasonable compensation, or permanent position of responsibility. R 12 Times.

ADVERTISING.—Young man, 19, with three years' experience in large advertising agency, wishes position; best of reference. Address E. H., Room 623, 47 West 34th St.

AMERICAN CONSUL RETIRED.
After 16 years in South America and Europe, desires position either in home office or in Europe with firm looking for foreign trade. Speaks and corresponds fluently in French, German, Spanish and English. Dry goods business connection before entering Consular service. Has broad general knowledge of business as transacted in different parts of the world. Could act as purchasing or selling agent abroad. Willing to work hard for concern which would appreciate results. Moderate salary expected at start. Y 305 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, typist, switchboard; young man; graduated; references; $7. B 341 Times Downtown.

A THOROUGHLY experienced man will take entire charge of realty for lady or non-resident owner. Conscientious, R 16 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Energetic German, 25, has been bookkeeper for three years in printing office, was at last manager, desires position in office; good English knowledge; salary no object if chance of advancement. R 56 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, capable correspondent; competent credit man, or can adapt himself to be valuable man; testimonials. B 319 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (22,) six years' practical experience, office manager, correspondent, desires steady position, typewriting; excellent references. P 162 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, expert, experienced man, seeks position of responsibility; A1 references; permanent or temporary. A 352 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—27; ten years' thorough experience; can take full charge. L. G., 361 Clifton Place, Brooklyn. Tel. 2556M Bedford.

BOY.—Honest, alert, bright, quick learn; good home training. B 316 Times Downtown.

CAPABLE MAN, 34; twenty-two years' experience in first-class clubs, desires position of superintendent or management of hotel; competitive method used in purchasing departments, giving members and guests advantage of low prices; familiar with accounting systems, and can systematize every department of the business; anyone interested in securing the services of one absolutely reliable, with ability to furnish bond, please address E 303 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, 23, with 2½ years' experience in auto repair shop, wishes position city or country; is honest, sober, industrious, and can furnish best of references. D 157 Times Annex

CHAUFFEUR, (34;) long experience; first-class reference; speaks French and English. C. B., 328 West 55th. Phone 9357 Columbus.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, 12 years' private service, best references, wants first-class position; any car. H., 769 3d Av.

CLERICAL.—Am a young man, 20, high school education and clerical experience; would like to secure some clerical position with good future. B 371 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, (23,) desires position with opportunity for advancement. B 299 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, 23, recommended, desires responsible position commanding future. David, 153 Essex St.

COLLEGE MAN, (23,) intelligent, "stick-to-itive" worker, desires position, established concern; references. R 73 Times.

FARM MANAGER, (33,) of proved ability, wants position; system and business methods applied to the farm; thorough knowledge of crops, live stock, farm mechanics, and building construction; results. R 55 Times.

GARDENER.—Scotch; married; competent under glass and all outdoor work pertaining to gentleman's estate. Holmes, 116 Maple St., Yonkers, N. Y.

GARDENER.—Care lawn, flowers, vegetables; first-class references; good home; small wages. Address S. H., 153 6th Av.

HOUSEMAN.—Seven years' experience, very best of 5th Av. references, wishes permanent position; will take houseman, valet, if possible. R 57 Times.

MIDDLE-AGED business man, large experience selling, handling salesmen, or follow up work; highest reference. R 68 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced and energetic, seeks connection with reliable mercantile concern; fifteen years' experience soliciting advertising and thoroughly willing to demonstrate ability before discussing financial arrangements; highest references. R 65 Times.

SALESMAN.—Connected with toilet articles eight years; at present handling New England and Middle West; desire to change; New York or New England; at present employed. E 302 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, &c.—Young man, 28, wants position as office assistant or salesman; best of references. C 206 Times Downtown.

SOLICITOR.—Man wants position as solicitor; building trades; can estimate plans. R 64 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER. — Bright American boy; beginner; plain penman; good at figures; no agents; $7-$8. B 361 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, take French dictation; executive, constructive ability; charge correspondence; $15. Q 67 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—First class, nine years' experience; excellent references; $18. C 201 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER, expert, desires occasional evening employment. Box C 204 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK, &c.—Man, 30, having five years' experience in cloak and suit line capable of taking charge stock, filling orders; considerable following; thorough knowledge of selling; formerly with Ideal Mfg. Co. R. 62 Times.

VALET.—English; visiting or permanent position; first-class references. P 83 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 8 years' mechanical experience, useful and handy with tools desires position hotel, office building, or apartment house; reference. R 66 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, energetic, ambitious, desires position with importers in stock; four years' experience; excellent references. C 10 Times Annex.

YOUNG college man; automobile experience agency and factory; best references. R 58 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes position as salesman. Fischbell, 61 West 115th St.

Employment Bureaus.
Thirty cents a line.
Help Wanted.—Commercial.

OPENINGS.—Bookkeeper, $18; clerk, (typewriter,) $12; inside salesman, (drugs,) $20; receiving clerk, (drugs,) $18; bookkeeper, (insurance,) $18; salesman, (traveling,) (hardware,) $20; other openings. Call Mighill, (Agency,) Flatiron Building.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS wanted, (female;) competent help apply; no fee. Diehl Agency, 108 Times.

Help Wanted—Domestic.

HOUSEWORKER.—Young Irish girl, partly trained, $18; some experienced girls, $25. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

COOK, laundress, $25; cook, first class, $30; excellent reference; city, country. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

Situations Wanted—Domestic.

Berta Carlson's Agency, 2,494 Broadway, corner 93d St.; first-class servants. 9527 Riverside.

BEST HUNGARIAN, GERMAN, AND POLISH cooks, laundresses, and waiters, male and female; also laborers for mines, contractors, and factories. American Employment Agency, Louis Waraday, proprietor, 88 Avenue A.

BUTLER.—Couple; first-class reference; butler, useful man; wife good cook. Harlem 5049.

CALL RIVERSIDE 4375 for efficient colored servants. Domestic Service Agency, 203 West 98th.

COMPETENT HELP; short notice; evening call. Progressive, 34 West 131st. Harlem 5370.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP; all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. 1538 Riverside.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1890.

HOUSEWORKER.—Neat, willing girl; good cook; excellent laundress; finest references; colored; city, country. Pearson's Employment Agency. Phone Harlem 5049.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls; references. Harlem Employment Exchange, 2,149 5th Av. Harlem 251.

HOUSEWORKER, (colored,) city or country. Pearson's Agency. Phone 5049 Harlem.

Purchase and Exchange
Thirty cents a line.

A. S. BORG, 146 WEST 23D ST.
Highest prices paid for diamonds, platinum, old gold, silver, old teeth, pawn tickets; liberal percentage for Provident tickets.

Absolutely highest price paid for old sealskin, Persian lamb, and other high-grade furs. M. Naftal, 69 West 45th St.

I pay highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Automobile Exchange
Thirty cents a line.

Administrator's sale of contents of private garage, estate of Mme. Levin, consisting of five late model cars; Everett 5-passenger touring, price $600; Regal 5-passenger touring, price $450; Regal underslung roadster, price $450; Reo 5-passenger touring, price $350; Maxwell runabout, price $150; all cars fully equipped with self-starter, &c.; all cars run and look like new; will allow trial of 30 days. See Administrator, 500 Bergen St., near Flatbush Av., Brooklyn; two blocks from Atlantic Av. Subway station.

BARGAINS IN USED AUTOS.

Runabouts	$75 to $1,000
Touring Cars	$150 to $1,500
Trucks	$250 to $2,000

Cash or Easy Terms.
Green's Purchasing Agency,
17 to 20 Central Park West, cor. 62d St.

Rebuilt Cars, $100-$2,000; Del'y cars, $150. Closed Bodies, 2 left, less than cost. Tops $10, Covers $1, Shields, Speedmtrs $8 up, Foredoor Bodies Touring, Runabout, $50. Steer. Cols, Radiators, Elec. Lgt. Outfits; Bargains. 20th Century Co., 1,692 B'way.

Motors—Two, three, four, and six cylinder motors, suitable for automobile or marine purposes; also stationary motors.
TIMES SQUARE AUTOMOBILE COMPANY,
56th St. and Broadway.

Velie touring cars, 1912, 1913 models, electric starters; condition guaranteed; mechanically perfect; wonderful bargains for discriminating buyers. Telephone 7846 Prospect. 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

Tanks, oval, square, and round, and pressure tanks, at 25c on the dollar.
TIMES SQUARE AUTOMOBILE COMPANY,
56th St. and Broadway.

Axles, front and rear, fit most any car; front, $50 up; rear, $35 up.
TIMES SQUARE AUTOMOBILE COMPANY,
56th St. and Broadway.

PORTABLE ALL-STEEL GARAGES, $120. Indestructible, inexpensive, easily erected; other buildings; catalogue. Kaseman, 369 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

See our used car bulletin on sporting page.
LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA.

Automobile Repairs.

WE SELL & REPAIR
Auto Radiators, Windshields, Fenders, Lamps of all makes. Bargains always on hand.
HUDSON AUTO LAMP CO., 1,650 Broadway. Col. 8194.

Automobile Supplies.

Ball and roller bearings. Gwilliam Co., 253 West 58th St., (at Broadway.) Col. 8356.

Automobile Instruction.

BEDFORD Y. M. C. A. AUTO SCHOOL. March owners' classes now forming; trained chauffeurs supplied; first lesson ticket free to men applying during March; write for booklet. 1,104 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Bedford 6000.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St.
Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

Business Opportunities.
Forty cents a line.

Exceptional opportunity for a man with about $10,000 capital and services to buy out a partner's half interest in a good, going automobile tire manufacturing industry; partner must leave country on account of sickness; rare chance for live party; no curiosity seeker need apply. P 130 Times.

An investor with $4,000 is desired to extend business of transporting by parcel post article of daily consumption direct from producer to consumer by use of recently patented device, now in commercial use, which, when universally adopted, will save consumers, in this country alone, $50,000,000 annually. R 71 Times.

Associate with office experience and capital join me in establishing importing business; I invest equal amount; have such business connections guaranteeing $32,000 profit annually. Address "Importation." 165 Times Downtown.

I want a young man with ability and good appearance to come West and join me in manufacturing proposition; must invest; big opportunity. Y 245 Times Annex.

FOR SALE.
A new patent of great commercial value. For information and terms apply to Edward K. Haas, Attorney, 54 Market St., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

Partner wanted for established film exchange business; $5,000 to $8,000; draw weekly salary $35; investment secured; will stand strictest investigation. Box L 121 Times Annex.

Energetic, reliable man with selling ability and $1,000 wanted to invest in growing manufacturing business; share of profits and salary to right party. Address Business, R 26 Times.

$10,000 cash to purchase part interest; partner disqualified physically; special machine established large market and profits; bank references; principals only. Address P 157 Times.

AN INVESTMENT OF $2,500 required with or without services; manufacturing enterprise with big future; man of high executive qualities. L 138 Times.

Reliable promoter wanted to secure the first $10,000 for new manufacturing corporation on strictly cash commission basis. Address C 202 Times Downtown.

Start a mail order business of your own; small capital; spare time; 27 plans. Send for particulars, Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

Incorporated company, just formed, needs investor with $5,000 for exclusive proposition showing big returns. For interview, R 69 Times.

SILENT PARTNER WANTED, with $15,000 or more, in rapidly growing import business; investigation invited. Box E 292 Times Downtown.

Wanted for mail order business, several articles, useful and needful; must be something new. What have you got to submit? L 149 Times.

I have $800 and seek partner with same amount to purchase motion picture theatre. Address Legitimate, 129 Times.

YOUNG MAN with capital as partner in a manufacturing business; a good proposition for the right man. Y 304 Times Annex.

College graduate will invest capital with services in strictly first class magazine or publishing house. R 67 Times.

Motion picture theatres, 600 seats, for lease; also others. Pitzer & Smith, 32 Union Square and 1,480 Broadway.

Sell half interest in patent for making cement products having unlimited money-making possibility. R 45 Times.

$5,500 cash buys fully equipped sheet metal goods plant; worth $20,000. Y 307 Times Annex.

Can put $9,500 in an established business with my services. P 167 Times.

$10,000 wanted in established business. Box 35, 2,121 3d Av.

Opportunity for salesman with a little capital. R 74 Times.

Picture theatre, $4,000; weekly receipts, $275; expenses, $175; trial. Kerr, 206 Broadway.

Business Notices
Forty cents a line.

Painter.—A first class painter and paperhanger desires work from landlords or private parties; rates very reasonable; excellent references. B 334 Times Downtown.

EXPERT LITERARY CRITICISM;
$1.00 the first 2,000 words;
30c. each additional thousand.
J. HELM, 156 West 122d St., N. Y. C.

Effective multiple typewritten personal appealing circular letters; one or two colors; no more expensive, but vastly more productive. Commercial, 52 New St., 2530 Broad.

Multigraph letters, 300, $1.15; 1,000, $1.50; 10,000, $8.50. Day and night service. Phone Chelsea 4383. National Facsimile Letter Co., 70 5th Av.

1,000 bond letter heads, $1.30; 1,000 envelopes, $1.30; reduction in quantities; other printing equally low. Century Printing, 66 Beekman.

Multigraph letters; 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau. Room 1,018.

Rejected life insurance risks placed; principals only; out-of-town correspondence solicited; cash for names friends. B 28 Times.

Translator, Spanish, English, interpreter; moderate prices. A. Navarro, Times Building, Room 1,112.

SALESMAN open to handle popular-priced ladies' waists. R 24 Times.

Clothing.

Mme. Naftal buys fine evening, street, and dinner costumes, diamonds, jewelry, furs; highest cash value. 69 West 45th St. Phone 370 Bryant.

Patent Attorneys.

Patents worked out, secured, disposed of. Patents purchased. We speak all languages. ALEXANDER DENES, 125 E. 23D ST.

Vacuum Cleaning

VACUUM CLEANING; ROOMS, 40c. UP. Contracts more reasonable. Woodbury Vacuum Co., 141 West 36th St. Phone Greeley 4022.

Business Loans.
Forty cents a line.

WE WILL SUPPLY CAPITAL TO ESTABLISHED MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALERS UPON THE SECURITY OF THEIR BOOK ACCOUNTS.
Manhattan Commercial Co., 200 5th Av.

Outstanding accounts financed for merchants needing cash. Security Finance Co., 135 Broadway.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

INSPECTORS FREED; THOMPSON VANISHES

He, Sweeney, and Murtha Pay Fines of $500 Each After Serving a Year's Sentence.

DOESN'T GO TO HIS HOME

Wife Confident That Husband Is Still in Prison — Whitman to Drop Outstanding Indictments.

The whereabouts of ex-Inspector of Police James F. Thompson, who with ex-Inspectors Dennis Sweeney and John J. Murtha was released from Blackwell's Island yesterday after serving a year's imprisonment and paying $500 in fines for conspiring to keep a graft witness out of the State, were unknown to his friends last night. Although Thompson left the island soon after the others and came to this city, up to 10 o'clock last night he had not communicated with his wife, nor could she be persuaded to believe that he was not still in prison.

Thompson's fine, it was learned last night, was paid last week, and all arrangements were made for his departure. Because of the annoyance expected from moving picture operators, it was arranged that he should leave prison after Murtha and Sweeney.

The first intimation that Thompson was not expected home yesterday came when a reporter went to his house at 52 Charles Street at about 6:30 o'clock last evening. Mrs. Thompson answered the bell.

"Is Inspector Thompson home?" she was asked.

"Why, no," in a tone of surprise, "he is away—out of town."

"Yes, I know he has been away, but isn't he expected back to-day?"

"No, he isn't. He is in prison," she said, tearfully.

"The prison term is up to-day, you know, and by the payment of a $500 fine he may be released. I understood that the fine would be paid," the reporter told her.

"I haven't the money to pay the fine. We haven't any property, and I don't know who would pay it except me," Mrs. Thompson said.

Twice again, at 8:30 o'clock and at 9:30 o'clock, Mrs. Thompson said that she had heard nothing from her husband. She was quite sure, she said, that the fine would not be paid, and went to bed with the firm conviction that her husband was still on Blackwell's Island. "He'd surely come straight home," she said.

All three of the ex-Inspectors had been notified by counsel before their release to appear at the District Attorney's office. Several indictments are still standing against them. Sweeney has eleven indictments for bribery against him, Murtha has two, and Thompson has two. Murtha was the only one of the three men who went to the Criminal Courts Building. He was released in $1,000 bail. The other two men have promised to be there to-day.

In Sweeney's case it is doubtful if any bail will be asked. The indictments against him were found chiefly on the testimony of former Police Capt. Thomas F. Walsh, who has since died. With Walsh dead, the District Attorney does not think that it would be just to ask for bail on a case which probably will never come to trial.

It had been rumored that Murtha was in straitened circumstances and would be unable to pay his fine, but he was the first to leave the island. Shortly after 1 o'clock a friend appeared in the Warden's office and paid over the money. Murtha left with him on the department boat. On this side an automobile met them in which was Murtha's 18-year-old son.

Murtha arrived at the Criminal Courts Building at 2 o'clock. Harold Norris of the National Surety Company met him there and furnished the $1,000 bail. He then left for his home at 650 East Thirty-second Street, Brooklyn. Murtha, except for a slight pallor, seemed to be in good physical condition. He refused to discuss his case, saying that any statement must come from his lawyer, A. S. Gilbert.

"What are your plans for the future?" he was asked.

"I can't say now. I expect to make a living, though. I'm going to get a job at something right away. Just what it is I can't tell you now, however."

Sweeney left the Island half an hour after Murtha. Of the three the change in him is most noticeable. He is much grayer and the lines in his face are deeper and there are more of them than when he began his sentence. He went directly to his home, at 68 West 127th Street, where he saw his relatives for the first time since he was sent to the Island. He would not allow any of his family to visit him there.

Neither Mr. Gilbert, counsel for Murtha; Arnold Davis, for Thompson, nor Alfred J. Talley, for Sweeney, would indicate what course they would take following the affirmance of their clients' sentences by the Appellate Division. The conviction of Hussey, the fourth ex-Inspector, was set aside, and he was ordered discharged by the Appellate Division.

It is understood that there is little probability that the indictments against the men will be prosecuted by District Attorney Whitman unless they attempt to obtain reinstatement in the Police Department. Hussey would be able ot make such a move, for the Appellate Division's decision exonerated him, but in the case of the three others they could not be reinstated unless their convictions were set aside by the Court of Appeals.

POISON PEN TRIAL STARTS.

Mrs. Pollard Is Charged with Writing a Scurrilous Letter to Neighbor.

ELIZABETH, N. J., March 9.—Mrs. Nelson L. Pollard of 114 Madison Avenue, charged with having sent a scurrilous letter to her next door neighbor, Mrs. Charles F. Jones, was put on trial in the County Court this morning. The case had been adjourned many times.

Charles Dunn, ex-Superintendent of Carriers at the Post Office here, was the first witness called by the prosecution. He identified a letter sent to the Postmaster and referred to him complaining of the mail service in the district in which Mrs. Pollard and Mrs. Jones live. This letter was signed by Mrs. Pollard. It was written on a typewriter, and the prosecution asserts that peculiarities in the type show that the same machine was used to write the letter on which the indictment was based.

Mrs. Jones was the next witness. She identified two letters which she said she received through the mails. One came to her wrapped in a copy of The Elizabeth Daily Journal. The letters were not read in court.

Miss Alice Lawrence, a stenographer in the office of The Elizabeth Daily Journal, testified that Mrs. Pollard had visited her in The Journal office. One of the letters in evidence was inclosed in a Journal envelope, and Miss Lawrence's testimony was introduced to show that it was possible for Mrs. Pollard to have obtained one of the envelopes. William Kinsley, a handwriting expert, explained then the process by which he distinguished between the typewriting of different machines.

An indictment similar to the one found against Mrs. Pollard in the State Court was returned by a Federal Grand Jury.

$9,000,000 TAXI MERGER.

Yellow Company and Mason-Seaman Concern Consolidate.

The Yellow Taxicab Company and the Mason-Seaman Transportation Company, two of the largest owners of taxicabs in the city, consolidated yesterday. The union, according to William H. Barnard, President and Treasurer of the Mason-Seaman Company and also of the new company, was made necessary by the recent lowering of taxicab rates in the city under the Aldermanic ordinance. Mr. Barnard said last night that neither of the present companies could make money with the present rates, but that if they combined they might save enough through joint maintenance to earn a profit. Both companies opposed the ordinance lowering the rates vigorously, and are now contesting the abolishment of private stands in the courts.

The new company is capitalized with $4,166,000 preferred stock and $5,000,000 common stock. It will own about 12,000 taxicabs. E. B. Seaman, Jr., and Allen Lexow are the Vice Presidents and the Directors are A. F. Roxwell, William H. Barnard, E. B. Seaman, Jr., Francoise Ducasse, Jacques Rosenberg, Mortimer B. Fuller, and James W. Salisbury. Mr. Rockwell is Chairman of the board.

Mr. Barnard expressed doubt last night that the new company could make money under the present schedule of rates. He said that the Mayor would be asked to favor an amendment to the taxicab ordinance allowing a charge of 30 cents for the first two-fifths of a mile traveled and 10 cents for each fifth thereafter, instead of 30 cents for the first quarter and 10 cents for each quarter thereafter, as at present.

GEORGE McNULTY STABBED.

Son of ex-Senator and Companion Set Upon by Gang.

George McNulty, son of ex-State Senator Peter McNulty of Brooklyn, and Edmund B. Simmons were attacked and stabbed by a gang of nine men in Newark yesterday. Both are in the City Hospital there, and it is feared that their wounds are mortal.

According to statements made by the injured men, they were on their way to Dover. They got off a train at Newark, intending to take a trolley car to their destination. Near the station, they said, the gang came along and jostled them off the street. When they remonstrated Simmons was felled by a blow over his head with a bottle. McNulty came to his assistance. He was stabbed by one of the men. Simmons was also stabbed. The knife blade penetrated his lung, and he collapsed. Then the gang began to kick and beat them.

After the wounded men were taken to the hospital the police began to round up suspects. They arrested Salvatore Cenfrocca of 135 Canal Street. He was positively identified by both wounded men as the leader of the gang. The prisoner admitted having been in a fight, but said that he and his friends had been jeered at and insulted. Three prisoners were taken, and all were held to await the result of the injuries of the two men in the hospital.

Simmons lives at 167 Joralemon Street, Brooklyn. McNulty lives at 100 Prospect Park West. He was at one time a champion football player of the Erasmus High School.

KOEHLER'S SISTER CALLED.

She Testifies at Army Trial — Shakeup Expected at Fort Terry.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, March 9.—At the trial of Major B. M. Koehler at Fort Terry, his sister, Miss Sophia Koehler, was the chief witness to-day. She was on the stand during the greater part of the day. Miss Koehler is a slender woman of prepossessing appearance, her hair slightly tinged with gray. Major Koehler declined to make a statement for publication, but said he probably would have something to say after his trial was ended.

Col. Richmond Davis, who started from San Francisco for Fort Terry to testify at the trial, was halted when half way across the continent. His deposition was taken and forwarded to Plum Island. He then returned to the Pacific Coast.

That there will be a general shake-up among the officers at local posts is the opinion among military men here. In addition to the officers who recently have left comes news to-day that Lieut. John D Donovan of the Forty-third Company has just been ordered to Jefferson Barracks, Mo., on recruiting duty. Capt. Fulton Gardner has arrived here, and will be assigned to command one of the six artillery companies at that post. Major Edward J. Timberlake, Coast Artillery, who was stationed at Fort Rugere, Honolulu, is reported to be on his way to take command at Fort Terry, succeeding Major Koehler.

LOFT BUILDING BURNS.

Families Driven from Neighboring Houses by East New York Blaze.

The three-story brick loft building occupied by clothing factories at 332 and 334 Snediker Street, East New York, was destroyed by a fire which started at 1:20 o'clock this morning.

Fifty families from adjoining tenements ran to the street when the flames threatened to spread. The nearest signal boxes to the fire were out of order, so that nearly twenty minutes were lost in sending the alarm to Fire Headquarters. The loss was $40,000.

FAVORS SPEED LAW CHANGE

City Club Wants a Full Day Sentence Enforced.

The City Club, through its assistant secretary, Wayne D. Heydecker, wrote to the Aldermen yesterday urging the adoption of the proposed amendment to the Speed Regulation Ordinance to make the one-day sentence of automobile speeders, upon refusal to pay the $25 fine, mean one day in fact instead of only until 4 o'clock in the afternoon as at present.

CITY BREVITIES.

Samuel H. London, producer of the moving picture film, "The Inside of the White Slave Traffic," and Henry C. Sohn, manager of the Park Theatre, yesterday had their sentences suspended in General Sessions on their conviction for the exhibition.

David A. Rickey, who gave his address as the Elks Club in West Forty-third Street, was held in $500 bail yesterday on a charge of larceny by Magistrate Corrigan in the West Side Court. Rickey is charged with failing to turn in money alleged to have been paid to him by the Princeton Glee Club for a dinner at Reisenweber's, where he was employed.

Under the auspices of the International Child Welfare League and the University of Wisconsin, F. J. Gould, lecturer of the British Education League, will deliver a series of addresses in New York, commencing to-day at the College of the City of New York.

The body of a man, apparently 53 years old, was found early yesterday in a lodging house at 2,291 Third Avenue. Letters indicated that he was George or W. H. Seward, formerly a railroad employe at Waterville, N. Y.

William Rowlins, 60 years old, of 54 Catalpha Avenue, Brooklyn, although convalescent, went to visit his seventy-year-old sister at 336 East Twenty-ninth Street yesterday. At the top of the stairs he became exhausted and fell. He was taken to Bellevue, where he died from a fracture of the skull.

TRACE $15,000 THEFT MAKE ARREST HERE

Police Say Christy Received $10,000 of U. S. Express Funds for 'Safe Keeping.'

MONEY POUCHES ROBBED

Booty, Detectives Assert, Was Carried from Syracuse to West Philadelphia—Divided There.

Detectives last night arrested John F. Christy, 29 years old, of 158 West Twenty-fifth Street, on a charge of grand larceny in the second degree, following the theft on Jan. 30 of $15,000 at Syracuse from two pouches consigned by the United States Express Company to banks in New York. He was locked up in the Mulberry Street Station.

Benjamin Henry Round of Syracuse, the man accused of stealing the money from the pouches, was arrested in Knoxville, Tenn., on Feb. 14 and taken back to Syracuse. The detectives alleged that $10,000 of the booty was turned over to Christy.

Christy was arrested by Detective Russo of the District Attorney's staff, Chief Joseph Mayhew and Detective de Cantillon of the United States Express Company's detective force.

Round, who had been a money clerk in the express company's office at Syracuse, came directly to New York after stealing the money from the pouches, the company's detectives allege.

It is asserted that he was joined in this city by Christy, who was an old friend. The two bought new outfits of clothing and tickets for Baltimore on the Pennsylvania Railroad, but left the train at West Philadelphia. Round, it is alleged, kept one package of the money and turned over two packages, containing $10,000, to Christy for safe keeping. Round was traced to Tennessee and arrested there.

Christy was traced back to New York. Since his return the detectives have watched his home constantly. He was seen to enter the house last evening, and at about 8 o'clock the detectives entered and arrested him. Round has been held at Syracuse since his arrest. He will be brought to this city to testify at Christy's hearing.

NAMES JOHN G. BORGSTEDE.

President Mathewson Appoints Him Bronx Public Works Head.

Borough President Mathewson of the Bronx announced yesterday the appointment of John G. Borgstede as Commissioner of Public Works of that borough to succeed Thomas W. Whittle, who was appointed Park Commissioner of the Bronx.

Mr. Borgstede is President of the North Side Savings Bank and is also President of the Ferncliff Cemetery Association. He has been actively identified with the business interests of the Bronx for more than twenty years.

AID FOR ALLIANCE BUREAU.

Entertainment at the Maxine Elliott Theatre This Afternoon.

The Alliance Employment Bureau, of which Mrs. Edward C. Henderson is President, will give an entertainment at the Maxine Elliott Theatre this afternoon for the benefit of the bureau. The programme will be made up of monologues by Ruth Draper, Japanese dances by Irene Lewisohn, dances by Mr. St. Dennis, assisted by Mr. Kojino and Miss Hilda, and old English and French songs by Lorraine Wyman in costume.

Among the patronesses are Mrs. Myron I. Borg, Mrs. Sidney C. Borg, Mrs. Nicholas Murray Butler, Mrs. Paul D. Cravath, Miss Mary Drier, Mrs. Jacques S. Halle, Mrs. John H. Iselin, Mrs. Charles S. Tiffany, Mrs. Albert Lewisohn, Mrs. William Church Osborn, Mrs. J. West Roosevelt, Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff, Mrs. James Speyer, Miss Lillian D. Wald, Mrs. Felix M. Warburg, Mrs. Paul M. Warburg.

The bureau was organized twenty-three years ago for the purpose of finding suitable trade positions for boys and girls with the object of assuring the youth of this city a clean, healthy environment in which to develop and become a worthy citizen.

Entertainment for Darrach Home.

An entertainment entitled, "The Little Indian," will be given on Thursday at the home of Mrs. Henry Staats, 30 West Fifty-fourth Street, for the benefit of the Darrach Home for Crippled Children. Pe-Ahm-E-Squeet (Floating Cloud) will give a lecture. The patronesses of the entertainment include Mrs. Charles Elliot Warren, Mrs. Thomas H. Willard, Miss May Durand, Mrs. Thomas H. Macy, Mrs. F. H. Ryder, Mrs. A. D. Howard, Mrs. William L. Banee, Mrs. Frank D. Sherman, Mrs. Harold Jacoby, Mrs. Percy C. Pentz, and Mrs. Benjamin E. Martin, from whom tickets may be obtained.

Sale for Italian Mission.

A sale of linen, cretonnes, and fancy articles for the benefit of the Italian Mission, at 503 Elizabeth Street, will be held on Wednesday, March 25, from 2 until 6 o'clock, in the residence of Mrs. Charles James Welch, 22 East Eightieth Street. Besides Mrs. Welch, Mrs. Frederic Neilson, Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt, Mrs. William F. Sheehan, Mrs. Cecil Barrett, and Miss Katherine McCann are interested in the sale, and will be at the tables.

First Workmen's Insurance License.

Supt. Emmet of the State Insurance Department issued yesterday the first license to a mutual company to write workmen's compensation insurance in this State. It went to the American Mutual Compensation Insurance Company of Boston. The new company, which will be operated along the lines of and in close co-operation with the American Mutual Liability Insurance Company of Boston, will write employers' liability, public liability, and teams and trucks.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Late Supper — Dry Tongue Next Morning

Too much rich food—late hours and unless something is done, the next morning you are unfit for business. There is nothing like Hercules Water to clean out 24 feet of outraged intestines. This fine natural water comes from Hungary and is the most perfect aperient water for the morning after the night before. Ask for Hercules Water—your druggist will have it.

$40 Will Now Buy the Arnheim Suit de Luxe

Several hundred imported patterns—imported by us—patterns that are exclusive—that cannot be found elsewhere—fabrics so fine that only the highest-priced Fifth Ave. tailors have anything at all like them.

It's worth a visit just to see them at the largest and most efficient merchant tailoring establishment in the world. Silk lined, to measure only. Samples and Book of Style Suggestions on request.

Broadway & 9th St. **Arnheim**

F. F. PROCTOR'S THEATRES
5TH AVE B'way & 28th St. CLAIRE ROCHESTER, Mr. & Mrs. Chas. & Fannie Simpson, Chas. & Fannie Van, Ward & Curran, Edna Luby & Co., Others.
23D St. nr. 6th Av. | 58TH St. & 3d Av. | 125TH St. nr. 7th Av. A classy potpourri of vaudeville and pictures. BIG BELLE PICTS. IN VAUDEVILLE AT LITTLER PRICES 12 BIG FEATURES

HAMMERSTEIN'S "Girl in the Net" European Novelty "MA CHERIE" Fannie Brice, Belle Baker, Rose, Vallon & Schenck & 10 others.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th St. Burlesque Mat. To-day ROSE SYDELL W. & Her FAMOUS LONDON BELLES.

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43-44th. Dly. Mat. 2, Best Seats $1. Evs. 8
LAST 3 WEEKS | OF THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOW AMERICA

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Evs. 8 sharp. Matinee To-day at 2. Best Seats $1.50. GREATEST OF ALL WINTER GARDEN SHOWS. THE WHIRL OF THE WORLD LYDIA KYASHT NEXT SUNDAY—GABY DESLYS.

44th ST. THEATRE, near B'way. Lew Fields........Prop. 'Phone, Bryant 7292. Evs. at 8. Matinees To-m'w & Sat. at 2. WED. MAT. AND EXTRA MAT. ST. PATRICK'S DAY, BEST SEATS $1.50.
CROWDS AT NIGHT! CROWDS AT DAY!
New York is burning the midnight oil to celebrate the arrival of

The Mid-night Girl WITH GEORGE MACFARLANE
Her Fun-Frolics and Tones are the most wide-awake things in N. Y.

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Sat., 2:15. HIGH JINKS With STELLA MAYHEW and TOM LEWIS. To-night will be the 150th performance. A handsome, novel atomizer, filled with High Jinks Perfume, will be given to every lady in orchestra and first balcony. Souvenir High Jinks Perfume Given to Every Lady Wednesday and Saturday Matinees.

LAST WEEK OF THRILLS AT THE PRINCESS THEATRE!! 39th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. 2:30. Final Popular Price Matinee To-morrow. ONLY SEVEN MORE PERFORMANCES OF THE FIVE FAMOUS SENSATION-PLAYS, BEGINNING MONDAY, MARCH 16, NEW COMEDY, MARRYING MONEY SEATS ON SALE THURSDAY. Sunday at 3, Concert—SAPIRSTEIN, Pianist.

COMEDY Theatre, 41st. nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. 2:15 POP. PRICE MAT. TO-DAY KITTY MACKAY Third Triumphant Month of the Most Delightful Comedy in Town.

¶ The one spectacular dramatic triumph of the season is Richard Walton Tully's Persian love-play, "Omar, the Tentmaker." ¶

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w, Sat. & St. Patrick's Day. Help Wanted WEDNESDAY MATINEE—BEST SEATS $1.50.

¶ "A Book of Verses underneath the Bough, A Jug of Wine, a Loaf of Bread—and Thou Beside me singing in the Wilderness—Oh, Wilderness were Paradise enow!" ¶

39TH ST. THEATRE. Nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. $1.50 Matinee To-m'w, 2:20. Laughter's Cannon Ball Express, TOO MANY COOKS "Splendid comedy."—*Eve. Journal.*

¶ If you have lost the spirit of youth, and no longer care for romance, thrills and spectacle, do not go to see "Omar, the Tentmaker." ¶

Playhouse 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. $1.50 Matinee To-m'w, 2:30. POPULAR PRICE MAT. TO-MORROW. THE THINGS THAT COUNT The play that led the public back to the drama of decency.

¶ BOOTH Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Thurs. & Sat., 2:15. GUY BATES POST in the Enthralling Oriental love play, "Omar, the Tentmaker" By Richard Walton Tully. The Acme of Luxurious Stagecraft! Company of 100. ¶

LITTLE 44th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:45 Mats. To-m'w & Sat., 2:30. The Unique Theatre of America WINTHROP AMES Presents BERNARD SHAW'S Amazing Comedy, "The Philanderer" All Seats for All Performances, $2.00.

¶ The entrancing romance of a rose-scented garden in old Persia is nearing its hundredth performance in New York at the Booth Theatre. ¶

LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-m'w, 2:15. BLANCHE RING Supported by HARRY CONOR, in WHEN CLAUDIA SMILES.

¶ In a season characterized by short-cast plays and inexpensive productions, "Omar, the Tentmaker," stands supreme as the acme of sumptuous stage adornment enacted by a company of 100. ¶

48TH ST. THEATRE. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. SEASON'S BIGGEST SUCCESS TO-DAY THURSDAY MATINEE $1.50

¶ Since the passing of Richard Mansfield no actor has achieved the success in a great romantic part that has come to Guy Bates Post as Omar Khayyam. ¶

SHUBERT THEATRE, 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-m'w, $1.50. ONLY A THOUSAND YEARS AGO ROMANTIC PLAY TO-DAY

Manhattan Op. Ho., 34th St. & 8th Ave. Evs. 8:15, & Mat. Sat. 25c. to $1. Mat. T'm'w, 25-50c. THE LURE

WEST END 125th, W. of 8th Av. Beg'g MATINEE TO-DAY. 4 Performances Daily, 2, 4, 7 & 9. THE GANGSTERS SENSATIONAL PHOTO DRAMA.

Cort 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Matinees T'm'w & Sat., 2:20. Laurette Taylor "Peg o' My Heart."

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EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evs. at 8:30. Matinees To-m'w & Sat., 2:20. MAUDE ADAMS IN J. M. BARRIE'S FANTASTIC COMEDY, THE LEGEND OF LEONORA. By the author of "PETER PAN."

KNICKERBOCKER—Broadway at 38 St. LAST 7 TIMES—Last Wed. & Sat. Mats. THE Laughing Husband NEXT MONDAY NIGHT. Seat Sale Thurs. JULIAN ELTINGE in THE CRINOLINE GIRL.

HARRIS 42 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:20. 3 HOURS OF LAUGHS IN THE RULE OF 3

FULTON 46th St., nr. B'way. Mats. T'm'w (Pop.) & Sat., 2:20. THE MISLEADING LADY

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Sat. —LAST HAPPY WEEK— Klaw & Erlanger's New Musical Comedy, THE LITTLE CAFE By Ivan Caryll and C. M. S. McLellan. MONDAY, MARCH 16—Seats Thursday. Henry W. Savage will offer MAIDS OF ATHENS A New Operetta by Victor Leon and Franz Lehar, (Creators of "The Merry Widow.") English Book and Lyrics by Carolyn Wells.

LIBERTY 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinees To-m'w & Sat., 2:20. HENRY W. SAVAGE offers SARI THE INTERNATIONAL OPERETTA SENSATION

GAIETY B'WAY & 46 ST. Evs. 8:25. Matinees To-m'w & Sat., 2:20. Henry W. Savage's "Down East" Comedy ALONG CAME RUTH "CLEVER CHARACTER DRAWING and PLENTY OF GOOD FUN."—*Tribune.*

BELASCO 44 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. at 2:20 FRANCES STARR in "THE SECRET"

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GEO. M. COHAN'S B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Pop. Mat. To-morrow. POTASH & PERLMUTTER

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w & Sat., 2:20. CYRIL MAUDE the famous English actor, in the tremendously successful comedy drama, "GRUMPY"

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Thurs. at 8. Tales of Hoffmann. Hempel, Alda, Bori, Maubourg; Jorn, Gilly, Rothier, Didur, Segurola, Reiss. Cond., Polacco.
Fri., 7:30. Goetterdaemmerung. Fremstad, Ober; Berger, Weil, Goritz, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz.
Sat. at 2. Girl of the Golden West. Destinn; Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Didur. Cond., Polacco.
Sat. at 8. Pop. Prices. Koenigskinder. Farrar, Robeson; Jorn, Goritz, Reiss, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz.
Next Mon. at 8. Julien. Farrar; Caruso, Gilly, Reiss, Ananian. Cond., Polacco.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Tues., Mch. 17, at 7:45. Lohengrin. Fremstad, Ober; Berger, Goritz, Witherspoon. Cond., Hertz. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

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GLUCK CONCERT to be given at the Waldorf-Astoria, Thursday Afternoon, March 12th, AT 3 O'CLOCK, BY THE SYMPHONY CLUB OF NEW YORK. Mr. David Mannes, Conductor. Madame Alma Gluck, Soloist. Tickets for sale at the Waldorf-Astoria and by Mr. Albert H. Seabury, 139 West 72d St. Telephone Columbus 9193.

Carnegie Hall, Fri. Evg., Mch. 13, at 8:15. VIOLIN RECITAL YSAYE Benefit Barnard Quarter Century Building Fund, under the auspices Dramatic Ass'n. Program includes Saint-Saens Concerto; VITALI, Chaconne, with organ; Kreisler's Caprice Viennoise, VIEUXTEMPS, Ballade and Polonaise. Tickets, $1 to $2.50. Boxes $20 and $25, Box Office.

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Carnegie Hall, Sun. Aft., March 15, at 3. Last Violin Recital—MISCHA ELMAN Tickets 75c. to $2.00, now at Box Office. Mgt. WOLFSOHN BUREAU. STEINWAY PIANO.

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